

TROUBLESHOOTING MANUAL

INDUSTRIAL ENGINE

TNV, TN

3TNV88C 4TNV88C

3TNV86CT 4TNV86CT

3TNV86CHT 4TNV86CHT

3TN86CHT 4TN86CHT

4TN86DHT

4TNV98C

4TNV98CT



California Proposition 65 Warning

Diesel engine exhaust and some of its constituents are known to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects, and other reproductive harm.

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TROUBLESHOOTING MANUAL	MODEL	3TNV88C, 3TNV86CT, 3TNV86CHT, 3TN86CHT, 4TNV88C, 4TNV86CT, 4TNV86CHT, 4TN86CHT, 4TN86CHT, 4TNV98C, 4TNV98CT
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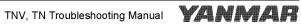
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TROUBLESHOOTING

DTC (Diagnostic Trouble Codes) General Description

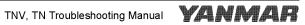
DTC code list

DTC code				Error				Reference page					
	SI	PN -	FMI	Lamp that									
P code	Decima number	Hexa- decimal number	Decima number	comes on	Part	State	Descrip- tion	Diag- nosis					
P0336			2	FAIL + AWL		Crankshaft signal error	P7	P294					
P0337	522400	7F8A0	5	FAIL + AWL	Crankshaft speed sensor	No signal from crankshaft	P9	P294					
P0341			2	FAIL + AWL		Camshaft signal error	P11	P297					
P0342	522401	7F8A1	5	FAIL + AWL	Camshaft speed sensor	No signal from camshaft	P13	P297					
P1341			7	FAIL + AWL	-	Angle offset error	P15	_					
P0008	523249	7FBF1	5	FAIL + RSL	Crankshaft speed sensor, Camshaft speed sensor	No signal on both crankshaft and camshaft speed sensor	P17	P294, P297					
P0123	0.4		3	FAIL + AWL		Accelerator sensor 1 error (voltage high)	P18	P301					
P0122	91	5B	4	FAIL + AWL	- Accelerator sensor 1	Accelerator sensor 1 error (voltage low)	P20	P301					
P0223		40	3	FAIL + AWL		Accelerator sensor 2 error (voltage high)	P22	P301					
P0222	28	1C	4	FAIL + AWL	- Accelerator sensor 2	Accelerator sensor 2 error (voltage low)	P24	P301					
P1646	522624	7F980	7	FAIL + AWL	1.0	Dual accelerator sensor error (closed position)	P26	_					
P1647	522623	7F97F	7	FAIL + AWL	Accelerator sensor 1 + 2	Dual accelerator sensor error (open position)	P28	_					
P0228		9 1D	1D	3	FAIL + AWL		Accelerator sensor 3 error (voltage high)	P30	P301				
P0227	29			1D	1D	1D	1D	1D	1D	4	FAIL + AWL	Accelerator sensor 3	Accelerator sensor 3 error (voltage low)
P1227			8	FAIL + AWL	Pulse sensor	Pulse accelerator sensor error (pulse communication)	P34	_					
P1126	- 28	1C	0	FAIL + AWL	Assolutation source 2	Accelerator sensor 3 error (foot pedal in open position)	P35	_					
P1125	7 20		1	FAIL + AWL	Accelerator sensor 3	Accelerator sensor 3 error (foot pedal in closed position)	P37	-					
P02E9*1	51	51 33 FAIL + RSL Intake throttle position sensor	Intake throttle position sensor error (voltage high)	P38	P305								
P02E8*1] "		sensor	Intake throttle position sensor error (voltage low)	P40	P305							
P0238			3	FAIL + RSL		EGR low pressure side pressure sensor error (voltage high)	P42	P308					
P0237	102 66	66	66	4	FAIL + RSL	EGR low pressure side	EGR low pressure side pressure sensor error (voltage low)	P44	P308				
P0236			13	FAIL + RSL	pressure sensor	EGR low pressure side pressure sensor error (abnormal learning value)	P46	P308					
P0473			3	FAIL + RSL		EGR high pressure side pressure sensor error (voltage high)	P48	P311					
P0472	1209	1209 4B9	1209 4B9	4B9	4	FAIL + RSL	EGR high pressure side	EGR high pressure side pressure sensor error (voltage low)	P50	P311			
P0471			13	FAIL + RSL	pressure sensor	EGR high pressure side pressure sensor error (abnormal learning value)	P52	P311					
P0118			3	FAIL + AWL		Engine coolant temperature sensor error (voltage high)	P54	P314					
P0117	110	10 85) RE	,	10 6F	6E 4 FAIL	FAIL + AWL	Engine coolant	Engine coolant temperature sensor error (voltage low)	P56	P314		
P0217		32	0	Application specific	temperature sensor	Engine coolant temperature high (overheat)	P58	P314					
P0113	172	172 AC 3 FAIL + AWL Ambient air temperature sensor	Ambient air temperature	Ambient air temperature sensor error (voltage high)	P60	P318							
P0112			4	FAIL + AWL	sensor	Ambient air temperature sensor error (voltage low)	P62	P318					
P0183			3	FAIL + AWL		Fuel temperature sensor error (voltage high)	P64	P322					
P0182	174	AE	4	FAIL + AWL	Fuel temperature sensor	Fuel temperature sensor error (voltage low)	P66	P322					
P0168]		0	Application specific		Fuel temperature high	P68	P322					

^{*1:} Does not apply to 4TN86DHT

DTC code			Ептог		Reference page				
	SI	PN -	FMI	Lamp that					
P code	Decima number	Hexa- decimal number	Decima number	comes on	Part	State	Descrip- tion	Diag- nosis	
P0193			3	FAIL + RSL		Rail pressure sensor error (voltage high)	P70	P326	
P0192	157	9D	4	FAIL + RSL	Rail pressure sensor	Rail pressure sensor error (voltage low)	P72	P326	
P2455*1			3	FAIL + RSL		DPF differential pressure sensor error (voltage high)	P74	P329	
P2454*1	-		4	FAIL + RSL	DPF differential pressure	DPF differential pressure sensor error (voltage low)	P76	P329	
P2452*1	3251	CB3	0	FAIL + RSL	sensor	DPF differential pressure sensor differential pressure rise error	P78	P329	
P2453 ^{*1}	-		13	FAIL + RSL		DPF differential pressure sensor error (abnormal learning value)	P80	P329	
P1455 ^{*1}			3	FAIL + RSL	DPF high pressure side	DPF high pressure side pressure sensor error (voltage high)	P82	P329	
P1454*1	3609	E19	4	FAIL + RSL	pressure sensor	DPF high pressure side pressure sensor error (voltage low)	P84	P329	
P1428 ^{*1}			3	FAIL + RSL		DPF inlet temperature sensor error (voltage high)	P86	P333	
P1427*1	3242	CAA	4	FAIL + RSL	DPF inlet temperature	DPF inlet temperature sensor error (voltage low)	P88	P333	
P1436*1			0	FAIL + AWL	sensor	DPF inlet temperature sensor error (high temperature)	P90	P333	
P1434*1			3	FAIL + RSL		DPF intermediate temperature sensor error (voltage high)	P91	P337	
P1435 ^{*1}	1		4	FAIL + RSL	-	DPF intermediate temperature sensor error (voltage low)	P93	P337	
P0420*1	3250 C	CB2	1	FAIL + AWL	DPF intermediate	DPF intermediate temperature sensor temperature too low	P95	P337	
P1426 ^{*1}			0	FAIL + RSL	temperature sensor	DPF intermediate temperature sensor temperature rise error (post-injection failure)	P96	P337	
P1448*2			3	FAIL + RSL		DOC outlet temperature sensor error (voltage high)	P97	P341	
P1449*2	4766 129E	4766	129E	4	FAIL + RSL	DOC outlet temperature	DOC outlet temperature sensor error (voltage low)	P99	P341
P1447 ^{*2}	4776		0	FAIL + RSL	sensor	DOC outlet temperature sensor error (high temperature)	P101	P341	
P2229			3	FAIL + AWL		Atmospheric pressure sensor error (voltage high)	P102	P412	
P2228	108	6C	6C	4	FAII + AWI Atmo	Atmospheric pressure	Atmospheric pressure sensor error (voltage low)	P103	P412
P1231		10	FAIL + AWL	sensor	Atmospheric pressure sensor error (characteristic error)	P104	P412		
P041D			3	FAIL + AWL		EGR gas temperature sensor error (voltage high)	P106	P345	
P041C	412	19C	4	FAIL + AWL	sensor	EGR gas temperature sensor error (voltage low)	P108	P345	
P040D			3	FAIL + RSL	Intake manifold	Intake manifold temperature sensor error (voltage high)	P110	P349	
P040C	105	69	4	FAIL + RSL	temperature sensor	Intake manifold temperature sensor error (voltage low)	P112	P349	
P0546			3	FAIL + AWL	Exhaust manifold	Exhaust manifold temperature sensor error (voltage high)	P114	P353	
P0545	173	AD	4	FAIL + AWL	temperature sensor	Exhaust manifold temperature sensor error (voltage low)	P116	P353	
P068B			7	FAIL + AWL		Main relay contact sticking	P118	P357	
P068A	1485	5CD	2	FAIL + AWL	Main relay	Main relay early opening	P120	P357	
P0543			5	FAIL + AWL		Starting aid relay disconnection	P122	P361	
P0541	522243	7F803	6	FAIL + AWL	Starting aid relay	Starting aid relay GND short circuit	P124	P361	
P0201			5	FAIL + RSL		Disconnection (injector-specific)	P126	P385	
P0262	654	28E	6	FAIL + RSL	Injector (No. 1 cylinder)	Coil short circuit	P128	P385	
P1262	1		3	FAIL + RSL	Short circuit	P130	P390		
P0202			5	FAIL + RSL		Disconnection (injector-specific)	P132	P385	
P0265	653	28D	6	FAIL + RSL	Injector (No. 2 cylinder)	Coil short circuit	P134	P385	
P1265	1		3	FAIL + RSL	' ' '	Short circuit	P136	P390	
P0203			5	FAIL + RSL		Disconnection (injector-specific)	P138	P385	
P0268	652	28C	6	FAIL + RSL	Injector (No. 3 cylinder)	Coil short circuit	P140	P385	
P1268			3	FAIL + RSL		Short circuit	P142	P390	
P0204			5	FAIL + RSL		Disconnection (injector-specific)	P144	P385	
P0271	651	651 28B	6	FAIL + RSL	Injector (No. 4 cylinder)	Coil short circuit	P146	P385	
P1271	1		3	FAIL + RSL	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Short circuit	P148	P390	
P0611	4257	10A1	12	FAIL + RSL		Injector drive IC error	P150	_	
P1146	2797	AED	6	FAIL + RSL	All injectors	Injector drive circuit (Bank 1) short circuit (4TN: Common circuit for No. 1, No. 4 and all 3TN cylinders)	P151	P390	
P1149	2798	AEE	6	FAIL + RSL	· ·	Injector drive circuit (Bank 2) short circuit (4TN: Circuit for No. 2 and No. 3 cylinders)	P153	P390	

^{*1:} Does not apply to 4TN86DHT *2: Applies only to 4TN86DHT



	DTC	code				Error	Reference	e page	
	SI	PN	FMI	Lamp that					
P code	Decima number	Hexa- decimal number	Decima number	comes on	Part	State	Descrip- tion	Diag- nosis	
P1648	523462	7FCC6	13	FAIL + RSL		Injector (No. 1 cylinder) correction value error	P155	_	
P1649	523463	7FCC7	13	FAIL + RSL		Injector (No. 2 cylinder) correction value error	P156	-	
P1650	523464	7FCC8	13	FAIL + RSL	Injector (correction value)	Injector (No. 3 cylinder) correction value error	P157	_	
P1651	523465	7FCC9	13	FAIL + RSL		Injector (No. 4 cylinder) correction value error	P158	-	
P1641	500574	75040	3	FAIL + RSL		SCV (MPROP) L side VB short circuit	P159	P392	
P1643	522571	7F94B	6	FAIL + RSL		SCV (MPROP) L side GND short circuit	P160	P392	
P0629			3	FAIL + RSL		SCV (MPROP) H side VB short circuit	P162	P392	
P1642	633	279	6	FAIL + RSL	SCV (MPROP)	SCV (MPROP) H side GND short circuit	P164	P392	
P0627			5	FAIL + RSL		SCV (MPROP) disconnection	P165	P392	
P062A	522572	7F94C	6	FAIL + RSL		SCV (MPROP) drive current (high level)	P166	P392	
P1645	522572	77940	11	FAIL + RSL		SCV (MPROP) pump overload error	P168	P392	
P0088			0	FAIL + RSL		Rail pressure too high	P170	-	
P0094	157	9D	18	FAIL + RSL	Rail pressure error	Rail pressure deviation error (low rail pressure)	P172	_	
P0093		90	15	FAIL + RSL		Rail pressure deviation error (high rail pressure)	P174	-	
P000F			16	FAIL + RSL		PLV open valve	P176	-	
P1666	523469	7FCCD	0	FAIL + RSL		Rail pressure fault (The times of PLV valve opening error)	P178	-	
P1667	523470	7FCCE	0	FAIL + RSL	PLV (Common rail	Rail pressure fault (The time of PLV valve opening error)	P180	_	
P1668	523489	7FCE1	0	FAIL + RSL	pressure limit valve)	Rail pressure fault (The actual rail pressure is too high during PRV limp home)	P182	-	
P1665	523468	7FCCC	9	FAIL + RSL		Rail pressure fault (Controlled rail pressure error after PLV valve opening)	P184	-	
P1669	523491	7FCE3	0	FAIL + RSL	Rail pressure control	Rail pressure fault (Injector B/F temperature error during PLV4 limp home)	P186	-	
P1670	523460	7FCC4	7	FAIL + RSL		Rail pressure fault (Operation time error during RPS limp home)	P188	-	
P0219	190	BE	16	FAIL + RSL	Overspeed	Overspeed	P287	P415	
P0660*1			5	FAIL + AWL		No-load of throttle valve drive H bridge circuit	P189	P395	
P1658 ^{*1}	2950	B86	3	FAIL + AWL		Power short circuit of throttle valve drive H bridge output 1	P190	P395	
P1659 ^{*1}	2550		4	FAIL + AWL	Intake throttle drive circuit	GND short circuit of throttle valve drive H bridge output 1	P191	P395	
P1660 ^{*1}			6	FAIL + AWL	Intake unoutle drive circuit	Overload on the drive H bridge circuit of throttle valve	P192	P395	
P1661*1	2951 B87	0054	2051 B97	3	FAIL + AWL		VB Power short circuit of throttle valve drive H bridge output 2	P193	P395
P1662*1	2001	507	4	FAIL + AWL		GND short circuit of throttle valve drive H bridge output 2	P194	P395	
U0292	522596	7F964	9	FAIL + AWL		TSC1 (SA1) reception timeout	P215	P409	
U1301	522597	7F965	9	FAIL + AWL		TSC1 (SA2) reception timeout	P217	P409	
U1292	522599	7F967	9	FAIL + AWL		Y_ECR1 reception timeout	P219	P409	
U1293	522600	7F968	9	FAIL + AWL		Y_EC reception timeout	P221	P409	
U1294	522601	7F969	9	FAIL + AWL		Y_RSS reception timeout	P223	P409	
U0168	237	ED	31	FAIL + AWL	CAN 2	VI reception timeout	P225	P409	
U3002			13 FAIL + AWL		VI reception data error	P227	P409		
U1300	522609	7F971	9	FAIL + AWL	<u>. </u>	Y_ETCP1 reception time out	P228	P409	
U1302	522618		EBC1 reception timeout	P230	P409				
U1303	522619	7F97B	9	FAIL + AWL	_	Y_DPFIF reception timeout	P232	P409	
U0167	522730	7F9EA	12	FAIL + AWL	_	Immobilizer error (CAN communication)	P234	P409	
U0426	1202	4B2	2	FAIL + AWL		Immobilizer error (system)	P235	_	
U010B	522610	7F972	9	FAIL + AWL	CAN 1	CAN 1 (for EGR): Reception time out	P213	P406	
U1107	522611	7F973	9	FAIL + AWL		CAN 1 (for exhaust throttle): Reception time out	P214	P406	

^{*1:} Does not apply to 4TN86DHT

DTC code				Error		ce page		
	SI	PN	FMI	Lamp that				
P code	Decima number	Hexa- decimal	Decima number	comes on	Part	State	Descrip- tion	Diag- nosis
D0 40 4		number		EAU . AM		FOD	D405	D400
P0404	1		0	FAIL + AWL		EGR overvoltage error	P195	P400
P1404			1	FAIL + AWL		EGR low voltage error	P196	P400
P1409	2791	AE7	7	FAIL + AWL		EGR feedback error	P197	P404
U0401	4		9	FAIL + AWL		EGR ECM data error	P198	P404
P0403			12	FAIL + AWL		Disconnection in EGR motor coils	P199	P404
P1405	522579	7F953	12	FAIL + AWL	EGR valve	Short circuit in EGR motor coils	P200	P404
P0488	522580	7F954	12	FAIL + AWL		EGR position sensor error	P201	P404
P148A	522581	7F955	7	FAIL + RSL		EGR valve sticking error	P202	P404
P049D	522582	7F956	7	FAIL + RSL		EGR initialization error	P203	P404
P1410	522183	7F957	1	FAIL + AWL		EGR high temperature thermistor error	P205	P404
P1411	522184	7F958	1	FAIL + AWL		EGR low temperature thermistor error	P206	P404
U1401	522617	7F979	12	FAIL + AWL		EGR target value out of range	P204	P404
P1438	522746	7F9FA	12	FAIL + AWL		Exhaust throttle (voltage fault)	P207	_
P1439	522747	7F9FB	12	FAIL + AWL		Exhaust throttle (motor fault)	P208	_
P1440	522748	7F9FC	12	FAIL + AWL	Exhaust throttle	Exhaust throttle (sensor system fault)	P209	_
P1441	522749	7F9FD	12	FAIL + AWL	Exhaust infottie	Exhaust throttle (MPU fault)	P210	_
P1442	522750	7F9FE	12	FAIL + AWL		Exhaust throttle (PCB fault)	P211	_
P1443	522751	7F9FF	19	FAIL + AWL		Exhaust throttle (CAN fault)	P212	_
P0601	630	276	12	FAIL + RSL		EEPROM memory deletion error	P236	P412
P160E	522576	7F950	12	FAIL + RSL	EEPROM	EEPROM memory reading error	P237	P412
P160F	522578	7F952	12	FAIL + RSL		EEPROM memory writing error	P238	P412
P1613	522585	7F959	12	FAIL + RSL		CY146 SPI communication fault	P239	P412
P1608	522588	7F95C	12	FAIL + RSL		Excessive voltage of supply 1	P240	P412
P1617	522589	7F95D	12	FAIL + RSL		Insufficient voltage of supply 1	P241	P412
P1609	522590	7F95E	12	None		Sensor supply voltage error 1	P242	_
P1618	522591	7F95F	12	None		Sensor supply voltage error 2	P243	_
P1619	522592	7F960	12	None		Sensor supply voltage error 3	P244	_
P1626	522744	7F9F8	4	FAIL + AWL		Actuator drive circuit 1 short to ground	P245	_
P1633	522994	7FAF2	4	FAIL + AWL		Actuator drive circuit 2 short to ground	P246	_
P1467	523471	7FCCF	6	FAIL + AWL	1	Actuator drive circuit 3 short to ground	P247	_
P1469	523473	7FCD1	12	FAIL + RSL	-	AD converter fault 1	P248	P412
P1470	523474	7FCD2	12	FAIL + RSL		AD converter fault 2	P249	P412
P1471	523475	7FCD3	12	FAIL + RSL	-	External monitoring IC and CPU fault 1	P250	P412
P1472	523476	7FCD4	12	FAIL + RSL	ECU internal fault	External monitoring IC and CPU fault 2	P251	P412
P1473	523477	7FCD5	12	FAIL + RSL		ROM fault	P252	P412
P1474	523478	7FCD6	12	FAIL + RSL	-	Shutoff path fault 1	P253	P412
P1475	523479	7FCD7	12	FAIL + RSL		Shutoff path fault 2	P254	P412
P1475	523479	7FCD7	12	FAIL + RSL	1	Shutoff path fault 3	P255	P412
P1476	523481	7FCD8	12	FAIL + RSL	-	Shutoff path fault 4	P256	P412
	 				-	·		
P1478	523482	7FCDA	12	FAIL + RSL	-	Shutoff path fault 5	P257	P412
P1479	523483	7FCDB	12	FAIL + RSL		Shutoff path fault 6	P258	P412
P1480	523484	7FCDC	12	FAIL + RSL		Shutoff path fault 7	P259	P412
P1481	523485	7FCDD	12	FAIL + RSL		Shutoff path fault 8	P260	P412
P1482	523486	7FCDE	12	FAIL + RSL		Shutoff path fault 9	P261	P412
P1483	523487	7FCDF	12	FAIL + RSL		Shutoff path fault 10	P262	P412
P1484	523488	7FCE0	0	FAIL + RSL		Recognition error of engine speed	P263	_



DTC code					Error			Reference page	
	SPN		FMI La						
······································	Hexa- decimal number	Decima number	Lamp that comes on	Part	State	Descrip- tion	Diag- nosis		
P1101	522323	7F853	0	Application specific	Air cleaner switch	r cleaner switch Air cleaner clogged alarm		P369	
P1151	522329	7F859	0	Application specific	Water separator switch	Water separator alarm	P266	P369	
P1562	167	A7	5	Application specific	Characteristics	Charge switch open circuit	P268	P365	
P1568		A/	1	Application specific	Charge switch	Charge alarm	P270	P365	
P1192	- 100	64	4	Application specific	Oil pressure switch	Oil pressure switch open circuit	P272	P365	
P1198] 100			Application specific	Oil pressure switch	Low oil pressure fault alarm	P274	P365	
P2463*1	522573	7F94D	0	Not comes on		Excessive PM accumulation (method C)	P276	_	
P1463*1	522574	7F94E	0	Not comes on	DPF	Excessive PM accumulation (method P)	P277	-	
P2458*1	522575	7F94F	7	Not comes on	DPF	Regeneration failure (stationary regeneration failure)	P278	_	
P2459*1	522577	7F951	11	Not comes on		Regeneration failure (stationary regeneration not performed)	P279	-	
P242F*1	 3720	E00	16	FAIL + AWL		Ash cleaning request 1	P280	_	
P1420*1		E88	0	FAIL + RSL		Ash cleaning request 2	P281	_	
P1421*1	0710	F07	16	FAIL + AWL		Stationary regeneration standby	P282	-	
P1424*1	3719 E87	0	FAIL + RSL	DPF OP interface	Backup mode	P283	-		
P1425*1	3695	E6F	14	Not comes on	on	Reset regeneration is inhibited	P284	-	
P1445*1	2746	F07	9	FAIL + RSL		Recovery regeneration failure	P285	-	
P1446 ^{*1}	3719	E87	7	FAIL + RSL		Recovery regeneration is inhibited	P286	_	

^{*1:} Does not apply to 4TN86DHT

Description

P code POOOO	Name Error name
SPN/FMI △△····△/□□	Name Lifoi name

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
Prerequisite for detecting the error	Check point to specify the cause of the error.
2. Condition for detecting the error	See "Diagnosis" for details.

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Continuous operation] /	[Continuous operation] / [Limited operation] / [Engine stop]:				
	Describes the engine or	Describes the engine operation when an error is detected.				
	*					
	[Continuous operation]:	The engine continues to operate without limitations even after an error is detected. Engine control is not obstructed.				
	[Limited operation]:	The engine operation continues, but the high idle speed and engine power are limited.				
	[Engine stop]:	The engine stops immediately when an error is detected.				
		If the error is detected before starting the engine, the key switch does not turn.				
Limited operation	Yes/No: The details of li	Yes/No: The details of limited operation at the time of error are listed.				
Reset criteria	Yes/No: The condition to	Yes/No: The condition to release the fault mode is listed.				
Remarks	Precaution is listed.	Precaution is listed.				

Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

Judging from the detected DTC, the presumed location and cause of the error (e.g. disconnection of sensor wiring) or the error condition of the system (e.g. abnormal rise of engine coolant temperature) are listed.

* Malfunctions related to the detected DTC are listed.

Diagnosis

The method and procedure of the failure diagnosis are listed. Use YANMAR failure diagnosis tool, SMARTASSIST-DIRECT (SA-D), for initial diagnosis.

Note: If replacing the ECU, sensor, or actuator fixes the malfunction, re-install the presumably broken parts and check that the malfunction re-occurs.



Sensor related

■ Crankshaft speed sensor

P0336: Crankshaft signal error

P code P0336	Name Crankshaft signal error
SPN/FMI 522400/2	Walle Stankshall signal circl

• DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	Connector
2. Abnormal pulse detected for a constant number of times (25 times).	Wire-harness
	Crankshaft speed sensor
	ECU
	Pulser

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:		
	The engine operation is limited. (The operation continues with only the camshaft speed sensor.)		
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.		
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.		
	 Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min. 		
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.		
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.		
Remarks			

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
- 3. Crankshaft speed sensor failure
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure
- 5. Pulser error and sensor installation condition error

1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	
	* See Chapter 2 P294 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	• Check the pin of the crankshaft speed sensor for deformation and cracks, the condition of the
	connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	• Make sure that the crankshaft speed sensor wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the crankshaft speed sensor resistance value.
	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the crankshaft speed sensor mounting condition and pulser.
	* See Chapter 2 P294 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

P0337: No signal from crankshaft

P code P0337	Name No signal from crankshaft	٦
SPN/FMI 522400/5	No signal from Crankshalt	-

● DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	Connector
2. No pulse input of crankshaft speed sensor while the cam is rotating for a cer-	Wire-harness
tain number of rotations (2 rotations).	Crankshaft speed sensor
	ECU
	Pulser

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:		
	The engine operation is limited. (The operation continues with only the camshaft speed sensor.)		
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.		
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.		
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min.		
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.		
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.		
Remarks			

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
- 3. Crankshaft speed sensor failure
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure
- 5. Pulser error and sensor installation condition error

1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	
	* See Chapter 2 P294 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	• Check the pin of the crankshaft speed sensor for deformation and cracks, the condition of the
	connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	• Make sure that the crankshaft speed sensor wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	•	Check the crankshaft speed sensor resistance value.
	•	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	•	Check the crankshaft speed sensor mounting condition and pulser.
	*	See Chapter 2 P294 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

■ Camshaft speed sensor

P0341: Camshaft signal error

P code P0341	Name Camshaft signal error	
SPN/FMI 522401/2	Camshart Signal Cirol	

DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	Connector
2. Incorrect pulse number of camshaft speed sensor or incorrect position	Wire-harness
detected while the crank is rotating for a certain number of rotations (4 rota-	Camshaft speed sensor
tions).	ECU
	Pulser

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Continuous operation]:
	Engine control is not obstructed.
	(The operation continues with only the crankshaft speed sensor.)
Limited operation	No
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
- 3. Camshaft speed sensor fault
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure
- 5. Pulser error and sensor installation condition error

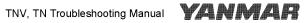
1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	
	* See Chapter 2 P297 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	Check the pin of the camshaft speed sensor for deformation and cracks, the condition of the
	connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	Make sure that the camshaft speed sensor wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the ECU output voltage.
	* See Chapter 2 P297 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



P0342: No signal from camshaft

P code P0342	Name No signal from camshaft
SPN/FMI 522401/5	No signal from camshalt

DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	Connector
2. No pulse input of camshaft speed sensor while the crank is rotating for a cer-	Wire-harness
tain number of rotations (2.2 rotations).	Camshaft speed sensor
	ECU
	Pulser

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Continuous operation]:
	Engine control is not obstructed.
	(The operation continues with only the crankshaft speed sensor.)
Limited operation	No
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
- 3. Camshaft speed sensor failure
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure
- 5. Pulser error and sensor installation condition error

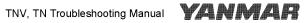
1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	
	* See Chapter 2 P297 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	Check the pin of the camshaft speed sensor for deformation and cracks, the condition of the
	connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	Make sure that the camshaft speed sensor wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the ECU output voltage.
	* See Chapter 2 P297 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



P1341: Angle offset error

P code P1341	Name Angle offset error
SPN/FMI 522401/7	Aligie offset effor

● DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	Connector
2. The condition with the phase difference of 30 degrees or larger, or -20 degrees	Wire-harness
or smaller between the cam and the crank is detected for 2 times.	Camshaft speed sensor
	ECU
	Pulser

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Continuous operation]:
	Engine control is not obstructed.
Limited operation	No
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
- 3. Camshaft speed sensor failure
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure
- 5. Pulser error and sensor installation condition error

1. Initial diagnosis using SA-D Check the fault indication.



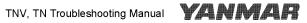
2. Connector/wiring check	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	Check the pin of the crankshaft speed sensor, camshaft speed sensor for deformation and
	cracks, the condition of the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	• Make sure that the camshaft speed sensor wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not peeled.



3. Pulser check	 Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	• Check that there is no abnormality in distance and displacement of the pulser and the sensor.



4. Failure diagnosis	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the ECU output voltage.



P0008: No signal on both crankshaft and camshaft speed sensor

P code P0008	Name	No signal on both crankshaft and camshaft speed sensor
SPN/FMI 523249/5	Ivalle	no signal on both crankshall and camshall speed sensor

DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. During cranking	Connector
2. For 10 seconds, no signal is detected from crankshaft speed sensor or cam-	Wire-harness
shaft speed sensor.	Crankshaft speed, Camshaft speed sensor
	ECU
	Pulser

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Engine stop]:
	The engine operation stops.
Limited operation	Yes: Fuel injection stops.
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

- 1. Crankshaft speed sensor failure and camshaft speed sensor failure occur at the same time
- 2. Starter system failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.	
SA-D		
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P294</i> , <i>P2</i> 97 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.	



Connector/wiring check	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the power switch.
	Check the pin of the crankshaft speed sensor, camshaft speed sensor for deformation and
	cracks, the condition of the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	• Make sure that the crankshaft speed sensor and camshaft speed sensor wiring is not cut or the
	wiring coating is not peeled.
	• If the starter is turned on but the engine does not turn, check the starter system.



3. Failure diagnosis	 Perform the failure diagnosis on the crankshaft speed sensor and camshaft speed sensor.
	3

■ Accelerator sensor

P0123: Accelerator sensor 1 error (voltage high)

P code P0123	Name Accelerator sensor 1 error (voltage high)
SPN/FMI 91/3	Accelerator sensor remor (voltage mgm)

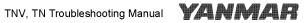
DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	Connector
2. The sensor voltage is above 4.6 V.	Wire-harness
	Accelerator sensor
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

	Backup accelerator sensor function	
	No	Yes
Fault mode	[Limited operation]:	[Continuous operation]:
	The engine operates at a constant speed.	Switches to engine operation through a backup accelerator sensor.
Limited operation	Yes: The target rotation speed is set to "target rotation speed during error" or "target rotation speed before error detection". (Action differs depending on each customer's settings.)	No
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU is turned off with the normal voltage (0.2 to 4.6 V) supplied, the fault mode is released.	Yes: When the ECU power off is detected, the fault mode is released.
Remarks		

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
- 3. Accelerator sensor failure
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure



1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Check the sensor voltage.
	See Chapter 2 P301 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	• Check the connector pin of the accelerator sensor 2 for deformation and cracks, the condition
	of the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	Make sure that the accelerator sensor wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the accelerator sensor resistance value.
	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the accelerator sensor output voltage.
*	See Chapter 2 <i>P301</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

P0122: Accelerator sensor 1 error (voltage low)

P code P0122	Name Accelerator sensor 1 error (voltage low)
SPN/FMI 91/4	Name Accelerator Serisor Ferror (Voltage low)

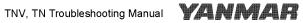
DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria Check points		
1. No prerequisite.	Connector	
2. The sensor voltage is 0.2 V or lower.	Wire-harness	
	Accelerator sensor	
	ECU	

Actions when an error occurs

	Backup accelerator sensor function		
	No	Yes	
Fault mode	[Limited operation]:	[Continuous operation]:	
	The engine operates at a constant speed.	Switches to engine operation through a backup accelerator sensor.	
Limited operation	Yes: The target rotation speed is set to "target rotation speed during error" or "target rotation speed before error detection". (Action differs depending on each customer's settings.)	No	
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU is turned off with the normal voltage (0.2 to 4.6 V) supplied, the fault mode is released.	Yes: When the ECU power off is detected, the fault mode is released.	
Remarks			

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - Disconnection or GND short circuit of sensor 5 V
- 3. Accelerator sensor failure
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure



1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Check the sensor voltage.
	See Chapter 2 P301 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	•	Check the connector pin of the accelerator sensor for deformation and cracks, the condition of
		the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	•	Make sure that the accelerator sensor wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the accelerator sensor resistance value.
•	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the accelerator sensor output voltage.
*	See Chapter 2 <i>P301</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.
	and analysis are assume an are are greened meaned and procedure.

P0223: Accelerator sensor 2 error (voltage high)

P code P0223	Name Accelerator sensor 2 error (voltage high)
SPN/FMI 28/3	Name Accelerator sensor 2 error (voltage mgm)

DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria Check points		
1. No prerequisite.	Connector	
2. The sensor voltage is above 4.6 V.	Wire-harness	
	Accelerator sensor	
	ECU	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Continuous operation]:
	Engine control is not obstructed.
Limited operation	No
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - Disconnection or GND short circuit of sensor 5 V
- 3. Accelerator sensor failure
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Check the sensor voltage.
	See Chapter 2 P301 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	•	Check the connector pin of the accelerator sensor for deformation and cracks, the condition of
		the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	•	Make sure that the accelerator sensor wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the accelerator sensor resistance value.
	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the accelerator sensor output voltage.
*	See Chapter 2 <i>P301</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

P0222: Accelerator sensor 2 error (voltage low)

P code P0222	Name Accelerator sensor 2 error (voltage low)
SPN/FMI 28/4	Accelerator sensor 2 error (voltage low)

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	Connector
2. The sensor voltage is below 0.2 V.	Wire-harness
	Accelerator sensor
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Continuous operation]:
	Engine control is not obstructed.
Limited operation	No
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - Disconnection or GND short circuit of sensor 5 V
- 3. Accelerator sensor failure
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Check the sensor voltage.
	* See Chapter 2 P301 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	•	Check the connector pin of the accelerator sensor for deformation and cracks, the condition of
		the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	•	Make sure that the accelerator sensor wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the accelerator sensor resistance value.
	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
•	Check the accelerator sensor output voltage.
*	See Chapter 2 <i>P301</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

P1646: Dual accelerator sensor error (closed position)

P code P1646	
SPN/FMI 522624/7	Name Dual accelerator sensor error (closed position)

DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	Connector
2. (APS2 terminal voltage - Estimated APS2 terminal voltage) is greater than the	Wire-harness
[Detected value of the dual accelerator sensor fault].	Accelerator sensor 1
	Accelerator sensor 2
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Continuous operation]:
	Engine control is not obstructed.
Limited operation	No
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - Disconnection or GND short circuit of sensor 5 V
- 3. Accelerator 1 sensor failure
- 4. Accelerator 2 sensor failure
- 5. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	•	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	•	Check the sensor voltage.



2. Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	•	Check the connector pin of the accelerator sensor for deformation and cracks, the condition of
		the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	•	Make sure that the accelerator sensor wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	•	Check the accelerator sensor resistance value.
	•	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	•	Check the accelerator sensor output voltage.

P1647: Dual accelerator sensor error (open position)

P code P1647	Name	Dual accolorator consor orror (open position)
SPN/FMI 522623/		Dual accelerator sensor error (open position)

DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	Connector
2. (Estimated APS2 terminal voltage - APS2 terminal voltage) is greater than the	Wire-harness
[Detected value of the dual accelerator sensor fault].	Accelerator sensor 1
	Accelerator sensor 2
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Continuous operation]:
	Engine control is not obstructed.
Limited operation	No
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - Disconnection or GND short circuit of sensor 5 V
- 3. Accelerator 1 sensor failure
- 4. Accelerator 2 sensor failure
- 5. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	•	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	•	Check the sensor voltage.



2. Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	•	Check the connector pin of the accelerator sensor for deformation and cracks, the condition of
		the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	•	Make sure that the accelerator sensor wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	•	Check the accelerator sensor resistance value.
	•	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	•	Check the accelerator sensor output voltage.

P0228: Accelerator sensor 3 error (voltage high)

P code	P0228	Name	Accelerator concer 2 arror (voltage high)
SPN/FMI	29/3	Ivaille	Accelerator sensor 3 error (voltage high)

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	Connector
2. The sensor voltage is above 4.6 V.	Wire-harness
	Accelerator sensor 3
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Continuous operation]:
	Engine control is not obstructed.
Limited operation	No
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - · Disconnection of the sensor GND wire
 - · Power short circuit of the sensor signal wire
- 3. Accelerator sensor 3 failure
 - · Sensor output failure by power short circuit of accelerator sensor 3 internal wiring
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Check the sensor voltage.
	See Chapter 2 P301 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the power switch.
	Check the connector pin of the accelerator sensor 3 for deformation and cracks, the condition
	of the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	Make sure that the accelerator sensor 3 wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the accelerator sensor 3 resistance value.
	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the accelerator sensor 3 output voltage.
**	See Chapter 2 <i>P301</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

P0227: Accelerator sensor 3 error (voltage low)

P code P0227	Name Accelerator sensor 3 error (voltage low)
SPN/FMI 29/4	Accelerator sensor 5 error (voltage low)

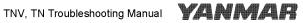
DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	Connector
2. The sensor voltage is below 0.2 V.	Wire-harness
	Accelerator sensor 3
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Continuous operation]:		
	Engine control is not obstructed.		
Limited operation	No		
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.		
Remarks			

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - Disconnection or GND short circuit of the accelerator sensor 3 signal wire
 - · Disconnection or GND short circuit of sensor 5 V
- 3. Accelerator sensor 3 failure
 - · Sensor output failure caused by disconnection or an increase in sliding friction of the accelerator sensor 3 internal wiring
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure



1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Check the sensor voltage.
*	See Chapter 2 P301 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



Connector/wiring check	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the power switch.
	• Check the connector pin of the accelerator sensor 3 for deformation and cracks, the condition
	of the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	Make sure that the accelerator sensor 3 wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the accelerator sensor 3 resistance value.
	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the accelerator sensor 3 output voltage.
*	See Chapter 2 <i>P301</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

P1227: Pulse accelerator sensor error (pulse communication)

P code	P1227	Name	Pulse accelerator sensor error (pulse communication)
SPN/FMI	29/8	Name	ruise accelerator sensor error (puise communication)

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. Key switch ON.	Connector
2. No pulse accelerator signal input.	Wire-harness
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Continuous operation]:	
	Engine control is not obstructed.	
Limited operation	No	
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.	
Remarks		

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

P1126: Accelerator sensor 3 error (foot pedal in open position)

P code P1126	Name	Accelerator sensor 3 error (foot pedal in open position)
SPN/FMI 28/0	Name	Accelerator sensor s error (100) pedar in open position)

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	Connector
2. When the APS3 input voltage is 1.1 V or above and the PDLSW terminal is low	Wire-harness
level (PDLSW terminal: Open setting).	Foot pedal
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Continuous operation]:
	Engine control is not obstructed.
Limited operation	No
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - · Disconnection or GND short circuit of the foot pedal signal wire
 - Disconnection or GND short circuit of sensor 5 V
- 3. Foot pedal failure
 - · Sensor output failure caused by disconnection or an increase in sliding friction of the foot pedal internal wiring
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure

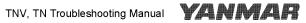
1. Initial diagnosis using	•	Check the fault indication.	1
SA-D	•	Check the sensor voltage.	



2. Connector/wiring check	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the power switch.
	• Check the connector pin of the foot pedal for deformation and cracks, the condition of the con-
	nection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	Make sure that the foot pedal wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the foot pedal resistance value.
	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the accelerator sensor output voltage.



P1125: Accelerator sensor 3 error (foot pedal in closed position)

P code P1125	Name Accelerator sensor 3 error (foot pedal in closed position)
SPN/FMI 28/1	Accelerator sensor 3 error (root pedar in crosed position)

● DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	
2. When the APS3 input voltage is 0.65 V or below and the PDLSW terminal is	
high level (PDLSW terminal: Open setting).	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Continuous operation]:
	Engine control is not obstructed.
Limited operation	No
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

■ Intake throttle position sensor

P02E9: Intake throttle position sensor error (voltage high)

P code P02E9	Name Intake throttle position sensor error (voltage high)
SPN/FMI 51/3	manie initiake unottie position sensor error (voltage mgn)

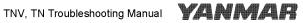
DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No judgment is made during the engine start recognition.	Connector
2. The sensor voltage is above 4.8 V.	Wire-harness
	Intake throttle position sensor
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:
	Intake throttle position is set to 100 % as the default value. The engine operation is limited.
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.
	• EGR fully closes.
	Intake throttle fully opens.
	DPF regeneration stops.
	 Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min.
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
- 3. Intake throttle position sensor failure
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure



1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.	
SA-D	Check the sensor voltage.	
	See Chapter 2 <i>P305</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.	



2. Connector/wiring check	 Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	Check the connector pin of the intake throttle position sensor for deformation and cracks, the
	condition of the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	Make sure that the intake throttle position sensor wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not
	peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the intake throttle position sensor resistance value.
	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the intake throttle position sensor output voltage.
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P305</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

P02E8: Intake throttle position sensor error (voltage low)

P code P02E8	Name Intake throttle position sensor error (voltage Low)
SPN/FMI 51/4	intake unottie position sensor error (voltage Low)

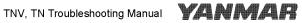
DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
No judgment is made during the engine start recognition.	Connector
2. The sensor voltage is 0.2 V or below.	Wire-harness
	Intake throttle position sensor
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:
	Intake throttle position is set to 100 % as the default value. The engine operation is limited.
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.
	• EGR fully closes.
	Intake throttle fully opens.
	DPF regeneration stops.
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min.
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
- 3. Intake throttle position sensor failure
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure



1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Check the sensor voltage.
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P305</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



Connector/wiring check	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	• Check the connector pin of the intake throttle position sensor for deformation and cracks, the
	condition of the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	Make sure that the intake throttle position sensor wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not
	peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the intake throttle position sensor resistance value.
	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the intake throttle position sensor output voltage.
*	See Chapter 2 P305 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

■ EGR low pressure side pressure sensor

P0238: EGR low pressure side pressure sensor error (voltage high)

P code P0238	Name EGR low pressure side pressure sensor error (voltage high)
SPN/FMI 102/3	traine Edit low pressure side pressure sensor error (voltage mgm)

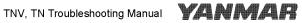
DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
No judgment is made during the engine start recognition.	Connector
2. The sensor voltage is above 4.8 V.	Wire-harness
	EGR pressure sensor
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:
	EGR low pressure side pressure is set to 900 hPa as the default value. The engine operation is limited.
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].
	• EGR fully closes.
	DPF regeneration stops.
	 The accumulated PM amount calculation by DPF differential pressure stops.
	Ash amount reset is prohibited.
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 15 min.
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - · GND short circuit of the sensor signal wire
- 3. EGR pressure sensor failure
 - · Sensor output failure caused by a GND short circuit of the EGR pressure sensor internal wiring
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure



1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Check the sensor voltage.
	See Chapter 2 P308 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	•	Check the pin of the EGR pressure sensor for deformation and cracks, the condition of the con-
		nection, and whether the retainer is removed.
	•	Make sure that the EGR pressure sensor wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
•	Check the EGR pressure sensor output voltage.
*	See Chapter 2 P308 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

P0237: EGR low pressure side pressure sensor error (voltage low)

P code P0237	Name	EGR low pressure side pressure sensor error (voltage low)
SPN/FMI 102/4	Name	Lor low pressure side pressure sensor error (voltage low)

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
No judgment is made during the engine start recognition.	Connector
2. The sensor voltage is 0.2 V or below.	Wire-harness
	EGR pressure sensor
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:	
	EGR low pressure side pressure is set to 900 hPa as the default value. The engine operation is limited.	
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.	
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.	
	 The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min⁻¹]. 	
	• EGR fully closes.	
	DPF regeneration stops.	
	The accumulated PM amount calculation by DPF differential pressure stops.	
	Ash amount reset is prohibited.	
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 15 min.	
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.	
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].	
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.	
Remarks		

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
- 3. EGR pressure sensor failure
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Check the sensor voltage.
	st See Chapter 2 $\it P308$ for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	•	Check the pin of the EGR pressure sensor for deformation and cracks, the condition of the con-
		nection, and whether the retainer is removed.
	•	Make sure that the EGR pressure sensor wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
•	Check the EGR pressure sensor output voltage.
*	See Chapter 2 <i>P</i> 308 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

P0236: EGR low pressure side pressure sensor error (abnormal learning value)

P code P0236	Name	EGR low pressure side pressure sensor error
SPN/FMI 102/13		(abnormal learning value)

DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. • Before engine startup is completed.	
 Atmospheric pressure sensor voltage is normal. 	
 EGR low-pressure side sensor voltage is normal. 	
 Atmospheric pressure characteristics do not fall into problem. 	
* The above conditions are prerequisites for the calculation of the final offset value of intake manifold pressure.	
The final offset value of the intake manifold pressure is less than the thresh-old	
value. Or, the final offset value of the intake manifold pressure is greater than the threshold value.	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:
	The engine operation is limited.
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].
	• EGR fully closes.
	DPF regeneration stops.
	The accumulated PM amount calculation by DPF differential pressure stops.
	Ash amount reset is prohibited.
	 Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 15 min.
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
- 3. EGR pressure sensor failure
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure



1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Check the sensor voltage.
	See Chapter 2 P308 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	•	Check the pin of the EGR pressure sensor for deformation and cracks, the condition of the con-
		nection, and whether the retainer is removed.
	•	Make sure that the EGR pressure sensor wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
•	Check the EGR pressure sensor output voltage.
*	See Chapter 2 P308 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

■ EGR high pressure side pressure sensor

P0473: EGR high pressure side pressure sensor error (voltage high)

P code P0473	Name EGR high pressure side pressure sensor error (voltage high)
SPN/FMI 1209/3	Name LOIX mgm pressure side pressure sensor error (voltage mgm)

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
No judgment is made during the engine start recognition.	Connector
2. The sensor voltage is above 4.8 V.	Wire-harness
	EGR pressure sensor
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:	
	EGR high pressure side pressure is set to 900 hPa as the default value. The engine operation is limited.	
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.	
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.	
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].	
	• EGR fully closes.	
	Ash amount reset is prohibited.	
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 15 min.	
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.	
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].	
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.	
Remarks		

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
- 3. EGR pressure sensor failure
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure



1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Check the sensor voltage.
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P311</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	•	Check the pin of the EGR pressure sensor for deformation and cracks, the condition of the con-
		nection, and whether the retainer is removed.
	•	Make sure that the EGR pressure sensor wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
-	Check the EGR pressure sensor output voltage.
*	See Chapter 2 P311 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

P0472: EGR high pressure side pressure sensor error (voltage low)

P code P0472	2 Name	EGR high pressure side pressure sensor error (voltage low)
SPN/FMI 1209/4		Lort high pressure side pressure sensor error (voltage low)

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
No judgment is made during the engine start recognition.	Connector
2. The sensor voltage is 0.2 V or below.	Wire-harness
	EGR pressure sensor
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:	
	EGR high pressure side pressure is set to 900 hPa as the default value. The engine operation is limited.	
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.	
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.	
	 The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min⁻¹]. 	
	EGR fully closes.	
	Ash amount reset is prohibited.	
	 Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 15 min. 	
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.	
	 The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min⁻¹]. 	
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.	
Remarks		

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
- 3. EGR pressure sensor failure
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure



1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Check the sensor voltage.
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P311</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	•	Check the pin of the EGR pressure sensor for deformation and cracks, the condition of the con-
		nection, and whether the retainer is removed.
	•	Make sure that the EGR pressure sensor wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the EGR pressure sensor output voltage.
*	See Chapter 2 P311 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

P0471: EGR high pressure side pressure sensor error (abnormal learning value)

P code P0471	Name EGR high pressure side pressure sensor error
SPN/FMI 1209/13	(abnormal learning value)

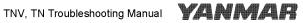
DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. • Before engine startup is completed.	
 Atmospheric pressure sensor voltage is normal. 	
 EGR low-pressure side sensor voltage is normal. 	
 Atmospheric pressure characteristics do not fall into problem. 	
* The above conditions are prerequisites for the calculation of the final offset	
value of intake manifold pressure.	
2. The final offset value of the exhaust manifold pressure is less than the thresh-	
old value. Or, the final offset value of the exhaust manifold pressure is greater	
than the threshold value.	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:
	The engine operation is limited.
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].
	• EGR fully closes.
	Ash amount reset is prohibited.
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 15 min.
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
- 3. EGR pressure sensor failure
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure



1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Check the sensor voltage.
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P311</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	•	Check the pin of the EGR pressure sensor for deformation and cracks, the condition of the con-
		nection, and whether the retainer is removed.
	•	Make sure that the EGR pressure sensor wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
-	Check the EGR pressure sensor output voltage.
*	See Chapter 2 P311 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

■ Engine coolant temperature sensor

P0118: Engine coolant temperature sensor error (voltage high)

P code P0118	Name Engine coolant temperature sensor error (voltage high)
SPN/FMI 110/3	Manne Engine coolant temperature sensor error (voltage mgm)

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
No judgment is made during the engine start recognition.	Connector
2. The sensor voltage is above 4.8 V.	Wire-harness
	Engine coolant temperature sensor
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:
	The engine coolant temperature is set to -15 °C at engine start and 50 °C after starting the engine as the
	default value. The engine operation is limited.
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.
	• EGR fully closes.
	Ash amount reset is prohibited.
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min.
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power off is detected, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - Disconnection or power short circuit of the sensor GND wire
 - · Disconnection or power short circuit of the sensor signal wire
- 3. Engine coolant temperature sensor failure
 - · Sensor output failure caused by an disconnection of the engine coolant temperature sensor internal wiring
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Check the sensor voltage.
*	See Chapter 2 P314 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, turn off the ECU power.
	•	Check the pin of the engine coolant temperature sensor for deformation and cracks, the condi-
		tion of the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	•	Make sure that the engine coolant temperature sensor wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is
		not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the engine coolant temperature sensor resistance value.
	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the engine coolant temperature sensor output voltage.
	* See Chapter 2 P314 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

P0117: Engine coolant temperature sensor error (voltage low)

P code P0117	Name Engine coolant temperature sensor error (voltage low)
SPN/FMI 110/4	Manie Chymie Coolant temperature sensor error (voltage low)

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
No judgment is made during the engine start recognition.	Connector
2. The sensor voltage is 0.2 V or below.	Wire-harness
	Engine coolant temperature sensor
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:
	The engine coolant temperature is set to -15 °C at engine start and 50 °C after starting the engine as the
	default value. The engine operation is limited.
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.
	• EGR fully closes.
	Ash amount reset is prohibited.
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min.
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power off is detected, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - · GND short circuit of the sensor signal wire
- 3. Engine coolant temperature sensor failure
 - · Sensor output failure caused by a GND short circuit of the engine coolant temperature sensor internal wiring
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure



1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Check the sensor voltage.
	* See Chapter 2 P314 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	•	Check the pin of the engine coolant temperature sensor for deformation and cracks, the condi-
		tion of the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	•	Make sure that the engine coolant temperature sensor wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is
		not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the engine coolant temperature sensor resistance value.
	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the engine coolant temperature sensor output voltage.
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P314</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

P0217: Engine coolant temperature high (overheat)

P code P0217		
FUZ 17	Name Engine coolant temperature high (overheat)	
SPN/FMI 110/0	Plane coolant temperature ingli (overneat)	

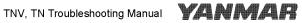
DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. The engine coolant temperature sensor is normal, and 60 sec have passed	Engine cooling water level
since completion of the engine start.	Engine cooling equipment
2. Cooling water temperature 110 °C or above is continued for 20 sec.	Engine coolant temperature sensor system

Actions when an error occurs

	Settings of the actions during a "cooling water temperature high" alarm		
	No	Yes	
Fault mode	[Continuous operation]: The engine continues to operate without limitations after the error is detected.	[Limited operation]: The engine operation is limited.	
Limited operation	No No	Yes: • The high idle speed or the maximum injection quantity is limited. (Action differs depending on each customer's settings.) • EGR fully closes.	
Reset criteria	Yes: • When the ECU power off is detected, the fault mode is released. • Automatic recovery is made when the cooling water temperature 105 °C or below.	Yes: • When the ECU power off is detected, the fault mode is released. • Automatic recovery is made when the cooling water temperature 105 °C or below continues for 60 sec.	
Remarks			

- 1. Engine overheat
- 2. Insufficient engine cooling water
- 3. Engine cooling equipment failure
- 4. Engine coolant temperature sensor system failure



1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P314</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Engine check	•	Turn off the ECU power and stop the engine.
	•	Check the engine cooling equipment.
	•	After a few moments, turn on the ECU power and make sure that the DTC is detected.



