

TROUBLESHOOTING MANUAL

INDUSTRIAL ENGINES

ELECTRONIC CONTROL

3TNV82A4TNV843TNV82A-B4TNV84T3TNV844TNV84T3TNV84T4TNV883TNV84T-B4TNV88-B3TNV884TNV88-U3TNV88-B4TNV94L3TNV88-U4TNV98

4TNV84 4TNV84T-Z 4TNV84T-Z 4TNV88-B 4TNV88-B 4TNV88-U 4TNV94L 4TNV94L 4TNV98-Z 4TNV98-Z 4TNV98-Z 4TNV98T-Z 4TNV98T-Z 4TNV98T-Z

California Proposition 65 Warning

Diesel engine exhaust and some of its constituents are known to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects, and other reproductive harm.

California Proposition 65 Warning

Battery posts, terminals, and related accessories contain lead and lead compounds, chemicals known to the state of California to cause cancer and reproductive harm.

Wash hands after handling.

Section 1

FAILURE DIAGNOSIS

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Engine warning lamp for Yanmar error codes.

While an error is occurring the error warning lamp on the cluster is flashing with a fixed frequency.

This flashing lamp is to get the attention of the driver, not to give the error code as explained in the manual.

the manual.

The error code signal which is referring to the code table in the manual is given by a sound of the

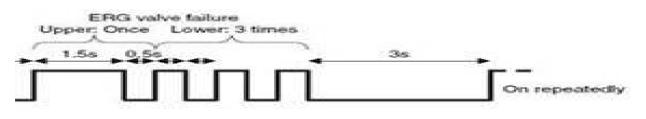
buzzer.

So to know the right error code you have to listen to the buzzer only.

Remark : Listening to the buzzer and looking at the flashing lamp together gives a very confusing

feeling and it is very hard to write down the correct error code.

EGR Code 1-3



Buzzer : ON_____OFF ON/OFF ON/OFF ON/OFF (1 long, 3 short) & correct error.

DTCS (DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODES) GENERAL DESCRIPTION

DTC Code List

Clas sifica	DTC	BUZZER Flashing	E	Referenced page number			
		Patterns	Area	Status	Overview	Failure Diagnosis	
	P1202/4	7	De elementition e concern	Error (low voltage)	P.1-8		
	P1203/3	7	Rack position sensor	Error (high voltage)	P.1-10	P.1-136	
	P0122/4			Error (low voltage)	P.1-12		
	P1203/3			Error (high voltage)	P.1-14	P.1-140	
	P0124/2	5	Accelerator sensor	Intermittent failure	P.1-16		
	P1125/1			Error (foot pedal-close position)	P.1-18	Dida	
	P1126/0			Error (foot pedal-open position)	P.1-20	P.1-144	
	P0222/4			Error (low voltage)	P.1-22		
	P0223/3			Error (high voltage)	P.1-24	P.1-148	
	P0224/2	10		Intermittent failure	P.1-26		
	P1225/1	1-8	Spare accelerator sensor	Error (foot pedal-close position)	P.1-28	P.1-144	
es	P1226/0			Error (foot pedal-open position)	P.1-30		
ailur	P1227/8			Error (pulse communication)	P.1-32	P.1-152	
d Fa	P0222/4		Atmospheric pressure sensor	Error (low voltage)	P.1-34	P.1-148	
late	P0223/3	1-9		Error (high voltage)	P.1-36		
Re	P0224/2			Intermittent failure	P.1-38		
Iput	P0668/4			Error (low voltage)	P.1-40		
g Ir	P0669/3	4-1	ECU Temperature Sensor	Error (high voltage)	P.1-41	P.1-154	
Analog Input Related Failures	P1644/2			Intermittent failure	P.1-42		
A	P0634/0	2-5	ECU Temperature Rise Alarm		P.1-43	P.1-154	
	P0117/4			Error (Low Voltage)	P.1-45	P.1-156	
	P0118/3	4	Cooling water	Error (High Voltage)	P.1-47		
	P0119/2		temperature sensor	Intermittent failure	P.1-49		
	P0217/0	3-6	Cooling Water Temperature Rise Alarm		P.1-51	P.1-156	
	P0642/4			Error (low voltage)	P.1-53		
	P0643/3	2-4	SENSOR 5V	Error (High Voltage)	P.1-54	P.1-160	
	P1644/2			Intermittent failure	P.1-55	1	
	P0562/1	0.0	Demonstration by Mathematic	Error (Low Voltage)	P.1-56	P.1-56	
	P0563/0	2-3	Power supply Voltage	Error (High Voltage)	P.1-58	P.1-58	