3. Failure diagnosis •	Check the engine coolant temperature sensor system.
-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
*	See Chapter 2 <i>P314</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

■ Ambient air temperature sensor

P0113: Ambient air temperature sensor error (voltage high)

P code P0113	Name Ambient air temperature sensor error (voltage high)
SPN/FMI 172/3	Ambient all temperature sensor entri (voltage mgm)

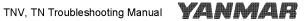
DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
No judgment is made during the engine start recognition.	Connector
2. The sensor voltage is above 4.85 V.	Wire-harness
	Ambient air temperature sensor
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:
	The fuel temperature is set to 25 °C as the default value. The engine operation is limited.
Limited operation	Yes: Ash amount reset is prohibited.
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - Disconnection or power short circuit of the sensor GND wire
 - · Disconnection or power short circuit of the sensor signal wire
- 3. Ambient air temperature sensor failure
 - · Sensor output failure caused by an disconnection of the ambient air temperature sensor internal wiring
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure



1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Check the sensor voltage.
*	See Chapter 2 P318 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	• Check the pin of the ambient air temperature sensor for deformation and cracks, the condition
	of the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	• Make sure that the ambient air temperature sensor wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not
	peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the resistance value of the ambient air temperature sensor.
	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the output voltage of the ambient air temperature sensor.
	* See Chapter 2 page <i>P318</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

P0112: Ambient air temperature sensor error (voltage low)

P code P0112	Name Ambient air temperature sensor error (voltage low)
SPN/FMI 172/4	Manie Ambient an temperature sensor error (voltage low)

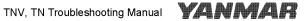
DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
No judgment is made during the engine start recognition.	Connector
2. The sensor voltage is 0.15 V or below.	Wire-harness
	Ambient air temperature sensor
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:
	The fuel temperature is set to 25 °C as the default value. The engine operation is limited.
Limited operation	Yes: Ash amount reset is prohibited.
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - · GND short circuit of the sensor signal wire
- 3. Ambient air temperature sensor failure
 - Sensor output failure caused by a GND short circuit of the ambient air temperature sensor internal wiring
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure



1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Check the sensor voltage.
*	See Chapter 2 P318 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	•	Check the pin of the ambient air temperature sensor for deformation and cracks, the condition
		of the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	•	Make sure that the ambient air temperature sensor wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not
		peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the resistance value of the ambient air temperature sensor.
	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the output voltage of the ambient air temperature sensor.
*	See Chapter 2 P318 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

■ Fuel temperature sensor

P0183: Fuel temperature sensor error (voltage high)

P code P0183	Name Fuel temperature sensor error (voltage high)
SPN/FMI 174/3	Name I del temperature sensor error (voltage mgm)

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
No judgment is made during the engine start recognition.	Connector
2. The sensor voltage is above 4.8 V.	Wire-harness
	Fuel temperature sensor
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:		
	The fuel temperature is set to 40 °C as the default value. The engine operation is limited.		
Limited operation Yes: • Ash amount reset is prohibited.			
	 When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately. 		
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.		
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.		
Remarks			

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - Disconnection or power short circuit of the sensor GND wire
 - · Disconnection or power short circuit of the sensor signal wire
- 3. Fuel temperature sensor failure
 - · Sensor output failure caused by an disconnection of the fuel temperature sensor internal wiring
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Check the sensor voltage.
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P322</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	•	Check the pin of the fuel temperature sensor for deformation and cracks, the condition of the
		connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	•	Make sure that the fuel temperature sensor wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the resistance value of the fuel temperature sensor.
	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the output voltage of the fuel temperature sensor.
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P322</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

P0182: Fuel temperature sensor error (voltage low)

P code	P0182	NI.	F
SPN/FMI	174/4	Name	Fuel temperature sensor error (voltage low)

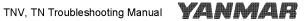
DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
No judgment is made during the engine start recognition.	Connector
2. The sensor voltage is 0.2 V or below.	Wire-harness
	Fuel temperature sensor
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:		
	The fuel temperature is set to 40 °C as the default value. The engine operation is limited.		
Limited operation	Yes: • Ash amount reset is prohibited.		
	 When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately. 		
	 The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %. 		
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.		
Remarks			

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - · GND short circuit of the sensor signal wire
- 3. Fuel temperature sensor failure
 - · Sensor output failure caused by a GND short circuit of the fuel temperature sensor internal wiring
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure



1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Check the sensor voltage.
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P322</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	•	Check the pin of the fuel temperature sensor for deformation and cracks, the condition of the
		connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	•	Make sure that the fuel temperature sensor wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the resistance value of the fuel temperature sensor.
	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the output voltage of the fuel temperature sensor.
*	See Chapter 2 <i>P322</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

P0168: Fuel temperature high

D0400		
P code P0168		
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	Niama Filal tamparatilra pian	
	———— Name Fuel temperature high	
SPN/FMI 174/0		

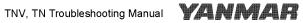
DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	Fuel temperature sensor system
2. The engine start is complete and the fuel temperature is continuously 90 °C or	Fuel tank
more for a given length of time.	Fuel cooler

Actions when an error occurs

	Settings of the actions during a "fuel temperature high" alarm			
	No	Yes		
Fault mode	[Continuous operation]: The engine continues to operate without limitations	[Limited operation]: The engine operation is limited.		
	after the error is detected.			
Limited operation	No	Yes: The high idle speed or the engine output maximum injection quantity is limited. (Action differs depending on each customer's settings.)		
Reset criteria	Yes: • When the ECU power off is detected, the fault mode is released. • Or automatic recovery is made when the fuel temperature alarm temperature 80 °C or below.	Yes: • When the ECU power off is detected, the fault mode is released. • Or automatic recovery is made when the fuel temperature alarm temperature 80 °C or below continues for a given period of time.		
Remarks				

- 1. Insufficient fuel in the fuel tank
- 2. Cooling not possible due to a clogged fuel cooler
- 3. Fuel temperature sensor system failure



Initial diagnosis using Check the fault indication.	
SA-D	
* See Chapter 2 P322 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.	



2. Engine check	•	Turn off the ECU power and stop the engine.
	•	Check the engine fuel system.
	•	After a few moments, turn on the ECU power and make sure that the DTC is detected.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the fuel temperature sensor system.
	See Chapter 2 <i>P</i> 322 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

■ Rail pressure sensor

P0193: Rail pressure sensor error (voltage high)

P code P0193	Name Rail pressure sensor error (voltage high)
SPN/FMI 157/3	Name Itali pressure sensor error (voltage mgm)

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
No judgment is made during the engine start recognition.	Connector
2. The sensor voltage is above 4.75 V.	Wire-harness
	Rail pressure sensor
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:			
	The rail pressure is set to 160 MPa as the default value. The engine operation is limited.			
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately. • The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].			
	• EGR fully closes.			
	The rail pressure back-up control functions.			
	DPF regeneration stops.			
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min.			
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.			
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].			
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power off is detected, the fault mode is released.			
Remarks				

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
- 3. Rail pressure sensor failure
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Check the sensor voltage.
	* See Chapter 2 P326 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch.
	•	Check the pin of the rail pressure sensor for deformation and cracks, the condition of the con-
		nection, and whether the retainer is removed.
	•	Make sure that the rail pressure sensor wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not peeled.



S. Failure diagnosis Check the conduction of the wire-harness.	
Check the ECU output voltage.	
Check the rail pressure sensor output voltage.	
* See Chapter 2 P326 for details on the diagnosis method ar	nd procedure.

P0192: Rail pressure sensor error (voltage low)

P code P0192		
FU192	Name Rail pressure sensor error (voltage low)	
SPN/FMI 157/4	Maine Itali pressure sensor error (voltage low)	

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
No judgment is made during the engine start recognition.	Connector
2. The sensor voltage is 0.24 V or below.	Wire-harness
	Rail pressure sensor
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:
	The rail pressure is set to 160 MPa as the default value. The engine operation is limited.
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.
	 The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min⁻¹].
	• EGR fully closes.
	The rail pressure back-up control functions.
	DPF regeneration stops.
	 Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min.
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.
	 The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min⁻¹].
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power off is detected, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
- 3. Rail pressure sensor failure
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Check the sensor voltage.
	* See Chapter 2 P326 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	•	Check the pin of the rail pressure sensor for deformation and cracks, the condition of the con-
		nection, and whether the retainer is removed.
	•	Make sure that the rail pressure sensor wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the ECU output voltage.
	Check the rail pressure sensor output voltage.
	* See Chapter 2 P326 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

■ DPF differential pressure sensor

P2455: DPF differential pressure sensor error (voltage high)

P code P2455	Name DPF differential pressure sensor error (voltage high)
SPN/FMI 3251/3	Waine Dri umerential pressure sensor error (voltage mgm)

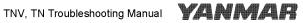
DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
No judgment is made during the engine start recognition.	Connector
2. The sensor voltage is above 4.8 V.	Wire-harness
	DPF differential pressure sensor
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:	
	DPF differential pressure is set to 0 hPa as the default value. The engine operation is limited.	
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.	
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.	
	 The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min⁻¹]. 	
	• EGR fully closes.	
	DPF regeneration stops.	
	The accumulated PM amount calculation by DPF differential pressure stops.	
	Ash amount reset is prohibited.	
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 15 min.	
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.	
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].	
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.	
Remarks		

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
- 3. DPF differential pressure sensor failure
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure



1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Check the sensor voltage.
*	See Chapter 2 P329 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	•	Check the pin of the DPF differential pressure sensor for deformation and cracks, the condition
		of the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	•	Make sure that the DPF differential pressure sensor wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not
		peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the resistance value of the DPF differential pressure sensor.
	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the output voltage of the DPF differential pressure sensor.
*	See Chapter 2 <i>P</i> 329 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

P2454: DPF differential pressure sensor error (voltage low)

P code P2454	Name	DPF differential pressure sensor error (voltage low)
SPN/FMI 3251/4	Name	bri differential pressure sensor error (voltage low)

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
No judgment is made during the engine start recognition.	Connector
2. The sensor voltage is 0.2 V or below.	Wire-harness
	DPF differential pressure sensor
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:
	DPF differential pressure is set to 0 hPa as the default value. The engine operation is limited.
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].
	• EGR fully closes.
	DPF regeneration stops.
	The accumulated PM amount calculation by DPF differential pressure stops.
	Ash amount reset is prohibited.
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 15 min.
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
- 3. DPF differential pressure sensor failure
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Check the sensor voltage.
,	See Chapter 2 <i>P</i> 329 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	•	Check the pin of the DPF differential pressure sensor for deformation and cracks, the condition
		of the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	•	Make sure that the DPF differential pressure sensor wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not
		peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the resistance value of the DPF differential pressure sensor.
	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the output voltage of the DPF differential pressure sensor.
*	See Chapter 2 <i>P</i> 329 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

P2452: DPF differential pressure sensor differential pressure rise error

P code P2452	Name DPF differential pressure sensor differential pressure rise error
SPN/FMI 3251/0	Name Dri differential pressure sensor differential pressure rise entor

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. After the completion of startup.	
2. DPF differential pressure is 50 kPa or more for a given period of time (15 s)	
after the completion of the engine start.	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:
	The engine operation is limited.
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].
	• EGR fully closes.
	DPF regeneration stops.
	 Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 15 min.
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
- 3. DPF differential pressure sensor failure
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure



1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Check the sensor voltage.
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P</i> 329 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch.
	•	Check the pin of the DPF differential pressure sensor for deformation and cracks, the condition
		of the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	•	Make sure that the DPF differential pressure sensor wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not
		peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
-	Check the output voltage of the DPF differential pressure sensor.
*	See Chapter 2 P329 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

P2453: DPF differential pressure sensor error (abnormal learning value)

P code P2453	Name DPF differential pressure sensor error (abnormal learning value)
SPN/FMI 3251/13	Name Dri umerential pressure sensor error (abnormal learning value)

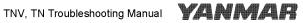
● DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. • Before engine startup is completed.	
 DPF differential pressure sensor voltage is normal. 	
* The above conditions are prerequisites for the calculation of the offset value	
of DPF differential pressure.	
2. The final DPF differential pressure offset value is less than the threshold value	
of XX hPa. Or, the final DPF differential pressure offset value is greater than	
the threshold value of YY hPa.	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:
	The engine operation is limited.
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].
	• EGR fully closes.
	DPF regeneration stops.
	 The accumulated PM amount calculation by DPF differential pressure stops.
	Ash amount reset is prohibited.
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 15 min.
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power off is detected, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
- 3. EGR pressure sensor failure
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure



1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Check the sensor voltage.
*	See Chapter 2 P329 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	•	Check the pin of the DPF differential pressure sensor for deformation and cracks, the condition
		of the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	•	Make sure that the DPF differential pressure sensor wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not
		peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
-	Check the output voltage of the DPF differential pressure sensor.
*	See Chapter 2 P329 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

■ DPF high pressure side pressure sensor

P1455: DPF high pressure side pressure sensor error (voltage high)

P code P1455	Name DPF high pressure side pressure sensor error (voltage high)
SPN/FMI 3609/3	Traine Dir nign pressure side pressure sensor error (voltage nign)

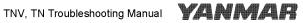
DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No judgment is made during the engine start recognition.	Connector
2. The sensor voltage is above 4.8 V.	Wire-harness
	DPF high pressure side pressure sensor
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:
	DPF high pressure side pressure is set to 900 hPa as the default value. The engine operation is limited.
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].
	• EGR fully closes.
	DPF regeneration stops.
	 The accumulated PM amount calculation by DPF differential pressure stops.
	Ash amount reset is prohibited.
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 15 min.
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
- 3. DPF high pressure side pressure sensor failure
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure



1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Check the sensor voltage.
*	See Chapter 2 P329 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	•	Check the pin of the DPF high pressure side pressure sensor for deformation and cracks, the
		condition of the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	•	Make sure that the DPF high pressure side pressure sensor wiring is not cut or the wiring coat-
		ing is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the resistance value of the DPF high pressure side pressure sensor.
•	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
·	Check the output voltage of the DPF high pressure side pressure sensor.
*	See Chapter 2 P329 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

P1454: DPF high pressure side pressure sensor error (voltage low)

P code P1454	N DDF bink non-new side non-new (new lens)
SPN/FMI 3609/4	Name DPF high pressure side pressure sensor error (voltage low)

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
No judgment is made during the engine start recognition.	Connector
2. The sensor voltage is 0.2 V or below.	Wire-harness
	DPF high pressure side pressure sensor
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:
	DPF high pressure side pressure is set to 900 hPa as the default value. The engine operation is limited.
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].
	• EGR fully closes.
	DPF regeneration stops.
	 The accumulated PM amount calculation by DPF differential pressure stops.
	Ash amount reset is prohibited.
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 15 min.
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
- 3. DPF high pressure side pressure sensor failure
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Check the sensor voltage.
*	See Chapter 2 P329 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	•	Check the pin of the DPF high pressure side pressure sensor for deformation and cracks, the
		condition of the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	•	Make sure that the DPF high pressure side pressure sensor wiring is not cut or the wiring coat-
		ing is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the resistance value of the DPF high pressure side pressure sensor.
	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the output voltage of the DPF high pressure side pressure sensor.
1	See Chapter 2 <i>P329</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

■ DPF inlet temperature sensor

P1428: DPF inlet temperature sensor error (voltage high)

P code P1428	Name DPF inlet temperature sensor error (voltage high)
SPN/FMI 3242/3	Warne Dri met temperature sensor error (voltage mgn)

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
No judgment is made during the engine start recognition.	Connector
2. The sensor voltage is above 4.8 V.	Wire-harness
	DPF inlet temperature sensor
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:
	Set the DPF inlet temperature to 350 °C as default value. The engine operation is limited.
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.
	 The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min⁻¹].
	• EGR fully closes.
	DPF regeneration stops.
	Ash amount reset is prohibited.
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 15 min.
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - · Disconnection or power short circuit of the sensor GND wire
 - Disconnection or power short circuit of the sensor signal wire
- 3. DPF inlet temperature sensor failure
 - · Sensor output failure caused by an disconnection of the DPF inlet temperature sensor internal wiring
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure



1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Check the sensor voltage.
*	See Chapter 2 P333 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	•	Check the pin of the DPF inlet temperature sensor for deformation and cracks, the condition of
		the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	•	Make sure that the DPF inlet temperature sensor wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not
		peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the resistance value of the DPF inlet temperature sensor.
	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the output voltage of the DPF inlet temperature sensor.
*	See Chapter 2 <i>P</i> 333 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

P1427: DPF inlet temperature sensor error (voltage low)

I Decade D1/127	
P code P1427	

	Name DPF inlet temperature sensor error (voltage low)
	Name DPF inlet temperature sensor error (voltage low)
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SPN/FMI 3242/4	
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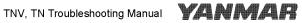
DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
No judgment is made during the engine start recognition.	Connector
2. The sensor voltage is 0.2 V or below.	Wire-harness
	DPF inlet temperature sensor
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:
	Set the DPF inlet temperature to 350 °C as default value. The engine operation is limited.
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].
	• EGR fully closes.
	DPF regeneration stops.
	Ash amount reset is prohibited.
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 15 min.
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - · GND short circuit of the sensor signal wire
- 3. DPF inlet temperature sensor failure
 - · Sensor output failure caused by a GND short circuit of the DPF inlet temperature sensor internal wiring
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure



1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Check the sensor voltage.
*	See Chapter 2 P333 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	Before beginning your work, turn off the ECU power.
	$\bullet \ \text{Check the pin of the DPF inlet temperature sensor for deformation and cracks, the condition of} \\$
	the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	Make sure that the DPF inlet temperature sensor wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not
	peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the resistance value of the DPF inlet temperature sensor.
	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the output voltage of the DPF inlet temperature sensor.
*	See Chapter 2 <i>P</i> 333 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

P1436: DPF inlet temperature sensor error (high temperature)

P code P1436	N DDF in L444
SPN/FMI 3242/0	Name DPF inlet temperature sensor error (high temperature)

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. DPF inlet temperature sensor normal	Connector
2. The DPF inlet temperature is 700 °C or more for a given period of time (15 s).	Wire-harness
	DPF inlet temperature sensor
	ECU
	Injector
	Exhaust piping

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:	
	The engine operation is limited.	
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.	
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.	
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min.	
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.	
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.	
Remarks		

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
- 3. DPF inlet temperature sensor system failure
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure
- 5. Blow-by of combustion gas
 - · Piping damage in the passage to DOC
- 6. Injector failure
 - · Decrease in injection quantity
 - · Injection timing error

■ DPF intermediate temperature sensor

P1434: DPF intermediate temperature sensor error (voltage high)

P code P1434	Name DPF intermediate temperature sensor error (voltage high)
SPN/FMI 3250/3	Wante Dri intermediate temperature sensor error (voltage mgm)

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
No judgment is made during the engine start recognition.	Connector
2. The sensor voltage is above 4.8 V.	Wire-harness
	DPF intermediate temperature sensor
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:
	Set the DPF intermediate temperature to 350 °C as default value. The engine operation is limited.
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].
	EGR fully closes.
	DPF regeneration stops.
	The accumulated PM amount calculation by DPF differential pressure stops.
	Ash amount reset is prohibited.
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 15 min.
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - · Disconnection or power short circuit of the sensor GND wire
 - Disconnection or power short circuit of the sensor signal wire
- 3. DPF intermediate temperature sensor failure
 - · Sensor output failure caused by an disconnection of the DPF intermediate temperature sensor internal wiring
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure

Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Check the sensor voltage.
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P337</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



Connector/wiring check	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	Check the pin of the DPF intermediate temperature sensor for deformation and cracks, the
	condition of the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	Make sure that the DPF intermediate temperature sensor wiring is not cut or the wiring coating
	is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the resistance value of the DPF intermediate temperature sensor.
	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the output voltage of the DPF intermediate temperature sensor.
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P</i> 337 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

P1435: DPF intermediate temperature sensor error (voltage low)

P code P1435	Name DPF intermediate temperature sensor error (voltage low)
SPN/FMI 3250/4	Name Dri intermediate temperature sensor error (voltage low)

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
No judgment is made during the engine start recognition.	Connector
2. The sensor voltage is 0.2 V or below.	Wire-harness
	DPF intermediate temperature sensor
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:
	Set the DPF intermediate temperature to 350 °C as default value. The engine operation is limited.
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].
	EGR fully closes.
	DPF regeneration stops.
	The accumulated PM amount calculation by DPF differential pressure stops.
	Ash amount reset is prohibited.
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 15 min.
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - · GND short circuit of the sensor signal wire
- 3. DPF intermediate temperature sensor failure
 - Sensor output failure caused by a GND short circuit of the DPF intermediate temperature sensor internal wiring
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Check the sensor voltage.
	* See Chapter 2 P337 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	Check the pin of the DPF intermediate temperature sensor for deformation and cracks, the
	condition of the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	Make sure that the DPF intermediate temperature sensor wiring is not cut or the wiring coating
	is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the resistance value of the DPF intermediate temperature sensor.
	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the output voltage of the DPF intermediate temperature sensor.
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P</i> 337 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

P0420: DPF intermediate temperature sensor temperature too low

P code P0420	Name	DPF intermediate temperature sensor temperature too low
SPN/FMI 3250/1	ivaille	DFT intermediate temperature sensor temperature too low

DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	Connector
2. Any of the following conditions is kept for a given length of time (1200 seconds).	Wire-harness
DPF intermediate temperature becomes 300 °C or lower during the station-	DPF intermediate temperature sensor sys-
ary regeneration.	tem
DPF intermediate temperature becomes 250 °C or lower during the recov-	ECU
ery regeneration.	Injector
	DOC
	Piping

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:
	The engine operation is limited.
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.
	• EGR fully closes.
	DPF regeneration stops.
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min.
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
- 3. DPF intermediate temperature sensor system failure
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure
- 5. DOC deterioration due to the external factor such as sulfur poisoning
 - · Increase in activated temperature
- 6. Blow-by of combustion gas
 - · Catalytic damage
 - · Piping damage in the passage to DOC
- 7. Injector failure
 - · Decrease in injection quantity
 - · Injection timing error

P1426: DPF intermediate temperature sensor temperature rise error (post-injection failure)

P code P1426	Name	DPF intermediate temperature sensor temperature rise error
SPN/FMI 3250/0		(post-injection failure)

DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. Regeneration is active.	
2. DPF intermediate temperature is 750 °C or higher for a given length of time (30	
seconds).	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:
	The engine operation is limited.
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].
	• EGR fully closes.
	DPF regeneration stops.
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 15 min.
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
- 3. DPF intermediate temperature sensor system failure
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure
- 5. Injector failure
 - · Increase in injection quantity
 - · Injection timing error

■ DOC outlet temperature sensor (Applies only to 4TN86DHT)

P1448: DOC outlet temperature sensor error (voltage high)

P code P1448	Name DOC outlet temperature sensor error (voltage high)
SPN/FMI 4766/3	wante Doc outlet temperature sensor error (voltage mgm)

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. Not during the engine cranking.	Connector
2. Sensor voltage is higher than threshold 4.8 V.	Wire-harness
	DOC outlet temperature sensor
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:
	Set the DOC outlet temperature to 350 °C as default value. The engine operation is limited.
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].
	EGR fully closes.
	DOC regeneration stops.
	Ash amount reset is prohibited.
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 15 min.
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.
	 Accumulation amount calculation by DOC differential pressure stops.
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - Disconnection or power short circuit of the sensor GND wire
 - Disconnection or power short circuit of the sensor signal wire
- 3. DOC outlet temperature sensor failure
 - · Sensor output failure caused by an disconnection of the DOC outlet temperature sensor internal wiring
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure

Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Check the sensor voltage.
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P341</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



Connector/wiring check	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	Check the pin of the DOC outlet temperature sensor for deformation and cracks, the condition
	of the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	Make sure that the DOC outlet temperature sensor wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not
	peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the resistance value of the DOC outlet temperature sensor.
	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the output voltage of the DOC outlet temperature sensor.
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P341</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

P1449: DOC outlet temperature sensor error (voltage low)

P code P1449	Name DOC outlet temperature sensor error (voltage low)
SPN/FMI 4766/4	Name Doc outlet temperature sensor error (voltage low)

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. Not during the engine cranking.	Connector
2. Sensor voltage is lower than threshold 0.2 V.	Wire-harness
	DOC outlet temperature sensor
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:	
	Set the DOC outlet temperature to 350 °C as default value. The engine operation is limited.	
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.	
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.	
	 The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min⁻¹]. 	
	EGR fully closes.	
	DOC regeneration stops.	
	Ash amount reset is prohibited.	
	 Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 15 min. 	
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.	
	 Accumulation amount calculation by DOC differential pressure stops. 	
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.	
Remarks		

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - · GND short circuit of the sensor signal wire
- 3. DOC outlet temperature sensor failure
 - · Sensor output failure caused by a GND short circuit of the DOC outlet temperature sensor internal wiring
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Check the sensor voltage.
	* See Chapter 2 P341 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



Connector/wiring check	Before beginning your work, turn off the ECU power.	
	Check the pin of the DOC outlet temperature sensor for deformation and cracks, the condition	
	of the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.	
	Make sure that the DOC outlet temperature sensor wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not	
	peeled.	



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the resistance value of the DOC outlet temperature sensor.
	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the output voltage of the DOC outlet temperature sensor.
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P341</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



P1447: DOC outlet temperature sensor error (high temperature)

P code P1447	Name DOC outlet temperature sensor error (high temperature)
SPN/FMI 4776/0	Maine Boo outlet temperature sensor error (mgn temperature)

DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	Connector
2. The DOC outlet temperature is 750 °C or more for a given period of time	Wire-harness
(30 s).	DOC outlet temperature sensor
	ECU
	Injector
	Exhaust piping

Actions when an error occurs

	Settings for when temperature of the DOC outlet temperature sensor rises abnormally	
	Not set	Set
Fault mode	[Limited operation]:	[Engine stop]:
	The engine operation is limited.	After the abnormality is detected, the engine imme-
		diately stops.
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the	Yes: • EGR fully opens.
	engine is reduced immediately.	DOC regeneration stops.
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.	
	The engine speed is limited to the [maximum	
	torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].	
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further	
	after 15 min.	
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.	
	EGR fully opens.	
	 DOC regeneration stops. 	
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault
	mode is released.	mode is released.
Remarks		

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
- 3. DOC outlet temperature sensor system failure
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure
- 5. Blow-by of combustion gas
 - Piping damage in the passage to DOC
- 6. Injector failure
 - · Decrease in injection quantity
 - · Injection timing error

■ Atmospheric pressure sensor

P2229: Atmospheric pressure sensor error (voltage high)

P code P2229	Name Atmospheric pressure sensor error (voltage high)
SPN/FMI 108/3	Hame Authospheric pressure sensor error (voltage mgm)

DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
No judgment is made during the engine start recognition.	Atmospheric pressure sensor
2. The sensor voltage is above 4.8 V.	ECU

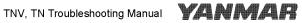
Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:	
	Atmospheric pressure is set to 900 hPa as the default value. The engine operation is limited.	
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.	
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.	
	• EGR fully closes.	
	Ash amount reset is prohibited.	
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min.	
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.	
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.	
Remarks		

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

- 1. ECU internal atmospheric pressure sensor failure
- 2. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using •	Check the fault indication.
SA-D •	Switch the ECU power from ON to OFF to check the fault indication again.
* (See Chapter 2 P412 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



P2228: Atmospheric pressure sensor error (voltage low)

P code P2228	Name Atmospheric pressure sensor error (voltage low)
SPN/FMI 108/4	Name Atmospheric pressure sensor error (voltage low)

DTC detection criteria

	1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No j	udgment is made during the engine start recognition.	Atmospheric pressure sensor
2. The	sensor voltage is 0.2 V or below.	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:		
	Atmospheric pressure is set to 900 hPa as the default value. The engine operation is limited.		
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.		
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.		
	EGR fully closes.		
	Ash amount reset is prohibited.		
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min.		
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.		
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.		
Remarks			

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

- 1. ECU internal atmospheric pressure sensor failure
- 2. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using •	Check the fault indication.
SA-D •	Switch the ECU power from ON to OFF to check the fault indication again.
*	See Chapter 2 <i>P412</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

P1231: Atmospheric pressure sensor error (characteristic error)

P code P1231	
	4:-4:
Name Atmospheric pressure sensor error (chara	acteristic errori
SPN/FMI 108/10 ' ' ' '	,
SPAGEME 1118/111	

DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1.	Atmospheric pressure sensor
2. The intake manifold pressure final offset quantity 5 kPa or more and the	ECU
exhaust manifold pressure final offset quantity 5 kPa or more continue for 600	
ms.	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:		
	The engine operation is limited.		
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.		
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.		
	• EGR fully closes.		
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min.		
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.		
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.		
Remarks			

- 1. ECU internal atmospheric pressure sensor failure
- 2. ECU internal circuit failure
- 3. * Simultaneous characteristic malfunction of EGR high pressure side pressure sensor and low pressure side sensor
- 4. Blockage or icing caused by foreign matters in the sensor parts
- * This error can be detected by the simultaneous characteristic malfunction of EGR high pressure side pressure sensor and low pressure side sensor. However, the possibility of the occurrence of the characteristic malfunction at the same time is low. So, if the error is not released after replacing the ECU, perform failure diagnosis on EGR high pressure side pressure sensor and EGR low pressure side pressure sensor, respectively.



1. Initial diagnosis using	•	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	•	Switch the ECU power from ON to OFF to check the fault indication again.
	* ;	See Chapter 2 <i>P412</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



- 2. Diagnosis for EGR high pressure side pressure sensor and low pressure side pressure sensor
- Check the sensor resistance value.
- · Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
- Check the sensor output voltage.
- * See Chapter 2 P412 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

■ EGR gas temperature sensor

P041D: EGR gas temperature sensor error (voltage high)

P code P041D	Name EGR gas temperature sensor error (voltage high)
SPN/FMI 412/3	Waitie Edit gas temperature sensor error (voltage mgm)

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
No judgment is made during the engine start recognition.	Connector
2. The sensor voltage is above 4.8 V.	Wire-harness
	EGR gas temperature sensor
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:		
	Set the EGR gas temperature to 30 °C as default value. The engine operation is limited.		
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.		
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.		
	• EGR fully closes.		
	Ash amount reset is prohibited.		
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min.		
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.		
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.		
Remarks			

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
- 3. EGR gas temperature sensor failure
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure



1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Check the sensor voltage.
*	See Chapter 2 <i>P345</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	• Check the pin of the EGR gas temperature sensor for deformation and cracks, the condition of
	the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	Make sure that the EGR gas temperature sensor wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not
	peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the resistance value of the EGR gas temperature sensor.
	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the output voltage of the EGR gas temperature sensor.
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P345</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

P041C: EGR gas temperature sensor error (voltage low)

P code P041C	Name EGR gas temperature	sensor error (voltage low)
SPN/FMI 412/4	Name LOIX gas temperature	selisor error (voltage low)

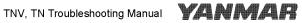
DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
No judgment is made during the engine start recognition.	Connector
2. The sensor voltage is 0.2 V or below.	Wire-harness
	EGR gas temperature sensor
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:
	Set the EGR gas temperature to 30 °C as default value. The engine operation is limited.
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.
	EGR fully closes.
	Ash amount reset is prohibited.
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min.
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
- 3. EGR gas temperature sensor failure
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure



1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Check the sensor voltage.
,	* See Chapter 2 <i>P345</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	$\bullet \ \text{Check the pin of the EGR gas temperature sensor for deformation and cracks, the condition of} \\$
	the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	Make sure that the EGR gas temperature sensor wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not
	peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the resistance value of the EGR gas temperature sensor.
	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the output voltage of the EGR gas temperature sensor.
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P345</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

■ Intake manifold temperature sensor

P040D: Intake manifold temperature sensor error (voltage high)

P code P040D	Name Intake manifold temperature sensor error (voltage high)
SPN/FMI 105/3	intake mainioid temperature sensor error (voltage mgm)

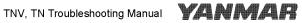
DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
No judgment is made during the engine start recognition.	Connector
2. The sensor voltage is above 4.8 V.	Wire-harness
	Intake manifold temperature sensor
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:
	Intake air temperature is set to 100 °C (200 °C in the case with turbo) as the default value. The engine
	operation is limited.
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].
	• EGR fully closes.
	Intake throttle fully opens.
	DPF regeneration stops.
	The accumulated PM amount calculation by DPF differential pressure stops.
	Ash amount reset is prohibited.
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 15 min.
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.
	 The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min⁻¹].
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
- 3. Intake manifold temperature sensor failure
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure



1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Check the sensor voltage.
	* See Chapter 2 P349 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	•	Check the pin of the intake manifold temperature sensor for deformation and cracks, the condi-
		tion of the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	•	Make sure that the intake manifold temperature sensor wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is
		not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the resistance value of the intake manifold temperature sensor.
	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the output voltage of the intake manifold temperature sensor.
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P349</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

P040C: Intake manifold temperature sensor error (voltage low)

D0400	
P code P040C	
	Name Intake manifold temperature sensor error (voltage low)
SPN/FMI 105/4	

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
No judgment is made during the engine start recognition.	Connector
2. The sensor voltage is 0.2 V or below.	Wire-harness
	Intake manifold temperature sensor
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:
	Intake air temperature is set to 100 °C (200 °C in the case with turbo) as the default value. The engine
	operation is limited.
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.
	 The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min⁻¹].
	• EGR fully closes.
	Intake throttle fully opens.
	DPF regeneration stops.
	 The accumulated PM amount calculation by DPF differential pressure stops.
	Ash amount reset is prohibited.
	 Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 15 min.
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
- 3. Intake manifold temperature sensor failure
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Check the sensor voltage.
	* See Chapter 2 P349 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	•	Check the pin of the intake manifold temperature sensor for deformation and cracks, the condi-
		tion of the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	•	Make sure that the intake manifold temperature sensor wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is
		not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the resistance value of the intake manifold temperature sensor.
	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the output voltage of the intake manifold temperature sensor.
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P349</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

■ Exhaust manifold temperature sensor

P0546: Exhaust manifold temperature sensor error (voltage high)

P code P0546	Name Exhaust manifold temperature sensor error (voltage high)
SPN/FMI 173/3	Extraust manifold temperature sensor error (voltage mgm)

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
No judgment is made during the engine start recognition.	Connector
2. The sensor voltage is above 4.8 V.	Wire-harness
	Exhaust manifold temperature sensor
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:
	The exhaust temperature is set to 550 °C as the default value. The engine operation is limited.
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.
	• EGR fully closes.
	Ash amount reset is prohibited.
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min.
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
- 3. Exhaust manifold temperature sensor failure
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure

Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Check the sensor voltage.
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P</i> 353 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	•	Check the pin of the exhaust manifold temperature sensor for deformation and cracks, the con-
		dition of the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	•	Make sure that the exhaust manifold temperature sensor wiring is not cut or the wiring coating
		is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the resistance value of the exhaust manifold temperature sensor.
	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the output voltage of the exhaust manifold temperature sensor.
k	See Chapter 2 <i>P</i> 353 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

P0545: Exhaust manifold temperature sensor error (voltage low)

DOSAGO DOSAS	
P code P0545	
transcription and transcriptio	Mama Exhaust manifold tomporature concer error (voltage low)
***************************************	Name Exhaust manifold temperature sensor error (voltage low)
SPN/FMI 173/4	
DEWENT 1/3/4	

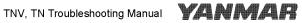
DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
No judgment is made during the engine start recognition.	Connector
2. The sensor voltage is 0.2 V or below.	Wire-harness
	Exhaust manifold temperature sensor
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:	
	The exhaust temperature is set to 550 °C as the default value. The engine operation is limited.	
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.	
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.	
	• EGR fully closes.	
	Ash amount reset is prohibited.	
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min.	
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.	
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.	
Remarks		

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
- 3. Exhaust manifold temperature sensor failure
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure



1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Check the sensor voltage.
*	See Chapter 2 P353 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	•	Check the pin of the exhaust manifold temperature sensor for deformation and cracks, the con-
		dition of the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	•	Make sure that the exhaust manifold temperature sensor wiring is not cut or the wiring coating
		is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the resistance value of the exhaust manifold temperature sensor.
	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the output voltage of the exhaust manifold temperature sensor.
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P</i> 353 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

Contact output related

■ Main relay

P068B: Main relay contact sticking

P code P068B	Name Main relay contact sticking
SPN/FMI 1485/7	Name Main relay contact sticking

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. A judgment is made when the ECU is shut off.	Connector
2. The main relay does not open after the elapse of 150 ms at the time of shutting	Wire-harness
off the ECU.	Main relay
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Continuous operation]:
	Engine control is not obstructed.
Limited operation	No
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - · GND short circuit of main relay coil side downstream wire
- 3. Main relay contact failure
 - · Main relay contact sticking
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Make sure that you can log in to the SMARTASSIST-DIRECT (SA-D) after turning off the power
	switch and the elapse of a given period of time. * See Chapter 2 <i>P357</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	•	Check the pin of the main relay connector for deformation and cracks, the condition of the con-
		nection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	•	Make sure that the main relay wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis • Check the conduction of the main relay contact	t.
Check the main relay resistance value.	
Check the conduction of the wire-harness.	
* See Chapter 2 P357 for details on the diagnos	s method and procedure.

P068A: Main relay early opening

P code P068A	Name Main relay early opening
SPN/FMI 1485/2	Main relay early opening

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. Judgment is made when the ECU is initialized.	Connector
2. ECU power shutdown without performing the after run (EEPROM write pro-	Wire-harness
cess after turning off the key switch).	Main relay
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Continuous operation]:
	Engine control is not obstructed.
Limited operation	No
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - GND short circuit of main relay coil side downstream wire
- 3. Main relay contact failure
 - · Main relay contact sticking
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure

1 1 milial diamponia maina	
1. Initial diagnosis using	
SA-D	



2. Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	•	Check the pin of the main relay connector for deformation and cracks, the condition of the con-
		nection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	•	Make sure that the main relay wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not peeled.



Failure diagnosis Check the conduction of the main relay contact.	
Check the main relay resistance value.	
Check the conduction of the wire-harness.	
* See Chapter 2 P357 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.	

■ Starting aid relay

P0543: Starting aid relay disconnection

P code P0543	Name Starting aid relay disconnection
SPN/FMI 522243/5	Starting and relay disconnection

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. Current is OFF in the starting aid relay.	Connector
2. IC open circuit inside the ECU is detected.	Wire-harness
	Starting aid relay
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Continuous operation]:
	Engine control is not obstructed.
Limited operation	No
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - · Disconnection of starting aid relay power
 - · Power short circuit of starting aid relay power
- 3. Starting aid relay failure
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P</i> 361 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	•	Check the pin of the starting aid relay for deformation and cracks, the condition of the connec-
		tion, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	•	Make sure that the starting aid Relay wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the starting aid relay resistance value.	
	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.	
	* See Chapter 2 P361 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.	

P0541: Starting aid relay GND short circuit

P code P0541	Name Starting aid relay GND short aircuit
SPN/FMI 522243/6	Name Starting aid relay GND short circuit

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
Current is OFF in the starting aid relay.	Connector
2. IC open circuit inside the ECU is detected.	Wire-harness
	Starting aid relay
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Continuous operation]:
	Engine control is not obstructed.
Limited operation	No
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - · GND short circuit of starting aid relay power
- 3. Starting aid relay failure
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure

1 Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P361</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	•	Check the pin of the starting aid relay for deformation and cracks, the condition of the connec-
		tion, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	•	Make sure that the starting aid relay wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the starting aid relay resistance value.
•	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
*	See Chapter 2 P361 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

CRS (common rail system) related

■ Injector (No. 1 cylinder)

P0201: Injector (No. 1 cylinder) disconnection (injector-specific)

P code P0201	Name	Injector (No. 1 cylinder) disconnection (injector-specific)
SPN/FMI 654/5	Ivairie	injector (No. 1 cylinder) disconnection (injector-specific)

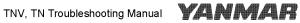
DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
Pulse of camshaft/crankshaft speed sensor is detected.	Connector
2. In the drive circuit, the detection is made as an open circuit of the high side or	Wire-harness
low side.	ECU
	Injector

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:		
	The engine operation is limited.		
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.		
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.		
	• EGR fully closes.		
	The fuel injection of failed cylinder terminates.		
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min.		
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.		
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.		
Remarks			

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - · Injector drive system open circuit
- 3. ECU internal circuit failure
- 4. Disconnection of the injector internal circuit



1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	
-	* See Chapter 2 <i>P</i> 385 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
		•
•	•	Check the pin of the injector for deformation and cracks, the condition of the connection, and
		whether the retainer is loose or removed.
		whether the retainer is loose of removed.
-	•	Make sure that the injector wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the injector resistance value.
=	* See Chapter 2 <i>P385</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

P0262: Injector (No. 1 cylinder) coil short circuit

P code P0262	Name Injector (No. 1 cylinder) coil short circuit
SPN/FMI 654/6	Marie Injector (No. 1 dynnaci) con snort onean

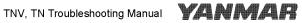
DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
Pulse of camshaft/crankshaft speed sensor is detected.	Connector
2. Short circuit on high side and low side of the injector coil is detected.	Wire-harness
	ECU
	Injector

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:	
	The engine operation is limited.	
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.	
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.	
	• EGR fully closes.	
	The fuel injection of failed cylinder terminates.	
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min.	
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.	
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.	
Remarks		

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - · Injector drive system short circuit
- 3. ECU internal circuit failure
- 4. Short circuit of the injector internal circuit



1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	
-	* See Chapter 2 <i>P</i> 385 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	•	Check the pin of the injector for deformation and cracks, the condition of the connection, and
		whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	•	Make sure that the injector wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the injector resistance value.
*	See Chapter 2 P385 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

P1262: Injector (No. 1 cylinder) short circuit

P code P1262	Name Injector (No. 1 cylinder) short circuit
SPN/FMI 654/3	Marie Injector (No. 1 Cylinder) short circuit

DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
Pulse of camshaft/crankshaft speed sensor is detected.	Connector
2. + B short circuit in the low side is detected in the drive circuit.	Wire-harness
	ECU
	Injector

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:
	The engine operation is limited.
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.
	• EGR fully closes.
	The fuel injection of failed cylinder terminates.
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min.
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - · Injector drive system short circuit
- 3. ECU internal circuit failure
- 4. Short circuit of the injector internal circuit

2 (3) (1)	
Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
I SA-D	
	. Can Charter 2 D200 for dataile on the diagnosis mathed and myses dure
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P390</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.
	' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '



2. Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
		•
•	•	Check the pin of the injector for deformation and cracks, the condition of the connection, and
		whether the retainer is loose or removed.
		whether the retainer is loose of removed.
-	•	Make sure that the injector wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.	
	Check the injector resistance value.	
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P390</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.	

■ Injector (No. 2 cylinder)

P0202: Injector (No. 2 cylinder) disconnection (injector-specific)

P code P0202	Name Injector (No. 2 cylinder) disconnection (injector-specific)
SPN/FMI 653/5	Marine Injection (No. 2 dynnider) disconnection (injection-specific)

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
Pulse of camshaft/crankshaft speed sensor is detected.	Connector
2. In the TWV drive circuit, the detection is made as an open circuit of the high	Wire-harness
side or low side.	ECU
	Injector

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:		
	The engine operation is limited.		
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.		
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.		
	• EGR fully closes.		
	The fuel injection of failed cylinder terminates.		
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min.		
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.		
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.		
Remarks			

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - · Injector drive system open circuit
- 3. ECU internal circuit failure
- 4. Disconnection of the injector internal circuit

1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	
-	* See Chapter 2 <i>P</i> 385 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	•	Check the pin of the injector for deformation and cracks, the condition of the connection, and
		whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	•	Make sure that the injector wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the injector resistance value.
*	See Chapter 2 P385 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

P0265: Injector (No. 2 cylinder) coil short circuit

P code P0	265	ame Injector (No. 2 cylinder) coil short circuit	
SPN/FMI 65		and injector (No. 2 cylinder) con short circuit	

DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
Pulse of camshaft/crankshaft speed sensor is detected.	Connector
2. Short circuit on high side and low side of the injector coil is detected.	Wire-harness
	ECU
	Injector

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:		
	The engine operation is limited.		
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.		
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.		
	• EGR fully closes.		
	The fuel injection of failed cylinder terminates.		
	 Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min. 		
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.		
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.		
Remarks			

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - · Injector drive system short circuit
- 3. ECU internal circuit failure
- 4. Short circuit of the injector internal circuit

1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P</i> 385 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	fore beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power	er.
	eck the pin of the injector for deformation and cracks, the	condition of the connection, and
	ether the retainer is loose or removed.	
	ake sure that the injector wiring is not cut or the wiring coat	ing is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the injector resistance value.
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P</i> 385 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

P1265: Injector (No. 2 cylinder) short circuit

P code P1265	New Juis atom (No. 2 and index) about aircrit
SPN/FMI 653/3	Name Injector (No. 2 cylinder) short circuit

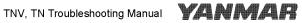
DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
Pulse of camshaft/crankshaft speed sensor is detected.	Connector
2. + B short circuit in the low side is detected in the drive circuit.	Wire-harness
	ECU
	Injector

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:
	The engine operation is limited.
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.
	• EGR fully closes.
	The fuel injection of failed cylinder terminates.
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min.
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - · Injector drive system short circuit
- 3. ECU internal circuit failure
- 4. Short circuit of the injector internal circuit



1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	
:	* See Chapter 2 <i>P</i> 39 <i>0</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
		•
•	•	Check the pin of the injector for deformation and cracks, the condition of the connection, and
		whether the retainer is loose or removed.
		whether the retainer is loose of removed.
-	•	Make sure that the injector wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the injector resistance value.
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P390</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

■ Injector (No. 3 cylinder)

P0203: Injector (No. 3 cylinder) disconnection (injector-specific)

P code P0203	Name Injector (No. 3 cylinder) disconnection (injector-specific)
SPN/FMI 652/5	mjector (No. 3 cylinder) disconnection (injector-specific)

DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
Pulse of camshaft/crankshaft speed sensor is detected.	Connector
2. In the drive circuit, the detection is made as an open circuit of the high side or	Wire-harness
low side.	ECU
	Injector

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:
	The engine operation is limited.
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.
	• EGR fully closes.
	The fuel injection of failed cylinder terminates.
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min.
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - · Injector drive system open circuit
- 3. ECU internal circuit failure
- 4. Disconnection of the injector internal circuit

2 (3) ()	
1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
	l l
L SA-D	l l
U/_U	l l
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P385</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.
	and processing of the distance



2. Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	•	Check the pin of the injector for deformation and cracks, the condition of the connection, and
		whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	•	Make sure that the injector wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the injector resistance value.
*	See Chapter 2 P385 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

P0268: Injector (No. 3 cylinder) coil short circuit

P code P0268	N
SPN/FMI 652/6	Name Injector (No. 3 cylinder) coil short circuit

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
Pulse of camshaft/crankshaft speed sensor is detected.	Connector
2. Short circuit on high side and low side of the injector coil is detected.	Wire-harness
	ECU
	Injector

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:
	The engine operation is limited.
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.
	• EGR fully closes.
	The fuel injection of failed cylinder terminates.
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min.
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - · Injector drive system short circuit
- 3. ECU internal circuit failure
- 4. Short circuit of the injector internal circuit



1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	
-	* See Chapter 2 <i>P</i> 385 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	•	Check the pin of the injector for deformation and cracks, the condition of the connection, and
		whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	•	Make sure that the injector wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the injector resistance value.
*	See Chapter 2 P385 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

P1268: Injector (No. 3 cylinder) short circuit

P code P1268	Name	Injector (No. 3 cylinder) short circuit
SPN/FMI 652/3	Manie	injector (No. 5 cynnaer) short chedit

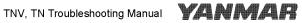
DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
Pulse of camshaft/crankshaft speed sensor is detected.	Connector
2. + B short circuit in the low side is detected in the drive circuit.	Wire-harness
	ECU
	Injector

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:
	The engine operation is limited.
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.
	• EGR fully closes.
	The fuel injection of failed cylinder terminates.
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min.
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - · Injector drive system short circuit
- 3. ECU internal circuit failure
- 4. Short circuit of the injector internal circuit



1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	
:	* See Chapter 2 <i>P</i> 39 <i>0</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	•	Check the pin of the injector for deformation and cracks, the condition of the connection, and
		whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	•	Make sure that the injector wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the injector resistance value.
	See Chapter 2 <i>P</i> 390 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

■ Injector (No. 4 cylinder)

P0204: Injector (No. 4 cylinder) disconnection (injector-specific)

P code P0204	Name Injector (No. 4 cylinder) disconnection (injector-specific)
SPN/FMI 651/5	mjector (No. 4 cylinder) disconnection (injector-specific)

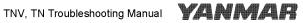
DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
Pulse of camshaft/crankshaft speed sensor is detected.	Connector
2. In the drive circuit, the detection is made as an open circuit of the high side or	Wire-harness
low side.	ECU
	Injector

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:
	The engine operation is limited.
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.
	• EGR fully closes.
	The fuel injection of failed cylinder terminates.
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min.
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - · Injector drive system open circuit
- 3. ECU internal circuit failure
- 4. Disconnection of the injector internal circuit



1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	
-	* See Chapter 2 <i>P</i> 385 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	•	Check the pin of the injector for deformation and cracks, the condition of the connection, and
		whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	•	Make sure that the injector wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the injector resistance value.
*	See Chapter 2 <i>P</i> 385 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

P0271: Injector (No. 4 cylinder) coil short circuit

P code P0271	
SPN/FMI 651/6	Name Injector (No. 4 cylinder) coil short circuit

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
Pulse of camshaft/crankshaft speed sensor is detected.	Connector
2. Short circuit on high side and low side of the injector coil is detected.	Wire-harness
	ECU
	Injector

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:
	The engine operation is limited.
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.
	• EGR fully closes.
	The fuel injection of failed cylinder terminates.
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min.
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - · Injector drive system short circuit
- 3. ECU internal circuit failure
- 4. Short circuit of the injector internal circuit



1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	
-	* See Chapter 2 <i>P</i> 385 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	•	Check the pin of the injector for deformation and cracks, the condition of the connection, and
		whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	•	Make sure that the injector wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the injector resistance value.
*	See Chapter 2 P385 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

P1271: Injector (No. 4 cylinder) short circuit

P code P12	71 Name	Injector (No. 4 cylinder) short circuit
SPN/FMI 651	/3	injector (No. 4 cynnaer) short cheart

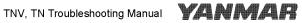
DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
Pulse of camshaft/crankshaft speed sensor is detected.	Connector
2. + B short circuit in the low side is detected in the drive circuit.	Wire-harness
	ECU
	Injector

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:
	The engine operation is limited.
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.
	• EGR fully closes.
	The fuel injection of failed cylinder terminates.
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min.
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - · Injector drive system short circuit
- 3. ECU internal circuit failure
- 4. Short circuit of the injector internal circuit



1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	* See Chapter 2 <i>P</i> 390 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	fore beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power	er.
	eck the pin of the injector for deformation and cracks, the	condition of the connection, and
	ether the retainer is loose or removed.	
	ake sure that the injector wiring is not cut or the wiring coat	ing is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the injector resistance value.
	See Chapter 2 <i>P390</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.
	dee onapter 27 600 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

■ All injectors

P0611: Injector drive IC error

P code P0611	Name Injector drive IC error
SPN/FMI 4257/12	mjector drive to error

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
Pulse of camshaft/crankshaft speed sensor is detected.	
2. ECU detects the drive IC fault.	

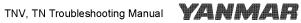
Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Engine stop]:
	The engine operation stops.
Limited operation	Yes: Fuel injection immediately stops.
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

1. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	•	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	•	Switch the ECU power from ON to OFF to check the fault indication again.
	•	If this DTC is detected again, exchange the E-ECU.



P1146: Injector drive circuit (Bank 1) short circuit

P code P1146	Name Injector drive circuit (Bank 1) short circuit
SPN/FMI 2797/6	manie injector drive chedit (Bank 1) short chedit

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
Pulse of camshaft/crankshaft speed sensor is detected.	Connector
2. In the drive circuit, the detection is made as a GND short circuit of the high side	Wire-harness
or low side, or +B short circuit of the high side.	Injector
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:
	The engine operation is limited.
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.
	• EGR fully closes.
	The failed bank injection terminates.
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min.
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - Power short circuit of the high side of the injector Bank 1
 - GND short circuit of the high side of the injector Bank 1
 - Power short circuit of the low side of the injector Bank 1
 - GND short circuit of the low side of the injector Bank 1
- 3. Injector failure by power short circuit
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P</i> 390 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	Check the pin of the injector for deformation and cracks, the condition of the connection, and
	whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	Make sure that the injector wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.	
	Check the injector resistance value.	
	See Chapter 2 <i>P390</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.	

P1149: Injector drive circuit (Bank 2) short circuit

P code P1149	Name Injector drive circuit (Bank 2) short circuit
SPN/FMI 2798/6	Marie Injector drive circuit (Bank 2) short circuit

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
Pulse of camshaft/crankshaft speed sensor is detected.	Connector
2. In the drive circuit, the detection is made as a GND short circuit of the high side	Wire-harness
or low side, or +B short circuit of the high side.	Injector
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:
	The engine operation is limited.
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.
	• EGR fully closes.
	The failed bank injection terminates.
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min.
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - Power short circuit of the high side of the injector Bank 2
 - GND short circuit of the high side of the injector Bank 2
 - Power short circuit of the low side of the injector Bank 2
 - GND short circuit of the low side of the injector Bank 2
- 3. Injector failure by power short circuit
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P</i> 390 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	Check the pin of the injector for deformation and cracks, the condition of the connection, and
	whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	Make sure that the injector wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the injector resistance value.
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P</i> 390 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

P1648: Injector (No. 1 cylinder) correction value error

P code P1648	Name Injector (No. 1 cylinder) correction value error
SPN/FMI 523462/13	injector (No. 1 cylinder) correction value error

● DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
During EEPROM initialization or value input.	ECU
2. The injector corrected value is not or mistakenly entered, and the EEPROM	
cannot be read.	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Engine stop]:
	The engine operation stops.
Limited operation	Yes: Fuel injection stops.
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

- 1. Input failure of the injector correction value
- 2. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication. Input the injector correction value again.
SA-D	Switch the ECU power from ON to OFF to check the fault indication again.
	If this DTC is detected again, exchange the ECU.

P1649: Injector (No. 2 cylinder) correction value error

P code P1649	Name Injector (No. 2 cylinder) correction value error
SPN/FMI 523463/13	Maine injector (No. 2 cynnder) correction value error

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
During EEPROM initialization or value input.	ECU
2. The injector corrected value is not or mistakenly entered, and the EEPROM	
cannot be read.	

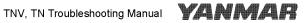
Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Engine stop]:
	The engine operation stops.
Limited operation	Yes: Fuel injection stops.
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

- 1. Input failure of the injector correction value
- 2. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	•	Check the fault indication. Input the injector correction value again.
SA-D	•	Switch the ECU power from ON to OFF to check the fault indication again.
	•	If this DTC is detected again, exchange the ECU.



P1650: Injector (No. 3 cylinder) correction value error

P code P1650	Name Injector (No. 3 cylinder) correction value error
SPN/FMI 523464/13	Injector (No. 3 cynnder) correction value error

DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. During EEPROM initialization or value input.	ECU
2. The injector corrected value is not or mistakenly entered, and the EEPROM	
cannot be read.	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Engine stop]:
	The engine operation stops.
Limited operation	Yes: Fuel injection stops.
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

- 1. Input failure of the injector correction value
- 2. ECU internal circuit failure

Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication. Input the injector correction value again.
SA-D	 Switch the ECU power from ON to OFF to check the fault indication again.
	If this DTC is detected again, exchange the ECU.

P1651: Injector (No. 4 cylinder) correction value error

P code	P1651	Name	Injector (No. 4 cylinder) correction value error
SPN/FMI	523465/13	IVALUE	injector (No. 4 cylinder) correction value error

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. During EEPROM initialization or value input.	ECU
2. The injector corrected value is not or mistakenly entered, and the EEPROM	
cannot be read.	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Engine stop]:	
	The engine operation stops.	
Limited operation	Yes: Fuel injection stops.	
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.	
Remarks		

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

- 1. Input failure of the injector correction value
- 2. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	•	Check the fault indication. Input the injector correction value again.
SA-D	•	Switch the ECU power from ON to OFF to check the fault indication again.
	•	If this DTC is detected again, exchange the ECU.



■ SCV (MPROP)

P1641: SCV (MPROP) L side VB short circuit

P code P1641	Name SCV (MPROP) L side VB short circuit
SPN/FMI 522571/3	Name 300 (IVII IXOI) E side VB short circuit

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	Connector
2. The low side VB short circuit in the high pressure pump drive circuit continues	Wire-harness
for a given period of time (300 s).	Injector
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:		
	The engine operation is limited.		
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.		
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.		
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].		
	• EGR fully closes.		
	DPF regeneration stops.		
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 15 min.		
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.		
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].		
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power off is detected, the fault mode is released.		
Remarks			

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - Power short circuit of the SCV (MPROP) low side
- 3. SCV (MPROP) failure by the power short circuit
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure

P1643: SCV (MPROP) L side GND short circuit

P code P1643	Name COV/MDDOD) Laids OND about sirevit
SPN/FMI 522571/6	Name SCV (MPROP) L side GND short circuit

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	Connector
2. GND short circuit continues for fixed number of tests (5 times) at a fixed inter-	Wire-harness
val (1.0 seconds).	SCV (MPROP)
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:		
	The engine operation is limited.		
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.		
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.		
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].		
	• EGR fully closes.		
	DPF regeneration stops.		
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 15 min.		
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.		
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].		
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power off is detected, the fault mode is released.		
Remarks			

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - GND short circuit of the low side wiring of SCV (MPROP)
- 3. SCV (MPROP) low side GND short circuit
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P</i> 392 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	•	Check the pin of the SCV (MPROP) for deformation and cracks, the condition of the connec-
		tion, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	•	Make sure that the SCV (MPROP) wiring is not shorted to the ground line or the wiring coating
		is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
•	Check the SCV (MPROP) resistance value.
* .	See Chapter 2 P392 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

P0629: SCV (MPROP) H side VB short circuit

P code P0629	Name SCV (MPROP) H side VB short circuit	
SPN/FMI 633/3	Name Sov (WEROF) IT side VD short circuit	

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	Connector
2. VB short circuit continues for a fixed time (300 ms).	Wire-harness
	SCV (MPROP)
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:
	The engine operation is limited.
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].
	• EGR fully closes.
	DPF regeneration stops.
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 15 min.
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power off is detected, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - Power short circuit of SCV (+) output
 - Power short circuit of SVC (-) output
- 3. SCV failure caused by a coil short circuit
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure

1 Initial diagnosis using	Charly the fault indication
Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
04.5	
SA-D	
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P392</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.
	- 600 Chapter 27 002 for actains on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the power switch.	
	Check the pin of the SCV for deformation and cracks, the condition of the connection, and	
	whether the retainer is loose or removed.	
	Make sure that the SCV wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not peeled.	



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the SCV resistance value.
	See Chapter 2 <i>P</i> 392 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

P1642: SCV (MPROP) H side GND short circuit

P code P1642	
SPN/FMI 633/6	Name SCV (MPROP) H side GND short circuit
OCCIO	

DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	Connector
2. GND short circuit continues for fixed number of tests (5 times) at a fixed inter-	Wire-harness
val (1.0 seconds).	SCV (MPROP)
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:
	The engine operation is limited.
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].
	• EGR fully closes.
	DPF regeneration stops.
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 15 min.
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power off is detected, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - Power short circuit of the SCV (MPROP) high side
- 3. SCV (MPROP) failure by the power short circuit
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure

P0627: SCV (MPROP) disconnection

P code P0627	Name SCV (MPROP) disconnection
SPN/FMI 633/5	- Wante 300 (WIFTNOF) disconnection

DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	Connector
2. The high pressure pump drive circuit detects the open circuit.	Wire-harness
	SCV (MPROP)
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:	
	The engine operation is limited.	
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.	
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.	
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].	
	• EGR fully closes.	
	DPF regeneration stops.	
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 15 min.	
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.	
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].	
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power off is detected, the fault mode is released.	
Remarks		

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - SCV (MPROP) open circuit
- 3. SCV (MPROP) failure by the open circuit
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure

P062A: SCV (MPROP) drive current (high level)

P code P062A	Name SCV (MPROP) drive current (high level)
SPN/FMI 522572/6	Walle Julive current (mgh level)

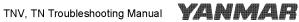
DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	Connector
2. The drive current is greater than threshold value.	Wire-harness
	SCV (MPROP)
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:	
	The engine operation is limited.	
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.	
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.	
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].	
	• EGR fully closes.	
	DPF regeneration stops.	
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 15 min.	
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.	
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].	
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power off is detected, the fault mode is released.	
Remarks		

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
- 3. SCV (MPROP) failure
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure



1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P</i> 392 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2 Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	•	Check the pin of the SCV (MPROP) for deformation and cracks, the condition of the connec-
		tion, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	•	Make sure that the SCV (MPROP) wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the SCV (MPROP) resistance value.
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P392</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

P1645: SCV (MPROP) pump overload error

P code P1645	Name SCV (MPROP) pump overload error
SPN/FMI 522572/11	Walle 300 (Will Not) pullip overload error

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	Connector
Abnormal heating in drive circuit is detected.	Wire-harness
	SCV (MPROP)
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:	
	The engine operation is limited.	
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.	
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.	
	 The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min⁻¹]. 	
	• EGR fully closes.	
	DPF regeneration stops.	
	 Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 15 min. 	
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.	
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].	
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power off is detected, the fault mode is released.	
Remarks		

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
- 3. SCV (MPROP) failure
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P</i> 392 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	•	Check the pin of the SCV (MPROP) for deformation and cracks, the condition of the connec-
		tion, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	•	Make sure that the SCV (MPROP) wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the SCV (MPROP) resistance value.
*	See Chapter 2 <i>P</i> 392 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

■ Rail pressure error

P0088: Rail pressure too high

P code P0088	Name Rail pressure too high
SPN/FMI 157/0	Name Itali pressure too mgii

DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
Rail pressure sensor is normal.	Fuel system
2. When the specified time (5 s) is continued with the rail pressure 170 MPa or	Supply pump
more.	Rail pressure sensor

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:		
	The engine operation is limited.		
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.		
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.		
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].		
	• EGR fully closes.		
	DPF regeneration stops.		
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 15 min.		
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.		
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].		
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power off is detected, the fault mode is released.		
Remarks			

- 1. Rail pressure sensor system failure
- 2. SCV drive circuit system failure
- 3. SCV open sticking
- 4. SCV intermittent failure
- 5. Fuel system failure
 - Air intrusion
 - · Insufficient gas

1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
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6.5	
l SA-D	



2. Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	•	Check the pin of the SCV (MPROP) and the rail pressure sensor for deformation and cracks,
		the condition of the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	•	Make sure that the SCV (MPROP) and the rail pressure sensor wiring is not cut or shorted to
		the power/ground line, or the wiring coating is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	•	Check the fuel system, common rail system, and supply pump.
	•	If needed, exchange the parts of the fuel system or common rail system, supply pump.
	*	For details on the check method and procedure, refer to TNV Tier4 CR engine service manual.

P0094: Rail pressure deviation error (low rail pressure)

P code P0094		5
SPN/FMI 157/18	Name	Rail pressure deviation error (low rail pressure)

DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
Rail pressure sensor is normal.	Fuel system
2. The actual rail pressure is smaller than the target rail pressure and the differ-	Supply pump
ence of 20 MPa or more is continued for a given period of time (10 seconds).	Rail pressure sensor

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:			
	The engine operation is limited.			
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.			
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.			
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].			
	• EGR fully closes.			
	DPF regeneration stops.			
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 15 min.			
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.			
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].			
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power off is detected, the fault mode is released.			
Remarks				

- 1. Rail pressure sensor system failure
- 2. SCV drive circuit system failure
- 3. SCV open sticking
- 4. SCV closed sticking
- 5. SCV intermittent failure
- 6. Fuel system failure
 - Air intrusion
 - · Insufficient gas

Initial diagnosis using SA-D	Check the fault indication.



2. Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	•	Check the pin of the SCV (MPROP) and the rail pressure sensor for deformation and cracks,
		the condition of the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	•	Make sure that the SCV (MPROP) and the rail pressure sensor wiring is not cut or shorted to
		the power/ground line, or the wiring coating is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	•	Check the fuel system, common rail system, and supply pump.
	•	If needed, exchange the parts of the fuel system or common rail system, supply pump.
	*	For details on the check method and procedure, refer to TNV Tier4 CR engine service manual.

P0093: Rail pressure deviation error (high rail pressure)

D0000		
P code P0093		
***************************************	Name Rail pressure deviation error (high rail pressure)	
	Name Rail pressure deviation error (high rail pressure)	
CDNUCKI 457/45	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
SPN/FMI 157/15		

DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
Rail pressure sensor is normal.	Fuel system
2. The actual rail pressure is larger than the target rail pressure and the differ-	Supply pump
ence of 20 MPa or more is continued for a given period of time (5 s).	Rail pressure sensor

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:			
	The engine operation is limited.			
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.			
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.			
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].			
	• EGR fully closes.			
	DPF regeneration stops.			
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 15 min.			
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.			
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].			
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power off is detected, the fault mode is released.			
Remarks				

- 1. Rail pressure sensor system failure
- 2. SCV drive circuit system failure
- 3. SCV open sticking
- 4. SCV intermittent failure
- 5. Fuel system failure
 - Air intrusion
 - · Insufficient gas

1. Initial diagnosis using • Check the fault indication. SA-D
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2. Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	•	Check the pin of the SCV (MPROP) and the rail pressure sensor for deformation and cracks,
		the condition of the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	•	Make sure that the SCV (MPROP) and the rail pressure sensor wiring is not cut or shorted to
		the power/ground line, or the wiring coating is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	•	Check the fuel system, common rail system, and supply pump.
	•	If needed, exchange the parts of the fuel system or common rail system, supply pump.
	*	For details on the check method and procedure, refer to TNV Tier4 CR engine service manual.

■ PLV (Common rail pressure limit valve)

P000F: PLV open valve

P code P000F	Name PLV open valve
SPN/FMI 157/16	Name FLV Open valve

DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	Fuel system
2. Common rail pressure limit valve opens.	Supply pump

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:
	The engine operation is limited.
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].
	• EGR fully closes.
	DPF regeneration stops.
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 15 min.
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power off is detected, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Rail pressure sensor system failure
- 2. SCV drive circuit system failure
- 3. SCV open sticking
- 4. SCV intermittent failure
- 5. Fuel system failure
 - Air intrusion
 - · Insufficient gas

1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
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l SA-D	



2. Connector/wiring check	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	• Check the pin of the SCV (MPROP) and the rail pressure sensor for deformation and cracks,
	the condition of the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	Make sure that the SCV (MPROP) and the rail pressure sensor wiring is not cut or shorted to
	the power/ground line, or the wiring coating is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	•	Check the fuel system, common rail system, and supply pump.
	•	If needed, exchange the parts of the fuel system or common rail system, supply pump.
	*	For details on the check method and procedure, refer to TNV Tier4 CR engine service manual.

P1666: Rail pressure fault (The times of PLV valve opening error)

P code	P1666	Name	Pail proceure foult /The times of PLV valve eneming error
SPN/FMI	523469/0	Ivallie	Rail pressure fault (The times of PLV valve opening error)

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
Rail pressure sensor is normal.	Fuel system
2. The opening times of the pressure control valve of common rail exceeds 50.	Supply pump
	Rail pressure sensor
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:		
	The engine operation is limited.		
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.		
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.		
	 The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min⁻¹]. 		
	• EGR fully closes.		
	DPF regeneration stops.		
	 Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 15 min. 		
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.		
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].		
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power off is detected, the fault mode is released.		
Remarks			

- 1. Rail pressure sensor system failure
- 2. SCV drive circuit system failure
- 3. SCV open sticking
- 4. SCV intermittent failure
- 5. Fuel system failure
 - Air intrusion
 - · Insufficient gas

Initial diagnosis using SA-D	Check the fault indication.



2. Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	•	Check the pin of the SCV (MPROP) and the rail pressure sensor for deformation and cracks,
		the condition of the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	•	Make sure that the SCV (MPROP) and the rail pressure sensor wiring is not cut or shorted to
		the power/ground line, or the wiring coating is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	•	Check the fuel system, common rail system, and supply pump. Exchange the PLV.
	•	If needed, exchange the parts of the fuel system or common rail system, supply pump.
	*	For details on the check method and procedure, refer to TNV Tier4 CR engine service manual.

P1667: Rail pressure fault (The time of PLV valve opening error)

P code P1667	Name Rail pressure fault (The time of PLV valve opening error)
SPN/FMI 523470/0	Rail pressure fault (The time of PLV valve opening error)

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. Rail pressure sensor is normal.	Fuel system
2. The cumulative opening time of the pressure control valve of common rail	Supply pump
exceeds 5 hours.	Rail pressure sensor
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:		
	The engine operation is limited.		
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.		
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.		
	 The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min⁻¹]. 		
	• EGR fully closes.		
	DPF regeneration stops.		
	 Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 15 min. 		
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.		
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].		
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power off is detected, the fault mode is released.		
Remarks			

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

- 1. Rail pressure sensor system failure
- 2. SCV drive circuit system failure
- 3. SCV open sticking
- 4. SCV intermittent failure
- 5. Fuel system failure
 - Air intrusion
 - · Insufficient gas

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1. Initial diagnosis using • Check the fault indication. SA-D
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2. Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	•	Check the pin of the SCV (MPROP) and the rail pressure sensor for deformation and cracks,
		the condition of the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	•	Make sure that the SCV (MPROP) and the rail pressure sensor wiring is not cut or shorted to
		the power/ground line, or the wiring coating is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	•	Check the fuel system, common rail system, and supply pump. Exchange the PLV.
	•	If needed, exchange the parts of the fuel system or common rail system, supply pump.
	*	For details on the check method and procedure, refer to TNV Tier4 CR engine service manual.

P1668: Rail pressure fault (The actual rail pressure is too high during PRV limp home)

P code P1668	Name	Rail pressure fault
SPN/FMI 523489/0	Ivaille	(The actual rail pressure is too high during PRV limp home)

DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. Rail pressure sensor is normal.	Fuel system
2. The pressure control valve of common rail fails to open when abnormally high	Supply pump
pressure of common rail occurred (rail pressure of 160 MPa or higher contin-	Rail pressure sensor
ues for 10 seconds or longer).	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Engine stop]:
	The engine operation stops.
Limited operation	Yes: Fuel injection stops.
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power off is detected, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Rail pressure sensor system failure
- 2. SCV drive circuit system failure
- 3. SCV open sticking
- 4. SCV intermittent failure
- 5. Fuel system failure
 - Air intrusion
 - · Insufficient gas

1. Initial diagnosis using • Check the fault indication. SA-D
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2. Connector/wiring check	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	• Check the pin of the SCV (MPROP) and the rail pressure sensor for deformation and cracks,
	the condition of the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	Make sure that the SCV (MPROP) and the rail pressure sensor wiring is not cut or shorted to
	the power/ground line, or the wiring coating is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	•	Check the fuel system, common rail system, and supply pump.
	•	If needed, exchange the parts of the fuel system or common rail system, supply pump.
	*	For details on the check method and procedure, refer to TNV Tier4 CR engine service manual.

P1665: Rail pressure fault (Controlled rail pressure error after PLV valve opening)

P code P1665	Name	Rail pressure fault (Controlled rail pressure error after PLV valve
SPN/FMI 523468/9	Name	opening)

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. Rail pressure sensor is normal.	Fuel system
2. Rail pressure deviates from the range from 50 to 120 MPa after common rail	Supply pump
pressure control valve is opened.	Rail pressure sensor

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Engine stop]:
	The engine operation stops.
Limited operation	Yes: Fuel injection stops.
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power off is detected, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Rail pressure sensor system failure
- 2. SCV drive circuit system failure
- 3. SCV open sticking
- 4. SCV intermittent failure
- 5. Fuel system failure
 - Air intrusion
 - · Insufficient gas

1. Initial diagnosis using • Check the fault indication. SA-D
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2. Connector/wiring check	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	• Check the pin of the SCV (MPROP) and the rail pressure sensor for deformation and cracks,
	the condition of the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	Make sure that the SCV (MPROP) and the rail pressure sensor wiring is not cut or shorted to
	the power/ground line, or the wiring coating is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	•	Check the fuel system, common rail system, and supply pump.
	•	If needed, exchange the parts of the fuel system or common rail system, supply pump.
	*	For details on the check method and procedure, refer to TNV Tier4 CR engine service manual.

■ Rail pressure control

P1669: Rail pressure fault (Injector B/F temperature error during PLV4 limp home)

P code P1669	Name	Rail pressure fault (Injector B/F temperature error during PLV4
SPN/FMI 523491/0		limp home)

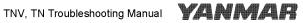
DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. Rail pressure sensor is normal.	Fuel system
2. The fuel temperature exceeds 80 °C after common rail pressure control valve	Supply pump
is opened.	Rail pressure sensor

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:		
	The engine operation is limited.		
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.		
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.		
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].		
	• EGR fully closes.		
	DPF regeneration stops.		
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 15 min.		
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.		
	 The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min⁻¹]. 		
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power off is detected, the fault mode is released.		
Remarks			

- 1. Rail pressure sensor system failure
- 2. SCV drive circuit system failure
- 3. SCV open sticking
- 4. SCV intermittent failure
- 5. Fuel system failure
 - Air intrusion
 - · Insufficient gas



1. Initial diagnosis using SA-D	Check the fault indication.	
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2. Connector/wiring check	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	Check the pin of the SCV (MPROP) and the rail pressure sensor for deformation and cracks,
	the condition of the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	Make sure that the SCV (MPROP) and the rail pressure sensor wiring is not cut or shorted to
	the power/ground line, or the wiring coating is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	 Check the fuel system, common rail system, and supply pump.
	• If needed, exchange the parts of the fuel system or common rail system, supply pump.
*	For details on the check method and procedure, refer to TNV Tier4 CR engine service manual.

P1670: Rail pressure fault (Operation time error during RPS limp home)

P code P1670	Name Rail pressure fault (Operation time error during RPS limp home)
SPN/FMI 523460/7	Maine Trail pressure fault (Operation time error during KF3 intip nome)

DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
Rail pressure sensor is normal.	Connector
2. Either of the following is true.	Wire-harness
The rail pressure sensor and the high-pressure pump drive circuit (MPROP)	SCV (MPROP)
are abnormal.	Fuel temperature sensor
The rail pressure sensor and the fuel temperature sensor are abnormal.	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Engine stop]:
	The engine operation stops.
Limited operation	Yes: Fuel injection stops.
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power off is detected, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

- 1. Rail pressure sensor failure or that wiring failure
- 2. SCV failure or that wiring failure
- 3. Fuel temperature sensor failure or that wiring failure

- Refer to "Rail pressure sensor error (voltage low) or (voltage high)"
- Refer to "SCV(MPROP) fault"
- Refer to "Fuel temperature sensor error (voltage low) or (voltage high)"



Actuator

■ Intake throttle drive circuit

P0660: No-load of throttle valve drive H bridge circuit

P code P0660	Name No-load of throttle valve drive H bridge circuit
SPN/FMI 2950/5	Name No-load of thiothe valve drive it bridge circuit

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	Connector
2. No-load (open circuit) of drive circuit is detected.	Wire-harness
	Intake throttle
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:
	The engine operation is limited.
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.
	EGR fully closes.
	Intake throttle fully opens.
	DPF regeneration stops.
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min.
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - · High side disconnection of the intake throttle drive circuit
 - · Low side disconnection of the intake throttle drive circuit
- 3. Intake throttle failure due to disconnection
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure

P1658: Power short circuit of throttle valve drive H bridge output 1

P code P1658	
1 1000	Name Power short circuit of throttle valve drive H bridge output 1
	Name Power short circuit of throttle valve drive H bridge output 1
SPN/FMI 2950/3	

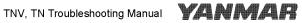
DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	Connector
2. Output terminal 1 of drive circuit is VB short circuit.	Wire-harness
	Intake throttle
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:
	The engine operation is limited.
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.
	• EGR fully closes.
	Intake throttle fully opens.
	DPF regeneration stops.
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min.
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - · High side power short circuit of the intake throttle drive circuit
- 3. Intake throttle failure due to power short circuit
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure



P1659: GND short circuit of throttle valve drive H bridge output 1

P code P1659	Name GND short circuit of throttle valve drive H bridge output 1
SPN/FMI 2950/4	Name OND short circuit of unotific valve drive it bridge output i

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	Connector
2. Output terminal 1 of drive circuit is GND short circuit.	Wire-harness
	Intake throttle
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:		
	The engine operation is limited.		
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.		
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.		
	EGR fully closes.		
	Intake throttle fully opens.		
	DPF regeneration stops.		
	 Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min. 		
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.		
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.		
Remarks			

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - High side GND short circuit of the intake throttle drive circuit
- 3. Intake throttle failure due to GND short circuit
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure

P1660: Overload on the drive H bridge circuit of throttle valve

P code P1660		
SPN/FMI 2950/6	Name	Overload on the drive H bridge circuit of throttle valve

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	Connector
2. The component temperature of the drive circuit exceeds the threshold value.	Wire-harness
	Intake throttle
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:		
	The engine operation is limited.		
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.		
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.		
	• EGR fully closes.		
	Intake throttle fully opens.		
	DPF regeneration stops.		
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min.		
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.		
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power off is detected, the fault mode is released.		
Remarks			

- 1. Insulation failure of the connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - · High side short circuit of the intake throttle drive circuit
 - · Low side short circuit of the intake throttle drive circuit
- 3. Intake throttle failure due to short circuit
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure

P1661: VB Power short circuit of throttle valve drive H bridge output 2

P code P1661	- Name	VB Power short circuit of throttle valve drive H bridge output 2
SPN/FMI 2951/3	Ivaille	VB Fower short circuit of timotile valve drive it bridge output 2

DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	Connector
2. Output terminal 2 of drive circuit is VB short circuit.	Wire-harness
	Intake throttle
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:		
	The engine operation is limited.		
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.		
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.		
	• EGR fully closes.		
	Intake throttle fully opens.		
	DPF regeneration stops.		
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min.		
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.		
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.		
Remarks			

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - · Low side power short circuit of the intake throttle drive circuit
- 3. Intake throttle failure due to power short circuit
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure

P1662: GND short circuit of throttle valve drive H bridge output 2

P code	P1662	Name	GND short circuit of throttle valve drive H bridge output 2
SPN/FMI	2951/4	Ivallie	Short circuit of tillottie valve drive in bridge output 2

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	Connector
2. Output terminal 2 of drive circuit is GND short circuit.	Wire-harness
	Intake throttle
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:		
	The engine operation is limited.		
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.		
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.		
	• EGR fully closes.		
	Intake throttle fully opens.		
	DPF regeneration stops.		
	 Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min. 		
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.		
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.		
Remarks			

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - · Low side GND short circuit of the intake throttle drive circuit
- 3. Intake throttle failure due to GND short circuit
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure

■ EGR

P0404: EGR overvoltage error

P code P0404	Name EGR overvoltage error
SPN/FMI 2791/0	Traine Edit Overvoitage en of

• DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
Communication between ECU and EGR valve is normal.	Battery
2. Supply voltage to EGR valve is more than 18 V for more than 5 seconds.	EGR valve

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:		
	The engine operation is limited.		
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.		
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.		
	EGR fully closes.		
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min.		
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.		
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.		
Remarks			

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

- 1. Battery overcharging
- 2. Failure of EGR valve internal circuit

1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	



2. Failure diagnosis	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the battery voltage.

P1404: EGR low voltage error

P code P1404	Name EGR low voltage error
SPN/FMI 2791/1	Name Lor low voltage error

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
Communication between ECU and EGR valve is normal.	Wire-harness
2. Supply voltage to EGR valve is less than 8 V for more than 13 seconds.	Battery
	EGR valve

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:			
	The engine operation is limited.			
Limited operation	res: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.			
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.			
	• EGR fully closes.			
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min.			
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.			
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.			
Remarks				

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

- 1. Battery degradation
- 2. Power wire short circuit of the EGR valve
- 3. Failure of EGR valve internal circuit

Initial diagnosis using SA-D	Check the fault indication.
3A-D	



2. Failure diagnosis	•	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	•	Check the battery voltage.

P1409: EGR feedback error

P code P1409	Name EGR feedback error
SPN/FMI 2791/7	LOI (Iccoback Cito)

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. Communication between ECU and EGR valve is normal.	EGR valve
2. Motor drive duty at the excessive condition is continued for 3 seconds.	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:
	The engine operation is limited.
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.
	EGR fully closes.
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min.
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

1. Failure of EGR valve internal circuit

1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Switch the ECU power from ON to OFF to check the fault indication again.
	If this DTC is detected again, exchange the EGR valve.
	* For details on the exchange method and procedure, refer to TNV Tier4 CR engine service manual.

U0401: EGR ECM data error

D 110404		
P code U0401		
	EOD FOM 1 4	
	Name EGR ECM data error	
	LOIT LOIT GALACTION	
SPN/FMI 2791/9		
OF INTERVIEW LAND		

DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	Wire-harness
Instruction packet cut-off from ECU to EGR valve continues for one second.	EGR valve

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:
	The engine operation is limited.
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.
	• EGR fully closes.
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min.
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	Because this error is detected in the EGR valve and fault information is sent to the ECU, the indication tim-
	ing of the information is when the communication is resumed. Therefore, this DTC is not outputted while
	the communication is stopped, but the receiving time of U010B: CAN 1 (for EGR) determined on the ECU
	side is detected separately.

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
- 3. Failure of EGR valve internal circuit

1 Initial diagnosis using	- Chook the foult indication
1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
\sim \sim \sim	
SA-D	



2. Connector/wiring check	• Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	· Check the pin of the EGR valve for deformation and cracks, the condition of the connection,
	and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	• Make sure that the EGR valve or EGR valve relay wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not
	peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the fault indication again.	
	 If this DTC is detected again, exchange the wire-harness or EGR valve. 	

P0403: Disconnection in EGR motor coils

P code P0403	Name Disconnection in EGR motor coils
SPN/FMI 2791/12	Marie Disconnection in Edit motor cons

DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. Communication between ECU and EGR valve is normal.	EGR valve
2. Disconnection of motor coil inside the EGR valve or disconnection of drive cir-	
cuit is detected.	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:	
	The engine operation is limited.	
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.	
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.	
	• EGR fully closes.	
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min.	
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.	
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.	
Remarks		

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

1. Failure of EGR valve DC motor

1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Switch the ECU power from ON to OFF to check the fault indication again.
	If this DTC is detected again, exchange the EGR valve.
	* For details on the exchange method and procedure, refer to TNV Tier4 CR engine service manual.

P1405: Short circuit in EGR motor coils

P code P1405	Name Short circuit in EGR motor coils
SPN/FMI 522579/12	Name Short circuit in EGR motor cons

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
Communication between ECU and EGR valve is normal.	EGR valve
2. Short circuit of motor coil inside the EGR valve or short circuit of drive circuit is	
detected.	

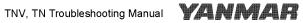
Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:
	The engine operation is limited.
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.
	• EGR fully closes.
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min.
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

1. Failure of EGR valve DC motor

1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Switch the ECU power from ON to OFF to check the fault indication again.
	If this DTC is detected again, exchange the EGR valve.
	* For details on the exchange method and procedure, refer to TNV Tier4 CR engine service manual.



P0488: EGR position sensor error

P code P0488	Name EGR position sensor error
SPN/FMI 522580/12	Name Lon position sensor entor

DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. Communication between ECU and EGR valve is normal.	EGR valve
2. Excessive or dropped position sensor signal voltage inside the EGR valve is	
detected.	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:		
	The engine operation is limited.		
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.		
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.		
	• EGR fully closes.		
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min.		
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.		
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.		
Remarks			

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

1. Failure of EGR valve internal circuit

1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Switch the ECU power from ON to OFF to check the fault indication again.
	If this DTC is detected again, exchange the EGR valve.
	* For details on the exchange method and procedure, refer to TNV Tier4 CR engine service manual.

P148A: EGR valve sticking error

P code P148A		
I I TO/ \		
		FOD 4:- .:
	L. NISMA	HIAR VAIVA STICKING AFFOR
	Name	EGR valve sticking error
SPN/FMI 522581/7		
SDND-MI 57758177		
ULIVI DE SEE SEE SEE SEE SEE SEE SEE SEE SEE		

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
Communication between ECU and EGR valve is normal.	EGR valve
2. The number of steps from the position of motor stopper to the starting point of	
valve opening is fault (45 steps or more).	

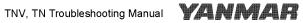
Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:
	The engine operation is limited.
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].
	• EGR fully closes.
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 15 min.
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

1.EGR valve sticking

Initial diagnosis using Check the fault indication.	
• Switch the ECU power from ON to OFF to check the fault indication again.	
If this DTC is detected again, inspect and replace the EGR valve.	
* For details on inspection and replacement, refer to TNV Tier4 CR engine service manual.	



P049D: EGR initialization error

P code P049D	Name EGR initialization error
SPN/FMI 522582/7	Name Low initialization crio

● DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
Communication between ECU and EGR valve is normal.	EGR valve
2. The completion time of initialization for EGR valve exceeds the specified	
range.	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:	
	The engine operation is limited.	
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.	
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.	
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].	
	EGR fully closes.	
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 15 min.	
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.	
	 The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min⁻¹]. 	
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.	
Remarks		

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

- 1. Failure of EGR valve internal circuit
- 2. EGR valve failure
- 3. EGR valve sticking

1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Switch the ECU power from ON to OFF to check the fault indication again.
	If this DTC is detected again, exchange the EGR valve.
	* For details on the exchange method and procedure, refer to TNV Tier4 CR engine service manual.

U1401: EGR target value out of range

P code U14	01 Name	EGR target value out of range
SPN/FMI 5226	617/12	Lor target value out or range

● DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
Communication between ECU and EGR valve is normal.	EGR valve
2. The direction opening from ECU is out of range for a given period of time.	ECU

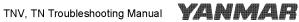
Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:	
	The engine operation is limited.	
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.	
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.	
	• EGR fully closes.	
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min.	
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.	
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.	
Remarks		

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

1. ECU software error

1. Initial diagnosis using	•	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	•	Switch the ECU power from ON to OFF to check the fault indication again.
	•	If this DTC is detected again, exchange the EGR valve.



P1410: EGR high temperature thermistor error

P code P1410	Name EGR high temperature thermistor error
SPN/FMI 522583/1	Name Locking temperature mermistor error

DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. Communication between ECU and EGR valve is normal.	EGR valve
2. The high temperature side thermistor inside the control unit of the EGR valve	
is 0.2 V or below.	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:	
	The engine operation is limited.	
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.	
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.	
	• EGR fully closes.	
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min.	
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.	
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.	
Remarks		

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

1. Failure of EGR valve internal circuit

1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Switch the ECU power from ON to OFF to check the fault indication again.
	If this DTC is detected again, exchange the EGR valve.
	* For details on the exchange method and procedure, refer to TNV Tier4 CR engine service manual.

P1411: EGR low temperature thermistor error

P code P1411	Name EGR low temperature thermistor error
SPN/FMI 522584/1	Name Edit low temperature thermistor error

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
Communication between ECU and EGR valve is normal.	EGR valve
2. The low temperature side thermistor inside the control unit of the EGR valve is	
0.2 V or below.	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:
	The engine operation is limited.
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.
	• EGR fully closes.
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min.
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

1. Failure of EGR valve internal circuit

1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Switch the ECU power from ON to OFF to check the fault indication again.
	If this DTC is detected again, exchange the EGR valve.
	* For details on the exchange method and procedure, refer to TNV Tier4 CR engine service manual.



■ Exhaust throttle

P1438: Exhaust throttle (voltage fault)

P code P1438	Name Exhaust throttle (voltage fault)
SPN/FMI 522746/12	Traine Exhibition (Voltage laun)

• DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	Battery
2. When the power supply voltage detected by the exhaust throttle becomes either of the following:	Exhaust throttle
 The situation that the detected voltage is less than or equal to 6 V continues for 10 seconds. 	
 The situation that the detected voltage is greater than or equal to 16 V continues for 1 second. 	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:
	The engine operation is limited.
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.
	Exhaust throttle fully opens.
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

- 1. Battery failure
- 2. Failure of exhaust throttle internal circuit

Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	



2. Failure diagnosis	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the battery voltage.

P1439: Exhaust throttle (motor fault)

P code P1439		
PROBE PIA39	W0.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.	
The state of the s		
	Name Exhaust throttle (motor fault)	
	Name Exhaust throttle (motor fault)	
SPN/FMI 522747/12		
OF WI JZZ/4//IZ		

DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	Exhaust throttle
2. When any of the following is true inside the exhaust throttle:	
 Motor drive duty at the excessive condition is continued for a period of time. 	
Learning value exceeds normal range.	
Overcurrent, overload, open circuit, or short circuit of the motor coil is	
detected.	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Engine stop]:
	The engine operation stops.
Limited operation	Yes: Fuel injection stops.
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

- 1. DC motor failure of exhaust throttle
- 2. Failure of exhaust throttle internal circuit
- 3. Sticking of exhaust throttle valve

1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Switch the ECU power from ON to OFF to check the fault indication again.
	If this DTC is detected again, inspect and replace the exhaust throttle.
	* For details on inspection and replacement, refer to TNV Tier4 CR engine service manual.



P1440: Exhaust throttle (sensor system fault)

P code P1440	Name Exhaust throttle (sensor system fault)
SPN/FMI 522748/12	LAMAGE CHIOTHE (Sensor System launt)

DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	Exhaust throttle
2. When any of the following is true in the exhaust throttle:	
Excessive or insufficient sensor supply voltage is detected.	
Excessive or insufficient voltage of location signal sensor is detected.	
State where the target opening and the actual opening does not match con-	
tinues for a certain period.	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Engine stop]:
	The engine operation stops.
Limited operation	Yes: Fuel injection stops.
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

- 1. Failure of exhaust throttle internal circuit
- 2. Sticking of exhaust throttle valve

Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Switch the ECU power from ON to OFF to check the fault indication again.
	If this DTC is detected again, inspect and replace the exhaust throttle.
	* For details on inspection and replacement, refer to TNV Tier4 CR engine service manual.

P1441: Exhaust throttle (MPU fault)

P code P1441	N.I.	F., L 4 41 441 (A4D11 5 14)
SPN/FMI 522749/12	Name	Exhaust throttle (MPU fault)

DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	Exhaust throttle
2. MPU inside the exhaust throttle is fault.	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:	
	The engine operation is limited.	
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.	
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.	
	Exhaust throttle fully opens.	
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.	
Remarks		

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

1. Failure of exhaust throttle internal circuit

1. Initial diagnosis using	•	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	•	Switch the ECU power from ON to OFF to check the fault indication again.
	•	If this DTC is detected again, inspect and replace the exhaust throttle.
	*	For details on inspection and replacement, refer to TNV Tier4 CR engine service manual.

P1442: Exhaust throttle (PCB fault)

P code P1442	Name Exhaust throttle (PCB fault)
SPN/FMI 522750/12	LAnaust tinottie (F OD lauit)

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	Exhaust throttle
2. Excessive or insufficient voltage of temperature thermistor inside the exhaust	
throttle is detected.	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Continuous operation]:
	The engine continues to operate without limitations after the error is detected.
Limited operation	No
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

1. Failure of exhaust throttle internal circuit

Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.	
SA-D	Switch the ECU power from ON to OFF to check the fault indication again.	
	If this DTC is detected again, inspect and replace the exhaust throttle.	
	* For details on inspection and replacement, refer to TNV Tier4 CR engine service manual.	

P1443: Exhaust throttle (CAN fault)

P code P1443	Name Exhaust throttle (CAN fault)
SPN/FMI 522751/19	LAMAGE UNIONE (CAN IAUN)

DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	ECU
2. When any of the following is true:	Connector
CAN communication controller of the exhaust throttle detects initial error.	Wire-harness
Exhaust throttle detects CAN reception time-out for a period of time.	Exhaust throttle

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:
	The engine operation is limited.
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.
	Exhaust throttle fully opens.
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	Because this error is detected in the exhaust throttle and information is sent to the ECU, the timing of the
	error indication is the time when the communication is resumed. Therefore, this DTC is not outputted while
	the communication is stopped, but the receiving timeout of U1107: CAN 1 (for exhaust throttle) determined
	on the ECU side is detected separately.