FAILURE DIAGNOSIS

DTCs (Diagnostic Trouble Codes) General Description

		BUZZER Flashing	Error Item		Referenced page number	
tion	.		Area	Status	Overview	Failure Diagnosis
LIS I	P0340/4	6	Speed Sensor	Error	P.1-60	P.1-164
Sensors	P1340/4	1-1	Spare speed sensor	Error	P.1-62	P.1-167
Pulse Se	P0219/0	9	Overspeed Error		P.1-64	P.1-64
	P1222/4			Error A	P.1-66	
	P1223/3	1-7	Rack actuator Relay	Error B	P.1-68	P.1-170
	P1224/2			Intermittent failure	P.1-70	
S	P1232/4			Error A	P.1-72	
nre	P1233/3	1-5	Start Assist Relay	Error B	P.1-74	P.1-174
Contact Output Related Failures	P1234/2			Intermittent failure	P.1-76	
ed I	P1242/4			Error A	P.1-78	
elat	P1243/3	1-4	CSD solenoid valve	Error B	P.1-80	P.1-178
t Re	P1244/2			Intermittent failure	P.1-82	
tpu	P1402/4			Error A (Step Motor A-Phase)	P.1-84	
no	P1403/3]		Error B (Step Motor A-Phase)	P.1-86	
act	P1412/4]		Error A (Step Motor B-Phase)	P.1-88	
out	P1413/3	1-3	EGR valve	Error B (Step Motor B-Phase)	P.1-90	P.1-182
0	P1422/4	1-5		Error A (Step Motor C-Phase)	P.1-92	F.1-102
	P1423/3			Error B (Step Motor C-Phase)	P.1-94	
	P1432/4]		Error A (Step Motor D-Phase)	P.1-96	
	P1433/3			Error B (Step Motor D-Phase)	P.1-98	
es	P1192/4	2-1	Oil pressure switch	Error	P.1-100	
ailur	P1198/1	3-1	Oil Pressure Descend E	rror	P.1-102	
L Fa	P1562/4	2-2	Charge switch	Error	P.1-104	
atec	P1568/1	3-2	Charge Alarm		P.1-106	
Sela	P1217/0	3-3	Abnormal Water Temper	rature	P.1-108	P.1-187
ut F	P1101/0	3-4	Air cleaner Clogging Ala	rm	P.1-110	
Contact Input Related Failures	P1151/0	3-5	Oil-water separator Aları	n	P.1-112	

DTCs (Diagnostic Trouble Codes) General Description

FAILURE DIAGNOSIS

Clas sifica DTC		BUZZER		Error Item		Referenced page number		
tion		Flashing Patterns	4	\rea	Status	Overview	Failure Diagnosis	
ก	P1212/4			Error (low current)	P.1-114			
	P1213/3		Rack actua	tor	Error (high current)	P.1-116		
or	P1211/7	8			Mechanical failure	P.1-118	P.1-193	
Actuator Errors	P1214/2		Engine		Error	P.1-120		
es	P0605/12				Error (Checksum A)	P.1-122		
ilur	P1605/2			Flash ROM	Error (Checksum B)			
Fa	P1606/2		ECU Internal		Error (Checksum C)			
Ited	P1620/12			Map format	Error			
Sela	P1601/2	4-1		Error (Checksum)		P.1-197		
	P0601/12		linternal		Error (read/write error)			
atic	P1610/12				Error A	P.1-123		
inic	P1611/12			Sub C	Sub CPU	Error B	F.1-123	
	P1612/12				Error C			
Lon	P0686/4	1-6	Main relay		Error	P.1-124	P.1-199	
p p	U0001/12	1-2	CAN Comm	nunication	Error	P.1-126	P.1-203	
a	U0167/12				Error (CAN communication)	P.1-128		
sid€	U1167/8				Error (pulse communication)	P.1-130		
ECU inside and Communication Related Failures	U0426/2	4-2	Immobilizer		Error (System)	P.1-132	P.1-205	