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Poor wiring of the wire-harness
- 3. Failure of exhaust throttle internal circuit
- 4. ECU software error

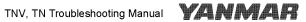
1. Initial diagnosis using	· Check the fault indication.
SA-D	



2. Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	•	Check the pin of the exhaust throttle for deformation and cracks, fittings, and whether the
		retainer is loose or removed.
	•	Make sure that the exhaust throttle wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	•	Check the fault indication again.
	•	If this DTC is detected again, exchange the wire-harness or exhaust throttle.



Communication related

■ CAN 1

U010B: CAN 1 (for EGR): Reception time out

P code U010B	Name CAN 1 (for EGR): Reception time out
SPN/FMI 522610/9	Marie OAN T (for LON). Reception time out

• DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. The following conditions are all true:	ECU
Key switch is ON.	Connector
Not in cranking status.	Wire-harness
Battery voltage is 10 V or higher.	EGR valve
2. A reception time out is detected at a fixed time.	EGR valve relay

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:		
	The engine operation is limited.		
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.		
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.		
	• EGR fully closes.		
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min.		
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.		
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power off is detected, the fault mode is released.		
Remarks			

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wire-harness disconnection/short circuit
- 3. ECU internal circuit failure
- 4. EGR valve internal circuit failure
- 5. EGR valve relay failure

U1107: CAN 1 (for exhaust throttle): Reception time out

P code	U1107	Name	CAN 1 (for exhaust throttle): Reception time out
SPN/FMI	522611/9	Name	OAN 1 (101 exhaust tillottie). Nedeption tille out

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. When any of the following is true:	ECU
Key switch is ON.	Connector
Not in cranking status.	Wire-harness
Battery voltage is 10 V or higher.	Exhaust throttle
2. A reception time out is eased at a fixed time.	EGR valve relay

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:	
	The engine operation is limited.	
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.	
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.	
	Exhaust throttle fully opens.	
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.	
Remarks		

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wire-harness disconnection/short circuit
- 3. ECU internal circuit failure
- 4. Failure of exhaust throttle internal circuit
- 5. EGR valve relay failure

■ CAN 2

U0292: TSC1 (SA1) reception timeout

P code U0292	Name TSC1 (SA1) reception timeout
SPN/FMI 522596/9	realite 17001 (OA1) reception timeout

• DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. The following conditions are all true:	Connector
Key switch is ON.	Wire-harness
Not in cranking status.	Controller of machine side
Battery voltage is 10 V or higher.	ECU
2. A reception time out is detected at a fixed time.	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Continuous operation]:		
	Engine control is not obstructed.		
Limited operation	No		
Reset criteria	Yes: The following operation can be selected by setting application.		
	When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.		
	The fault mode is automatically reset when TSC1 message is received.		
Remarks			

- 1. CAN communication error from the controller on the driven machine
- 2. Poor connection of connector
- 3. Wire-harness disconnection/short circuit
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P409</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



Connector/wiring check	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	Check the pin of the CAN communication connector for deformation and cracks, the condition
	of the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	Make sure that the CAN communication connector wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not
	peeled.



2 Egiluro diganosis	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
3. Failure diagnosis	• Check the conduction of the whe-hamess.
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	* See Chapter 2 <i>P409</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.
	* See Chablet / P409 for details on the diadnosis Method and brocedure
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U1301: TSC1 (SA2) reception timeout

P code U1301	Name TSC1 (SA2) reception timeout
SPN/FMI 522597/9	wante 1301 (3A2) reception timeout

● DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. The following conditions are all true:	Connector
Key switch is ON.	Wire-harness
Not in cranking status.	Controller of machine side
Battery voltage is 10 V or higher.	ECU
2. A reception time out is detected at a fixed time.	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Continuous operation]:
	Engine control is not obstructed.
Limited operation	No
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power off is detected, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. CAN communication error from the controller on the driven machine
- 2. Poor connection of connector
- 3. Wire-harness disconnection/short circuit
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure

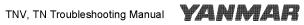
1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P409</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



Connector/wiring check	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	Check the pin of the CAN communication connector for deformation and cracks, the condition
	of the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	Make sure that the CAN communication connector wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not
	peeled.



2 Egiluro diganosis	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
3. Failure diagnosis	• Check the conduction of the whe-hamess.
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	* See Chapter 2 <i>P409</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.
	* See Chablet / P409 for details on the diadnosis Method and brocedure
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U1292: Y_ECR1 reception timeout

P code U1292	Name Y ECR1 reception timeout
SPN/FMI 522599/9	Name 1_Lorr reception timeout

DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. The following conditions are all true:	Connector
Key switch is ON.	Wire-harness
Not in cranking status.	Controller of machine side
Battery voltage is 10 V or higher.	ECU
2. A reception time out is detected at a fixed time.	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Continuous operation]:
	Engine control is not obstructed.
Limited operation	No
Reset criteria	Yes: The following operation can be selected by setting application.
	When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
	The fault mode is automatically reset when Y_ECR1 message is received.
Remarks	

- 1. CAN communication error from the controller on the driven machine
- 2. Poor connection of connector
- 3. Wire-harness disconnection/short circuit
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure

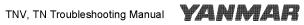
1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P409</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	Check the pin of the CAN communication connector for deformation and cracks, the condition
	of the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	Make sure that the CAN communication connector wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not
	peeled.



2 Egiluro diganosis	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
3. Failure diagnosis	• Check the conduction of the whe-hamess.
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	* See Chapter 2 <i>P409</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.
	* See Chablet / P409 for details on the diadnosis Method and brocedure
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U1293: Y_EC reception timeout

P code U1293	Name Y EC reception timeout	
SPN/FMI 522600/9	Name Y_EC reception timeout	

DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. The following conditions are all true:	Connector
Key switch is ON.	Wire-harness
Not in cranking status.	Controller of machine side
Battery voltage is 10 V or higher.	ECU
2. A reception time out is detected at a fixed time.	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Continuous operation]:
	Engine control is not obstructed.
Limited operation	No
Reset criteria	Yes: The following operation can be selected by setting application.
	When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
	The fault mode is automatically reset when Y_EC message is received.
Remarks	

- 1. CAN communication error from the controller on the driven machine
- 2. Poor connection of connector
- 3. Wire-harness disconnection/short circuit
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure

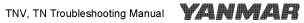
1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P409</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	Check the pin of the CAN communication connector for deformation and cracks, the condition
	of the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	Make sure that the CAN communication connector wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not
	peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
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	* See Chapter 2 <i>P409</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



U1294: Y_RSS reception timeout

P code U1294	Name Y RSS reception timeout
SPN/FMI 522601/9	Name 1_Koo reception timeout

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. The following conditions are all true:	Connector
Key switch is ON.	Wire-harness
Not in cranking status.	Controller of machine side
Battery voltage is 10 V or higher.	ECU
2. A reception time out is detected at a fixed time.	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Continuous operation]:
	Engine control is not obstructed.
Limited operation	No
Reset criteria	Yes: The following operation can be selected by setting application.
	When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
	The fault mode is automatically reset when Y_RSS message is received.
Remarks	

- 1. CAN communication error from the controller on the driven machine
- 2. Poor connection of connector
- 3. Wire-harness disconnection/short circuit
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P409</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



Connector/wiring check	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	Check the pin of the CAN communication connector for deformation and cracks, the condition
	of the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	Make sure that the CAN communication connector wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not
	peeled.



2 Egiluro diganosis	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
3. Failure diagnosis	• Check the conduction of the whe-hamess.
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	* See Chapter 2 <i>P409</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.
	* See Chablet / P409 for details on the diadnosis Method and brocedure
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U0168: VI reception timeout

P code U0168	Name VI reception timeout
SPN/FMI 237/31	Name VI reception timeout

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. The following conditions are all true:	Connector
Key switch is ON.	Wire-harness
Not in cranking status.	Controller of machine side
Battery voltage is 10 V or higher.	ECU
2. There is no response to the VIN request for 3 times.	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	Limited operation is applied depending on each customer's setting.
Limited operation	The high idle speed or the engine output maximum injection quantity is limited.
	(Actions differ by the customer setting.)
Reset criteria	Yes: Resumes start when VI message is received.
Remarks	This function only applies to special models.

- 1. CAN communication error from the controller on the driven machine
- 2. Poor connection of connector
- 3. Wire-harness disconnection/short circuit
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P409</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	Check the pin of the CAN communication connector for deformation and cracks, the condition
	of the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	Make sure that the CAN communication connector wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not
	peeled.



2 Egiluro diganosis	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
3. Failure diagnosis	• Check the conduction of the whe-hamess.
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	* See Chapter 2 <i>P409</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.
	* See Chablet / P409 for details on the diadnosis Method and brocedure
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U3002: VI reception data error

P code U3002	Name VI reception data error
SPN/FMI 237/13	Walle Wileseption data error

● DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. The following conditions are all true:	Connector
Key switch is ON.	Wire-harness
Not in cranking status.	Controller of machine side
Battery voltage is 10 V or higher.	ECU
2. The received VI does not match the existed VI in ECU.	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	Limited operation is applied depending on each customer's setting.
Limited operation	The high idle speed or the engine output maximum injection quantity is limited.
	(Actions differ by the customer setting.)
Reset criteria	Yes: Resumes start when VI message is received.
Remarks	This function only applies to special models.

- 1. CAN communication error from the controller on the driven machine
- 2. ECU internal circuit failure

U1300: Y_ETCP1 reception time out

P code U1300	Name	Y FTCP1 r	eception time out	
SPN/FMI 522609/		1_210111	cocption time out	

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. The following conditions are all true:	Connector
Key switch is ON.	Wire-harness
Not in cranking status.	Controller of machine side
Battery voltage is 10 V or higher.	ECU
2. A reception time out is detected at a fixed time.	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Continuous operation]:				
	Engine control is not obstructed.				
Limited operation	No				
Reset criteria	Yes: The following operation can be selected by setting application.				
	When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.				
	The fault mode is automatically reset when Y_ETCP1 message is received.				
Remarks					

- 1. CAN communication error from the controller on the driven machine
- 2. Poor connection of connector
- 3. Wire-harness disconnection/short circuit
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P409</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	•	Check the pin of the CAN communication connector for deformation and cracks, the condition
		of the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	•	Make sure that the CAN communication connector wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not
		peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.	
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	* See Chapter 2 <i>P409</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.	╝

U1302: EBC1 reception timeout

P code U1302		FD04 (' (')
SPN/FMI 522618/9	Name	EBC1 reception timeout

DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. The following conditions are all true:	Connector
 2 seconds passes after the key switch was turned ON. 	Wire-harness
Not in cranking status.	Controller of machine side
• ECU power is not OFF.	ECU
Voltage value is 10 V or higher.	
2. A fixed time passes after a reception time out was detected for certain times.	
Count resets after normal communication.	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Continuous operation]:
	Engine control is not obstructed.
Limited operation	No
Reset criteria	Yes: The following operation can be selected by setting application.
	When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
	The fault mode is automatically reset when EBC1 message is received.
Remarks	

- 1. CAN communication error from the controller on the driven machine
- 2. Poor connection of connector
- 3. Wire-harness disconnection/short circuit
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure



1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P40</i> 9 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	•	Check the pin of the CAN communication connector for deformation and cracks, the condition
		of the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	•	Make sure that the CAN communication connector wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not
		peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.	
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	* See Chapter 2 <i>P409</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.	╝

U1303: Y_DPFIF reception timeout

P code U13	03 Name	v	DPFIF reception timeout	
SPN/FMI 5226		·-	_bi i ii leception timeout	

● DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. The following conditions are all true:	Connector
Key switch is ON.	Wire-harness
Not in cranking status.	Controller of machine side
Battery voltage is 10 V or higher.	ECU
2. A reception time out is detected at a fixed time.	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Continuous operation]:	
	Engine control is not obstructed.	
Limited operation	No	
Reset criteria	Yes: The following operation can be selected by setting application.	
	When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.	
	The fault mode is automatically reset when Y_DPFIF message is received.	
Remarks		

- 1. CAN communication error from the controller on the driven machine
- 2. Poor connection of connector
- 3. Wire-harness disconnection/short circuit
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P409</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Connector/wiring check	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	• Check the pin of the CAN communication connector for deformation and cracks, the condition
	of the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	• Make sure that the CAN communication connector wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not
	peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.	
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	* See Chapter 2 <i>P409</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.	╝

U0167: Immobilizer error (CAN communication)

P code U0167	Name	Immobilizer error (CAN communication)
SPN/FMI 522730/12	Ivaille	Inmobilizer error (CAN communication)

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
The following prerequisites should be satisfied.	ECU
1-The key switch is turned on for a given length of time.	Connector
2-The battery normal condition is continued for given length of time.	Wire-harness
3-Immobilizer is active.	Immobilizer of machine side
4-Unit ID is stored.	
2. There is no reply from the immobilizer even after requesting to start authenti-	
cation.	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Engine stop]:
	The engine does not start to operate.
Limited operation	Yes: The starter does not start.
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

- 1. CAN communication error of immobilizer (or the machine side controller)
- 2. Poor connection of connector
- 3. Wire-harness disconnection/short circuit
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure

U0426: Immobilizer error (system)

P code U0426	Name Immobilizer error (system)
SPN/FMI 1202/2	Marie Illinobilizer error (system)

● DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. The immobilizer is active and the unit ID is stored.	Immobilizer authentication key
2. Authentication on CAN communication between the engine ECU and immobi-	Immobilizer of machine side
lizer failed.	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Engine stop]:
	The engine does not start to operate.
Limited operation	Yes: The starter does not start.
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

1. Immobilizer authentication key inconsistency

Check authentication key	Make sure that the immobilizer authentication key is correct.

ECU related

■ EEPROM

P0601: EEPROM memory deletion error

P code	P0601	Name	EEPROM memory deletion error
SPN/FMI	630/12	Name	LET NOW Memory deletion error

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. When page (sector) switches.	ECU
2. EEPROM deletion malfunctions.	
The EEPROM has two pages and uses them alternately. When the first page	
becomes full, the second page will be cleared for writing into. Similarly, when	
the second page becomes full, the first page will be cleared for writing into.	
This error occurs when the page fails to be cleared during page switching.	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:	
	The engine operation is limited.	
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.	
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.	
	• EGR fully closes.	
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min.	
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.	
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.	
Remarks		

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

1. ECU internal circuit failure

Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Switch the ECU power from ON to OFF to check the fault indication again.
*	See Chapter 2 <i>P412</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



P160E: EEPROM memory reading error

P code P160E	Name	EEPROM memory reading error
SPN/FMI 522576/12	Name	LET NOW Memory reading error

● DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. When read-accessing.	ECU
2. EEPROM reading malfunctions.	
This error is determined based on the check sum, and this is performed on all	
EEPROM.	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:	
	The engine operation is limited.	
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.	
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.	
	EGR fully closes.	
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min.	
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.	
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.	
Remarks		

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

1. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using •	Check the fault indication.
SA-D •	Switch the ECU power from ON to OFF to check the fault indication again.
*	See Chapter 2 P412 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

P160F: EEPROM memory writing error

P code P160F	Name	EEPROM memory writing error
SPN/FMI 522578/12	Name	LET NOW MEMORY WITHING CITO

● DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. When write-accessing.	ECU
2. EEPROM writing malfunctions.	
This error occurs when there are 3 failed attempts to write one data.	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:	
	The engine operation is limited.	
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.	
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.	
	• EGR fully closes.	
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min.	
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.	
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.	
Remarks		

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

1. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Switch the ECU power from ON to OFF to check the fault indication again.
	* See Chapter 2 P412 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



■ ECU internal fault

P1613: CY146 SPI communication fault

P code P1613	Name CY146 SPI communication fault
SPN/FMI 522585/12	Name 01140 011 Communication fault

DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	ECU
2. A communication fault between the CPU and the H bridge control IC.	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Engine stop]:	
	The engine operation stops.	
Limited operation	Yes: Fuel injection stops.	
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.	
Remarks		

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

1. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Switch the ECU power from ON to OFF to check the fault indication again.
	If this DTC is detected again, exchange the ECU.

P1608: Excessive voltage of supply 1

P code P1608	Name Excessive voltage of supply 1
SPN/FMI 522588/12	Tvanie Licessive voltage of supply i

● DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	ECU
2. The 5 V supply voltage to the actuator drive is excessive.	

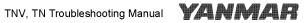
Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Engine stop]:	
	The engine operation stops.	
Limited operation	Yes: Fuel injection stops.	
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.	
Remarks		

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

1. ECU internal circuit failure

Initial diagnosis using	•	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	•	Switch the ECU power from ON to OFF to check the fault indication again.
	•	If this DTC is detected again, exchange the ECU.



P1617: Insufficient voltage of supply 1

P code P1617	Name Insufficient voltage of supply 1
SPN/FMI 522589/12	Maine inisumcient voltage of supply 1

DTC detection criteria

	Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
	. No prerequisite.	ECU
2	The 5 V supply voltage to the actuator drive is insufficient.	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Engine stop]:	
	The engine operation stops.	
Limited operation	Yes: Fuel injection stops.	
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.	
Remarks		

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

1. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	•	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	•	Switch the ECU power from ON to OFF to check the fault indication again.
	•	If this DTC is detected again, exchange the ECU.

P1609: Sensor supply voltage error 1

D4000		
P code P1609		
	Margo Sonsor supply voltage error 1	
	Name Sensor supply voltage error 1	
SPN/FMI 522590/12		
1 SPIN/FINI 3//39U/1/		
022000:12		

DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	Connector
2. The 5 V supply voltage of sensor exceeds the threshold value.	Wire-harness
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Continuous operation]:
	Engine control is not obstructed.
Limited operation	No
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power off is detected, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

- 1. Poor connection of connector of the sensor that uses sensor power supply 1(K43 or K44 terminal)
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
- 3. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
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S-A 1	
O/A-U	



2. Connector/wiring check	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	• Check the pin of sensor that uses sensor power supply 1 (K43 or K44 terminal) for deformation
	and cracks, the condition of the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	• Make sure that the sensor that uses sensor power supply 1 wiring is not cut or the wiring coat-
	ing is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the fault indication again.	
	If this DTC is detected again, exchange the wire-harness or ECU.	

P1618: Sensor supply voltage error 2

P code P1618	Name Sensor supply voltage error 2
SPN/FMI 522591/12	Transc Sensor supply voltage entor 2

DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	Connector
2. The 5 V supply voltage of sensor exceeds the threshold value.	Wire-harness
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Continuous operation]:
	Engine control is not obstructed.
Limited operation	No
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power off is detected, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

- 1. Poor connection of connector of the sensor that uses sensor power supply 2 (K45 or A08 terminal)
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
- 3. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-U	



2. Connector/wiring check	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	• Check the pin of sensor that uses sensor power supply 2 (K45 or A08 terminal) for deformation
	and cracks, the condition of the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	• Make sure that the sensor that uses sensor power supply 2 wiring is not cut or the wiring coat-
	ing is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the fault indication again.	
	If this DTC is detected again, exchange the wire-harness or ECU.	

P1619: Sensor supply voltage error 3

D D4640	
P code P1619	

	Name Sensor supply voltage error 3
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SPN/FMI 522592/12	
SPN/FMI 522592/12	

DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	Connector
2. The 5 V supply voltage of sensor exceeds the threshold value.	Wire-harness
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Continuous operation]:
	Engine control is not obstructed.
Limited operation	No
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power off is detected, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

- 1. Poor connection of connector of the sensor that uses sensor power supply 3 (A07 terminal)
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
- 3. ECU internal circuit failure

Initial diagnosis using	 Check the fault indication.
SA D	
SA-D	



2. Connector/wiring check	 Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	Check the pin of sensor that uses sensor power supply 3 (A07 terminal) for deformation and
	cracks, the condition of the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	• Make sure that the sensor that uses sensor power supply 3 wiring is not cut or the wiring coat-
	ing is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the fault indication again.	
	If this DTC is detected again, exchange the wire-harness or ECU.	

P1626: Actuator drive circuit 1 short to ground

P code P1626	Name Actuator drive circuit 1 short to ground
SPN/FMI 522744/4	Name Actuator drive circuit i snort to ground

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	Connector
2. The overcurrent in UB2 terminal is detected by IC in the ECU.	Wire-harness
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Continuous operation]:
	Engine control is not obstructed.
Limited operation	No
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power off is detected, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

- 1. Poor connection of connector of the actuator that uses 12 V power supply 1 (UB2: K68 terminal)
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - GND short circuit of the 12 V power supply 1 (UB2: K68 terminal) wire
- 3. ECU internal circuit failure

Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
1. Tilliar diagnosis doing	oneon the ladit indication.
04.0	
SA-D	



2. Connector/wiring check	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	Check the pin of the actuator that uses 12 V power supply 1 (UB2: K68 terminal) for deforma-
	tion and cracks, the condition of the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	Make sure that the actuator that uses 12 V power supply 1 wiring is not cut or the wiring coating
	is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	•	Check the fault indication again.
	•	If this DTC is detected again, exchange the wire-harness or ECU.

P1633: Actuator drive circuit 2 short to ground

P code P1633	Name Actuator drive circuit 2 short to ground
SPN/FMI 522994/4	Name Actuator unive circuit 2 short to ground

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points	
1. No prerequisite.	Connector	
2. The overcurrent in UB3 terminal is detected by IC in the ECU.	Wire-harness	
	ECU	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Continuous operation]:
	Engine control is not obstructed.
Limited operation	No
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power off is detected, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

- 1. Poor connection of connector of the actuator that uses 12 V power supply 2 (UB3: K90 or A50 terminal)
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - GND short circuit of the 12 V power supply 2 (UB3: K90 or A50 terminal) wire
- 3. ECU internal circuit failure

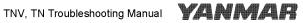
4 1 31 1 11	Objects the feeth in the time
1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	



2. Connector/wiring check	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	• Check the pin of the actuator that uses 12 V power supply 2 (UB3: K90 or A50 terminal) for
	deformation and cracks, the condition of the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or
	removed.
	• Make sure that the actuator that uses 12 V power supply 2 wiring is not cut or the wiring coating
	is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	•	Check the fault indication again.
	•	If this DTC is detected again, exchange the wire-harness or ECU.



P1467: Actuator drive circuit 3 short to ground

P code P1467	Name Actuator drive circuit 3 short to ground
SPN/FMI 523471/6	Name Actuator drive circuit 3 short to ground

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	Connector
2. The overcurrent in UB5 terminal is detected by IC in the ECU.	Wire-harness
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Continuous operation]:		
	Engine control is not obstructed.		
Limited operation	No		
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power off is detected, the fault mode is released.		
Remarks			

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

- 1. Poor connection of connector of the actuator that uses 12 V power supply 3 (UB5: K73 terminal)
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - GND short circuit of the 12 V power supply 3 (UB5: K73 terminal) wire
- 3. ECU internal circuit failure

Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
1. Tilliar diagnosis doing	oneon the ladit indication.
04.0	
SA-D	



2. Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	•	Check the pin of the actuator that uses 12 V power supply 3 (UB5: K73 terminal) for deforma-
		tion and cracks, the condition of the connection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	•	Make sure that the actuator that uses 12 V power supply 3 wiring is not cut or the wiring coating
		is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	•	Check the fault indication again.
	•	If this DTC is detected again, exchange the wire-harness or ECU.

P1469: AD converter fault 1

P code P1469		
ODV/EII -00470/40	Name AD converter fault 1	
SPN/FMI 523473/12		

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	ECU
2. A pulse error is detected through diagnosis of the AD converter.	

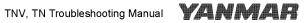
Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Engine stop]:		
	The engine operation stops.		
Limited operation	Yes: Fuel injection stops.		
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.		
Remarks			

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

1. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	•	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	•	Switch the ECU power from ON to OFF to check the fault indication again.
	•	If this DTC is detected again, exchange the ECU.



P1470: AD converter fault 2

P code P1470	Name AD converter fault 2
SPN/FMI 523474/12	Name Ab converter laute 2

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	ECU
2. A voltage error is detected through diagnosis of the AD converter.	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Engine stop]:		
	The engine operation stops.		
Limited operation	Yes: Fuel injection stops.		
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.		
Remarks			

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

1. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	•	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	•	Switch the ECU power from ON to OFF to check the fault indication again.
	•	If this DTC is detected again, exchange the ECU.

P1471: External monitoring IC and CPU fault 1

P code P	91471 Na	ame External monitoring IC and CPU fault 1
SPN/FMI 5	23475/12	and of a laut 1

DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	ECU
2. An error is detected through mutual diagnosis of the external monitoring IC	
and the CPU.	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Engine stop]:		
	The engine operation stops.		
Limited operation	Yes: Fuel injection stops.		
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.		
Remarks			

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

1. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	•	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	•	Switch the ECU power from ON to OFF to check the fault indication again.
	•	If this DTC is detected again, exchange the ECU.

P1472: External monitoring IC and CPU fault 2

P code P1472	Name External monitoring IC and CPU fault 2
SPN/FMI 523476/12	Laternal monitoring to and GPO fault 2

DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	ECU
2. A communication error is detected between the external monitoring IC and the	
CPU.	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Engine stop]:		
	The engine operation stops.		
Limited operation	Yes: Fuel injection stops.		
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.		
Remarks			

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

1. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	•	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	•	Switch the ECU power from ON to OFF to check the fault indication again.
	•	If this DTC is detected again, exchange the ECU.

P1473: ROM fault

P code P1473	Name ROM fault
SPN/FMI 523477/12	Nominal Roll India

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. ECU power self-maintains after the key switch was turned OFF.	ECU
2. The checksum of the all ROM areas is abnormal.	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Engine stop]:
	The engine operation stops.
Limited operation	Yes: Fuel injection stops.
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

1. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	•	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	•	Switch the ECU power from ON to OFF to check the fault indication again.
	•	If this DTC is detected again, exchange the ECU.



P1474: Shutoff path fault 1

P code P1474	Name Shutoff path fault 1
SPN/FMI 523478/12	Name Shutoff path fault 1

● DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. During shutoff path test (operation diagnosis of the isolation function of injector	ECU
current) by the external monitoring IC, which is implemented after turning on	
the ECU power.	
2. A response error from CPU to the external monitoring IC is detected by the	
external monitoring IC.	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Engine stop]:		
	The engine operation stops.		
Limited operation	Yes: Fuel injection stops.		
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.		
Remarks			

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

1. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	•	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	•	Switch the ECU power from ON to OFF to check the fault indication again.
	•	If this DTC is detected again, exchange the ECU.

P1475: Shutoff path fault 2

D 4 47 E		
P code P1475		
I I T I O	***************************************	
	CI4-EF	
	Name Shutoff path fault 2	
	i italiic Oliutoli patli lault Z	
E00.430.440		
SDNI/FMI 573/70/17		
SPN/FMI 523479/12		

DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
During shutoff path test (operation diagnosis of the isolation function of injector	ECU
current) by the external monitoring IC, which is implemented after turning on	
the ECU power.	
2. An operation error of shutoff path test is detected by the external monitoring	
IC.	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:		
	The engine operation is limited.		
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.		
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.		
	• EGR fully closes.		
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min.		
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.		
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.		
Remarks			

Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

- 1. ECU internal circuit failure
- 2. When turning on the ECU power, all the injectors in the same bank (4-cylinder engines: 1st and 4th cylinders or 2nd and 3rd cylinders. 3-cylinder engines: All cylinders) are disconnected.

Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	• Start the engine. If an error occurs to the injector driving circuit (bank 1 (or 2) error), the injec-
	tors may be disconnected at the same time. Refer to the pages that describes the injector dis-
	connection, and troubleshoot the injector circuit of the said bank.
	• If the engine does not start and shut-off bus error other than this error also occurs, there may
	be other failure causes. Perform troubleshooting for the detected error code.
	Switch the ECU power from ON to OFF to check the fault indication again.
	If this DTC is detected again, exchange the ECU.

P1476: Shutoff path fault 3

P code P1476	Name Shutoff path fault 3
SPN/FMI 523480/12	Name Shutoff path fault 3

● DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. During shutoff path test (operation diagnosis of the isolation function of injector	ECU
current) by the external monitoring IC, which is implemented after turning on	
the ECU power.	
2. A response time error of shutoff path test is detected by the external monitor-	
ing IC.	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Engine stop]:		
	The engine operation stops.		
Limited operation	Yes: Fuel injection stops.		
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.		
Remarks			

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

1. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	•	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	•	Switch the ECU power from ON to OFF to check the fault indication again.
	•	If this DTC is detected again, exchange the ECU.

P1477: Shutoff path fault 4

P code P1477		
Pagge Pi4//	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	
	OL1-6611 4	
	Name Shutoff path fault 4	
	Name Shutoff path fault 4	
SPN/FMI 523481/12		
SUNDERM 573/81/17		
1 OF W/1 WI JZJ40 I/ IZ		

● DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. During shutoff path test (operation diagnosis of the isolation function of injector	ECU
current) by the external monitoring IC, which is implemented after turning on	
the ECU power.	
2. A communication error of shutoff path test is detected by the external monitor-	
ing IC.	

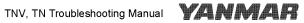
Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Engine stop]:
	The engine operation stops.
Limited operation	Yes: Fuel injection stops.
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

1. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	•	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	•	Switch the ECU power from ON to OFF to check the fault indication again.
	•	If this DTC is detected again, exchange the ECU.



P1478: Shutoff path fault 5

P code P1478	Name Shutoff path fault 5
SPN/FMI 523482/12	Name Shutoff path fault 5

● DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. During shutoff path test (operation diagnosis of the isolation function of injector	ECU
current) by the external monitoring IC, which is implemented after turning on	
the ECU power.	
2. An insufficient value of voltage in shutoff path test is detected by the external	
monitoring IC.	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Engine stop]:
	The engine operation stops.
Limited operation	Yes: Fuel injection stops.
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

1. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	•	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	•	Switch the ECU power from ON to OFF to check the fault indication again.
	•	If this DTC is detected again, exchange the ECU.

P1479: Shutoff path fault 6

P code P1479	Name Shutoff path fault 6
SPN/FMI 523483/12	Name Shuton path fault 0

● DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
During shutoff path test (operation diagnosis of the isolation function of injector	ECU
current) by the external monitoring IC, which is implemented after turning on	
the ECU power.	
2. An error of the external monitoring IC in shutoff path test is detected by the	
external monitoring IC.	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Engine stop]:		
	The engine operation stops.		
Limited operation	Yes: Fuel injection stops.		
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.		
Remarks			

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

1. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	•	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	•	Switch the ECU power from ON to OFF to check the fault indication again.
	•	If this DTC is detected again, exchange the ECU.

P1480: Shutoff path fault 7

P code P1480	Name Shutoff path fault 7
SPN/FMI 523484/12	Name Shutoff path fault 7

● DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. During shutoff path test (operation diagnosis of the isolation function of injector	ECU
current) by the external monitoring IC, which is implemented after turning on	
the ECU power.	
2. An error of OS call time in shutoff path test is detected by the external monitor-	
ing IC.	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Engine stop]:	
	The engine operation stops.	
Limited operation	Yes: Fuel injection stops.	
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.	
Remarks		

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

1. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	•	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	•	Switch the ECU power from ON to OFF to check the fault indication again.
	•	If this DTC is detected again, exchange the ECU.

P1481: Shutoff path fault 8

P code P1481	Name Shutoff path fault 8	
SPN/FMI 523485/12	Name Onuton path raunt o	

● DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. During shutoff path test (operation diagnosis of the isolation function of injector	ECU
current) by the external monitoring IC, which is implemented after turning on	
the ECU power.	
2. An error of positive test of shutoff path test is detected by the external monitor-	
ing IC.	

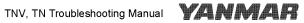
Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Engine stop]:		
	The engine operation stops.		
Limited operation	Yes: Fuel injection stops.		
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.		
Remarks			

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

1. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Switch the ECU power from ON to OFF to check the fault indication again.
	If this DTC is detected again, exchange the ECU.



P1482: Shutoff path fault 9

P code P1482	Name Shutoff path fault 9
SPN/FMI 523486/12	Name Shuton path fault 9

● DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. During shutoff path test (operation diagnosis of the isolation function of injector	ECU
current) by the external monitoring IC, which is implemented after turning on	
the ECU power.	
2. An error of operation time of shutoff path test is detected by the external moni-	
toring IC.	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Engine stop]:	
	The engine operation stops.	
Limited operation	Yes: Fuel injection stops.	
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.	
Remarks		

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

1. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	•	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	•	Switch the ECU power from ON to OFF to check the fault indication again.
	•	If this DTC is detected again, exchange the ECU.

P1483: Shutoff path fault 10

P code	P1483	Name	Shutoff path fault 10
SPN/FMI	523487/12	ivairie	ondion pain rault to

● DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. During shutoff path test (operation diagnosis of the isolation function of injector	ECU
current) by the external monitoring IC, which is implemented after turning on	
the ECU power.	
2. An excessive value of voltage in shutoff path test is detected by the external	
monitoring IC.	

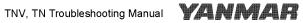
Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Engine stop]:
	The engine operation stops.
Limited operation	Yes: Fuel injection stops.
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

1. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Switch the ECU power from ON to OFF to check the fault indication again.
	If this DTC is detected again, exchange the ECU.



P1484: Recognition error of engine speed

P code P1484	Name Recognition error of engine speed
SPN/FMI 523488/0	Name Recognition error or engine speed

● DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	ECU
2. An error is detected through mutual diagnosis of engine speed.	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Engine stop]:
	The engine operation stops.
Limited operation	Yes: Fuel injection stops.
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

1. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	•	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	•	Switch the ECU power from ON to OFF to check the fault indication again.
	•	If this DTC is detected again, exchange the ECU.

Contact input related

■ Air cleaner switch

P1101: Air cleaner clogged alarm

P code P1101	Name Air cleaner clogged alarm
SPN/FMI 522323/0	Marine All dicalier diogged diarini

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. The key switch is turned on and the battery voltage is 9 V or higher.	Air cleaner
2. The air cleaner switch is turned on for 10 seconds.	Wire-harness
	Air cleaner switch
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

	Settings of the actions during a air cleaner error				
	No	Yes			
Fault mode	[Continuous operation]:	[Limited operation]:			
	The engine continues to operate without limitations	The engine operation is limited.			
	after the error is detected.				
Limited operation	No	Yes: The high idle speed or the engine output maximum injection quantity is limited. (Action differs depending on each customer's settings.)			
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power off is detected, the fault mode is released.	Yes: When the ECU power off is detected, the fault mode is released.			
Remarks					

Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

- 1. Clogged air cleaner
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - · Power short circuit of the air cleaner switch wiring
- 3. Air cleaner switch failure
 - · Power short circuit of the air cleaner switch internal wiring
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Make sure that the input signal of the air cleaner switch is correctly recognized.
	* See Chapter 2 P369 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Engine check	•	Turn off the ECU power and stop the engine.
	•	Check the air cleaner.
	•	After a few moments, turn on the key switch and make sure that DTC is detected.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the air cleaner switch system.
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P369</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

■ Water separator switch

P1151: Water separator alarm

P code P1151	Name Water separator alarm
SPN/FMI 522329/0	Water Separator diarini

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. The key switch is turned on and the battery voltage is 9 V or higher.	Water separator
2. The water separator is turned on for 10 seconds.	Connector
	Wire-harness
	Water separator switch
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

	Settings of the actions during a water separator error				
	No	Yes			
Fault mode	[Continuous operation]:	[Limited operation]:			
	The engine continues to operate without limitations	The engine operation is limited.			
	after the error is detected.				
Limited operation	No	Yes: The high idle speed or the engine output maximum injection quantity is limited. (Action differs depending on each customer's settings.)			
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power off is detected, the fault mode is released.	Yes: When the ECU power off is detected, the fault mode is released.			
Remarks					

Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

- 1. Water separator failure
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - · Power short circuit of the water separator switch wiring
- 3. Water separator switch failure
 - · Power short circuit of the water separator switch internal wiring
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure

Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Make sure that the input signal of the water separator switch is correctly recognized.
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P</i> 369 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Engine check	•	Turn off the ECU power and stop the engine.
	•	Check the water separator.
	•	After a few moments, turn on the key switch and make sure that DTC is detected.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the water separator switch system.	
-		
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P</i> 369 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.	

■ Charge switch

P1562: Charge switch open circuit

P code P1562	Name Charge switch open circuit
SPN/FMI 167/5	Manie Charge Switch Open Chount

DTC detection criteria

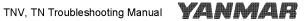
1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. The key switch is turned on and the judgment completion criteria is incomplete.	Connector
2. The charge switch is turned off continuously for 1 sec and the judgment is	Wire-harness
formed.	Charge switch
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Continuous operation]:		
	The engine continues to operate without limitations after the error is detected.		
Limited operation	No		
Reset criteria	Yes: The fault mode is automatically released when the charge switch is turned on.		
	Or released when the ECU power is turned off.		
Remarks			

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - · Disconnection or power short circuit of the charge switch wiring
- 3. Charge switch failure
 - · Disconnection or power short circuit of the charge switch internal wiring
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure



1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Make sure that the input signal of the charge switch is correctly recognized.
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P</i> 365 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	•	Check the pin of the charge switch for deformation and cracks, the condition of the connection,
		and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	•	Make sure that the charge switch wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
	Check the operation of the charge switch.
*	See Chapter 2 P365 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

P1568: Charge alarm

P code P1568	Name Charge alarm
SPN/FMI 167/1	Name on arge arann

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite	Alternator
2. The power switch is turned on and the charge switch is turned on and * (engine	Connector
speed > 600 min ⁻¹) continues for 10 sec after the completion of the engine start.	Wire-harness
* The CAL value allows switching between "after the completion of the engine	Charge switch
start" and "engine speed > 600 min ⁻¹ ".	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

	Setting of the charge alarm operation		
	No	Yes	
Fault mode	[Continuous operation]:	[Limited operation]:	
	The engine continues to operate without limitations	The engine operation is limited.	
	after the error is detected.		
Limited operation	No	Yes: The high idle speed or the maximum injection quantity is limited. (Action differs depending on each customer's settings.)	
Reset criteria	Yes: The fault mode is automatically released when the charge switch is turned off. Or released when the ECU power is turned off.	Yes: The fault mode is automatically released when the charge switch is turned off.	
Remarks		1	

Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

- 1. Battery charge error
- 2. Alternator failure
- 3. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - · GND short circuit of the charge switch wiring
- 4. Charge switch failure
 - · GND short circuit of the charge switch internal wiring
- 5. ECU internal circuit failure

Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Make sure that the input signal of the charge switch is correctly recognized.
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P</i> 365 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Engine check	Turn off the ECU power and stop the engine.	
	Check the engine charging equipment.	
	After checking, turn on the key switch and check for the DTC detection.	



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the charge switch system.	
-		
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P</i> 365 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.	

■ Oil pressure switch

P1192: Oil pressure switch open circuit

P code P1192	Name Oil pressure switch open circuit
SPN/FMI 100/4	Name On pressure switch open chount

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
The following prerequisites should be satisfied.	Connector
1-The key switch is turned on.	Wire-harness
2-The battery voltage ≥ 9 V.	Oil pressure switch
3-The judgment completion criteria is incomplete.	ECU
2. Judged when the oil pressure switch is turned off for one second.	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Continuous operation]: The engine continues to operate without limitations after the error is detected.
Limited operation	No
Reset criteria	Yes: The fault mode is automatically released when the oil pressure switch is turned on. Or released when the ECU power is turned off.
Remarks	

Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - · Disconnection or power short circuit of the oil pressure switch wiring
- 3. Oil pressure switch failure
 - · Disconnection or power short circuit of the oil pressure switch internal wiring
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure

1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Make sure that the input signal of the oil pressure switch is correctly recognized.
	See Chapter 2 <i>P</i> 365 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



Connector/wiring check	•	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the ECU power.
	•	Check the pin of the oil pressure switch for deformation and cracks, the condition of the con-
		nection, and whether the retainer is loose or removed.
	•	Make sure that the oil pressure switch wiring is not cut or the wiring coating is not peeled.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the conduction of the oil pressure switch.
•	Check the conduction of the wire-harness.
•	Check the operation of the oil pressure switch.
*	See Chapter 2 <i>P</i> 365 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

P1198: Low oil pressure fault alarm

P code P1198	
P code P1198	
I I I I O O	
	Nama I OW OII procelire fallit alarm
	Name Low oil pressure fault alarm
10000000000000000000000000000000000000	
SPN/FMI 100/1	

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. The key switch is turned on * and the engine speed > 600 min ⁻¹ after the com-	Oil pressure equipment
pletion of the engine start and the battery voltage is 9 V or more.	Wire-harness
2. The oil pressure switch is turned on for a certain amount of time.	Oil pressure switch
* The CAL value allows switching between "after the completion of the engine	ECU
start" and "engine speed > 600 min ⁻¹ ".	

Actions when an error occurs

	Settings of the actions during a low oil pressure alarm				
	No	Yes			
Fault mode	[Continuous operation]:	[Limited operation]:			
	The engine continues to operate without limitations after the error is detected.	The engine operation is limited.			
Limited operation	No	Yes: The high idle speed or the maximum injection quantity is limited. (Action differs depending on each customer's settings.)			
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.			
Remarks	200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200				

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

- 1. Oil pressure low
- 2. Oil pressure equipment failure
- 3. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - · GND short circuit of the oil pressure switch wiring
- 4. Oil pressure switch failure
 - GND short circuit of the oil pressure switch internal wiring
- 5. ECU internal circuit failure

Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	 Make sure that the input signal of the oil pressure switch is correctly recognized.
	* See Chapter 2 <i>P</i> 365 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.



2. Engine check	•	Turn off the ECU power and stop the engine.
	•	Check the lubrication system.
	•	After checking, turn on the power switch and check for the DTC detection.



3. Failure diagnosis	Check the oil pressure switch system.
-	
	st See Chapter 2 P 365 for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

After treatment control

■ DPF

P2463: Excessive PM accumulation (method C)

P code P2463	Name	Excessive PM accumulation (method C)
SPN/FMI 522573/0	IVAIIIC	Excessive i ivi accumulation (method c)

DTC detection criteria

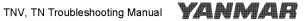
Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	DPF intermediate temperature sensor system
2. When the transition is made to the recovery regeneration mode due to the	
judgment of excessive PM amount (method C).	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Continuous operation]:
	The engine continues to operate without limitations after the error is detected.
Limited operation	No
Reset criteria	Yes: When resetting from the recovery regeneration mode, the fault mode is automatically released.
Remarks	Then this error occurs, "Backup mode" error is also defected at the same time.

Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

- 1. Insufficient regeneration capability due to the low operation load
- 2. Regeneration for the stationary regeneration request is not performed
- 3. * DPF intermediate temperature sensor system failure
- * Be sure to perform the failure diagnosis for "P0420: DPF intermediate temperature sensor temperature too low" first when this error is detected at the same time. The regeneration volume may be estimated too low by "P0420: DPF intermediate temperature sensor temperature too low".



P1463: Excessive PM accumulation (method P)

P code P1463	Name	Excessive PM accumulation (method P)
SPN/FMI 522574/0	Ivaille	Excessive Fivi accumulation (method F)

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	DPF differential pressure sensor system
2. When the transition is made to the recovery regeneration mode due to the	
judgment of excessive PM accumulation (method P).	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Continuous operation]:
	The engine continues to operate without limitations after the error is detected.
Limited operation	No
Reset criteria	Yes: When resetting from the recovery regeneration mode, the fault mode is automatically released.
Remarks	Then this error occurs, "Backup mode" error is also defected at the same time.

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

- 1. Insufficient regeneration capability due to the low operation load
- 2. Regeneration for the stationary regeneration request is not performed
- 3. * DPF differential pressure sensor failure

^{*} Be sure to perform the failure diagnosis for "P2452: DPF differential pressure sensor differential pressure rise error" first when this error is detected at the same time. The accumulated amount by P method may be estimated too high by "P2452: DPF differential pressure sensor differential pressure rise error".

P2458: Regeneration failure (stationary regeneration failure)

P code P2458		
SPN/FMI 522575/7	Name	Regeneration failure (stationary regeneration failure)

DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	DPF intermediate temperature sensor system
2. When the transition is made to the recovery regeneration mode due to incom-	Injector
plete stationary regeneration within the specified time.	DOC

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Continuous operation]:
	The engine continues to operate without limitations after the error is detected.
Limited operation	No
Reset criteria	Yes: When resetting from the recovery regeneration mode, the fault mode is automatically released.
Remarks	Then this error occurs, "Backup mode" error is also defected at the same time.

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

- 1.* DPF intermediate temperature sensor system failure
- 2. DOC deterioration or DOC breakage due to the external factor such as sulfur poisoning
- 3. Injector failure
 - · Decrease in injection quantity
 - · Injection timing error
- * Be sure to perform the failure diagnosis for "P0420: DPF intermediate temperature sensor temperature too low" first when this error is detected at the same time. The regeneration failure may be detected by "P0420: DPF intermediate temperature sensor temperature too low".



P2459: Regeneration failure (stationary regeneration not performed)

P code P2459	- Name	Regeneration failure (stationary regeneration not performed)
SPN/FMI 522577/11	Ivallie	regeneration failure (stationary regeneration not performed)

DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	Connector
2. When the transition is made to the recovery regeneration mode due to the sta-	Wire-harness
tionary regeneration not performed in the specified time or the stationary	Regeneration request lamp
regeneration is being requested.	Regeneration request switch
	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Continuous operation]:
	The engine continues to operate without limitations after the error is detected.
Limited operation	No
Reset criteria	Yes: When resetting from the recovery regeneration mode, the fault mode is automatically released.
Remarks	Then this error occurs, "Backup mode" error is also defected at the same time.

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

- 1. Poor connection of connector
- 2. Wiring failure of the wire-harness
 - Regeneration for the stationary regeneration request is not performed
 - Oversight due to the regeneration request lamp failure
 - Regeneration not performed due to the regeneration request switch failure
- 3. When the engine speed is dropped to low idling during regeneration and abandoned
- 4. ECU internal circuit failure

■ DPF OP interface

P242F: Ash cleaning request 1

P code P242F	Name Ash cleaning request 1
SPN/FMI 3720/16	Ash cleaning request i

DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	DPF
2. The ash accumulation density is greater than or equal to 50 g/L, and less than	ECU
60 g/L.	

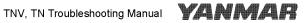
Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:
	The engine operation is limited.
Limited operation	Yes: The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.
Reset criteria	Yes: The fault mode is automatically released when the ash cleaning request is not detected.
Remarks	

Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

- 1. ECU internal circuit failure
- 2.* Increase in the actual differential pressure of the soot filter
 - · Ash is accumulated

* There are cases in which the differential pressure does not rise drastically and the actual ash accumulation is little. When this error occurs, it is highly possible that the engine has not been used for a long time. In such a case, it is required to perform the DPF maintenance.



P1420: Ash cleaning request 2

P code P1420	Name Ash cleaning request 2
SPN/FMI 3720/0	Asir oreaning request 2

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	DPF
2. Ash accumulation density is 60 g/L or more.	ECU

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:	
	The engine operation is limited.	
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.	
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.	
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min.	
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.	
Reset criteria	Yes: The fault mode is automatically released when the ash cleaning request is not detected.	
Remarks		

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

- 1. ECU internal circuit failure
- 2. * Increase in the actual differential pressure of the soot filter
 - Ash is accumulated

^{*} There are cases in which the differential pressure does not rise drastically and the actual ash accumulation is little. When this error occurs, it is highly possible that the engine has not been used for a long time. In such a case, it is required to perform the DPF maintenance.

P1421: Stationary regeneration standby

P code P1421	Name Stationary regeneration standby
SPN/FMI 3719/16	Name Stationary regeneration standay

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	Injector
2. The transition is made to the stationary regeneration mode for the factors	ECU
except for the SW/CAN direction from the outside during the stationary regen-	DOC
eration.	Piping

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:	
	The engine operation is limited.	
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.	
	The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.	
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 120 min.	
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.	
Reset criteria	Yes: The fault mode is automatically released when the stationary regeneration standby is not detected.	
Remarks		

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

- 1. Insufficient regeneration capability due to the low operation load
- 2. Because the conditions of reset regeneration and regeneration forbidden switch turned on are continued for a given period of time
- 3. ECU internal circuit failure
- 4. DOC deterioration due to the external factor such as sulfur poisoning
 - · Increase in activated temperature
- 5. Blow-by of combustion gas
 - · Catalytic damage
 - Piping damage in the passage to DOC
- 6. Injector failure
 - · Decrease in injection quantity
 - · Injection timing error

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P1424: Backup mode

P code P1424	Name Backup mode
SPN/FMI 3719/0	Name Backup mode

DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	Injector
2. The transition is made to the recovery regeneration mode and while the recov-	ECU
ery regeneration is not performed.	DOC
	Piping

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Limited operation]:
	The engine operation is limited.
Limited operation	Yes: • When sensor error occurs, rated output of the engine is reduced immediately.
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 85 %.
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].
	• EGR fully closes.
	Rated output of the engine is reduced further after 15 min.
	• The maximum engine torque is limited to 50 %.
	• The engine speed is limited to the [maximum torque speed +200 min ⁻¹].
Reset criteria	Yes: The fault mode is automatically released when the backup mode is not detected.
Remarks	

Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

- 1. It is abandoned for a given period of time in the stationary regeneration standby emergency mode
- 2. ECU internal circuit failure
- 3. DOC deterioration due to the external factor such as sulfur poisoning
 - · Increase in activated temperature
- 4. Blow-by of combustion gas
 - · Catalytic damage
 - · Piping damage in the passage to DOC
- 5. Injector failure
 - · Decrease in injection quantity
 - · Injection timing error

Note: When this error is detected, either "Excessive PM accumulation (method C)", "Excessive PM accumulation (method P)", "Regeneration failure (stationary regeneration failure)", or "Regeneration failure (stationary regeneration not performed)" is detected at the same time. When recovery regeneration fails, "Recovery regeneration failure" or "Recovery regeneration is inhibited" may be detected. Be sure to perform the failure diagnosis for the respective part.

P1425: Reset regeneration is inhibited

P code P1425		
I COUC I ITZS		
	Name Reset regeneration is inhibited	
	Name Reserveyeneration is initialized	
SPN/FMI 3695/14		
SPN/FMI 3695/14		

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	Regeneration inhibit switch (including CAN
2. The post injection is inhibited by prohibition SW of DPF regeneration when the	control)
operation transmitted to the reset regeneration mode.	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Continuous operation]:
	Engine control is not obstructed.
Limited operation	No
Reset criteria	Yes: Error determination conditions are not met.
Remarks	This function only applies to special models.

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

The mode is reset regeneration, but the regeneration is prohibited by the regeneration Inhibit switch (including CAN control) and the regeneration cannot be performed.



P1445: Recovery regeneration failure

P code P1445	Name Recovery regeneration failure
SPN/FMI 3719/9	Name Recovery regeneration famore

DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	DPF intermediate temperature sensor system
2. The recovery regeneration fails.	Injector
	DOC

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Engine stop]:
	The engine operation stops.
Limited operation	Yes: Fuel injection stops.
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

- 1.* DPF intermediate temperature sensor system failure
- 2. DOC deterioration or DOC breakage due to the external factor such as sulfur poisoning
- 3. Injector failure
 - · Decrease in injection quantity
 - · Injection timing error
- * There are cases in which this error occurs due to the regeneration failure judgment caused by "DPF intermediate temperature sensor temperature too low". When this is detected at the same time, be sure to perform the failure diagnosis for "DPF intermediate temperature sensor temperature too low" in advance.

P1446: Recovery regeneration is inhibited

P code P1446	Name Recovery regeneration is inhibited
SPN/FMI 3719/7	Name Recovery regeneration is initibiled

● DTC detection criteria

1. Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	SF
2. When recovery regeneration occurs, either of the following conditions is true:	
 "DPF PM accumulation density (C method)" is greater than or equal to the 	
threshold value of "PM accumulation density (for prohibition determination of	
recovery regeneration)" and it continues for the time same to the "prohibition	
determining time of recovery regeneration (C method)".	
• "DPF PM accumulation density (P method)" is greater than or equal to the	
threshold value of "PM accumulation density (for prohibition determination of	
recovery regeneration)" and it continues for the time more than the "prohibi-	
tion determining time of recovery regeneration (P method)".	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Engine stop]:
	The engine operation stops.
Limited operation	Yes: Fuel injection stops.
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power is turned off, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

The PM is overaccumulated and the recovery regeneration cannot be performed.

Others

■ Overspeed

P0219: Overspeed

P code P0219	Name Overspeed
SPN/FMI 190/0	Name

• DTC detection criteria

Prerequisite, 2. Judgment criteria	Check points
1. No prerequisite.	Crankshaft speed sensor
2. The engine speed is greater than the following threshold value.	Camshaft speed sensor
YMR standard:	Injector
• Maximum idling speed + 600 min ⁻¹ .	ECU
JD exclusive:	
• NV2 engine: 3,800 min ⁻¹ .	
• NV3 engine: 3,300 min ⁻¹ .	

Actions when an error occurs

Fault mode	[Engine stop]:
	The engine operation stops.
Limited operation	Yes: Fuel injection stops.
Reset criteria	Yes: When the ECU power off is detected, the fault mode is released.
Remarks	Detected speed is different in some engines with special specifications.

• Presumed cause of the failure or the error condition

- 1. Crankshaft speed sensor failure
 - Temporary failure caused by external factors such as radio waves
- 2. Camshaft speed sensor failure
 - Temporary failure caused by external factors such as radio waves
- 3. ECU internal circuit failure
- 4. Injector failure

Diagnosis

1. Initial diagnosis using	Check the fault indication.
SA-D	Switch the ECU power from ON to OFF to check the fault indication again.
	See Chapter 2 <i>P415</i> for details on the diagnosis method and procedure.

Method and Procedure of Failure Diagnosis

Description

Related DTC

The related DTCs are listed.

P code POOO	Name Error name
SPN/FMI △△····△/□□	Name Elloi hame

Workflow

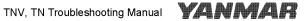
The workflow for failure diagnosis is listed.

Wire diagram

The wire diagram for the parts related to faults is listed.

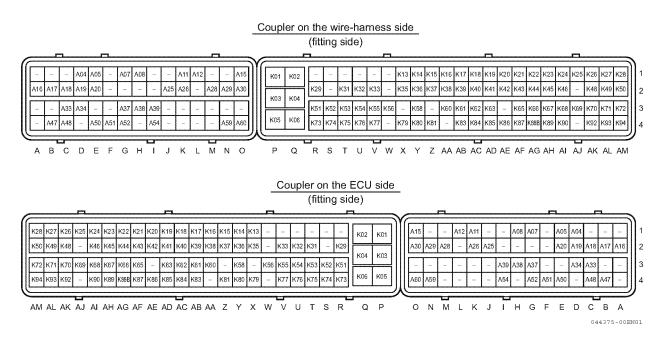
Work description

The corrective action and procedure for failure diagnosis is listed.



■ ECU pin layout diagram

3-cylinder engines



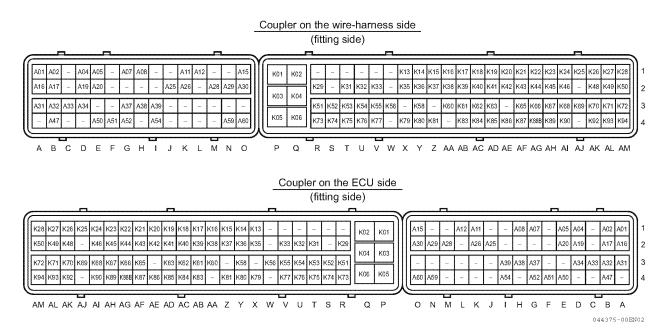
N.	0.	Terminal function name	Code	N	о.	Terminal function name	Code
A04	1-D	SCV H	MPROP-H	A47	4-B	Injector H	INJH1-4
A05	1-E	SCV L	HPPSOL	A48	4-C	Injector H	INJH1-3
A07	1-G	Sensor 5 V	5VS	A50	4-E	External 12 V	UB3
A08	1-H	Sensor 5 V	5VS	A51	4-F	Analog GND	A-GND
A11	1-K	FO temperature sensor	TFO	A52	4-G	Analog GND	A-GND
A12	1-L	DPF hi-side pressure sensor	PDPFH	A54	4-1	Crank speed	CKSPD
A15	1-0	FO temperature sensor	REOP2	A59	4-N	intake manifold temperature sensor	TIAIR
A16	2-A	Injector L	INJL1-4	A60	4-0	External 12 V	UB2
A17	2-B	Injector L	INJL1-4	K01	1-P	VB	VB
A18	2-C	Injector L	INJL1-3	K02	1-Q	ECU GND	GND
A19	2-D	Intake valve motor	IVDCM-H, L	K03	2-P	VB	VB
A20	2-E	Intake valve motor	IVDCM-H, L	K04	2-Q	ECU GND	GND
A25	2-J	Analog GND	A-GND	K05	3-P	VB	VB
A26	2-K	Rail pressure	PRAIL	K06	3-Q	ECU GND	GND
A28	2-M	CW temperature sensor	TW	K13	1-X	Speed selection enable	APP-IP6
A29	2-N	Analog GND	A-GND	K14	1-Y	Starter permission 1	APP-IP9
A30	2-0	External 12 V	UB5	K15	1-Z	LO pressure switch	LOPSW
A33	3-C	Injector H	INJH1-4	K16	1-AA	Speed 2	APP-IP4
A34	3-D	Reserve	REOP1	K17	1-AB	Hi-idle speed select	APP-IP8
A37	3-G	Cam speed	CMSPD	K18	1-AC	DPF regeneration request	REGSW
A38	3-H	Analog GND	A-GND	K19	1-AD	Speed 1	APP-IP3
A39	3-I	Crank speed	CKSPD	K20	1-AE	Intake valve sensor	IVPS

TROUBLESHOOTING

No.		Terminal function name	Code
K21	1-AF	Analog GND	A-GND
K22	1-AG	Accelerator pedal	PDLSW
K23	1-AH	Sensor 5 V	5VS
K24	1-AI	Sensor 5 V	5VS
K25	1-AJ	DPF regeneration request	DPF-M1
K26	1-AK	Iso-chronous lamp	APP-OP2
K27	1-AL	DPF regeneration inhibit lamp	DPF-M2
K28	1-AM	Starter relay	STR-RLY
K29	2-R	External 12 V	UB2
K31	2-T	DPF regeneration inhibit	REGMSW
K32	2-U	Engine stop 1	SHUDNSW
K33	2-V	EGR gas temperature sensor	TEGR
K35	2-X	Key switch start	STARTSW
K36	2-Y	Reserve analog	REAN
K37	2-Z	Droop	APP-IP1
K38	2-AA	Starter permission 2	APP-IP2
K39	2-AB	EGR low-side pressure sensor	PEGRL
K40	2-AC	Water separator sensor	WSSW
K41	2-AD	Air cleaner sensor	ACLSW
K42	2-AE	Hi-idle limit enable	APP-IP5
K43	2-AF	Sensor 5 V	5VS
K44	2-AG	Sensor 5 V	5VS
K45	2-AH	Sensor 5 V	5VS
K46	2-AI	Sensor 5 V	5VS
K48	2-AK	Red engine stop lamp	REOP4
K49	2-AL	CWT warning lamp	OVHT-LMP
K50	2-AM	Pre-heat lamp	PREHT-LMP
K51	3-R	External 12 V	UB3
K52	3-S	Analog GND	A-GND
K53	3-T	CAN-L2	CAN2L
K54	3-U	CAN-H1	CAN1H
K55	3-V	Analog GND	A-GND
K56	3-W	Exhaust gas temperature sensor	TEXMN

N	о.	Terminal function name	Code
K58	3-Y	Accelerator sensor 3	APS3
K60	3-AA	Analog GND	A-GND
K61	3-AB	Accelerator sensor 1	APS1
K62	3-AC	Analog GND	A-GND
K63	3-AD	DPF differential pressure sensor	PDPF
K65	3-AF	Analog GND	D-GND
K66	3-AG	Alternator L terminal	CHGSW
K67	3-AH	Engine stop 2	APP-IP7
K68	3-AI	External 12 V	UB2
K69	3-AJ	EGT lamp	DPF-M3
K70	3-AK	Starting aid relay	SAID-RLY
K71	3-AL	DPF regeneration acknowledge lamp	DPF-M4
K72	3-AM	Amber warning lamp	REOP3
K73	4-R	External 12 V	UB5
K74	4-S	Analog GND	A-GND
K75	4-T	CAN-H2	CAN2H
K76	4-U	CAN-L1	CAN1L
K77	4-V	Analog GND	A-GND
K79	4-X	Fresh air temperature sensor	TFAIR
K80	4-Y	DPF inside temperature sensor	TDPFM
K81	4-Z	DPF inlet temperature sensor	TDPFI
K83	4-AB	Accelerator sensor 2	APS2
K84	4-AC	Analog GND	A-GND
K85	4-AD	EGR hi-side pressure sensor	PEGR
K86	4-AE	Regeneration interlock	WDSBSW
K87	4-AF	Analog GND	D-GND
K88B	4-AG	Key switch on	IGNSW
K89	4-AH	External 12 V	UB3
K90	4-AI	External 12 V	UB3
K92	4-AK	Failure lamp	FAIL-LMP
K93	4-AL	Speed selection lamp	APP-OP1
K94	4-AM	Speed monitor	NRPM-M

4-cylinder engines



N	0,	Terminal function name	Code	N	ο.	Terminal function name	Code
A01	1-A	Injector L	INJL1-4	A39	3-I	Crank speed	CKSPD
A02	1-B	Injector L	INJL1-4	A47	4-B	Injector H	INJH1-4
A04	1-D	SCV H	MPROP-H	A50	4-E	External 12 V	UB3
A05	1-E	SCV L	HPPSOL	A51	4-F	Analog GND	A-GND
A07	1-G	Sensor 5 V	5VS	A52	4-G	Analog GND	A-GND
A08	1-H	Sensor 5 V	5VS	A54	4-1	Crank speed	CKSPD
A11	1-K	FO temperature sensor	TFO	A59	4-N	intake manifold temperature sensor	TIAIR
A12	1-L	DPF hi-side pressure sensor	PDPFH	A60	4-0	External 12 V	UB2
A15	1-0	FO temperature sensor	REOP2	K01	1-P	VB	VB
A16	2-A	Injector L	INJL1-4	K02	1-Q	ECU GND	GND
A17	2-B	Injector L	INJL1-4	K03	2-P	VB	VB
A19	2-D	Intake valve motor	IVDCM-H, L	K04	2-Q	ECU GND	GND
A20	2-E	Intake valve motor	IVDCM-H, L	K05	3-P	VB	VB
A25	2-J	Analog GND	A-GND	K06	3-Q	ECU GND	GND
A26	2-K	Rail pressure	PRAIL	K13	1-X	Speed selection enable	APP-IP6
A28	2-M	CW temperature sensor	TW	K14	1-Y	Starter permission 1	APP-IP9
A29	2-N	Analog GND	A-GND	K15	1-Z	LO pressure switch	LOPSW
A30	2-0	External 12 V	UB5	K16	1-AA	Speed 2	APP-IP4
A31	3-A	Injector H	INJH1-4	K17	1-AB	Hi-idle speed select	APP-IP8
A32	3-B	Injector H	INJH1-4	K18	1-AC	DPF regeneration request	REGSW
A33	3-C	Injector H	INJH1-4	K19	1-AD	Speed 1	APP-IP3
A34	3-D	Reserve	REOP1	K20	1-AE	Intake valve sensor	IVPS
A37	3-G	Cam speed	CMSPD	K21	1-AF	Analog GND	A-GND
A38	3-H	Analog GND	A-GND	K22	1-AG	Accelerator pedal	PDLSW

TROUBLESHOOTING

No.		Terminal function name	Code
K23	1-AH	Sensor 5 V	5VS
K24	1-AI	Sensor 5 V	5VS
K25	1-AJ	DPF regeneration request	DPF-M1
K26	1-AK	Iso-chronous lamp	APP-OP2
K27	1-AL	DPF regeneration inhibit lamp	DPF-M2
K28	1-AM	Starter relay	STR-RLY
K29	2-R	External 12 V	UB2
K31	2-T	DPF regeneration inhibit	REGMSW
K32	2-U	Engine stop 1	SHUDNSW
K33	2-V	EGR gas temperature sensor	TEGR
K35	2-X	Key switch start	STARTSW
K36	2-Y	Reserve analog	REAN
K37	2-Z	Droop	APP-IP1
K38	2-AA	Starter permission 2	APP-IP2
K39	2-AB	EGR low-side pressure sensor	PEGRL
K40	2-AC	Water separator sensor	WSSW
K41	2-AD	Air cleaner sensor	ACLSW
K42	2-AE	Hi-idle limit enable	APP-IP5
K43	2-AF	Sensor 5 V	5VS
K44	2-AG	Sensor 5 V	5VS
K45	2-AH	Sensor 5 V	5VS
K46	2-AI	Sensor 5 V	5VS
K48	2-AK	Red engine stop lamp	REOP4
K49	2-AL	CWT warning lamp	OVHT-LMP
K50	2-AM	Pre-heat lamp	PREHT-LMP
K51	3-R	External 12 V	UB3
K52	3-S	Analog GND	A-GND
K53	3-T	CAN-L2	CAN2L
K54	3-U	CAN-H1	CAN1H
K55	3-V	Analog GND	A-GND
K56	3-W	Exhaust gas temperature sensor	TEXMN
K58	3-Y	Accelerator sensor 3	APS3

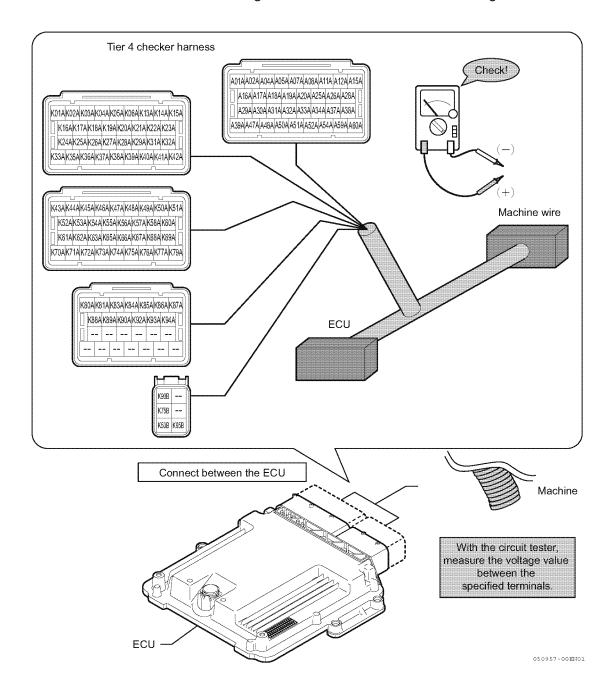
N	0.	Terminal function name	Code		
K60	3-AA	Analog GND	A-GND		
K61	3-AB	Accelerator sensor 1	APS1		
K62	3-AC	Analog GND	A-GND		
K63	3-AD	DPF differential pressure sensor	PDPF		
K65	3-AF	Analog GND	D-GND		
K66	3-AG	Alternator L terminal	CHGSW		
K67	3-AH	Engine stop 2	APP-IP7		
K68	3-AI	External 12 V	UB2		
K69	3-AJ	EGT lamp	DPF-M3		
K70	3-AK	Starting aid relay	SAID-RLY		
K71	3-AL	DPF regeneration acknowledge lamp	DPF-M4		
K72	3-AM	Amber warning lamp	REOP3		
K73	4-R	External 12 V	UB5		
K74	4-S	Analog GND	A-GND		
K75	4-T	CAN-H2	CAN2H		
K76	4-U	CAN-L1	CAN1L		
K77	4-V	Analog GND	A-GND		
K79	4-X	Fresh air temperature sensor	TFAIR		
K80	4-Y	DPF inside temperature sensor	TDPFM		
K81	4-Z	DPF inlet temperature sensor	TDPFI		
K83	4-AB	Accelerator sensor 2	APS2		
K84	4-AC	Analog GND	A-GND		
K85	4-AD	EGR hi-side pressure sensor	PEGR		
K86	4-AE	Regeneration interlock	WDSBSW		
K87	4-AF	Analog GND	D-GND		
K88B	4-AG	Key switch on	IGNSW		
K89	4-AH	External 12 V	UB3		
K90	4-AI	External 12 V	UB3		
K92	4-AK	Failure lamp	FAIL-LMP		
K93	4-AL	Speed selection lamp	APP-OP1		
K94	4-AM	Speed monitor	NRPM-M		



■ How to use the Tier 4 checker harness

When you perform the ECU related failure diagnosis, use the Tier 4 checker harness to measure the voltage value. Therefore, remove the ECU and the machine wire-harness and connect the Tier 4 checker harness between the ECU and the machine wire-harness prior to the failure diagnosis.

- Note For the details of the failure diagnosis on each part, refer to the following description.
 - Use the circuit tester to measure the voltage value in accordance with the following table as a reference.



Sensor related

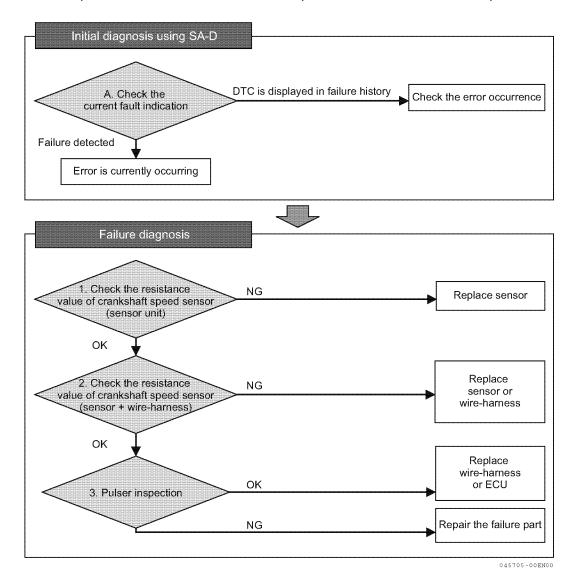
■ Crankshaft speed sensor

Related DTC

P code	P0336	Name Crankshaft signal error	
SPN/FMI	522400/2	Name Crankshaft signal error	
P code	P0337	Name No signal from crankshaft	
SPN/FMI	522400/5	Tank of Signal Homorality	
P code	P0008	Name No signal on both crankshaft and camshaft speed sensor	,
SPN/FMI	523249/5		

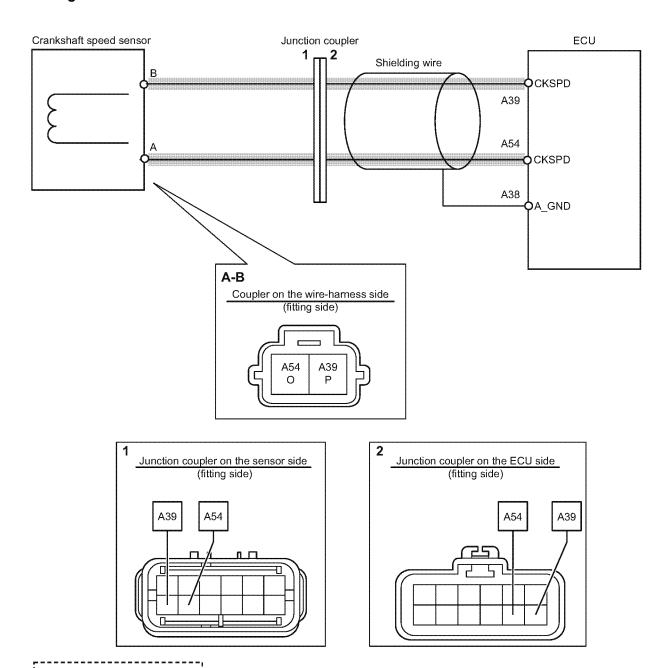
Workflow

Note: See "Work description" for work details. Go to "SA-D Operation Manual" for the SA-D operation.



YANMAR

Wire diagram



Note: See P289 for the ECU pin layout.

: Check points

045706-00EN00

Work description

- 1. Checking the resistance values of the crankshaft speed sensor
 - 1-Remove the crankshaft speed sensor from the wire-harness.
 - 2-Using a circuit tester, measure the resistance value between crankshaft speed sensors A and B.

Reference: Resistance value between crankshaft speed sensor terminals

Terminal	Specifications
Sensor A - B	1050 Ω (Error 10 %)

NG	Replace the crankshaft speed sensor.
ОК	Go to "Checking the resistance values of the crankshaft speed sensor (sensor and wire-harness)".

- 2. Checking the resistance values of the crankshaft speed sensor (sensor and wire-harness)
 - 1-Remove the ECU from the wire-harness while the crankshaft speed sensor and the wire-harness are connected.
 - 2-Using a circuit tester, measure the resistance value between ECU connector terminals A39 A54 on the wireharness side.

Note: See the above "Reference: Resistance value between crankshaft speed sensor terminals".

NG	The coupler between the sensor and the wire-harness may be defective. Replace the sensor.
ING	Replace the wire-harness.
OK	Go to "Pulser inspection".

3. Pulser inspection

1-Check the pulser for cracks, pieces of metal, distortion, etc.

_	
NG	Repair the failure part.
OK	The coupler between the ECU and the wire-harness may be defective. Replace the wire-harness.
OK	Replace the ECU.

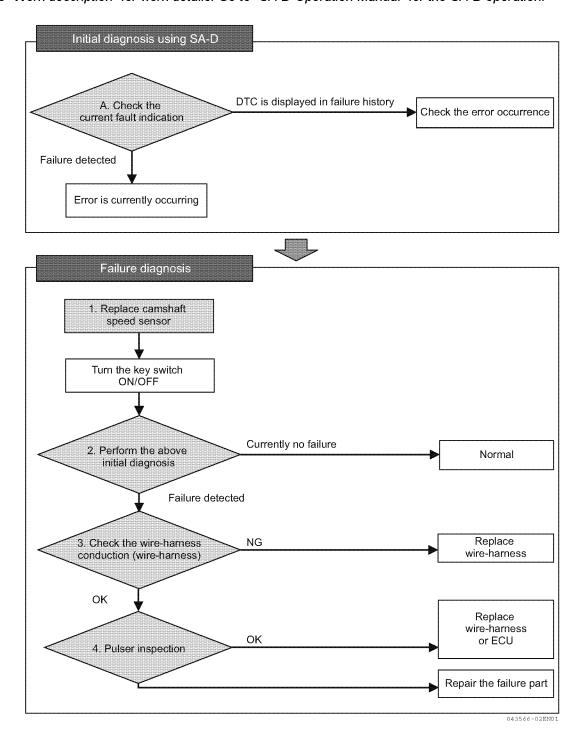
■ Camshaft speed sensor

Related DTC

P code	P0341	Name	Camshaft signal error	
SPN/FMI	522401/2	Name		
P code	P0342			
SPN/FMI	522401/5	Name	No signal from camshaft	
	** D			
P code	P0008	Name	No signal on both crankshaft and camshaft speed sensor	
SPN/FMI	523249/5			

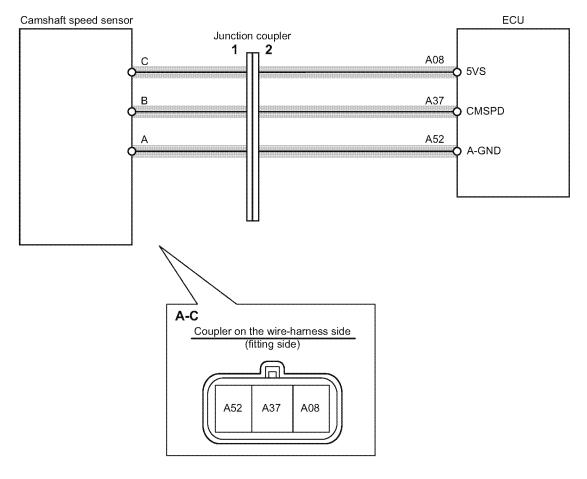
Workflow

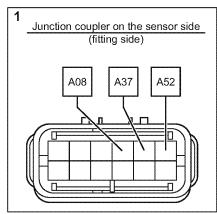
Note: See "Work description" for work details. Go to "SA-D Operation Manual" for the SA-D operation.

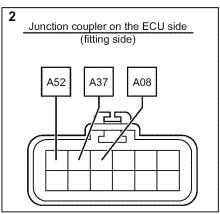


YANMAR

Wire diagram









045708-00EN00

Note: See P289 for the ECU pin layout.

Work description

- 1. Replacing the camshaft speed sensor
 - 1-Remove the camshaft speed sensor from the wire-harness and replace it.

2. Operation using SA-D

- 1-Turn off the key switch, turn on the key switch again, and start the engine.
- 2-Connect the SA-D and check the current fault indication to see whether an error is detected.

No	Normal
Yes	Go to "Checking the wire-harness conduction".

3. Checking the wire-harness conduction

- 1-Remove the wire-harness from the camshaft speed sensor and the ECU. However, connect the junction coupler.
- 2-While referring to the P289 "ECU pin layout diagram", check the conduction of the wire-harness between terminals 1 and 2 in the chart below.

Reference: Pattern for checking the conduction of the camshaft speed sensor 1

Terminal 1 (Wire-harness connec- tor on ECU side)	Terminal 2 (Wire-harness connector on camshaft speed sensor side)	Conduction	State
A08	Camshaft speed sensor	No	NG: Error
7.00	terminal C	Yes	OK: Normal
A37	Camshaft speed sensor	No	No
A31	terminal B	Yes	Yes
A52	Camshaft speed sensor	No	No
A32	terminal A	Yes	Yes

Reference: Pattern for checking the conduction of the camshaft speed sensor 2

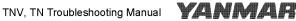
Terminal 1 (Wire-harness connec- tor on ECU side)	Terminal 2 (Wire-harness connec- tor on ECU side)	Conduction	State
A 00		Yes	NG: Error
A08	All other terminals	No	OK: Normal
A27		Yes	NG: Error
A37		No	OK: Normal
		Yes	NG: Error
A32		No	OK: Normal

NG	Wire-harness disconnection or short circuit. Replace the wire-harness.
ОК	Go to "Pulser inspection".

4. Pulser inspection

1-Check the pulser for cracks, pieces of metal, distortion, etc.

NG	Repair the failure part.
OK	Replace the wire-harness.
OI.	Replace the ECU.



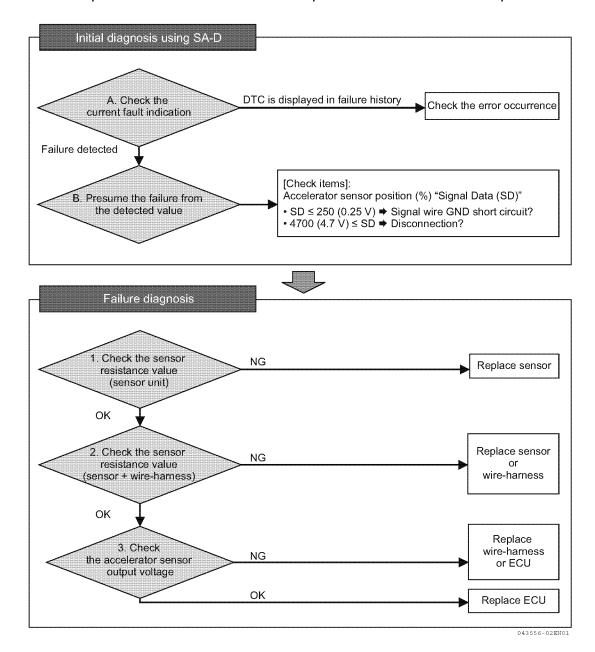
■ Accelerator sensor

● Related DTC

P code	P0123	Name	Accelerator concer 1 error (voltage high)	
SPN/FMI	91/3	Name	Accelerator sensor 1 error (voltage high)	
P code	P0122			
SPN/FMI	91/4	Name	Accelerator sensor 1 error (voltage low)	
P code	P0223			
SPN/FMI	28/3	Name	Accelerator sensor 2 error (voltage high)	
P code	P0222			
SPN/FMI	28/4	Name	Accelerator sensor 2 error (voltage low)	
P code	P0228			
SPN/FMI	29/3	Name	Accelerator sensor 3 error (voltage high)	
P code	P0227		A	
SPN/FMI	29/4	Name	Accelerator sensor 3 error (voltage low)	

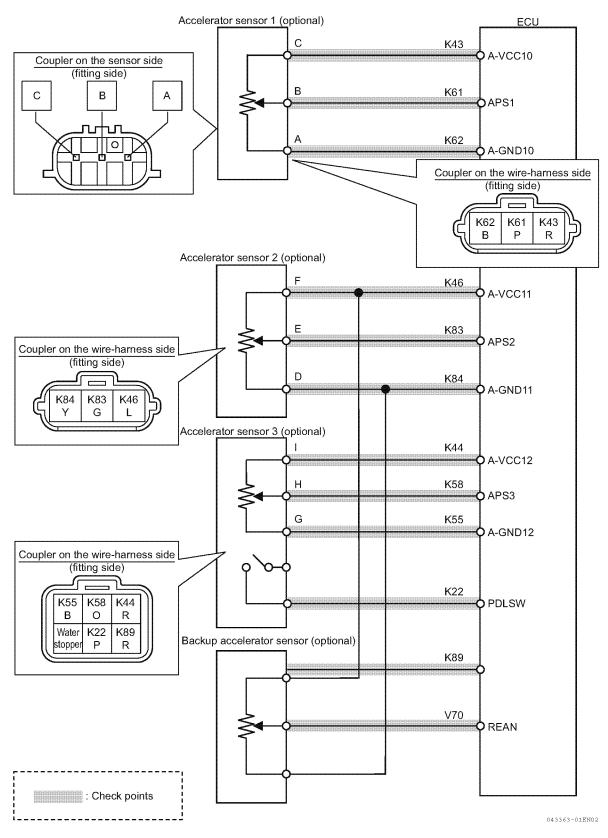
Workflow

Note: See "Work description" for work details. Go to "SA-D Operation Manual" for the SA-D operation.



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Wiring diagram



Note: See P289 for the ECU pin layout.

Work description

- 1. Checking the sensor resistance value (sensor unit)
 - Between the accelerator sensor 1 terminals A and C (accelerator sensor 2 terminals D and F) (accelerator sensor 3 terminals G and I) (overall resistance value)
 - 1-Remove the accelerator sensor from the wire-harness.
 - 2-Using a circuit tester, measure the resistance value between sensor terminals A and C (D and F) (G and I) (overall resistance value).

Reference: YANMAR standard accelerator sensor overall resistance value

Terminal	Specifications
Sensor A to C (sensor D to F)	5 ± 1.5 kΩ

NG	Replace the accelerator sensor.
ок	Go to "Between accelerator sensor terminals A and B (D and E) (G and H)".

- Between accelerator sensor terminals A and B (D and E) (G and H)
 - 1-Using a circuit tester, measure the resistance value between accelerator sensor terminals A and B (D and E)
 - 2- Move the accelerator throttle, and check if the resistance value between accelerator sensor terminals A and B fluctuates.

NG	Replace the accelerator sensor.
ок	Go to "Checking the sensor resistance value (sensor and wire-harness)".

- 2. Checking the sensor resistance value (sensor and wire-harness)
 - Between wire-harnesses K43 and K62 (K46 and K84) (K44 and K55) (overall resistance value)
 - 1-Connect the accelerator sensor and wire-harness then remove the ECU from the wire-harness.
 - 2-Using a circuit tester, measure the resistance value (overall resistance value) between ECU connectors K43 and K62 (K46 and K84) (K44 and K55) on the wire-harness side.

Note: See above "Reference: YANMAR standard accelerator sensor overall resistance value".

NG	The coupler between the sensor and the wire-harness may be defective. Replace the sensor.		
NG	Replace the wire-harness.		
ОК	Go to "Between wire-harnesses K61 and K62 (K83 and K84) (K58 and K55) ".		

- Between wire-harnesses K61 and K62 (K83 and K84) (K58 and K55)
 - 1-Using a circuit tester, measure the resistance value between ECU connectors K61 and K62 (K83 and K84) (K58 and K55).
- 2-Move the accelerator throttle, and check if the resistance value between ECU connectors K61 and K62 (K83 and K84) (K58 and K55) fluctuates.

NG	The coupler between the sensor and the wire-harness may be defective. Replace the sensor.
ING	Replace the wire-harness.
ок	Go to "Checking the accelerator sensor output voltage".



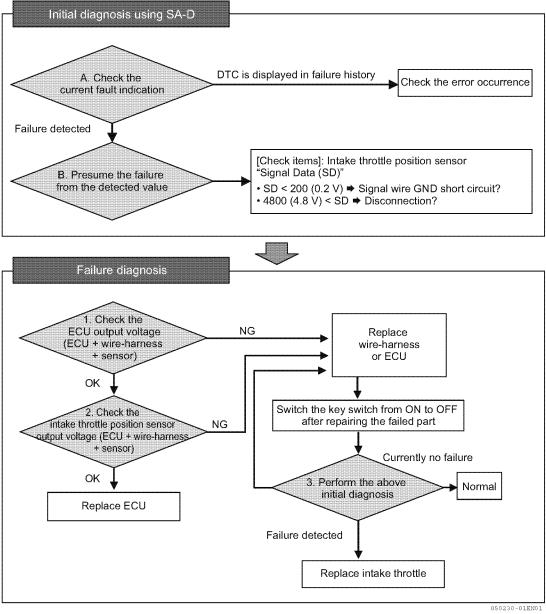
■ Intake throttle position sensor

Related DTC

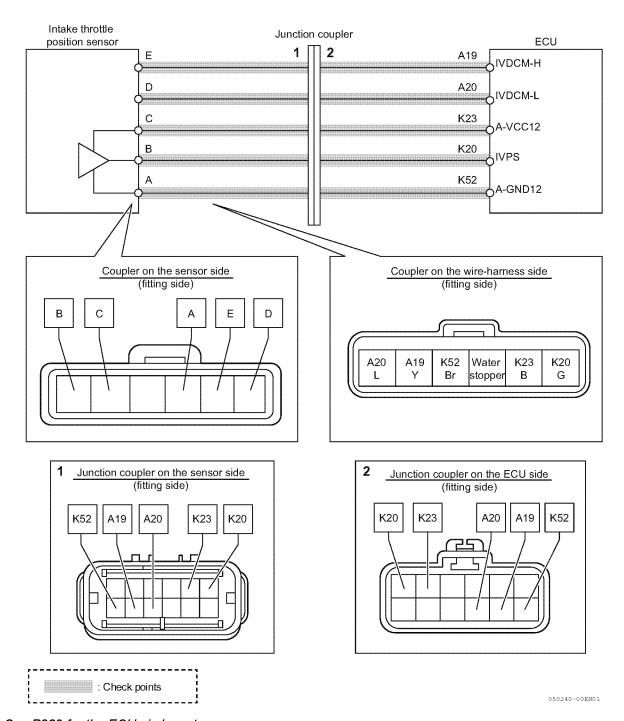
P code P02E8	Name	Intake throttle position sensor error (voltage Low)	
SPN/FMI 51/4	Name	ilitake throttle position sensor error (voltage Low)	
P code P02E9	Name	Intake throttle position sensor error (voltage High)	
		ee.e.e.e.e.e.e.e.e.e.e.e.e.e.	

Workflow

Note: See "Work description" for work details. Go to "SA-D Operation Manual" for the SA-D operation.



Wiring diagram



Note: See P289 for the ECU pin layout.

YANMAR

Work description

- 1. Checking the ECU output voltage
 - 1- Connect the checker harness between the ECU and engine wire-harness. Also, connect all connectors (sensor, wire-harness, ECU).
 - 2-Using a circuit tester, measure the voltage between the intake throttle position sensors 5 V K23 and K52.

Voltage	State	Corrective action
V02 - 4.075 M	NO	Replace the wire-harness.
K23 < 4.375 V	NG	Replace the ECU.
4.375 V ≤ K23 ≤ 5.625 V	OK (Normal range)	Check the intake throttle position sensor output voltage.
5 625 V < K23	NC	Replace the wire-harness.
0.020 V \ N.20	NG	Replace the ECU.

NG	Replace the wire-harness or ECU, and turn off and on the key switch and perform the diagnosis using
140	the SMARTASSIST-DIRECT (SA-D).
ОК	Go to "Checking the intake throttle position sensor output voltage".

- 2. Checking the intake throttle position sensor output voltage
 - 1- Connect the checker harness between the ECU and engine wire-harness. Also, connect all connectors (sensor, wire-harness, ECU).
 - 2-Using a circuit tester, measure the voltage between the sensor signals K20 and K52.

Voltage	State	Corrective action
K20 < 0.6 V	NG	Replace the wire-harness. Replace the ECU.
0.65 V ≤ K20 ≤ 4.4 V	OK (Normal range)	Replace the ECU.
4.4 V < K20	NG	Replace the wire-harness. Replace the ECU.

NG	Replace the wire-harness or ECU, and turn off and on the key switch and perform the diagnosis using
IVG	the SMARTASSIST-DIRECT (SA-D).
ок	Replace the ECU.

- 3. Operation using SA-D
 - 1-Turn off the key switch, turn on the key switch again, and start the engine.
 - 2- Connect the SA-D and check the current fault indication to see whether an error is detected.

No	Normal
Applied	Replace the intake throttle.

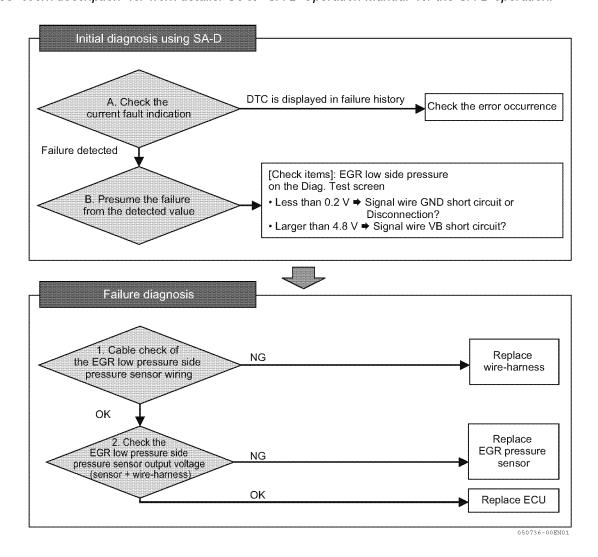
■ EGR low pressure side pressure sensor

Related DTC

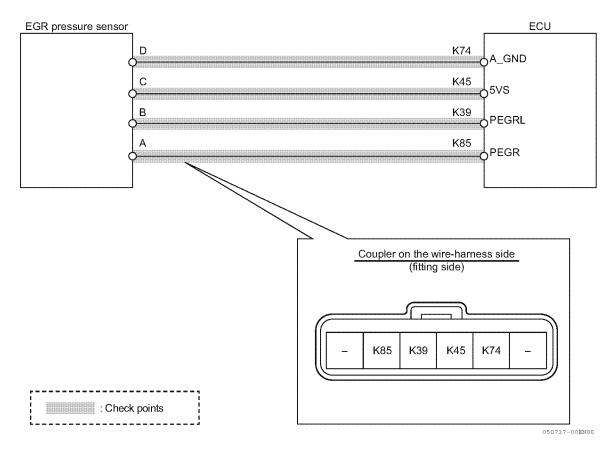
P code	P0238	Name	EGR low pressure side pressure sensor error
SPN/FMI	102/3	Warne	(voltage high)
	1 5 6 6 7		
P code	P0237	Name	EGR low pressure side pressure sensor error
SPN/FMI	102/4		(voltage low)
P code	P0236		EGR low pressure side pressure sensor error
		Name	
SPN/FMI	102/13		(abnormal learning value)

Workflow

Note: See "Work description" for work details. Go to "SA-D Operation Manual" for the SA-D operation.



Wire diagram



Note: See P289 for the ECU pin layout.

Work description

- 1. Cable check of the EGR low pressure side pressure sensor wiring
 - 1-Remove the wire-harness from the EGR pressure sensor and the ECU.
 - 2-Using a circuit tester, check the cable of the wire-harness.

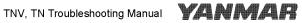
Terminal	Cable check	State
D / D ///00	OK	Normal
Between B and K39	NG	Wire-harness failure
Between C and K45	OK	Normal
Detween C and N45	NG	Wire-harness failure
Batusan D and 1/74	OK	Normal
Between D and K74	NG	Wire-harness failure

NG	Check if the wire-harness is damaged or there is mis-wiring.		
NO	Replace the wire-harness.		
OK	Go to "Check the EGR low pressure side pressure sensor output voltage (sensor + wire-harness)".		

- 2. Checking the EGR low pressure side pressure sensor output voltage (sensor + wire-harness)
 - 1-Connect the checker harness between the ECU and engine wire-harness. Also, connect all connectors (sen-
 - 2-Using a circuit tester, measure the voltage value between the EGR low pressure side pressure sensor signals K39 and K74.

Voltage	State	Corrective action
K39 < 0.2 V	NC	Replace the wire-harness.
N39 < 0.2 V	NG	Replace the ECU.
0.2 V ≤ K39 ≤ 4.8 V	OK (normal range)	Replace the ECU.
40.77 - K20	NG	Replace the wire-harness.
4.8 V < K39		Replace the ECU.

NG	Replace the EGR pressure sensor. Then, check the output voltage again.
OK	Replace the ECU.



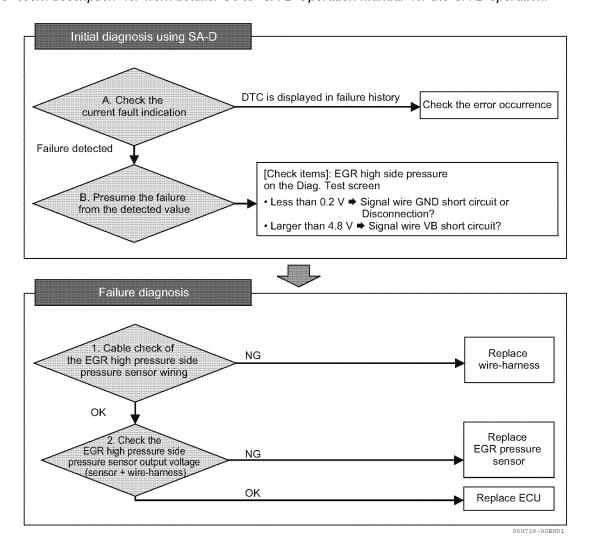
■ EGR high pressure side pressure sensor

Related DTC

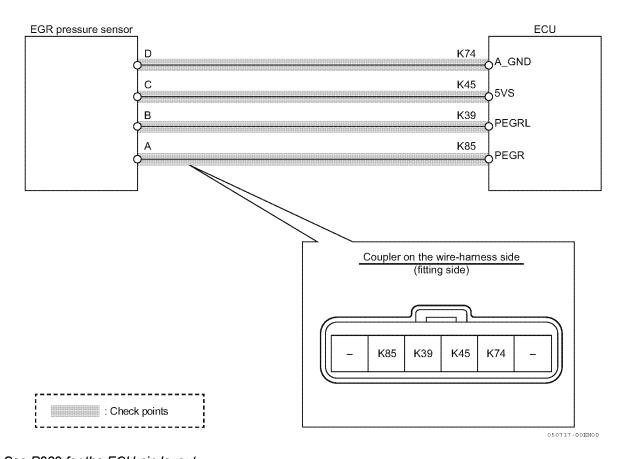
P code	P0473	Name	EGR high pressure side pressure sensor error
SPN/FMI	1209/3	Name	(voltage high)
	D0470		
P code	P0472	Name	EGR high pressure side pressure sensor error
SPN/FMI	1209/4		(voltage low)
			I
P code	P0471	Name	EGR high pressure side pressure sensor error
SPN/FMI	1209/13		(abnormal learning value)

Workflow

Note: See "Work description" for work details. Go to "SA-D Operation Manual" for the SA-D operation.



Wire diagram



Note: See P289 for the ECU pin layout.

Work description

- 1. Cable check of the EGR high pressure side pressure sensor wiring
 - 1-Remove the wire-harness from the EGR pressure sensor and the ECU.
 - 2-Using a circuit tester, check the cable of the wire-harness.

Terminal	Cable check	State
Between A and K85	OK	Normal
Betweell A allu Koo	NG	Wire-harness failure
Debugen C and VAE	OK	Normal
Between C and K45	NG	Wire-harness failure
Between D and K74	OK	Normal
Detween D and K/4	NG	Wire-harness failure

NG	Check if the wire-harness is damaged or there is mis-wiring.		
ING	Replace the wire-harness.		
OK	Go to "Check the EGR high pressure side pressure sensor output voltage (sensor + wire-harness)".		

- 2. Checking the EGR high pressure side pressure sensor output voltage (sensor + wire-harness)
 - 1- Connect the checker harness between the ECU and engine wire-harness. Also, connect all connectors (sen-
 - 2-Using a circuit tester, measure the voltage value between the EGR high pressure side pressure sensor signals K85 and K74.

Voltage	State	Corrective action
K85 < 0.2 V	NG	Replace the wire-harness.
\(\chi_05 < 0.2 \\ \chi_0.2 \		Replace the ECU.
0.2 V ≤ K85 ≤ 4.8 V	OK (normal range)	Replace the ECU.
4.8 V < K85	NG	Replace the wire-harness.
4.6 V \ 1.63		Replace the ECU.

NG Replace the EGR pressure sensor. Then, check the output voltage again.
OK Replace the ECU.

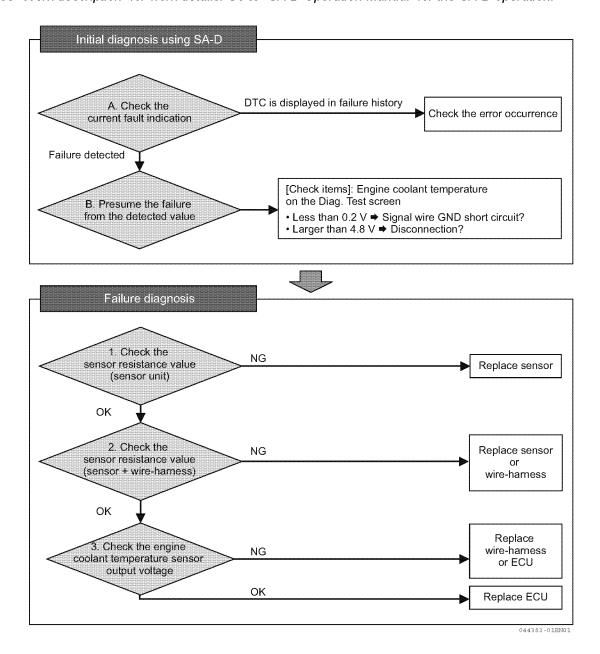
■ Engine coolant temperature sensor

Related DTC

P code	P0117	Name Engine coolant tempera	Engine coolant temperature sensor error (voltage low)	
SPN/FMI	110/4	Manie Liigilie Coolant tempera	ture sensor error (voltage low)	
D 1-	D0440			
P code	P0118	Name Engine coolant tempera	ture sensor error (voltage high)	
SPN/FMI	110/3			
P code	P0217	Name = Frank	Auro himb (auromb a sá)	
SPN/FMI	110/0	Name Engine coolant tempera	ture nign (overneat)	

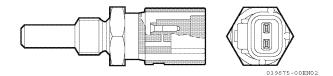
Workflow

Note: See "Work description" for work details. Go to "SA-D Operation Manual" for the SA-D operation.

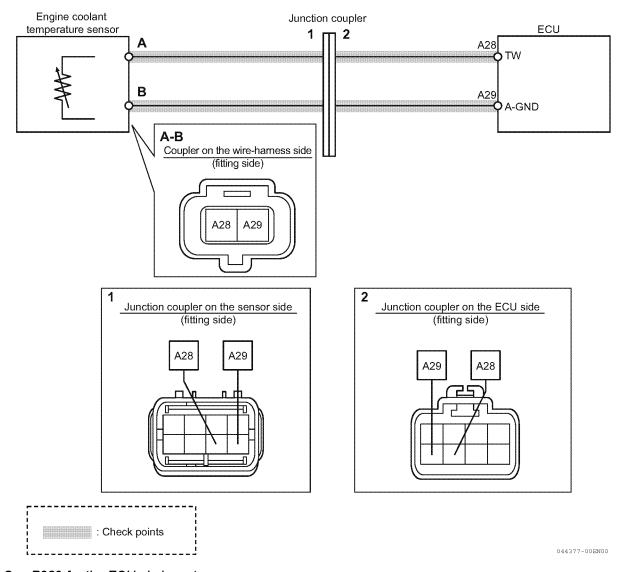


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Sensor diagram

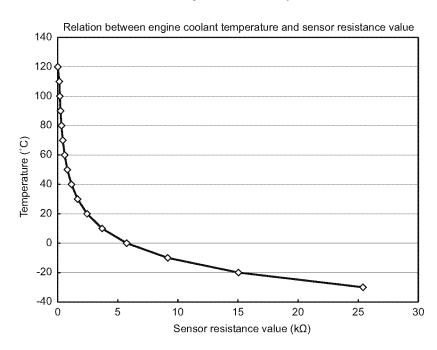


Wire diagram



- 1. Checking the sensor resistance value (sensor unit)
 - 1-Remove the wire-harness from the engine coolant temperature sensor.
 - 2-Using a circuit tester, measure the resistance value between engine coolant temperature sensor terminals A and B.
 - 3-Using "Engine coolant temperature sensor characteristics", make sure that the measured resistance value is within the normal range.

Engine coolant temperature sensor characteristics



(°C) -30	value (kΩ) 25.40
-30	
-20	15.04
-10	9.16
0	5.74
10	3.70
20	2.45
30	1.66
40	1.15
50	0.811
60	0.584
70	0.428
80	0.318
90	0.240
100	0.184
110	0.142
120	0.111

043366-01EN00

NG	Replace the engine coolant temperature sensor.
ОК	Go to "Checking the sensor resistance value (sensor and wire-harness)".

- 2. Checking the sensor resistance value (sensor and wire-harness)
 - 1-Connect the engine coolant temperature sensor and wire-harness, then remove the ECU from the wire-har-
 - 2-Using a circuit tester, measure the resistance value between ECU connector terminals A28 and A29 on the wire-harness side.
 - 3-Using "Engine coolant temperature sensor characteristics", make sure that the measured resistance value is within the normal range.

NG	The coupler between the sensor and the wire-harness may be defective. Replace the sensor.
NO	Replace the wire-harness.
ОК	Go to "Checking the engine coolant temperature sensor output voltage".

- 3. Checking the engine coolant temperature sensor output voltage
 - 1-Connect the checker harness between the ECU and engine wire-harness. Also connect all connectors (sen-
 - 2-Using a circuit tester, measure the voltage of the engine coolant temperature sensor signals between A28 and A29.

Voltage	State	Corrective action
A20 < 0.2 V	NC	Replace the wire-harness.
A28 < 0.2 V	NG	Replace the ECU.
0.2 V ≤ A28 ≤ 4.8 V	OK (normal range)	Replace the ECU.
4.8 V < A28	NC	Replace the wire-harness.
4.0 V \ A20	NG	Replace the ECU.

NG	• The coupler between the wire-harness and the ECU may be defective. Replace the wire-harness.
ING	Replace the ECU.
ок	Replace the ECU.

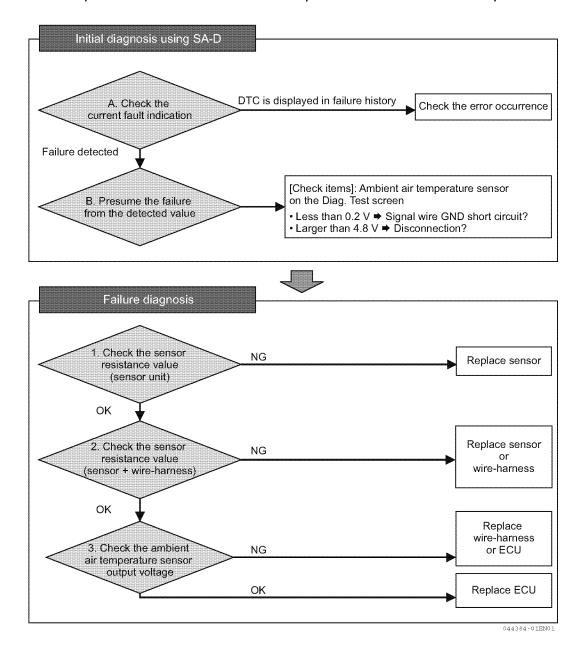
■ Ambient air temperature sensor

Related DTC

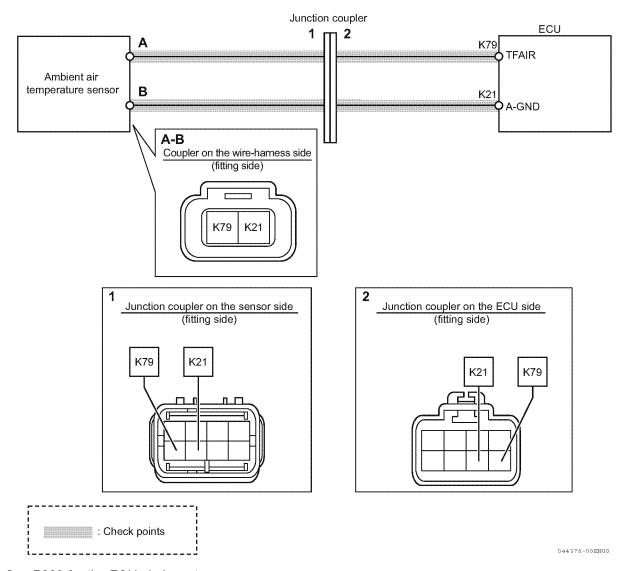
P code P0112	Name Ambient air temperature sensor error (voltage low)
SPN/FMI 172/4	Name Ambient an temperature sensor error (voltage low)
P code P0113 SPN/FMI 172/3	Name Ambient air temperature sensor error (voltage high)

Workflow

Note: See "Work description" for work details. Go to "SA-D Operation Manual" for the SA-D operation.

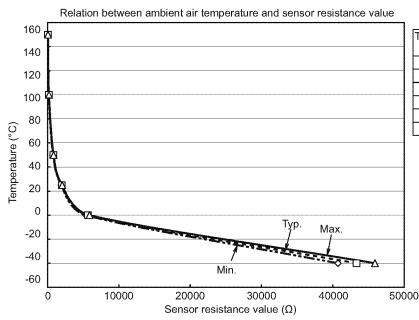


YANMAR



- 1. Checking the sensor resistance value (sensor unit)
 - 1-Remove the wire-harness from the ambient air temperature sensor.
 - 2-Using a circuit tester, measure the resistance value between ambient air temperature sensor terminals A and B.
 - 3-Using "Ambient air temperature sensor characteristics", make sure that the measured resistance value is within the normal range.

Ambient air temperature sensor characteristics



Temperature	Sensor resistance value (Ω)		
(°C)	Min.	Тур.	Max.
-40	40720	43318	45918
0	5417	5652	5886
25	1940	2000	2060
50	783.6	812.8	842.1
100	177.1	186	194.4
150	54.48	57.96	61.44

NG	Replace the ambient air temperature sensor.
OK	Go to "Checking the sensor resistance value (sensor and wire-harness)".

- 2. Checking the sensor resistance value (sensor and wire-harness)
 - 1-Connect the ambient air temperature sensor and wire-harness then remove the ECU from the wire-harness.
 - 2-Using a circuit tester, measure the resistance value between ECU connector terminals K79 and K21 on the wire-harness side.
 - 3-Using "Ambient air temperature sensor characteristics", make sure that not the measured resistance value is within the normal range.

NG	The coupler between the sensor and the wire-harness may be defective. Replace the sensor.	
NO.	Replace the wire-harness.	
ОК	Go to "Checking the ambient air temperature sensor output voltage".	

- 3. Checking the ambient air temperature sensor output voltage
 - 1-Connect the checker harness between the ECU and engine wire-harness. Also connect all connectors (sensor, ECU).
 - 2-Using a circuit tester, measure the voltage between ambient air temperature sensor signals K79 and A21.

Voltage	State	Corrective action
K79 < 0.15 V	NG	Replace the wire-harness. Replace the ECU.
0.15 V ≤ K79 ≤ 4.85 V	OK (normal range)	Replace the ECU.
4.85 V < K79	NG	Replace the wire-harness. Replace the ECU.

NG	• The coupler between the wire-harness and the ECU may be defective. Replace the wire-harness.
ING	Replace the ECU.
ОК	Replace the ECU.

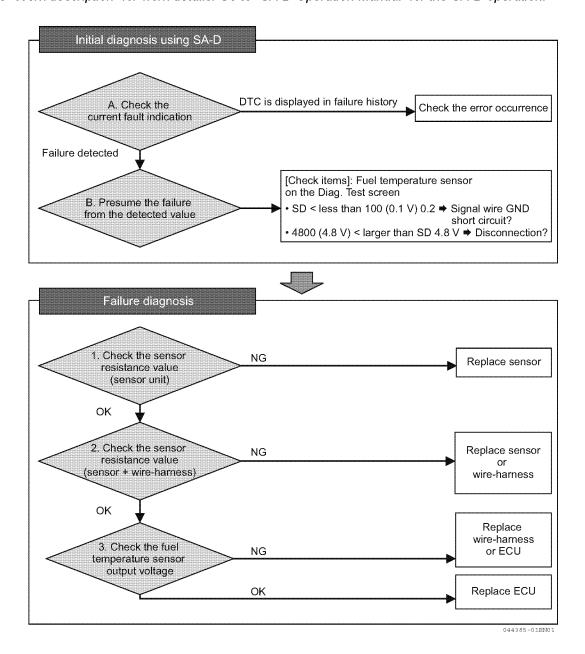
■ Fuel temperature sensor

Related DTC

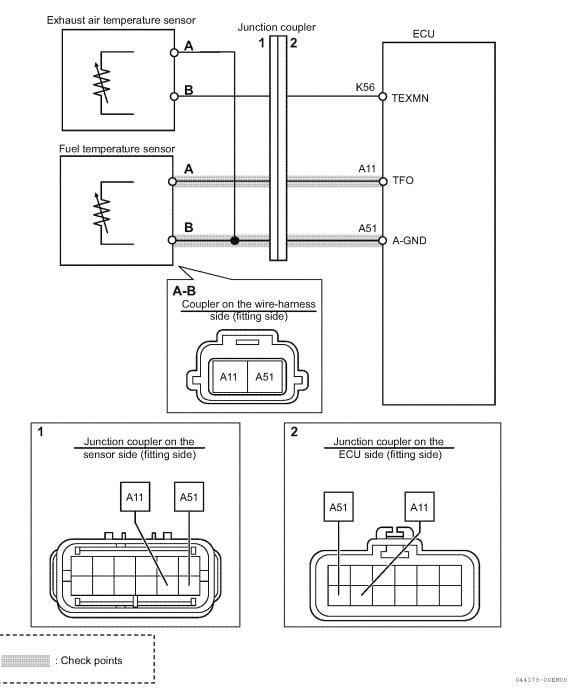
P code	P0182	Name	Fuel temperature sensor error (voltage low)	
SPN/FMI	174/4	Name	ruer temperature sensor error (voitage low)	
P code	P0183			
SPN/FMI	174/3	Name	Fuel temperature sensor error (voltage high)	
SFIWF WII	174/3			
P code	P0168	Name	Fuel temperature high	
SPN/FMI	174/0	ivame	Fuel temperature high	

Workflow

Note: See "Work description" for work details. Go to "SA-D Operation Manual" for the SA-D operation.

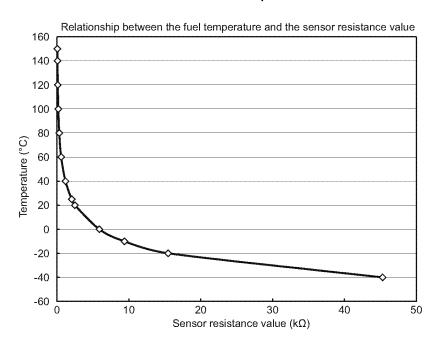


YANMAR



- 1. Checking the sensor resistance value (sensor unit)
 - 1-Remove the wire-harness from the fuel temperature sensor.
 - 2-Using a circuit tester, measure the resistance value between fuel temperature sensor terminals A and B.
 - 3-Using "Fuel temperature sensor characteristics", make sure that the measured resistance value is within the normal range.

Fuel temperature sensor characteristics



Temp. (°C)	Resistance[kΩ]
-40	45.313
-20	15.462
-10	9.397
0	5.896
20	2.5
25	2.057
40	1.175
60	0.596
80	0.323
100	0.186
120	0.113
140	0.071
150	0.057

NG	Replace the fuel temperature sensor.
ок	Go to "Checking the sensor resistance value (sensor and wire-harness)".

- 2. Checking the sensor resistance value (sensor and wire-harness)
 - 1-Connect the fuel temperature sensor and wire-harness, then remove the ECU from the wire-harness.
 - 2-Using a circuit tester, measure the resistance value between ECU connector terminals A11 and A51. on the wire-harness side.
 - 3-Using "Fuel temperature sensor characteristics", make sure that the measured resistance value is within the normal range.

NG	The coupler between the sensor and the wire-harness may be defective. Replace the sensor.
NG	Replace the wire-harness.
OK	Go to "Checking the fuel temperature sensor output voltage".

- 3. Checking the fuel temperature sensor output voltage
 - 1-Connect the checker harness between the ECU and engine wire-harness. Also connect all connectors (sensor, ECU).
 - 2-Using a circuit tester, measure the voltage between the sensor signals A11 and A51.

Voltage	State	Corrective action
A11 < 0.2 V	NG	Replace the wire-harness.
A11 < 0.2 V	ING	Replace the ECU.
0.2 V ≤ A11 ≤ 4.8 V	OK (normal range)	Replace the ECU.
4 8 V < A11	NG	Replace the wire-harness.
4.6 V \ A11	ING	Replace the ECU.

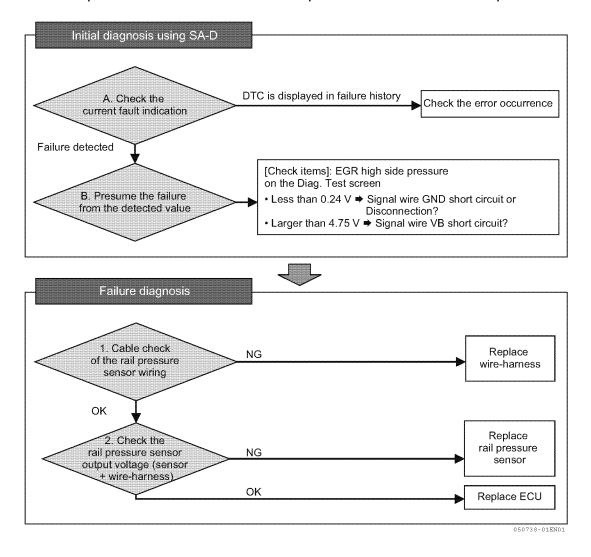
	•	• The coupler between the fuel temperature sensor and the ECU may be defective. Replace the wire-
NG		harness.
	•	• Replace the ECU.
ок	R	Replace the ECU.

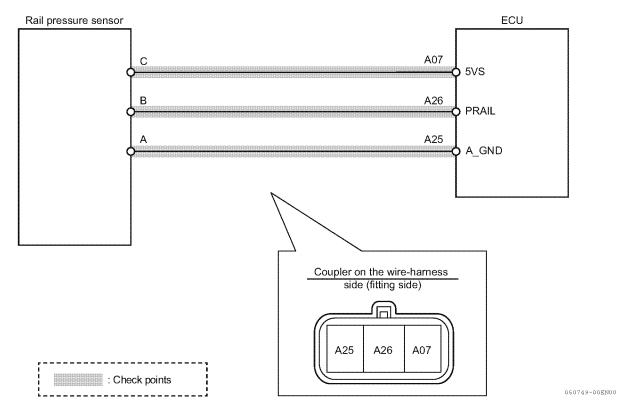
■ Rail pressure sensor

Related DTC

P code P0193	Name Rail pressure sensor error (voltage high)	
SPN/FMI 157/3	Name Rail pressure sensor error (voltage high)	
P code P0192	Name Rail pressure sensor error (voltage low)	

Workflow





- 1. Cable check of the rail pressure sensor wiring
 - 1-Remove the wire-harness from the rail pressure sensor and the ECU.
 - 2-Using a circuit tester, check the cable of the wire-harness.

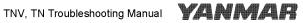
Terminal	Cable check	State
Between A and A25	OK	Normal
Detween A and A23	NG	Wire-harness failure
Between B and A26	OK	Normal
Detween D and A20	NG	Wire-harness failure
Between C and A07	OK	Normal
Detween C and A07	NG	Wire-harness failure

NG	Check if the wire-harness is damaged or there is mis-wiring.
NG	Replace the wire-harness.
ок	Go to "Check the rail pressure sensor output voltage (sensor + wire-harness)".

- 2. Checking the rail pressure sensor output voltage (sensor + wire-harness)
 - 1-Connect the checker harness between the ECU and engine wire-harness. Also, connect all connectors (sen-
 - 2-Using a circuit tester, measure the voltage value between the rail pressure sensor signals K26 and K25.

Voltage	State	Corrective action
A26 < 0.24 V	NC	Replace the wire-harness.
A26 < 0.24 V	NG	Replace the ECU.
0.24 V ≤ A26 ≤ 4.75 V	OK (normal range)	Replace the ECU.
4 75 V < A26	NC	Replace the wire-harness.
4.75 V < A26	NG	Replace the ECU.

NG	Replace the rail pressure sensor. Then, check the output voltage again.
ОК	Replace the ECU.

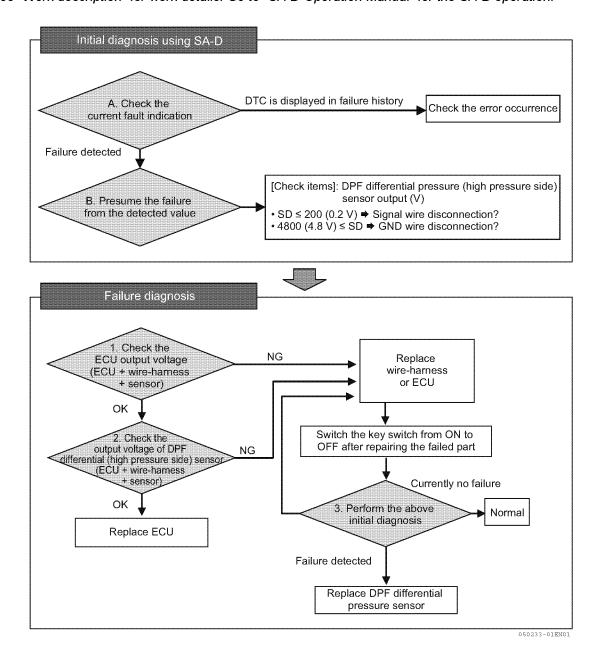


■ DPF differential pressure sensor

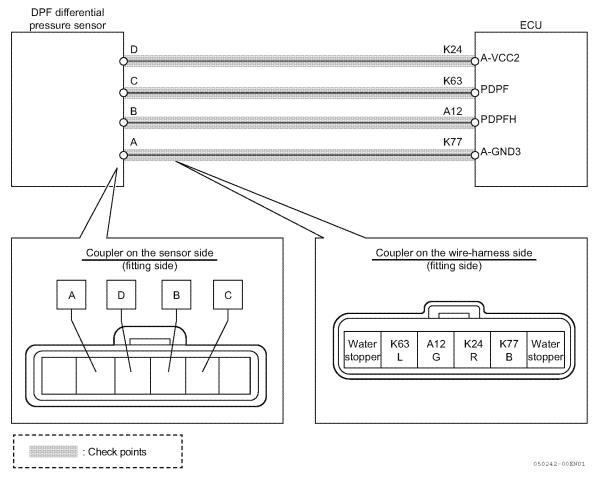
Related DTC

P code	P2454	Name	DPF differential pressure sensor error (voltage low)	
SPN/FMI	3251/4	warie		
P code	P2455		BBE differential and a second a	
SPN/FMI	3251/3	Name	DPF differential pressure sensor error (voltage high)	
P code	P1454			
SPN/FMI	3609/4	Name	DPF high pressure side pressure sensor error (voltage low)	
P code	P1455			
SPN/FMI	3609/3	Name	DPF high pressure side pressure sensor error (voltage high)	
P code	P2453			
SPN/FMI	3251/13	Name	DPF differential pressure sensor error (abnormal learning value)	
P code	P2452		DDF differential processes differential processes are	
SPN/FMI	3251/0	Name	DPF differential pressure sensor differential pressure rise error	

Workflow



Wiring diagram



Note: See P289 for the ECU pin layout.

Work description

- 1. Checking the ECU output voltage
 - 1-Connect the checker harness between the ECU and engine wire-harness. Also, connect all connectors (sensor, wire-harness, ECU).
 - 2-Using a circuit tester, measure the voltage between DPF differential pressure sensors 5 V K24 and K77.

Voltage	State	Corrective action
K24 < 4.375 V	NG	Replace the wire-harness.
N24 \ 4.373 V	NG	Replace the ECU.
4.375 V ≤ K24 ≤ 5.625 V	OK (normal range)	Check the DPF differential pressure sensor output voltage.
5.625 V < K24	NG	Replace the wire-harness.
5.025 V < K24		Replace the ECU.

NG	Replace the wire-harness or ECU, and turn off and on the key switch and perform the diagnosis using
ING	the SMARTASSIST-DIRECT (SA-D).
OK	Go to "Checking the DPF differential pressure sensor output voltage".

- 2. Checking the DPF differential pressure sensor output voltage
 - 1- Connect the checker harness between the ECU and engine wire-harness. Also, connect all connectors (sensor, wire-harness, ECU).
 - 2-Using a circuit tester, measure the voltage between the sensor signals K63 and K77.

Voltage	State	Corrective action
K63 < 0.5 V	NG	Replace the wire-harness.
103 < 0.5 V	NG	Replace the ECU.
0.5 V ≤ K63 ≤ 4.5 V	OK (normal range)	Replace the ECU.
4.5 V < K63	NG	Replace the wire-harness.
4.5 V \ NO5	ING	Replace the ECU.

NG	Replace the wire-harness or ECU, and turn off and on the key switch and perform the diagnosis using
IVG	the SMARTASSIST-DIRECT (SA-D).
ок	Replace the ECU.

- 3. Checking the DPF high pressure side pressure sensor output voltage
 - 1-Connect the checker harness between the ECU and engine wire-harness. Also, connect all connectors (sensor, wire-harness, ECU).
 - 2-Using a circuit tester, measure the voltage between the sensor signals A12 and K77.

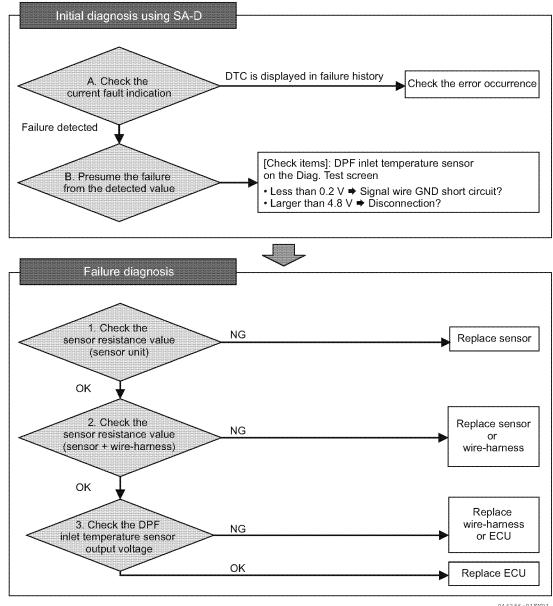
Voltage	State	Corrective action
A12 < 0.5 V	NG	Replace the wire-harness.
A12 < 0.3 V	ING	Replace the ECU.
0.5 V ≤ A12 ≤ 4.5 V	OK (normal range)	Replace the ECU.

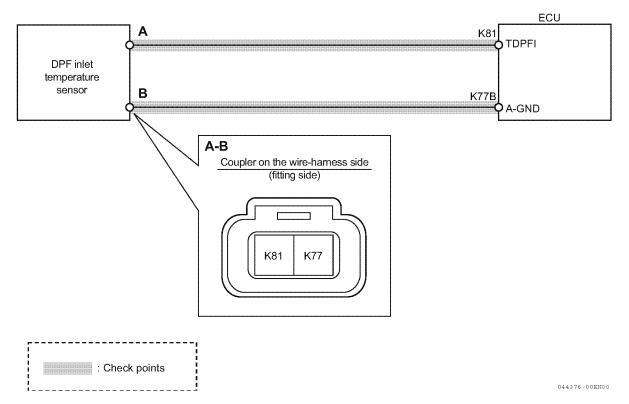
■ DPF inlet temperature sensor

Related DTC

P code	P1427	Name	DDF inlet to report we conserve (valtered law)
SPN/FMI	3242/4	Name	DPF inlet temperature sensor error (voltage low)
	D4400		
P code	P1428	Name	DPF inlet temperature sensor error (voltage high)
SPN/FMI	3242/3		
P code	P1436		
SPN/FMI	3242/0	Name	DPF inlet temperature sensor error (high temperature)

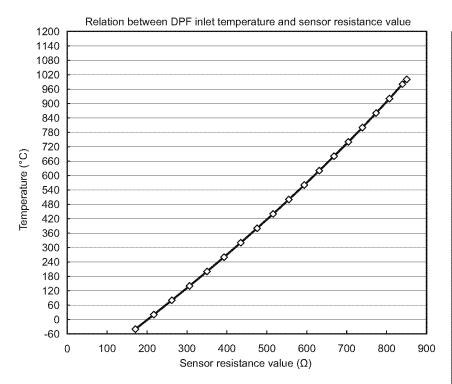
Workflow





- 1. Checking the sensor resistance value (sensor unit)
 - 1-Remove the wire-harness from the DPF inlet temperature sensor.
 - 2-Using a circuit tester, measure the resistance value between DPF inlet temperature sensor terminals A and B.
 - 3-Using "DPF inlet temperature sensor characteristics", make sure that the measured resistance value is within the normal range.

DPF inlet temperature sensor characteristics



Temp. (°C)	Resistance[Ω]
-40	170.68
20	216.77
80	262.01
140	306.40
200	349.96
260	392.67
320	434.54
380	475.57
440	515.76
500	555.10
560	593.60
620	631.26
680	668.08
740	704.05
800	739.18
860	773.47
920	806.92
980	839.52
1000	850.20

NG	Replace the DPF inlet temperature sensor.
OK	Go to "Checking the sensor resistance value (sensor and wire-harness)".

- 2. Checking the sensor resistance value (sensor and wire-harness)
 - 1- Connect the DPF inlet temperature sensor and wire-harness then remove the ECU from the wire-harness.
 - 2-Using a circuit tester, measure the resistance value between ECU connector terminals K81 and K77B on the wire-harness side.
 - 3-Using "DPF inlet temperature sensor characteristics", make sure that the measured resistance value is within the normal range.

NG	The coupler between the sensor and the wire-harness may be defective. Replace the sensor.
NG	Replace the wire-harness.
OK	Go to "Checking the DPF inlet temperature sensor output voltage".

- 3. Checking the DPF inlet temperature sensor output voltage
 - 1-Connect the checker harness between the ECU and engine wire-harness. Also connect all connectors (sensor, ECU).
 - 2-Using a circuit tester, measure the voltage between DPF inlet temperature sensor signals K81 and K77B.

Voltage	State	Corrective action
K81 < 0.2 V	NG	Replace the wire-harness.
No1 < 0.2 V	ING	Replace the ECU.
0.2 V ≤ K81 ≤ 4.8 V	OK (normal range)	Replace the ECU.
4 8 V < K81	NG	Replace the wire-harness.
4.6 V < N61	NG	Replace the ECU.

NG	The coupler between the wire-harness and the ECU may be defective. Replace the wire-harness.
NG	Replace the ECU.
ок	Replace the ECU.

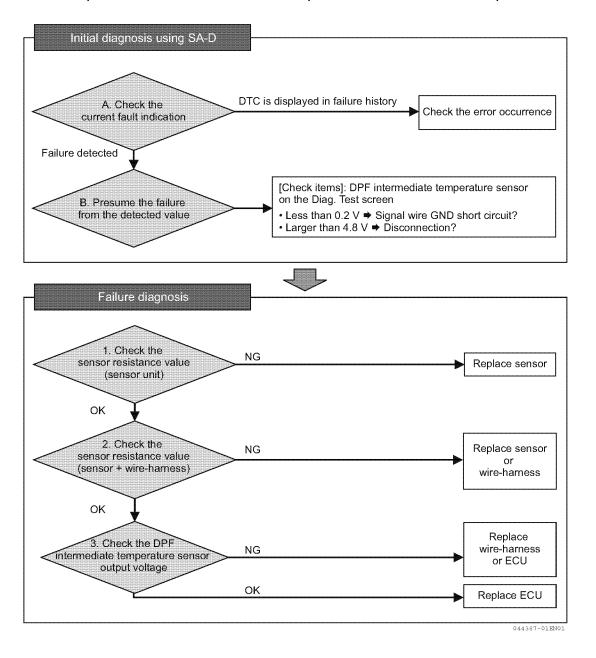


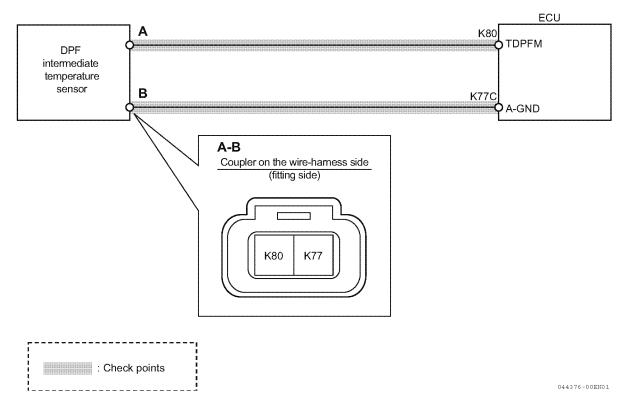
■ DPF intermediate temperature sensor

Related DTC

P code	P1435				
SPN/FMI	3250/4	Name	DPF intermediate temperature sensor error (voltage low)		
P code	P1434		DDF intermediate terms are as a sure of college binds		
SPN/FMI	3250/3	Name	DPF intermediate temperature sensor error (voltage high)		
P code	P0420				
SPN/FMI	3250/1	Name Name	DPF intermediate temperature sensor temperature too low		
P code	P1426		DPF intermediate temperature sensor temperature rise error		
	1 1720	Name	(post-injection failure)		

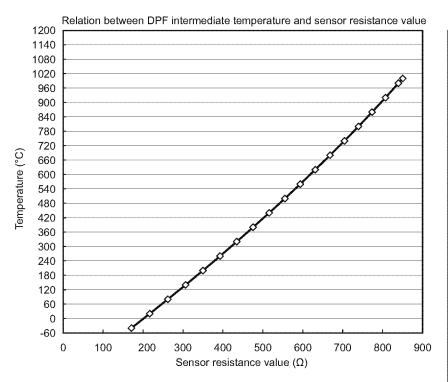
Workflow





- 1. Checking the sensor resistance value (sensor unit)
 - 1-Remove the wire-harness from the DPF intermediate temperature sensor.
 - 2-Using a circuit tester, measure the resistance value between DPF intermediate temperature sensor terminals A and B.
 - 3-Using "DPF intermediate temperature sensor characteristics", make sure that the measured resistance value is within the normal range.

DPF intermediate temperature sensor characteristics



Resistance[Ω]
170.68
216.77
262.01
306.40
349.96
392.67
434.54
475.57
515.76
555.10
593.60
631.26
668.08
704.05
739.18
773.47
806.92
839.52
850.20

NG	Replace the DPF intermediate temperature sensor.
ОК	Go to "Checking the sensor resistance value (sensor and wire-harness)".

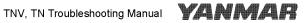
- 2. Checking the sensor resistance value (sensor and wire-harness)
 - 1- Connect the DPF intermediate temperature sensor and wire-harness, then remove the ECU from the wireharness.
 - 2-Using a circuit tester, measure the resistance value between ECU connector terminals K80 and K77C on the wire-harness side.
 - 3-Using "DPF intermediate temperature sensor characteristics", make sure that the measured resistance value is within the normal range.

NG	The coupler between the sensor and the wire-harness may be defective. Replace the sensor.
NG	Replace the wire-harness.
ок	Go to "Checking the DPF intermediate temperature sensor output voltage".

- 3. Checking the DPF intermediate temperature sensor output voltage
 - 1-Connect the checker harness between the ECU and engine wire-harness. Also connect all connectors (sensor, ECU).
 - 2-Using a circuit tester, measure the voltage between DPF intermediate temperature sensor signals K80 and K77C.

Voltage	State	Corrective action
K80 < 0.2 V	NG	Replace the wire-harness.
N80 - 0.2 V	ING	Replace the ECU.
0.2 V ≤ K80 ≤ 4.8 V	OK (normal range)	Replace the ECU.
4.8 V < K80	NG	Replace the wire-harness.
4.0 V > NOU	NG	Replace the ECU.

NG	The coupler between the wire-harness and the ECU may be defective. Replace the wire-harness.
IVG	Replace the ECU.
ок	Replace the ECU.

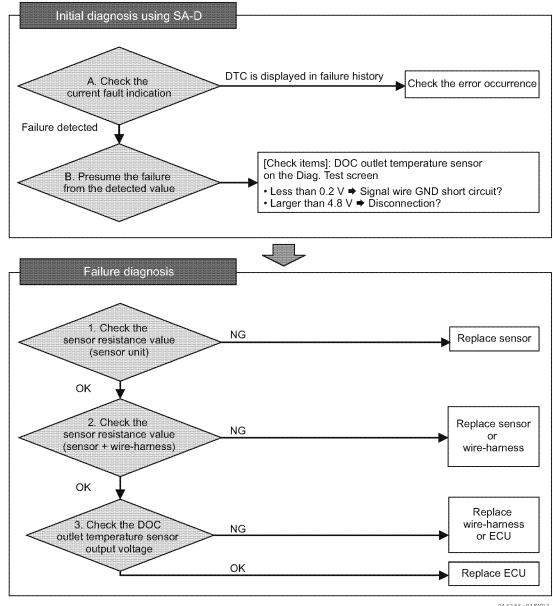


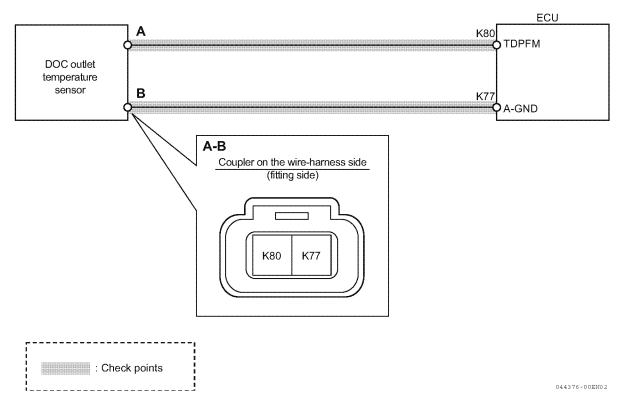
■ DOC outlet temperature sensor (Applies only to 4TN86DHT)

Related DTC

P code	P1448		DOC autlet town austure compare sures (voltage bigh)	
SPN/FMI 4766/3		Name	DOC outlet temperature sensor error (voltage high)	
P code	P1449			
SPN/FMI	4766/4	Name	DOC outlet temperature sensor error (voltage low)	
SF IV/F IVII	4700/4			
P code	P1447		DOC quitlet temperature concer error (high temperature)	
SPN/FMI	4776/0	Name	DOC outlet temperature sensor error (high temperature)	

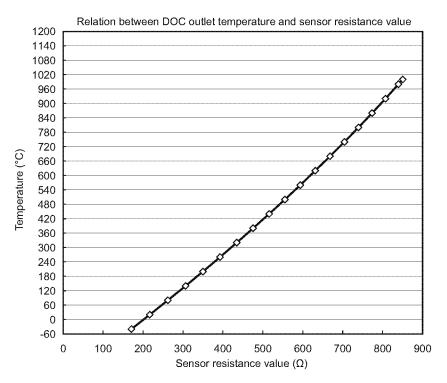
Workflow





- 1. Checking the sensor resistance value (sensor unit)
 - 1-Remove the wire-harness from the DOC outlet temperature sensor.
 - 2-Using a circuit tester, measure the resistance value between DOC outlet temperature sensor terminals A and B.
 - 3-Using "DOC outlet temperature sensor characteristics", make sure that the measured resistance value is within the normal range.

DOC outlet temperature sensor characteristics



Temp. (°C)	Resistance [Ω]	
-40	170.68	
20	216.77	
80	262.01	
140	306.40	
200	349.96	
260	392.67	
320	434.54	
380	475.57	
440	515.76	
500	555.10	
560	593.60	
620	631.26	
680	668.08	
740	704.05	
800	739.18	
860	773.47	
920	806.92	
980	839.52	
1000	850.20	

NG	Replace the DOC outlet temperature sensor.
ок	Go to "Checking the sensor resistance value (sensor and wire-harness)".

- 2. Checking the sensor resistance value (sensor and wire-harness)
 - 1- Connect the DOC outlet temperature sensor and wire-harness then remove the ECU from the wire-harness.
 - 2-Using a circuit tester, measure the resistance value between ECU connector terminals K80 and K77 on the wire-harness side.
 - 3-Using "DOC outlet temperature sensor characteristics", make sure that the measured resistance value is within the normal range.

NG	• The coupler between the sensor and the wire-harness may be defective. Replace the sensor.
NO	Replace the wire-harness.
ок	Go to "Checking the DOC outlet temperature sensor output voltage".

- 3. Checking the DOC outlet temperature sensor output voltage
 - 1-Connect the checker harness between the ECU and engine wire-harness. Also connect all connectors (sensor, ECU).
 - 2-Using a circuit tester, measure the voltage between DOC outlet temperature sensor signals K80 and K77.

Voltage	State	Corrective action
K80 < 0.2 V	NG	Replace the wire-harness.
N80 - 0.2 V	ING	Replace the ECU.
0.2 V ≤ K80 ≤ 4.8 V	OK (normal range)	Replace the ECU.
4.8 V < K80	NG	Replace the wire-harness.
4.8 V < N80	ING	Replace the ECU.

NG	The coupler between the wire-harness and the ECU may be defective. Replace the wire-harness.
NG	Replace the ECU.
ок	Replace the ECU.

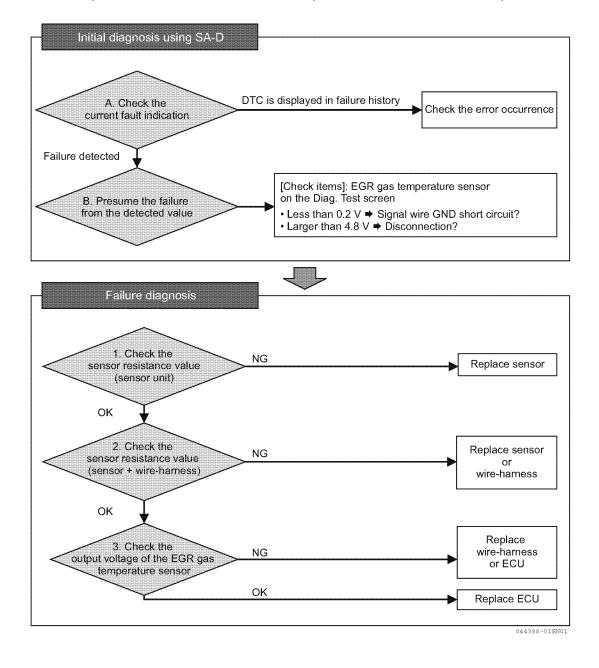


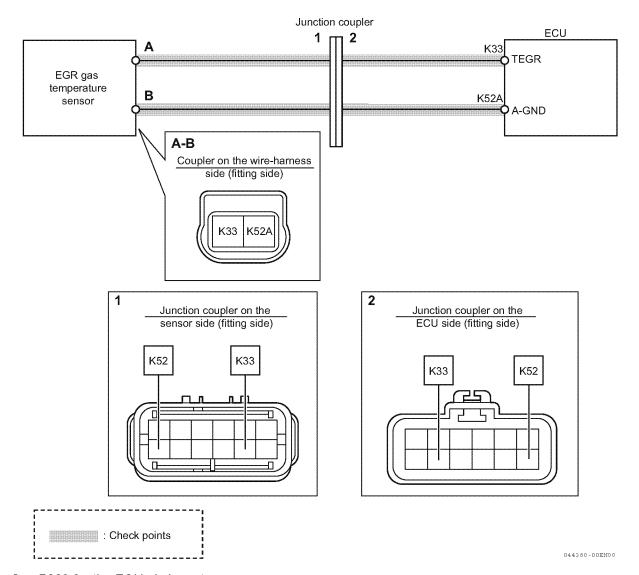
■ EGR gas temperature sensor

Related DTC

P code P041C	Name EGR gas t	EGR gas temperature sensor error (voltage low)	
SPN/FMI 412/4	Name EGR gas t	emperature sensor error (voltage low)	
loon on the state of the state			
D0 44D			
P code P041D	Name EGR gas t	emperature sensor error (voltage high)	

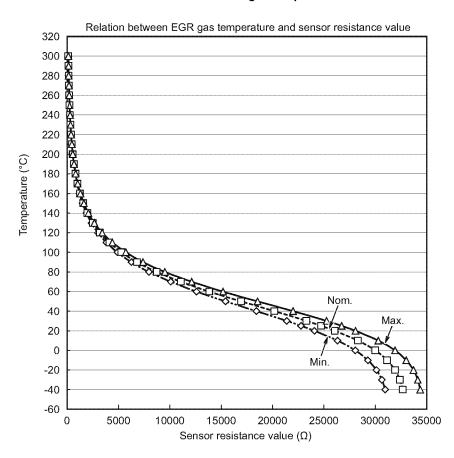
Workflow





- 1. Checking the sensor resistance value (sensor unit)
 - 1-Remove the wire-harness from the EGR gas temperature sensor.
 - 2-Using a circuit tester, measure the resistance value between EGR gas temperature sensor terminals A and B.
 - 3-Using "EGR gas temperature sensor characteristics", make sure that the measured resistance value is within the normal range.

EGR gas temperature sensor characteristic



Temperature	Sensor resistance value (Ω)			
(°C)	Min.	Nom.	Max.	
-40	30968	32683	34388	
-30	30647	32402	34144	
-20	30117	31926	33719	
-10	29286	31159	33019	
0	28057	29995	31927	
10	26319	28308	30298	
20	24067	26055	28069	
25	22771	24727	26728	
30	21380	23288	25253	
40	18422	20169	21995	
50	15421	16936	18541	
60	12590	13838	15172	
70	10081	11062	12120	
80	7966	8708	9511	
90	6245	6794	7385	
100	4881	5277	5702	
110	3816	4098	4398	
120	2992	3191	3401	
130	2357	2496	2641	
140	1869	1964	2063	
150	1491	1555	1623	
160	1197	1241	1286	
170	968.7	996.9	1026.7	
180	789.3	807.5	826.0	
190	647.7	658.6	669.6	
200	535.2	541.0	546.7	
210	440.2	447.4	454.7	
220	364.6	372.5	380.6	
230	303.9	312.1	320.5	
240	255.0	263.2	271.6	
250	215.2	223.2	231.3	
260	182.7	190.3	198.3	
270	156.0	163.2	170.8	
280	133.8	140.7	147.8	
290	115.5	121.8	128.5	
300	100.1	106.1	112.2	
		0	44401-00EN00	

NG	Replace the EGR gas temperature sensor.
ок	Go to "Checking the sensor resistance value (sensor and wire-harness)".

- 2. Checking the sensor resistance value (sensor and wire-harness)
 - 1- Connect the EGR gas temperature sensor and the wire-harness, and then remove the ECU from the wire-har-
 - 2-Using a circuit tester, measure the resistance value between the ECU side wire-harness connector terminals K33 and K52A.
 - 3-Using "EGR gas temperature sensor characteristics", make sure that the measured resistance value is within the normal range.

NG	The coupler between the sensor and the wire-harness may be defective. Replace the sensor.
NG	Replace the wire-harness.
OK	Go to "Checking the output voltage of the EGR gas temperature sensor".

- 3. Checking the output voltage of the EGR gas temperature sensor
 - 1-Connect the checker harness between the ECU and engine wire-harness. Also connect all connectors (sensor, ECU).
 - 2-Using a circuit tester, measure the voltage between EGR gas temperature sensor signals K33 and K52A.

Voltage	State	Corrective action
K33 < 0.2 V	NG	Replace the wire-harness.
		Replace the ECU.
0.2 V ≤ K33 ≤ 4.8 V	OK (normal range)	Replace the ECU.
4.8 V < K33	NG	Replace the wire-harness.
4.8 V ~ K33	NG	Replace the ECU.

NG	The coupler between the wire-harness and the ECU may be defective. Replace the wire-harness.
IVO	Replace the ECU.
ОК	Replace the ECU.

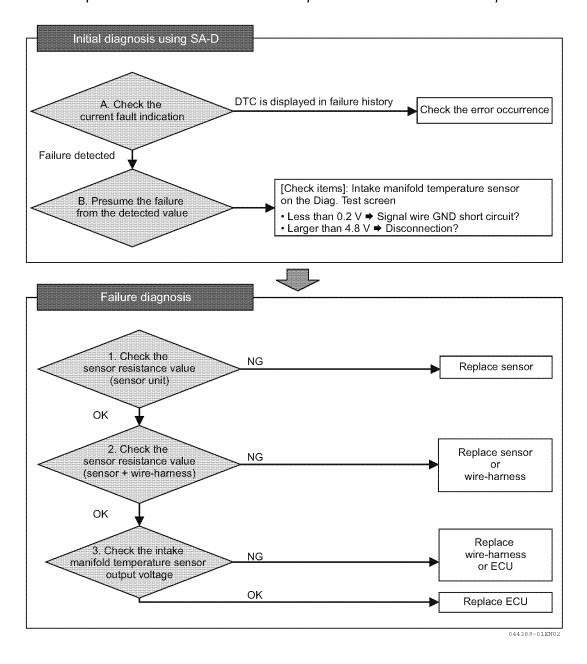


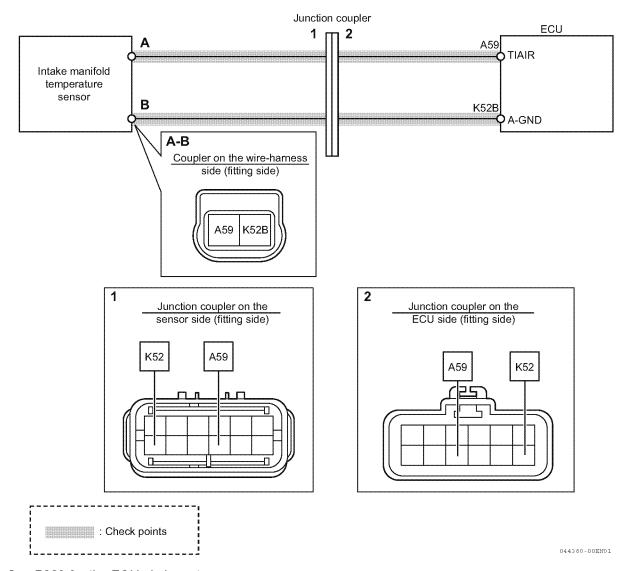
■ Intake manifold temperature sensor

Related DTC

P code P040C	Name	Intake manifold temperature sensor error (voltage low)
SPN/FMI 105/4	Name	ilitake maimoid temperature sensor error (voltage low)
P code P040D	Name	Intake manifold temperature sensor error (voltage high)

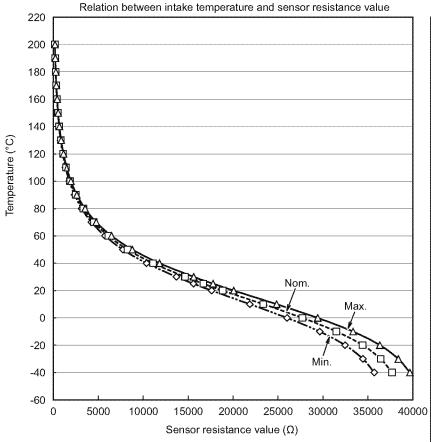
Workflow





- 1. Checking the sensor resistance value (sensor unit)
 - 1-Remove the wire-harness from the intake manifold temperature sensor.
 - 2-Using a circuit tester, measure the resistance value between intake manifold temperature sensor terminals A and B.
 - 3-Using "Intake manifold temperature sensor characteristics", make sure that the measured resistance value is within the normal range.

Intake manifold temperature sensor characteristics



Temp.	Res	istance[Ω]	
(°C)	Min.	Nom.	Max.
-40	35699	37683	39656
-30	34434	36412	38374
-20	32455	34400	36325
-10	29633	31496	33339
0	26009	27723	29420
10	21858	23354	24838
20	17614	18847	20073
25	15595	16691	17782
30	13701	14664	15623
40	10386	11106	11825
50	7750	8273	8795
60	5742	6116	6488
70	4252	4516	4780
80	3162	3347	3534
90	2366	2499	2631
100	1787	1881	1975
110	1362	1431	1498
120	1050	1098	1148
130	816.2	852.3	888.3
140	641.2	667.8	694.6
150	508.9	528.5	548.1
160	405.3	422.1	438.9
170	325.9	340.2	354.4
180	264.4	276.5	288.7
190	216.2	226.6	236.9
200	178.2	187.1	196.1
		0	44402-00EN00

NG	Replace the intake manifold temperature sensor.
ок	Go to "Checking the sensor resistance value (sensor and wire-harness)".

- 2. Checking the sensor resistance value (sensor and wire-harness)
 - 1- Connect the intake manifold temperature sensor and wire-harness, then remove the ECU from the wire-har-
 - 2-Using a circuit tester, measure the resistance value between the ECU side wire harness connector terminals K59 and K52B.
 - 3-Using "Intake manifold temperature sensor characteristics", make sure that the measured resistance value is within the normal range.

NG	The coupler between the sensor and the wire-harness may be defective. Replace the sensor.
NG	Replace the wire-harness.
OK	Go to "Checking the intake manifold temperature sensor output voltage".

- 3. Checking the intake manifold temperature sensor output voltage
 - 1-Connect the checker harness between the ECU and engine wire-harness. Also connect all connectors (sensor, ECU).
 - 2-Using a circuit tester, measure the voltage between intake manifold temperature sensor signals A59 and

Voltage	State	Corrective action
A59 < 0.2 V	NC	Replace the wire-harness.
A39 < 0.2 V	NG	Replace the ECU.
0.2 V ≤ A59 ≤ 4.8 V	OK (normal range)	Replace the ECU.
4.8 V < A59	NG	Replace the wire-harness.
4.0 V \ A09	NG	Replace the ECU.

NG	The coupler between the wire-harness and the ECU may be defective. Replace the wire-harness.
NG	Replace the ECU.
ок	Replace the ECU.



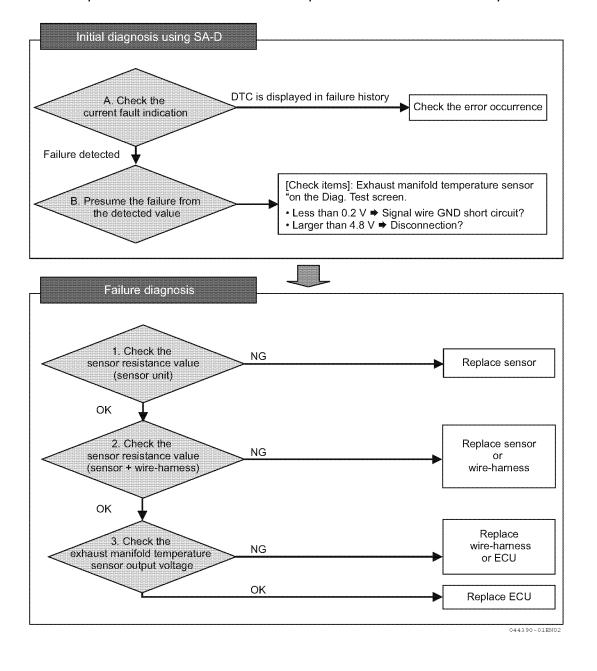
■ Exhaust manifold temperature sensor

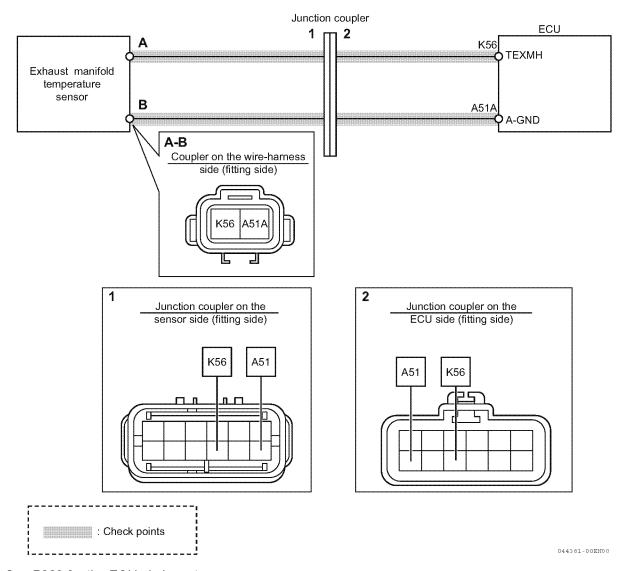
Related DTC

P code P0545	Name	Exhaust manifold temperature sensor error (voltage low)
SPN/FMI 173/4	Name	Exhaust manifold temperature sensor error (voltage low)
P code P0546	Name	Exhaust manifold temperature sensor error (voltage high)

Workflow

Note: See "Work description" for work details. Go to "SA-D Operation Manual" for the SA-D operation.

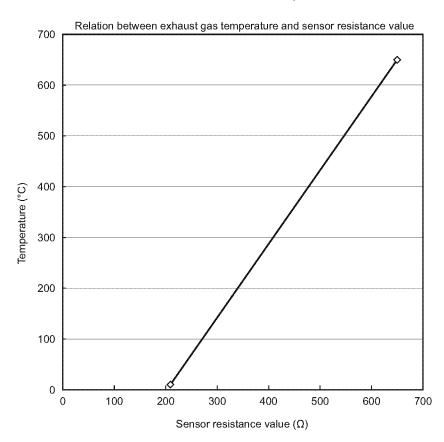




Note: See P289 for the ECU pin layout.

- 1. Checking the sensor resistance value (sensor unit)
 - 1-Remove the wire-harness from the exhaust manifold temperature sensor.
 - 2-Using a circuit tester, measure the resistance value between exhaust manifold temperature sensor terminals A and B.
 - 3-Using "Exhaust manifold temperature sensor characteristics", make sure that the measured resistance value is within the normal range.

Exhaust manifold temperature sensor characteristics



Temperature (°C)	Sensor resistance value (Ω)
10	209.15
650	649.77

044404-00EN00

NG	Replace the exhaust manifold temperature sensor.
ОК	Go to "Checking the sensor resistance value (sensor and wire-harness)".

- 2. Checking the sensor resistance value (sensor and wire-harness)
 - 1- Connect the exhaust manifold temperature sensor and wire-harness, and then remove the ECU from the wire-
 - 2-Using a circuit tester, measure the resistance value between the ECU side wire harness connector terminals K56 and A51A.
 - 3-Using "Exhaust manifold temperature sensor characteristics", make sure that the measured resistance value is within the normal range.

NG	The coupler between the sensor and the wire-harness may be defective. Replace the sensor.
NG	Replace the wire-harness.
OK	Go to "Checking the exhaust manifold temperature sensor output voltage".

- 3. Checking the exhaust manifold temperature sensor output voltage
 - 1-Connect the checker harness between the ECU and engine wire-harness. Also connect all connectors (sen-
 - 2-Using a circuit tester, measure the voltage between exhaust manifold temperature sensor signals A56 and A51A.

Voltage	State	Corrective action
K50 < 0.0 V	NO	Replace the wire-harness.
K56 < 0.2 V	NG	Replace the ECU.
0.2 V ≤ K56 ≤ 4.8 V	OK (normal range)	Replace the ECU.
4 8 V < K56	NC	Replace the wire-harness.
4.8 V < K50	NG	Replace the ECU.

NG	The coupler between the wire-harness and the ECU may be defective. Replace the wire-harness.
NG	Replace the ECU.
ок	Replace the ECU.



Contact output related

■ Main relay

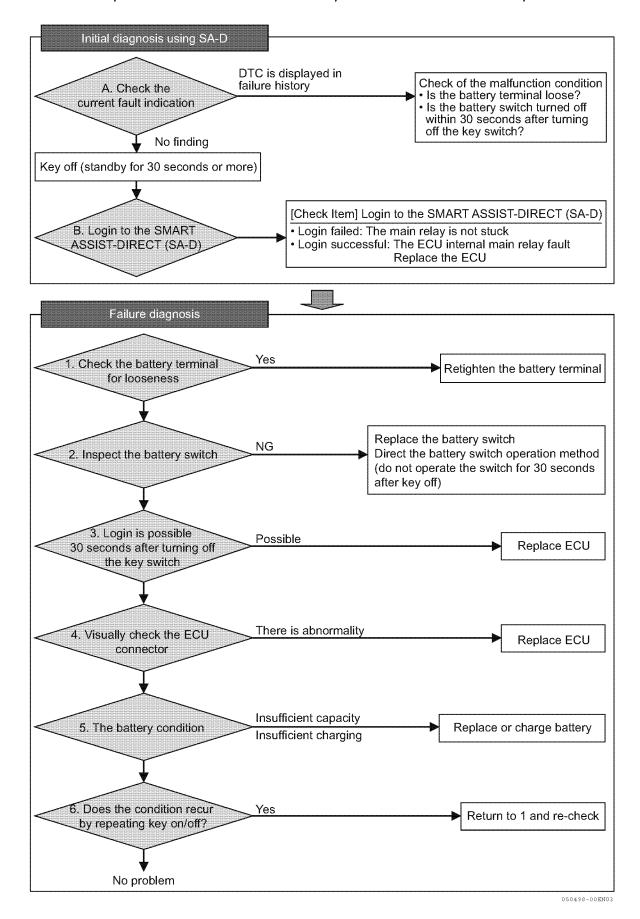
● Related DTC

P code P068B	Name	Main relay contact sticking
SPN/FMI 1485/7	Ivairie	wain relay contact sucking

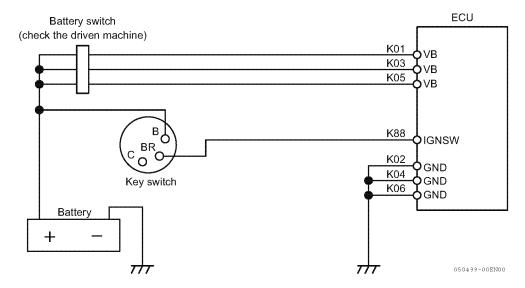
P code P068A	Name Main relay early opening	
SPN/FMI 1485/2	Wallit Telay early opening	

Workflow

Note: See "Work description" for work details. Go to "SA-D Operation Manual" for the SA-D operation.



Note: The main relay is equipped with an ECU.



Note: See P289 for the ECU pin layout.

- 1. Check the battery terminal for looseness
 - Check whether or not the wiring from the battery to the ECU VB terminal is loose or damaged.
 - Check whether or not the joints to the battery GND terminal and the frame are loose.
 - Check whether or not the wiring from the ECU GND terminal to the frame GND is loose or damaged.
 - · Check whether or not the wiring from the ECU IGN terminal to the key switch is loose or damaged.

2. Inspect the battery switch

Depending on the driven machine, there is a battery switch for the purpose of long-term storage besides the key switch. For details, contact the driven machine manufacturer.

- · Check the wiring of the battery switch for looseness.
- · Check the battery switch for abnormality.
- Do not perform the cutoff operation of the battery switch within 30 seconds after the key off. Direct the operation method to the operator.

3. Login check to the SMARTASSIST-DIRECT (SA-D)

When 30 seconds or more are elapsed after turning off the key switch, the ECU operation stops completely. Connect the SMARTASSIST-DIRECT (SA-D) after the elapse of 30 seconds or more after the key off and check whether or not you can login. If you can login after the elapse of 30 seconds or more, there is a possibility that the ECU internal main relay is faulty. Replace the ECU.

4. Visually check the ECU connector

Visually check the VB pins (K01, K03, K05) and the GND pins (K02, K04, K06) of the ECU connector. If there is broken or bent pin, replace the ECU.

5. The battery condition

The insufficient battery charging or the battery capacity reduction may lead to the supply voltage reduction, resulting in the early opening abnormality of the main relay. Inspect the battery.

6. Check the recurrence

Repeat turning on/off the key switch for a few times and check that the concerned abnormality does not recur. If the abnormality recurs, perform the inspection again from Step 1. If the abnormality does not recur, there is no problem with the main relay.



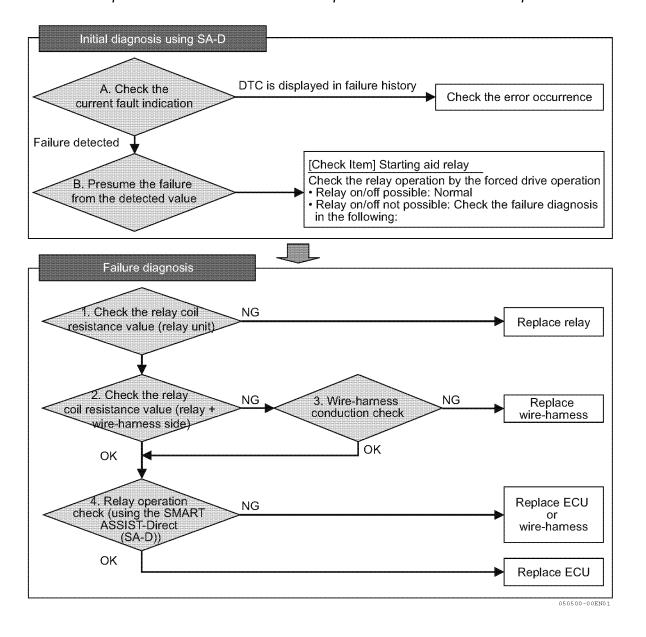
■ Starting aid relay (Glow relay)

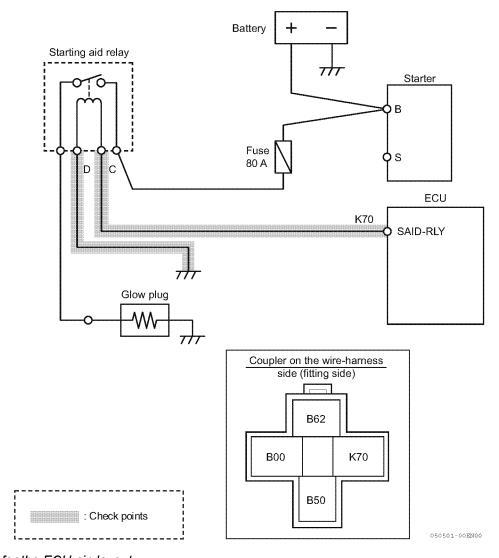
Related DTC

P code P0543	Name Starting aid relay disconnection	
SPN/FMI 522243/5	Name Starting aid relay disconnection	
P code P0541	Name Starting aid relay GND short circuit	
SPN/FMI 522243/6	, and a second s	

Workflow

Note: See "Work description" for work details. Go to "SA-D Operation Manual" for the SA-D operation.





Note: See P289 for the ECU pin layout.

- 1. Checking the relay coil resistance value (relay unit)
 - 1-Remove the wire-harness from the starting aid relay.
 - 2-Using a circuit tester, measure the resistance value between the relay side terminals C and D.

Resistance value of YANMAR standard starting aid relay

Relay	Terminal	Specifications
129927-77930 (40 A)	Relay coil side C - D	103 Ω ± 10 % (at 20 °C)
129927-77920 (70 A)	Relay coil side C - D	103 Ω ± 10 % (at 20 °C)
129927-77900 (90 A)	Relay coil side C - D	80 Ω (at 20 °C)

NG	Replace the starting aid relay.
OK	Check the relay coil resistance value while the starting aid relay and the wire-harness are connected.
	Go to "Checking the relay coil resistance value (relay + wire-harness side)".

- 2. Checking the relay coil resistance value (relay + wire-harness side)
 - 1- Connect the starting aid relay to the wire-harness. Remove the ECU from the wire-harness.
 - 2-sing a circuit tester, measure the resistance value between the ECU connectors K70 and K02.

Note: See the above "Resistance value of YANMAR standard starting aid relay".

NG	Check the wire-harness conduction. Go to "Wire-harness conduction check".
OK	Use the SMARTASSIST-DIRECT (SA-D) to check the operation of the starting aid relay.
On.	Go to "Relay operation check".

- 3. Wire-harness conduction check
 - 1-Remove the wire-harness from the starting aid relay and the ECU.
 - 2-Using a circuit tester, measure the wire-harness conduction.

Terminal	Conduction	State
Relay coil E70 side	Yes	OK: Normal
(between ECU and relay connector)	No	NG: Wire-harness open circuit
Relay coil E00 side	Yes	OK: Normal
(between ECU and relay connector)	No	NG: Wire-harness open circuit
Between K70 - GND/K02/K04/K06	No	OK: Normal
Between K70 - GND/K02/K04/K00	Yes	NG: Wire-harness open circuit
Between F70 - VB/K01/K03/K05	No	OK: Normal
Detweell E10 - VB/K01/K03/K03	Yes	NG: Wire-harness open circuit

NG	Check the wire-harness for damage. Check the wiring for mis-connection.
ING	Replace the wire-harness.
OV	Use the SMARTASSIST-DIRECT (SA-D) to check the operation of the starting aid relay.
<u> </u>	Go to "Relay operation check".

4. Relay operation check

- 1-Connect the checker harness between the ECU and the machine wire-harness (For details, refer to "How to use the Tier 4 checker harness" on page 293). Also, connect all connectors (starting aid relay, ECU).
- 2-Turn on the key switch. Login to the SMARTASSIST-DIRECT (SA-D).
- 3-Operate the starting aid relay on the "Diagnosis Test: Forced Drive" of the SMARTASSIST-DIRECT (SA-D). At this time, measure the voltage between the terminals K70 and K02.

ON/OFF setting condition	Voltage	State
ON	2.5 V or more	OK: Normal
ON	Less than 2.5 V	NG: Wire-harness GND short circuit or ECU failure
OFF	1.75 V or below	OK: Normal
OFF	Over 1.75 V	NG: Wire-harness power short circuit or ECU failure

NG	Check the wire-harness for damage. Check the wiring for mis-connection.
WG	Replace the wire-harness.
ОК	Replace the ECU.



Contact input related

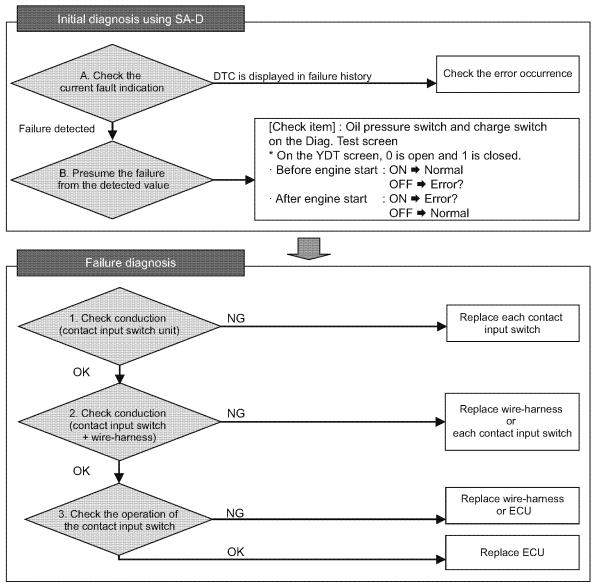
■ Contact input related 1

● Related DTC

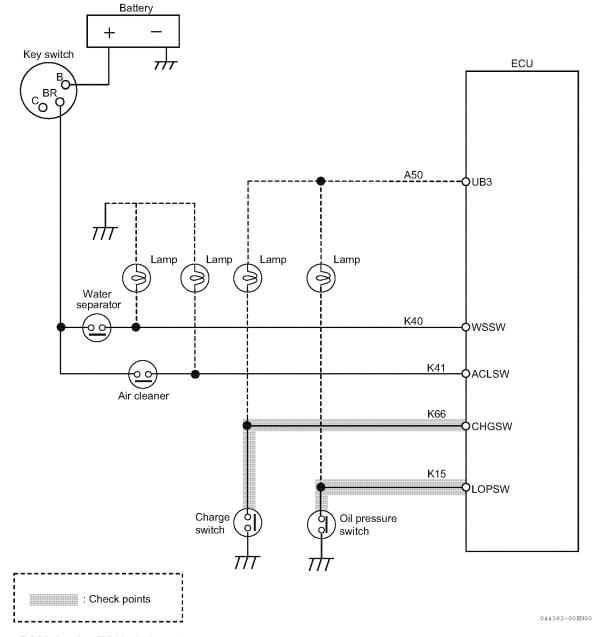
P code	P1192	Name	Oil pressure switch open circuit
SPN/FMI	100/4	Ivanie	On pressure switch open circuit
P code	P1198	<u></u>	
SPN/FMI	100/1	Name	Low oil pressure fault alarm
P code	P1562		
SPN/FMI	167/5	Name	Charge switch open circuit
P code	P1568		
SPN/FMI	167/1	Name	Charge alarm

Workflow

Note: See "Work description" for work details. Go to "SA-D Operation Manual" for the SA-D operation.



044391-01EN00



Note: See P289 for the ECU pin layout.

- 1. Checking the conduction (contact input switch unit)
 - 1-Turn off the ECU power.
 - 2-Remove the wire-harness from each contact input switch.
 - 3-Using a circuit tester, check the conduction between the contact input terminal and the body frame while referring to the following table.

ltem	Terminal No.	Conduction (between terminal and body frame)	State
Ollars	V1E	Yes	OK: Normal
Oil pressure switch	K15	No	NG: Error
Chorgo awitch	K66	No	OK: Normal
Charge switch		Yes	NG: Error

NG	Replace the contact input switch.
ОК	Go to "Checking the conduction (contact input switch and wire-harness)".

- 2. Checking the conduction (contact input switch and wire-harness)
 - 1- Connect the contact input switch to the wire-harness. Remove the ECU from the wire-harness.
 - 2-Using a circuit tester, measure the conduction between the ECU connector terminal and the body frame of the wire-harness. For the number of the terminal that is checked, refer to 1. above.

	A coupler failure between the contact input switch and the wire-harness may be caused.
NG	Replace the contact input switch.
	Replace the wire-harness.
ок	Go to "Check the operation of the contact input switch".

- 3. Check the operation of the contact input switch
 - 1-Connect all connectors (contact input switch, ECU, junction coupler).
 - 2-Connect SA-D, turn on the key switch, and then log in to SA-D.
 - 3-Using SA-D's "Diagnosis Test: Digital input", monitor each indicated item, and check the ON/OFF display of the contact input switch under specific conditions.

Item	Check condition	ON/OFF indication	State
	Before engine start	ON (1)	OK: Normal
Oil proceure owitch		OFF (0)	NG: Error
Oil pressure switch	During engine operation	OFF (0)	OK: Normal
		ON (1)	NG: Error
Charge switch	Before engine start	ON (1)	OK: Normal
		OFF (0)	NG: Error
	D	OFF (0)	OK: Normal
	During engine operation	ON (1)	NG: Error

NG	The coupler between the wire-harness and the ECU may be defective. Replace the wire-harness.
NG	Replace the ECU.
ОК	Replace the ECU.



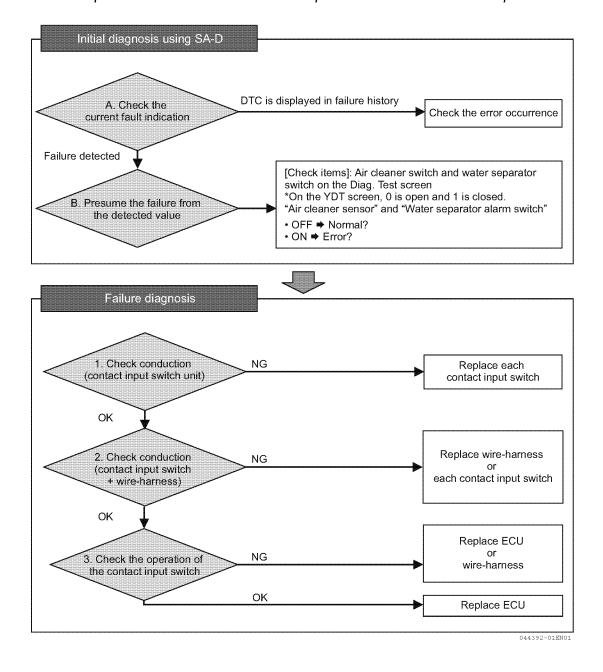
■ Contact input related 2

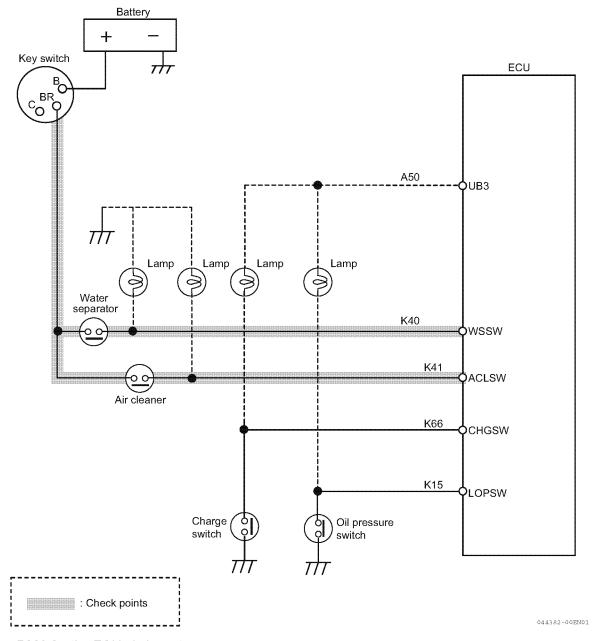
Related DTC

P code P1101 SPN/FMI 522323/0	Name	Air cleaner clogged alarm
P code P1151 SPN/FMI 522329/0	Name	Water separator alarm

Workflow

Note: See "Work description" for work details. Go to "SA-D Operation Manual" for the SA-D operation.





Note: See P289 for the ECU pin layout.

- 1. Checking the conduction (contact input switch unit)
 - 1- Turn off the ECU power.
 - 2-Remove the wire-harness from each contact input switch.
 - 3-Using a circuit tester, check the conduction between the contact input terminals of each switch while referring to the following table.

Item	Terminal No.	Conduction (between each switch terminal)	State
Air ala an ar awitch	K41	No	OK: Normal
Air cleaner switch		Yes	NG: Error
Water separator switch	K40	No	OK: Normal
vvater separator switch	1/40	Yes	NG: Error

NG	Replace the contact input switch.
OK	Go to "Checking the conduction (contact input switch and wire-harness)".

- 2. Checking the conduction (contact input switch and wire-harness)
 - 1-Connect the contact input switch and the wire-harness and remove the ECU and key switch terminal (BR) from the wire-harness.
 - 2-Using a circuit tester to check the conduction between the ECU connector terminal and the key switch terminal (BR) of the wire-harness. For the number of the terminal that is checked, refer to 1. above.

	A coupler failure between the contact input switch and the wire-harness may be caused.
NG	Replace the contact input switch.
	Replace the wire-harness.
OK	Go to "Checking the operation of the contact input switch".

- 3. Checking the operation of the contact input switch
 - 1-Connect all connectors (contact input switch, ECU, key switch terminal (BR)).
 - 2-Connect SA-D, turn on the key switch, and then log in to SA-D.
 - 3-Using SA-D's "Diagnosis Test: Digital input", monitor each indicated item, and check the ON/OFF display of the contact input switch under specific conditions.

Item	ON/OFF indication	State
Air cleaner switch	OFF (0)	OK: Normal
All cleaner switch	ON (1)	NG: Error
Water congretor switch	OFF (0)	OK: Normal
Water separator switch —	ON (1)	NG: Error

NG	The coupler between the wire-harness and the ECU may be defective. Replace the wire-harness.
NG	Replace the ECU.
ок	Replace the ECU.

Post treatment related

■ DPF OP interface

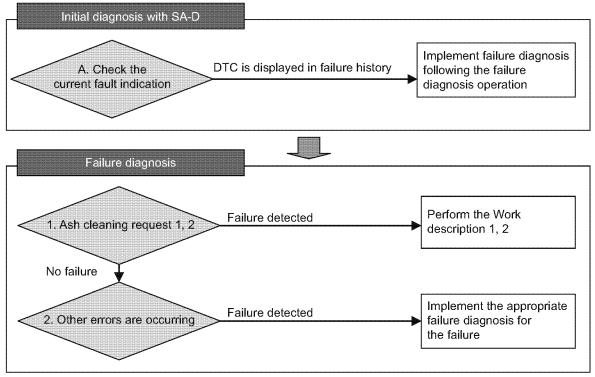
Ash cleaning request

Related DTC

P code P242F	News Ash cleaning request 4	
SPN/FMI 3720/16	Name Ash cleaning request 1	
P code P1420	Name Ash cleaning request 2	
SPN/FMI 3720/20	, ten eleaning request 2	

Workflow

Note: See "Work description" for work details. Go to "SA-D Operation Manual" for the SA-D operation.



077776-00EN00

Work description

1. Clean (replace) the soot filter (SF).

Connect to SA-D, and clean (replace) the SF according to the SF replacement procedure.

See "SA-D Operation Manual" for details on SF replacement.

Consult your authorized YANMAR dealer or distributor for SF cleaning.

2. Make sure that Ash cleaning request 1 and 2 are not shown now.

YANMAR

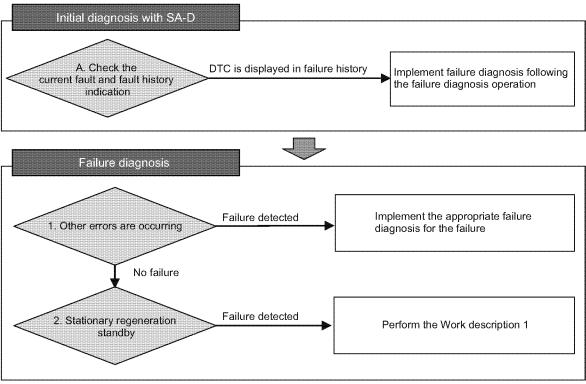
Stationary regeneration standby

Related DTC

P code P1421	Name Stationary regeneration standby
SPN/FMI 3719/16	Name Stationary regeneration standary

Workflow

Note: See "Work description" for work details. Go to "SA-D Operation Manual" for the SA-D operation.



058963-00EN00

Work description

1. PM may be accumulated, which required stationary regeneration. Perform the stationary regeneration.

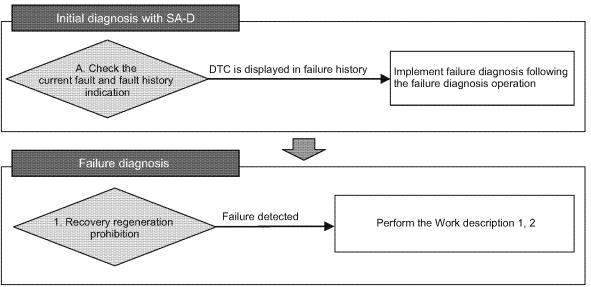
Recovery regeneration is inhibited

Related DTC

P code P1446	Name Recovery regeneration is inhibited
SPN/FMI 3719/7	Name Recovery regeneration is initibiled

Workflow

Note: See "Work description" for work details. Go to "SA-D Operation Manual" for the SA-D operation.



058964-00EN00

Work description

- Too much PM is accumulated in soot filter (SF). Replace the SF.
 Connect to SA-D, and clean (replace) the SF according to the SF replacement procedure.
 See "SA-D Operation Manual" for details on SF replacement.
- 2. Make sure that "recovery regeneration is inhibited" is not shown now.

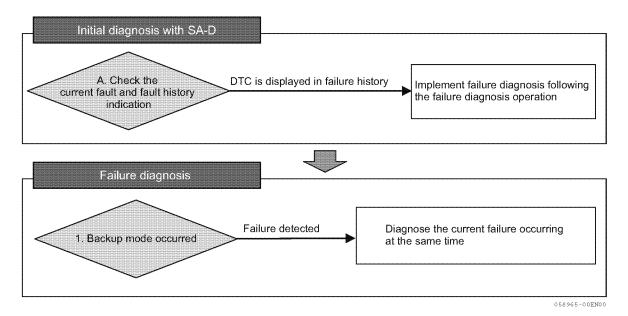
Backup mode

Related DTC

P code P1424	Name Backup mode
SPN/FMI 3719/0	Name Backup mode

Workflow

Note: See "Work description" for work details. Go to "SA-D Operation Manual" for the SA-D operation.



Work description

When this error occurs, either of the following that shows the cause of backup mode is detected at the same time: "Excessive PM accumulation (method C)", "Excessive PM accumulation (method P)", "Regeneration failure (stationary regeneration failure", and "Regeneration failure (stationary regeneration not performed)".

What to check is different depending on the details of the failures detected at the same time. Perform failure diagnosis for them first.

■ DPF

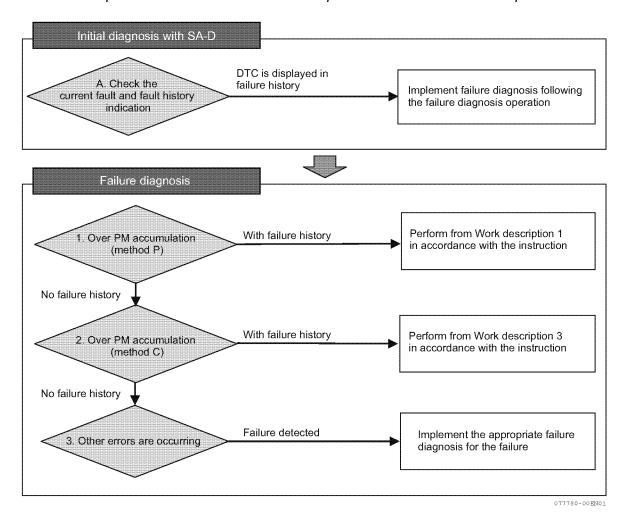
Excessive PM accumulation

Related DTC

P code P2463	Name	Excessive PM accumulation (Method C)	
SPN/FMI 522573/0	ivalile	Excessive Fin accumulation (method c)	
P code P1463			
SPN/FMI 522574/0	Name Name	Excessive PM accumulation (Method P)	

Workflow

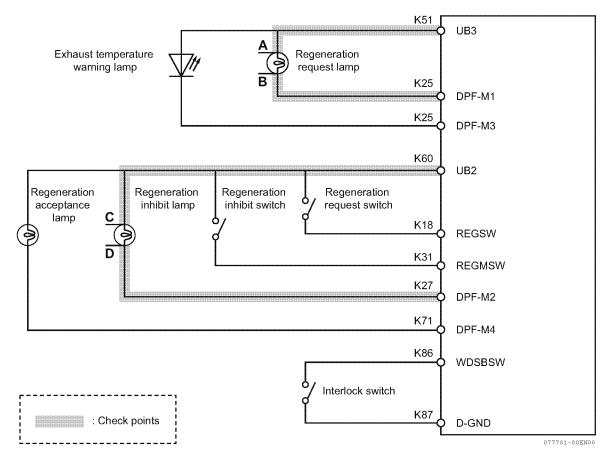
Note: See "Work description" for work details. Go to "SA-D Operation Manual" for the SA-D operation.



YANMAR

Follow the work procedure described later in "Work description".

The diagram below is a wiring for YANMAR standard application. DPF operator interface differ depending on the application setting for each customer. Go through checkup following the system for the main machine.



Note: See P289 for the ECU pin layout.

Work description

- 1. Exhaust piping, pressure hose, and pressure pipe error
 - 1- Make sure that there is nothing wrong (disconnections and damages) with the exhaust piping, pressure hose, or pressure pipe.

If there is something wrong with the exhaust pipe system	Fix the problem and proceed to step 2 of Work description.
If the exhaust pipe system is fine	Proceed to step 2 of Work description.

- 2. DPF differential pressure sensor system error
 - 1- If "P2452: DPF differential pressure sensor differential pressure rise error" is occurring at the same time, refer to the procedure for "P2452: DPF differential pressure sensor differential pressure rise error".

When DPF differential pressure sensor	Fix the DPF differential pressure sensor system error, and then proceed to step 4
error is occurring	of Work description.
When DPF differential pressure sensor error is not occurring	Proceed to step 4 of Work description.

- 3. DPF intermediate temperature sensor system error
 - 1-Make sure that "P0420: DPF intermediate temperature sensor temperature too low" is not occurring at the same time.

Fix the DPF intermediate temperature sensor, and then proceed to step 4 of Work
description.
Proceed to step 4 of Work description.

4. Ask the operator if he/she has been doing the stationary regeneration

If the stationary regeneration has been done	Proceed to step 5 of Work description.
If the stationary regeneration has not	Explain the operator how to use the stationary regeneration, and then proceed to
been done	step 5 of Work description.

- 5. Checking the DPF regeneration request lamp, DPF regeneration inhibit lamp, regeneration request switch, regeneration inhibit switch, and interlock switch
 - Make sure all the lamps that are related to DPF regeneration are connected correctly. If they are not properly connected, notification may not reach the operator when regeneration is needed or regeneration is prohibited. The following procedure is for YANMAR's standard wiring. For machines with different wirings, check the wiring according to the said machine.
 - 1-Turn off the ECU power.
 - 2-Remove the wire-harness from the ECU and each contact point output (lamp).
 - 3-Using a circuit tester, check the conduction between the contact input terminals of each lamp while referring to the following table.

Item	Ter	minal No.	Conduction	State
DPF regeneration	K51	A (See wiring diagram)	Voc	OK: Normal
request lamp	K25	B (See wiring diagram)	Yes	ON. NOITIAI
DPF regeneration	K60	C (See wiring diagram)	No	NG [.] Error
inhibit lamp	K27	D (See wiring diagram)	- No	ING. EIIOI

- Checking the regeneration request switch, the regeneration inhibit switch, and the interlock switch
 - 1-Connect the SA-D, operate the regeneration request switch, the regeneration inhibit switch, and the interlock switch to make sure that the contact ON/OFF switches properly.

See "SA-D Operation Manual" for details on SA-D operation.

Note: The ON/OFF can either be switched with contact points or CAN communication depending on the specifications.

2-DPF regeneration inhibit switch: Inhibited

When the inhibited state is continued, turn off the DPF regeneration inhibit switch.

If there is something wrong with the lamp or switch	Replace the wire-harness, and then proceed to step 6 of Work description.
If the lamp and switch are fine	Proceed to step 6 of Work description.

6. Perform the recovery regeneration. See "SA-D Operation Manual" for details on recovery regeneration. After the recovery regeneration, check that the failure has been solved.

TNV, TN Troubleshooting Manual

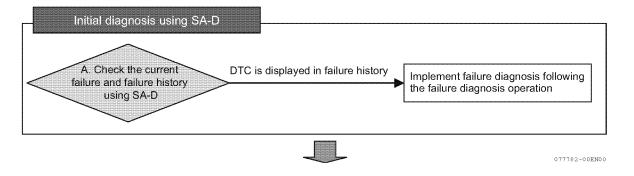
Regeneration failure 1

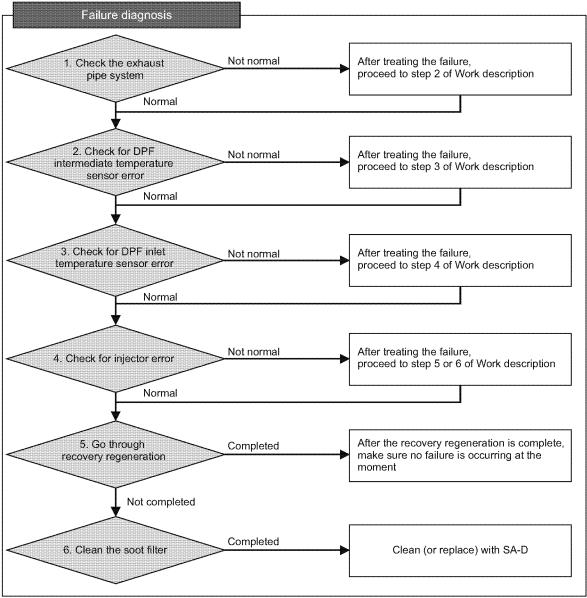
Related DTC

P code P2458 SPN/FMI 522575/7	Name Regeneration failure (stationary regeneration failure)
P code P1445 SPN/FMI 3719/9	Name Regeneration failure (recovery regeneration failure)

Workflow

Note: See "Work description" for work details. Go to "SA-D Operation Manual" for the SA-D operation.





077783-00EN00

- 1. Exhaust piping, pressure hose, and pressure pipe error
 - 1- Make sure that there is nothing wrong (disconnections and damages) with the exhaust piping, pressure hose, or pressure pipe.

If there is something wrong with the exhaust pipe system	Fix the problem and proceed to step 2 of Work description.
If the exhaust pipe system is fine	Proceed to step 2 of Work description.

- 2. DPF intermediate temperature sensor system error
 - 1-Make sure that "P0420: DPF intermediate temperature sensor temperature too low" is not occurring at the same time.

When DPF intermediate temperature	Fix the DPF intermediate temperature sensor, and then proceed to step 3 of Work	
sensor system error is occurring	description.	
When DPF intermediate temperature	Proceed to step 3 of Work description.	
sensor system error is not occurring	Trocced to step 5 or work description.	

- 3. DPF inlet temperature sensor error
 - 1- Check the resistance value of the DPF inlet temperature sensor with reference to the failure diagnosis items in "P1427: DPF inlet temperature sensor error (voltage low)", etc.

If the resistance value of the DPF inlet	Fix the DPF inlet temperature sensor failure, and then proceed to step 4 of Work
temperature sensor is out of the range	description.
If the resistance value of the DPF inlet temperature sensor is within the range	Proceed to step 4 of Work description.

4. Injector failure

1-Remove the injector, and replace the nozzle.

If there is something wrong such deposits	Fix the injector failure in accordance with the Service Manual. If the recovery regeneration (optional) function is equipped, proceed to step 5 of Work description. If the recovery regeneration (optional) function is not equipped, proceed to step 6 of Work description.
	Install the injector again. If the recovery regeneration (optional) function is
If the injector works properly	equipped, proceed to step 5 of Work description. If the recovery regeneration
	(optional) function is not equipped, proceed to step 6 of Work description.

- 5. Perform the recovery regeneration. There are two ways to perform the recovery regeneration.
 - SA-D Changing Operation Manual
 - See the long press of switch

The long press time varies according to models. Consult your authorized YANMAR industrial engine dealer or distributor for details.

If the recovery regeneration is completed	After the recovery regeneration, check that the failure has been solved.
If the recovery regeneration is not com-	After recovery regeneration is completed, and if the recovery regeneration is
pleted	failed, proceed to step 6 of Work description.

6. Clean the soot filter (SF)

Using SA-D, clean (replace) the SF. See "SA-D Operation Manual" for details.

Note: Replace the DPF (DOC + SF), when "P1445: Regeneration failure (recovery regeneration failure)" occurs again.

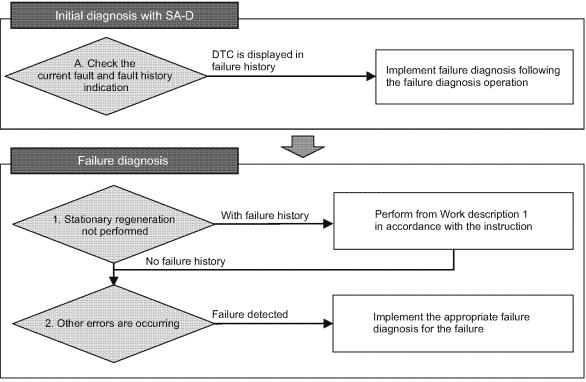
Regeneration failure 2

Related DTC

P code P2459	Name	Regeneration failure (stationary regeneration not performed)
SPN/FMI 522577/11	Ivaille	regeneration failure (stationary regeneration not performed)

Workflow

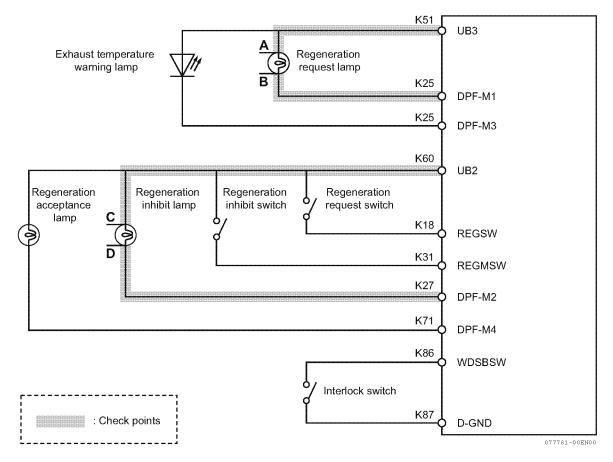
Note: See "Work description" for work details. Go to "SA-D Operation Manual" for the SA-D operation.



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Follow the work procedure described later in "Work description".

The diagram below is a wiring for YANMAR standard application. DPF operator interface differ depending on the application setting for each customer. Go through checkup following the system for the driven machine.



Note: See P289 for the ECU pin layout.

- 1. Regeneration for the stationary regeneration request is not performed
 - Ask the operator if the regeneration request lamp and failure indication lamp (Fail lamp or Amber warning lamp) was on before the failure occurred.
 - Explain to the customer that stationary regeneration is needed when the lamp turns on.
 - · If they know the necessity of the stationary regeneration, but still this error occurs, there might be some thing wrong with the lamp or switch itself. Make sure that the connections of the switches and lamps related to the DPF regeneration are as indicated on the above diagram.
 - Note: The ON/OFF can either be switched with contact points or CAN communication depending on the specifications.
 - Checking the conduction of the lamp related to the regeneration (contact output only)
 - 1-Turn off the ECU power.
 - 2-Remove the wire-harness from the ECU and each contact point output (lamp).
 - 3-Using a circuit tester, check the conduction between the contact input terminals of each lamp while referring to the following table.

ltem	Те	rminal No.	Conduction	State
DPF regeneration	K51	A (See wiring diagram)	Voc	OK ⁻ Normal
request lamp	K25 B	B (See wiring diagram)	Yes)	OK. Normal
DPF regeneration	K60	C (See wiring diagram)	No	NG: Error
inhibit lamp	K27	D (See wiring diagram)	No	

- Checking the regeneration request switch, the regeneration inhibit switch, and the interlock switch
- 1-Connect the SA-D, operate the regeneration request switch, the regeneration inhibit switch, and the interlock switch to make sure that the contact ON/OFF switches properly.
 - See "SA-D Operation Manual" for details on SA-D operation.
- 2-DPF regeneration inhibit switch: Inhibited

When the inhibited state is continued, turn off the DPF regeneration inhibit switch.

If the conduction in switch or lamp is failed	Replace the wire-harness, and then proceed to step 2 of Work description.
When DPF differential pressure sensor	Proceed to step 2 of Work description.
error is not occurring	Floceed to step 2 of work description.

- 2. Perform the recovery regeneration. There are two ways to perform the recovery regeneration
 - SA-D Changing Operation Manual
 - See the long press of switch

The long press time varies according to models. Consult your authorized YANMAR industrial engine dealer or distributor for details.



CRS (common rail system) related

■ Injector

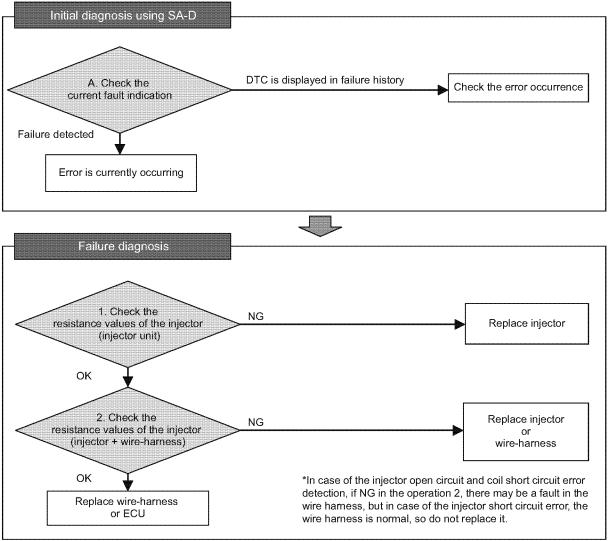
Disconnection of the injector and coil short circuit

Related DTC

P code	P0201	Name	Inicotor (No. 4 audiculum) diagona action (inicotor angolisis)	
SPN/FMI	654/5	Name	Injector (No. 1 cylinder) disconnection (injector-specific)	
P code	P0202			
SPN/FMI	653/5	Name	Injector (No. 2 cylinder) disconnection (injector-specific)	
P code	P0203			
SPN/FMI	652/5	Name	Injector (No. 3 cylinder) disconnection (injector-specific)	
P code	P0204			
SPN/FMI	651/5	Name	Injector (No. 4 cylinder) disconnection (injector-specific)	
P code	P0262			
SPN/FMI	654/6	Name	Injector (No. 1 cylinder) coil short circuit	
P code	P0265			
SPN/FMI	653/6	Name	Injector (No. 2 cylinder) coil short circuit	
P code	P0268			
SPN/FMI	652/6	Name	Injector (No. 3 cylinder) coil short circuit	
P code	P0271			
SPN/FMI	651/6	Name	Injector (No. 4 cylinder) coil short circuit	

Workflow

Note: See "Work description" for work details. Go to "SA-D Operation Manual" for the SA-D operation.

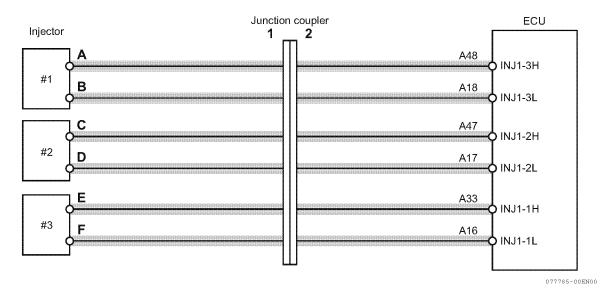


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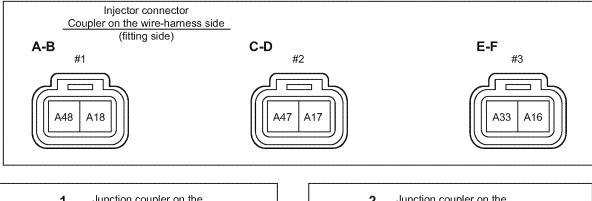
Wire diagram

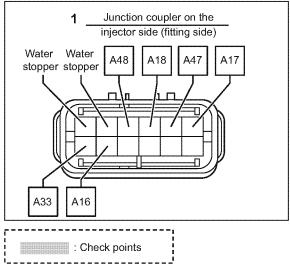
The wiring of the injector differs depending on the number of cylinders of each engine even with the same cylinder number injectors. When diagnosing the wire-harness, refer to the diagram below to check the correct connection.

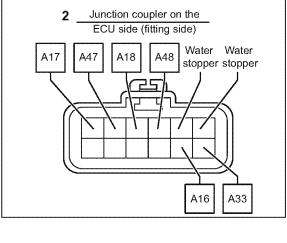
3-Cylinder engine



Note: #1 to #3 are numbers counted from the flywheel side. Note that it is different from the ECU circuit name.



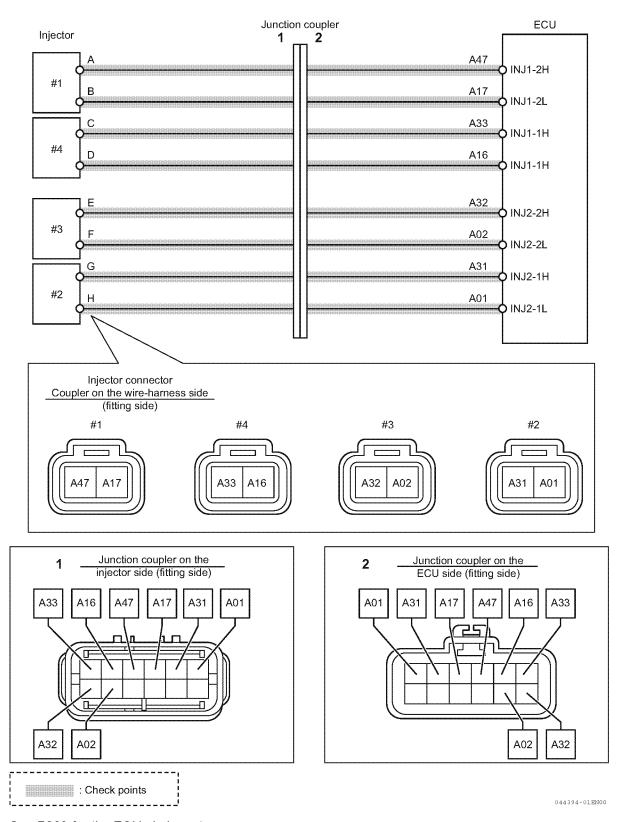




Note: See P289 for the ECU pin layout.

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4-Cylinder engine



Note • See P289 for the ECU pin layout.

• Injector numbers (#1-#4) are counted up from the flywheel side. Be careful, it is different from the ECU circuit name.

- 1. Checking the injector resistance value (injector unit)
 - 1-Remove the injector from the wire-harness.
 - 2-Using a circuit tester, determine the resistance value (total resistance value) where an abnormality is detected between the injector terminals A to B, C to D, E to F, and G to H (4-cylinder engine only).

Reference: Injector's overall resistance value

Terminal	Specifications
Between the injector terminals	255 ± 40 mΩ

NG	Replace the injector.
ОК	Go to "Checking the resistance values of the injector (injector and wire-harness)".

- 2. Checking the resistance values of the injector (injector and wire-harness)
 - Junction coupler not connected
 - 1- Connect the injector and the wire-harness, and remove the ECU from the wire-harness. However, see the above wiring diagram to remove the wire-harness of junction coupler (2) from the wire-harness of junction coupler (1).
 - 2- Using a circuit tester, determine the resistance values (total resistance value) between the junction coupler (1) side harness connector A48 to A18, A47 to A17, and A33 to A16 for 3-cylinder engines, and also the resistance values (total resistance value) between junction coupler (1) side harness connector A47 to A17, A33 to A16, A32 to A02, and A31 to A01 for 4-cylinder engines.

Note: See "Reference: Injector's overall resistance value".

NG	• The coupler between the injector and the wire-harness may be defective. Replace the injector.
NO	Replace the wire-harness.
ок	Go to "While junction coupler is connected".

- While junction coupler is connected
 - 1- Connect the injector and the wire-harness, and remove the ECU from the wire-harness. However, see the above wiring diagram to connect the wire-harness of junction coupler (2) to the wire-harness of junction coupler (1).
- 2-Using a circuit tester, determine the resistance values (total resistance value) between the ECU side harness connector A48 to A18, A47 to A17, and A33 to A16 for 3-cylinder engines, and also the resistance values (total resistance value) between ECU side harness connector A47 to A17, A33 to A16, A32 to A02, and A31 to A01 for 4-cylinder engines.

Note: See "Reference: Injector's overall resistance value".

NG	The junction coupler may be defective. Replace the wire-harness.
OK.	• The coupler between the wire-harness and the ECU may be defective. Replace the wire-harness.
OK .	Replace the ECU.

Injector short circuit

● Related DTC

P code	P1262	Name	Injector (No. 1 cylinder) short circuit
SPN/FMI	654/3	Name	Injector (No. 1 cylinder) short circuit
P code	P1265		Initiative (NIC Continues) of out singuit
SPN/FMI	653/3	Name	Injector (No. 2 cylinder) short circuit
P code	P1268		
SPN/FMI	652/3	Name	Injector (No. 3 cylinder) short circuit
P code	P1271		
SPN/FMI	651/3	Name	Injector (No. 4 cylinder) short circuit
P code	P1146	24	Linda de la companya della companya
SPN/FMI	2797/6	Name	Injector drive circuit (Bank 1) short circuit
P code	P1149		
SPN/FMI	2798/6	Name	Injector drive circuit (Bank 2) short circuit

Workflow

Refer to "Disconnection of the injector and coil short circuit"

Wire diagram

Refer to "Disconnection of the injector and coil short circuit"

- 1. Checking the injector resistance value (injector unit)
 - 1-Remove the injector from the wire-harness.
 - 2-Using circuit tester, determine the resistance value (total resistance value) of the injector terminals A to B, C to D, E to F, and G to H (4-cylinder engine only).

Reference: Injector's overall resistance value

Terminal	Specifications
Between the injector terminals	TBD

NG	Replace the injector
ОК	Go to "Checking the resistance values of the injector (injector and wire-harness)".

- 2. Checking the resistance values of the injector (injector and wire-harness)
 - Junction coupler not connected
 - 1- Connect the injector and the wire-harness, and remove the ECU from the wire-harness. However, see the above wiring diagram to remove the wire-harness of junction coupler (2) from the wire-harness of junction coupler (1).
 - 2- Using a circuit tester, determine the resistance values (total resistance value) between the junction coupler (1) side harness connector A48 to A18, A47 to A17, and A33 to A16 for 3-cylinder engines, and also the resistance values (total resistance value) between junction coupler (1) side harness connector A47 to A17, A33 to A16, A32 to A02, and A31 to A01 for 4-cylinder engines.

Note: See "Reference: Injector's overall resistance value".

NG	Replace the wire-harness.
ок	Go to "While junction coupler is connected".

While junction coupler is connected

- 1- Connect the injector and the wire-harness, and remove the ECU from the wire-harness. However, see the above wiring diagram to connect the wire-harness of junction coupler (2) to the wire-harness of junction coupler (1).
- 2-Using a circuit tester, determine the resistance values (total resistance value) between the ECU side harness connector A48 to A18, A47 to A17, and A33 to A16 for 3-cylinder engines, and also the resistance values (total resistance value) between ECU side harness connector A47 to A17, A33 to A16, A32 to A02, and A31 to A01 for 4-cylinder engines.

Note: See "Reference: Injector's overall resistance value".

NG	Replace the wire-harness.
OK	• The coupler between the wire-harness and the ECU may be defective. Replace the wire-harness.
OR	Replace the ECU.

■ High-pressure pump (MPROP)

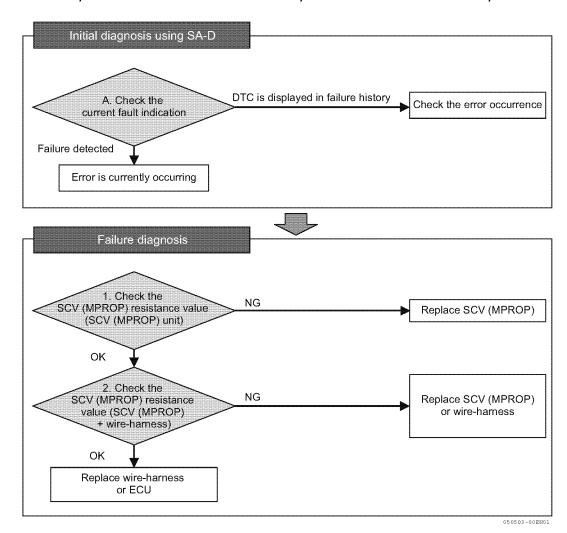
● Related DTC

P code	P1641	N	SCV (MDDOD) Laide VD about aircuit
SPN/FMI	522571/3	Name	SCV (MPROP) L side VB short circuit
P code	P1643		
SPN/FMI	522571/6	Name	SCV (MPROP) L side GND short circuit
P code	P0629		
SPN/FMI	633/3	Name	SCV (MPROP) H side VB short circuit
P code	P1642		
SPN/FMI	633/6	Name	SCV (MPROP) H side GND short circuit
P code	P0627		
SPN/FMI	633/5	Name	SCV (MPROP) disconnection
P code	P1645		
SPN/FMI	522572/11	Name	SCV (MPROP) Pump overload error
P code	P062A		
SPN/FMI	522572/6	Name Name	SCV (MPROP) Drive current (high level)

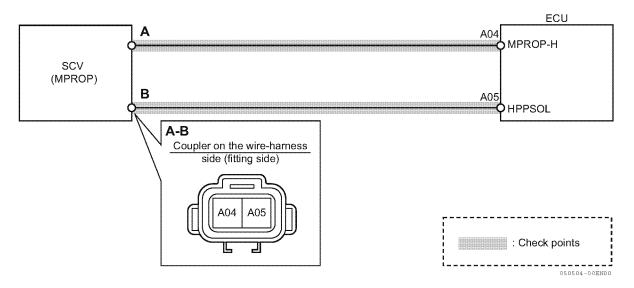


Workflow

Note: See "Work description" for work details. Go to "SA-D Operation Manual" for the SA-D operation.



Wiring diagram



Note: See P289 for the ECU pin layout.

Work description

- 1. Checking the SCV (MPROP) resistance value (SCV (MPROP) unit)
 - 1-Remove the SCV (MPROP) from the wire-harness.
 - 2-Using a circuit tester, measure the resistance value (overall resistance value) between SCV (MPROP) terminals A and B.

Reference: SCV (MPROP)'s overall resistance value

Terminal	Specifications
Between the SCV (MPROP) terminals	2.60 - 3.15 Ω

NG	Replace the SCV (MPROP).
OK	Go to "Checking the SCV (MPROP) resistance value (SCV (MPROP) + wire-harness)".

- 2. Checking the SCV (MPROP) resistance value (SCV (MPROP) + wire-harness)
 - 1-Connect the SCV (MPROP) and the wire-harness. Remove the ECU from the wire-harness.
 - 2-Using a circuit tester, measure the resistance value between ECU wire-harness connectors A04 and A05.

 Note: See the above "Reference: SCV (MPROP)'s overall resistance value".

NG	The wire-harness may be defective. Replace the wire-harness.
ОК	Replace the ECU.

Actuator

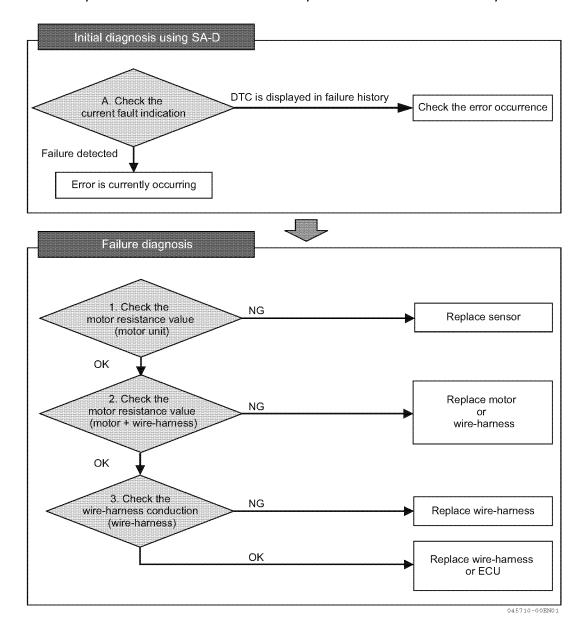
■ Intake throttle drive circuit

Related DTC

P code	P0660	Name	No-load of throttle valve drive H bridge circuit	
SPN/FMI	2950/5	Name	No-load of throttle valve drive in bridge circuit	
P code	P1660			
SPN/FMI	2950/6	Name	Overload on the drive H bridge circuit of throttle valve	
P code	P1658			
SPN/FMI	2950/3	Name	Power short circuit of throttle valve drive H bridge output 1	
P code	P1661			
SPN/FMI	2951/3	Name	Power short circuit of throttle valve drive H bridge output 2	
P code	P1659	N. C.	OND about aircrit of the other date. He side a stant of	
SPN/FMI	2950/4	Name	GND short circuit of throttle valve drive H bridge output 1	
P code	P1662	N.	CND short sirewit of threattle valve drive H bridge system 2	
SPN/FMI	2951/4	Name	GND short circuit of throttle valve drive H bridge output 2	

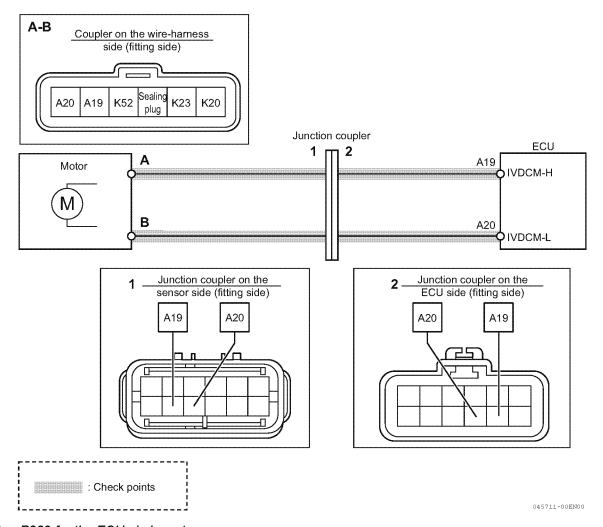
Workflow

Note: See "Work description" for work details. Go to "SA-D Operation Manual" for the SA-D operation.



YANMAR

Wiring diagram



Note: See P289 for the ECU pin layout.

- 1. Checking the motor resistance value (motor unit)
 - 1-Remove the motor from the wire-harness.
 - 2-Using a circuit tester, measure the resistance value (overall resistance value) between motor terminals A and B.

Reference: Overall resistance value of motor

Terminal	Specifications
Between terminal A and B	Under investigation

NG	Replace the motor.
OK	Go to "Checking the motor resistance value (motor + wire-harness)".

- 2. Checking the motor resistance value (motor + wire-harness)
 - 1-Connect the motor and the wire-harness. Remove the ECU from the wire-harness.
 - 2-Using a circuit tester, measure the resistance value (overall resistance value) between ECU wire-harness connectors A19 and A20.

Note: See the above "Reference: Overall resistance value of motor".

No	A coupler failure between the motor and the wire-harness may be caused. Replace the motor.
INO	Replace the wire-harness.
Applied	Go to "Checking the wire-harness conduction".

- 3. Checking the wire-harness conduction
 - 1-Remove the wire-harness from the motor and ECU. However, connect the junction coupler.
 - 2-While referring to the P289 "ECU pin layout diagram", check the conduction of the wire-harness between terminals 1 and 2 in the chart below.

Detection error	Check method
No-load of throttle valve drive H bridge circuit	Perform the check pattern 1
Power short circuit of throttle valve drive H bridge output 1	Perform the check pattern 2
Power short circuit of throttle valve drive H bridge output 2	Perform the check pattern 3
GND short circuit of throttle valve drive H bridge output 1	Perform the check pattern 4
GND short circuit of throttle valve drive H bridge output 2	Perform the check pattern 5



Reference: Intake throttle drive circuit conduction check pattern 1

Terminal 1	Terminal 2		
(Wire-harness connec-	(Wire-harness connec-	Conduction	State
tor on ECU side)	tor on DC motor side)		
A19	Motor terminal A	Yes	OK: Normal
Alig		No	NG: Error
A20	Motor terminal B	Yes	OK: Normal
A20	Motor terminal B	No	NG: Error

Reference: Intake throttle drive circuit conduction check pattern 2

Terminal 1	Terminal 2		
(Wire-harness connec-	(Wire-harness connec-	Conduction	State
tor on ECU side)	tor on ECU side)		
A19	VB terminal	Yes	NG: Error
Ala	VD (eiiiiliai	No	OK: Normal

Reference: Intake throttle drive circuit conduction check pattern 3

Terminal 1	Terminal 2		
(Wire-harness connec-	(Wire-harness connec-	Conduction	State
tor on ECU side)	tor on ECU side)		
A20	VB terminal	Yes	NG: Error
A20	VB tellilliai	No	OK: Normal

Reference: Intake throttle drive circuit conduction check pattern 4

Terminal 1 Terminal 2		
(Wire-harness connec-	Conduction	State
tor on ECU side) tor on ECU side)		
A19 GND terminal	Yes	NG: Error
A13 GND terminal	No	OK: Normal

Reference: Intake throttle drive circuit conduction check pattern 5

Terminal 1	Terminal 2		
(Wire-harness connec-	(Wire-harness connec-	Conduction	State
tor on ECU side)	tor on ECU side)		
A20	GND terminal	Yes	NG: Error
A20	GIND TEITIMAI	No	OK: Normal

NG	Wire-harness disconnection or short circuit. Replace the wire-harness.
OK	• A coupler failure between the ECU and the wire-harness may be caused. Replace the wire-harness.
ON.	Replace the ECU.

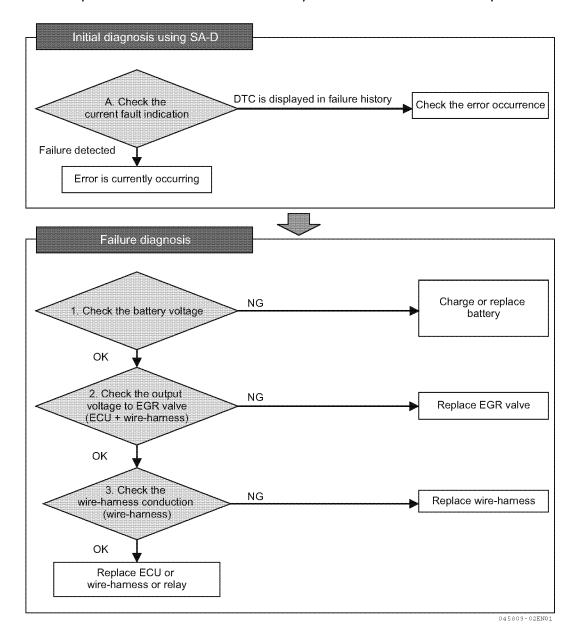
■ EGR valve

Related DTC

P code P0404	Name EGR overvoltage error	
SPN/FMI 2791/0	Name EGR overvoltage error	
P code P1404		
	Name EGR low voltage error	

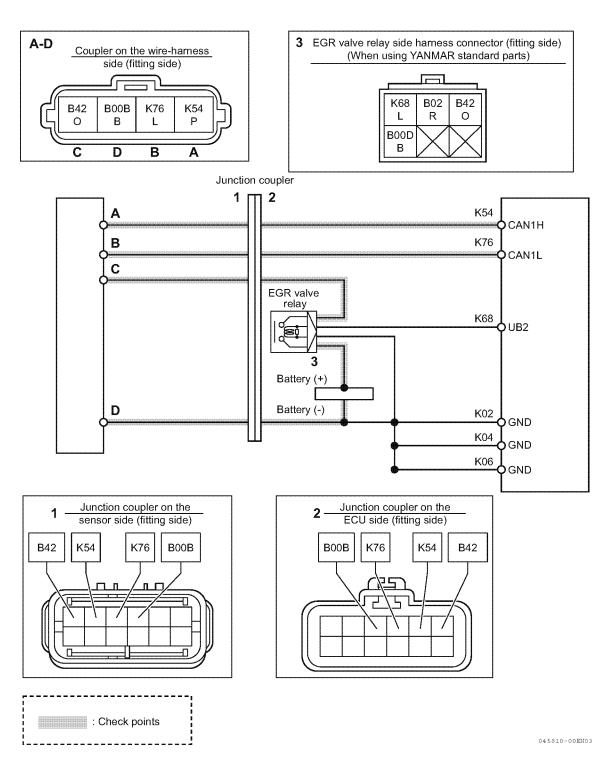
Workflow

Note: See "Work description" for work details. Go to "SA-D Operation Manual" for the SA-D operation.



YANMAR

Wiring diagram



Note: See P289 for the ECU pin layout.

1. Checking the battery voltage

Turn on the key switch and check the battery voltage.

- 1-Make sure that the battery voltage is not reduced due to the battery life.
- 2-Make sure that the battery output is not too high.

Reference: Battery voltage check pattern 1

Terminal 1 (Battery) Terminal 2 (Battery)	Voltage	State
	8 V or below	NG: Error
Battery (+) Battery (-)	8 V - 16 V	OK: Normal
	16 V or above	NG: Error

NG	Charge or replace the battery.
ок	Check the operation of other ECUs.

2. Checking the output voltage to the EGR valve

- 1-Remove the EGR valve from the wire-harness.
- 2-Turn on the key switch and check the battery voltage. Measure the wire-harness between C and D with reference to "Wire diagram".

Reference: Battery voltage check pattern 2

Terminal 1	Terminal 2		
(EGR valve side wire-	(EGR valve side wire-	Voltage	State
harness connector)	harness connector)		
		8 V or below	NG: Error
C (B42)	D (B00B)	8 V - 18 V	OK: Normal
		18 V or above	NG: Error

NG	Go to "Checking the wire-harness conduction".
ОК	Replace the EGR valve.

3. Checking the wire-harness conduction

- 1-Remove the wire-harness from the EGR valve and the ECU. Also remove the EGR valve relay from the coupler.
- 2-While referring to the P289 "ECU pin layout diagram", check the conduction of the wire-harness between terminals 1 and 2 in the chart below.

Terminal 1 (Wire-harness connec- tor on ECU side)	Terminal 2 (EGR valve side wire- harness connector)	Conduction	State
K01/K03/K05	EGR valve terminal C	Yes	OK: Normal
NU 1/NU3/NU3		No	NG: Error
K02/K04/K06	EGR valve terminal D	Yes	OK: Normal
NUZ/NU4/NUU		No	NG: Error
1	EGR valve terminal A	Yes	OK: Normal
K54* ¹		No	NG: Error
K76* ¹	EGR valve terminal B	Yes	OK: Normal
V/0		No	NG: Error

^{*1:} Although it is not a battery line, the abnormal signal may be transmitted due to open circuit/short circuit. Check for precaution.



Reference: EGR valve conduction check pattern 1 (Checking the conduction of EGR valve power line)

Terminal 1	Terminal 2		
(EGR valve side wire-	(EGR valve relay side	Conduction	State
harness connector)	wire-harness connector)		
EGR valve terminal C	B42	Yes	OK: Normal
LON valve terrilliar C	D42	No	NG: Error

Terminal 1		
(EGR valve relay side Terminal 2 (Battery)	Conduction	State
wire-harness connector)		
B02 Battery (+)	Yes	OK: Normal
B02 Battery (+)	No	NG: Error

Terminal 1			
(EGR valve side wire-	Terminal 2 (Battery)	Conduction	State
harness connector)			
ECD valve terminal D	Dotton/()	Yes	OK: Normal
EGR valve terminal D	Battery (-)	No	NG: Error

Terminal 1	Terminal 2		
(Wire-harness connec-	(Wire-harness connec-	Conduction	State
tor on ECU side)	tor on ECU side)		
K54* ¹	EGR valve terminal A	Yes	OK: Normal
		No	NG: Error
K76* ¹	EGR valve terminal B	Yes	OK: Normal
	EGR valve terminal B	No	NG: Error

^{*1:} Although it is not a power line, the abnormal signal may be transmitted due to open circuit/short circuit. Check for precaution.

Reference: EGR valve conduction check pattern 2 (Check for short circuit)

Terminal 1 (EGR valve side wire- harness connector)	Terminal 2 (Wire-harness connec- tor ECU side)	Conduction	State
	All terminals other than the	Yes	NG: Error
EGR valve terminal C	below: K01, K03, K05	No	OK: Normal
EGR valve terminal D	All terminals other than	Yes	NG: Error
EGR valve tellillilai D	GND	No	OK: Normal
EGR valve terminal A*1	All terminals other than	Yes	NG: Error
EGR valve terminal A**	K54	No	OK: Normal
1	All terminals other than	Yes	NG: Error
EGR valve terminal B*1	K76	No	OK: Normal

^{*1:} Although it is not a battery line, the abnormal signal may be transmitted due to open circuit/short circuit. Check for precaution.

NG	Wire-harness disconnection or short circuit. Replace the wire-harness.
	The coupler between the ECU and the wire-harness may be defective. Replace the wire-harness.
ОК	Possibly an EGR valve relay error. Replace the EGR valve relay.
	Replace the ECU.

■ EGR valve

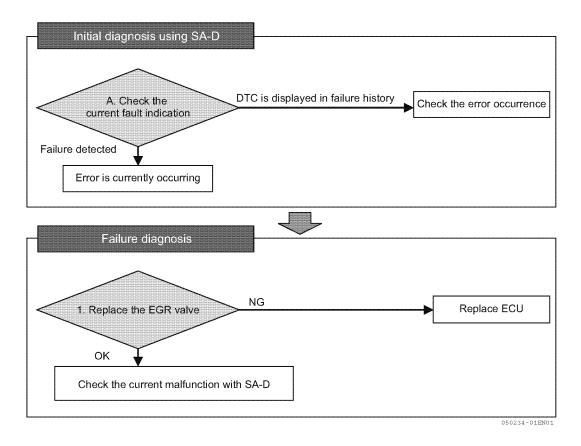
● Related DTC

P code	P0403	N1	Disconnection in EGR motor coils	
SPN/FMI	2791/12	Name		
P code	P1405			
SPN/FMI	522579/12	Name	Short circuit in EGR motor coils	
P code	P0488			
SPN/FMI	522580/12	Name	EGR position sensor error	
P code	P1409			
SPN/FMI	2791/7	Name	EGR feedback error	
P code	P148A			
SPN/FMI	522581/7	Name	EGR valve sticking error	
P code	P049D			
SPN/FMI	522582/7	Name	EGR initialization error	
P code	U0401			
SPN/FMI	2791/9	Name	EGR ECM data error	
P code	U1401			
SPN/FMI	522617/12	Name	EGR target value out of range	
P code	P1410			
SPN/FMI	522583/1	Name	EGR high temperature thermistor error	
P code	P1411			
SPN/FMI	522584/1	Name	EGR low temperature thermistor error	



Workflow

Note: See "Work description" for work details. Go to "SA-D Operation Manual" for the SA-D operation.



Work description

1. Replacing the EGR valve EGR valve internal circuit may be defective. Replace the EGR valve.

NG	Replace the ECU.
OK	Checking the current failure with SA-D.

Communication related

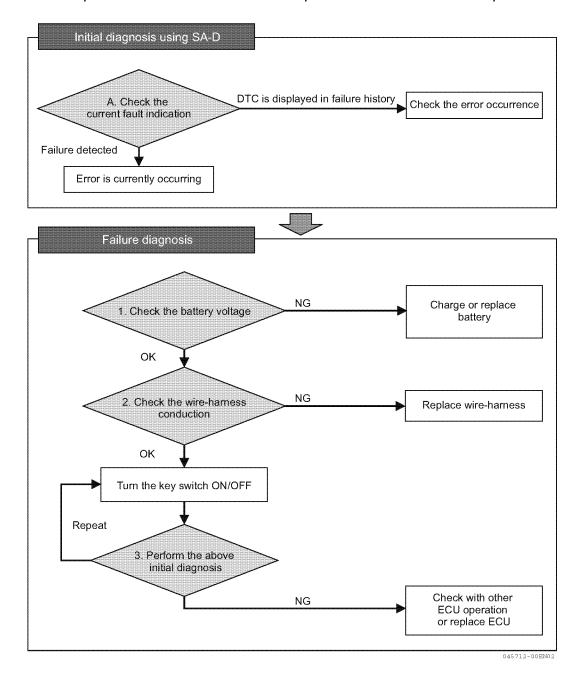
■ CAN 1

Related DTC

P code U010B	Name CAN 1 (for EGR): Reception time out
SPN/FMI 522610/9	Name CAN 1 (for EGR): Reception time out
P code U1107	Name CAN 1 (for exhaust throttle): Reception time out

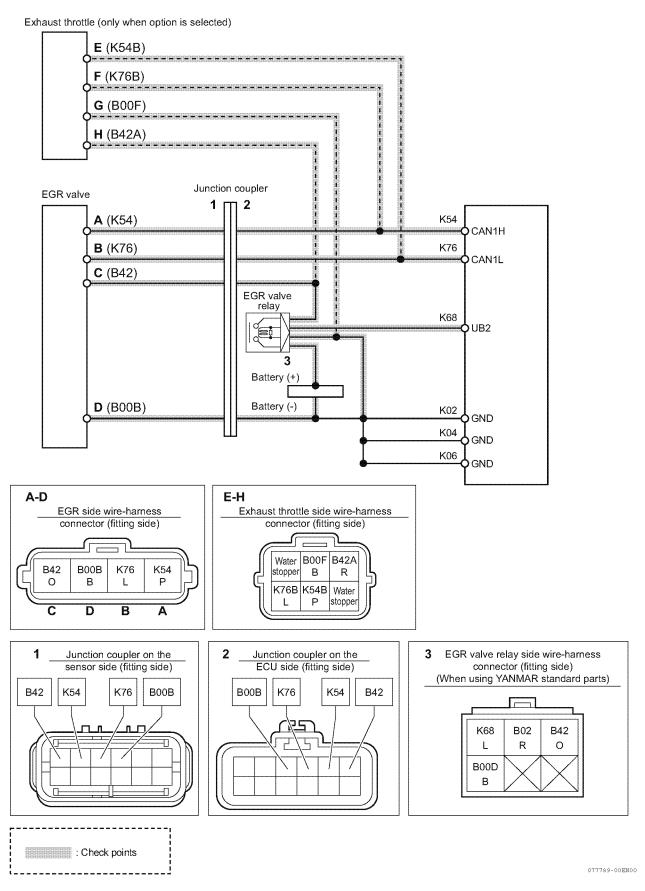
Workflow

Note: See "Work description" for work details. Go to "SA-D Operation Manual" for the SA-D operation.



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Wiring diagram



Note: See P289 for the ECU pin layout.

1. Checking the battery voltage

Turn on the key switch and check the battery voltage.

- 1-Make sure that the battery voltage is not reduced due to the battery life.
- 2-Make sure that the battery output is not too high.

NG	Charge or replace the battery.
ОК	Go to "Checking the wire-harness conduction".

2. Checking the wire-harness conduction

- 1-Remove the wire-harness from the ECU and ECU of driven machine side.
- 2-While referring to P289 "ECU pin layout diagram", check the wire-harness conduction for the error-detected actuator (EGR valve or exhaust throttle) between terminal 1 and terminal 2 using the table below.

Reference: CAN 1 line conduction check pattern 1

Terminal 1	Terminal 2		
(Wire-harness connec-	(Actuator side wire-har- ness connector)	Conduction	State
tor on ECU side)			
K54	K54 -	Yes	OK: Normal
1/04		No	NG: Error
K76	K76 -	Yes	OK: Normal
N/O		No	NG: Error

Reference: CAN 1 line conduction check pattern 2

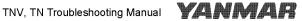
Terminal 1	Terminal 2		
(Wire-harness connec-	(Wire-harness connec-	Conduction	State
tor on ECU side)	tor on ECU side)		
K54	All terminals other than	Yes	NG: Error
NO4	K54 and K76	No	OK: Normal
K76	All terminals other than	Yes	NG: Error
N/O	K54 and K76	No	OK: Normal

NG	Wire-harness disconnection or short circuit. Replace the wire-harness.
ОК	Go to "Operation using SA-D".

3. Operation using SA-D

- 1-Turn off the key switch, turn on the key switch again, and start the engine.
- 2-Connect the SA-D and check the current fault indication to see whether an error is detected.

No	Normal
	Check the actuator operation.
	1. Check the power supply to the actuator.
Applied	2. If there is no power supply, check the EGR valve relay, fuse, and power line connection.
Applied	3. If there is nothing wrong with the power system, replace the actuator that detected communication
	error.
	Replace the ECU.



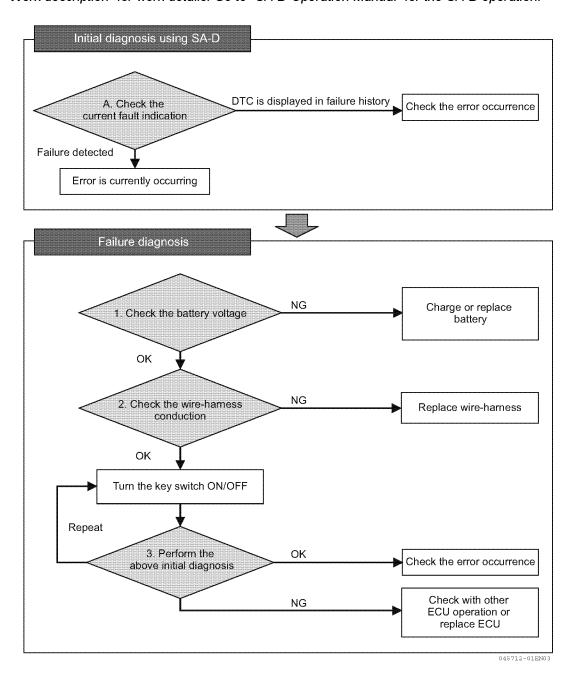
■ CAN 2

● Related DTC

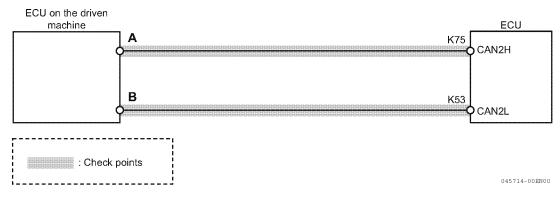
P code	U0292	Name	TSC4 (SA4) recention times ut	
SPN/FMI	522596/9	warne	TSC1 (SA1) reception timeout	
P code	U1301			
SPN/FMI	522597/9	Name	TSC1 (SA2) reception timeout	
	····			
P code	U1292	Name	Y_ECR1 reception timeout	
SPN/FMI	522599/9		- '	
P code	U1293	<u></u>		
SPN/FMI	522600/9	Name	Y_EC reception timeout	
P code	U1294			
SPN/FMI	522601/9	Name	Y_RSS reception timeout	
P code	U0168			
SPN/FMI	237/31	Name	VI reception timeout	
	M			
P code	U3002	Name	VI reception data error	
SPN/FMI	237/13			
P code	U1300			
SPN/FMI	522609/9	Name	Y_ETCP1 reception time out	
P code	U1303			
SPN/FMI	522619/9	Name	Y_DPFIF reception timeout	
P code	U1302			
SPN/FMI	522681/9	Name	EBC1 reception timeout	
P code	U0167			
SPN/FMI	522730/12	Name	Immobilizer error (CAN communication)	

Workflow

Note: See "Work description" for work details. Go to "SA-D Operation Manual" for the SA-D operation.



Wiring diagram



Note: See P289 for the ECU pin layout.



1. Checking the battery voltage

Turn on the key switch and check the battery voltage.

- 1-Make sure that the battery voltage is not reduced due to the battery life.
- 2-Make sure that the battery output is not too high.

NG	Charge or replace the battery.
OK	Go to: "Checking the wire-harness conduction".

2. Checking the wire-harness conduction

- 1-Remove the wire-harness from the ECU and ECU of driven machine side.
- 2-While referring to the P289 "ECU pin layout diagram", check the conduction of the wire-harness between terminals 1 and 2 in the chart below.

Reference: CAN 2 line conduction check pattern 1

Terminal 1 (Wire-harness connec- tor on ECU side)	Terminal 2 (Wire-harness connector on driven machine ECU side)	Conduction	State
K75	Driven machine ECU	Yes	OK: Normal
K/7	terminal A	No	NG: Error
K53	Driven machine ECU	Yes	OK: Normal
1 100	terminal B	No	NG: Error

Reference: CAN 2 line conduction check pattern 2

Terminal 1	Terminal 2		
(Wire-harness connec-	(Wire-harness connec-	Conduction	State
tor on ECU side)	tor ECU side)		
K75	All terminals other than	Yes	NG: Error
K/13	K75	No	OK: Normal
K53	All terminals other than	Yes	NG: Error
NOS	K53	No	OK: Normal

NG	Wire-harness disconnection or short circuit. Replace the wire-harness.
ок	Go to "Operation using SA-D".

3. Operation using SA-D

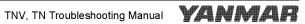
- 1-Turn off the key switch, turn on the key switch again, and start the engine.
- 2- Connect the SA-D and check the current fault indication to see whether an error is detected.

No	Normal
Applied	Check the operation of other ECUs.
Applied	Replace the ECU.

ECU related

● Related DTC

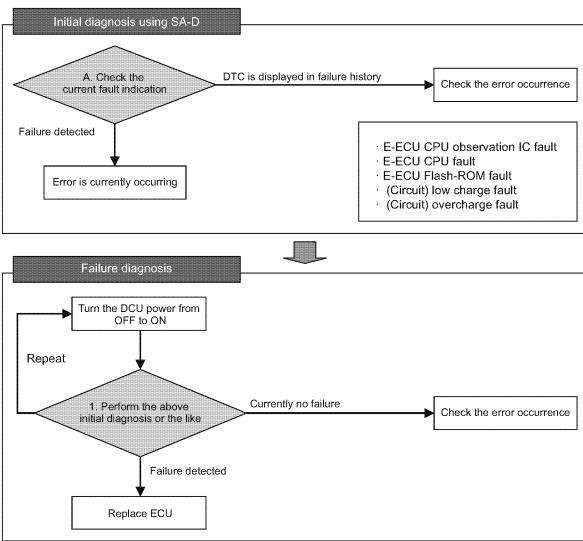
P code	P0601		
SPN/FMI	630/12	Name	EEPROM memory deletion error
P code	P160E	None	EEDDOM mamory reading over
SPN/FMI	630/12	Name	EEPROM memory reading error
P code	P160F		
SPN/FMI	630/12	——— Name	EEPROM memory writing error
SEIVEIVII	030/12		
P code	P2228	.,	
SPN/FMI	108/4	Name	Atmospheric pressure sensor error (voltage low)
DI-	D2220		
P code	P2229	Name	Atmospheric pressure sensor error (voltage high)
SPN/FMI	108/3		
P code	P1231	**	A4
SPN/FMI	108/10	Name	Atmospheric pressure sensor error (characteristic error)
P code	P1613		
	700 700	Name Name	CY146 SPI communication fault
SPN/FMI	522585/12		
P code	P1608	N	F
SPN/FMI	522588/12	Name	Excessive voltage of supply 1
P code	P1617		
SPN/FMI	522589/12	Name	Insufficient voltage of supply 1
OI WII WII	32230 <i>3/</i> 12		Young
P code	P1469		AD
SPN/FMI	523473/12	Name	AD converter fault 1
P code	P1470	_	-
SPN/FMI	523474/12	Name	AD converter fault 2
SFIN/FINI	323414112		wood of the control o
P code	P1471	N.I.	Establish to the Control of the Cont
SPN/FMI	523475/12	Name	External monitoring IC and CPU fault 1
P code	P1472		
	000 000	Name	External monitoring IC and CPU fault 2
SPN/FMI	523476/12		
P code	P1473	3.1	DOM 5-114
SPN/FMI	523477/12	Name	ROM fault
B and a	P1474		
P code		Name	Shutoff path fault 1
SPN/FMI	523478/12		



P code	P1475	Name	Shutoff path fault 2
SPN/FMI	523479/12		
P code	P1476		
SPN/FMI	523480/12	Name	Shutoff path fault 3
P code	P1477		
SPN/FMI	523481/12	Name	Shutoff path fault 4
P code	P1478		
SPN/FMI	523482/12	Name	Shutoff path fault 5
P code	P1479		
SPN/FMI	523483/12	Name	Shutoff path fault 6
P code	P1480		
SPN/FMI	523484/12	Name	Shutoff path fault 7
P code	P1481		
SPN/FMI	523485/12	Name	Shutoff path fault 8
P code	P1482	Name	
SPN/FMI	523486/12		Shutoff path fault 9
P code	P1483		
SPN/FMI	523487/12	Name	Shutoff path fault 10

Workflow

Note: See "Work description" for work details. Go to "SA-D Operation Manual" for the SA-D operation.



044395-01EN01

Work description

- 1. Checking the current failure with SA-D
 - 1-Turn off the ECU power and turn on the key switch again.
 - 2-Connect the SA-D and check the current fault indication to see whether an error is detected.

No	When an error has been logged in the Logged Diagnostic Trouble Code, check for error occurrences.
Yes	Switch the ECU power from ON to OFF again and perform the work indicated above 1.
ies	Replace the ECU.

Others

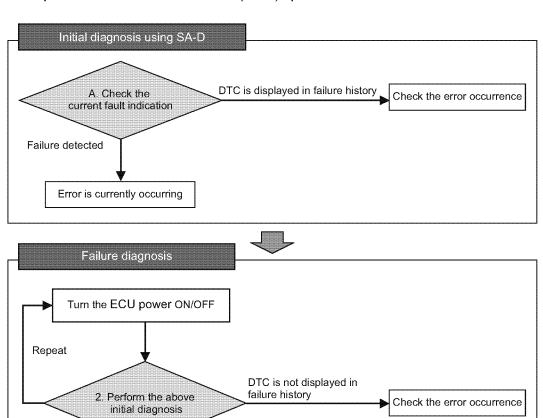
■ Overspeed

Related DTC

P code P0219	Name	Overspeed
SPN/FMI 190/0	IVAILIE	Overspeed

Workflow

Note: For the details of work, refer to the following <Work description>. For the operation method of the diagnosis, refer to the separate "SMARTASSIST-DIRECT (SA-D) operation manual".



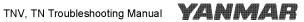
DTC is displayed in failure history

044396-01EN01

Replace ECU or injector

- 1. Operation using SA-D
 - 1-Turn off the ECU power, turn on the key switch again, and start the engine.
 - 2-Connect the SA-D and check the current fault indication to see whether an error is detected.

No	When an error has been logged in the Logged Diagnostic Trouble Code, check for error occurrences.
Yes	Switch the ECU power from ON to OFF again and perform the work indicated above 1.
1.63	Replace the ECU or injector.





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TROUBLESHOOTING MANUAL

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