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Description Items

DTC Code Number	DTC Name

DTC Detecting Conditions

 Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); Flashing pattern of failure indicator 	Check points
 Precondition for Error detection Error detecting Condition Indicates the pattern in which the failure lamp flashes when the DTC is output. (For detailed information on various flashing patterns, see Annex). 	This column shows what parts or items should be checked to identify the cause of the error. For details, see " <diagnosis Description>."</diagnosis

Movement at Error occurrence

Error Mode	[Operation Continuation] / [Run Under Restrictions] / [Stop Immediately]: The engine operation after detecting the error is described.
	 [Operation Continuation]: After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions. [Run Under Restrictions]: The system lets the engine continue to run but restricts the High idle speed, engine power, and/or other performance factors as appropriate. [Stop Immediately]: The system stops the engine immediately after detecting the error. When any error is detected before starting the engine, the starter will not rotate.
Run restricted?	Yes/No.: If Yes, this field details how the engine run is restricted when the error has occurred.
Recovery Conditions	Yes/No.: If Yes, this field describes what conditions must be true for the error mode to be reset.
Remarks	This field describes some notes on safety precautions and so on, as appropriate.

Estimation of Failure cause/Error condition

Provides descriptive information on possible points of failure, possible direct causes (such as a disconnected sensor wire), or possible system abnormalities that has indirectly caused the failure (such as abnormally high cooling water temperature), as can be estimated from the output DTC.

Note: Indicates failures that might be related with the output DTC.

Diagnosis Description

Describes methods or procedures of failure diagnosis.

* After sucessful recovery by the replacement of ECU, sensor or actuator, make sure that installing the previous parts will reproduce the same error.

Analog Input Related Failures

Rack position sensor

(1) P1202/4: Failure with Rack Position Sensor (Low Voltage)

DTC P1202/4	Rack Position Sensor Error (Low Voltage)

DTC Detecting Conditions

 Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); Flashing pattern of failure indicator 	Check points
 Key switch ON. The sensor voltage lower limit and below [at E-ECU activation, engine running] Seven flashes. 	Connector Harness Rack position sensor E-ECU

Movement at Error occurrence

Error Mode	[Run Under Restrictions]: The engine continues to run in on-error engine control mode. If any error is detected at E-ECU activation, it takes 1 - 10 seconds from the starter begins to rotate until the engine starts.
Run restricted?	 Yes: • The High idle speed is restricted to one of the following, whichever smaller: • 80% of the pre-error High idle speed • 150% of the Low idle speed • The fuel injection rate is restricted.
Recovery Conditions	No.
Remarks	The High and Low idle speeds must be equal to those specified in the engine specifications.

Estimation of Failure cause/Error condition

- The connector may not be properly connected.
- Wiring defect of the harness
 - The rack position sensor's signal wires may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND.
 - The SENSOR 12V wire may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND (*NOTE).
 - The SENSOR GND wire may be short-circuited with POWER SUPPLY (*NOTE).

*NOTE) If the SENSOR 12V wire is short-circuited with GND or SENSOR GND wire is short-circuited with POWER SUPPLY, the E-ECU's power supply line fuse 10A might be blown. With this fuse blown, the E-ECU may fail to detect/indicate the error, and to store the error history.

The rack position sensor may be faulty.

- Output defect of the rack position signal by a disconnection or a short circuit of the inner wiring
- The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis with the diagnosis	Check the fault indication.Check the sensor voltage (AD value).
tool	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-136



2) Check of	 Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch.
connectors/wiring	 Check that the connector of the rack actuator is correctly inserted.
	• Check that the wiring of the rack actuator is not disconnected or the insulation
	of the wiring is not peeled.



3) Failure Diagnostic	• Check the input voltage of the rack position sensor (voltage of the sensor 12V
Work	line).
	Check the harness for correct continuity.
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-136

(2) P1203/3: Failure with Rack Position Sensor (High Voltage)

DTC P1202/3

Failure with Rack Position Sensor (High Voltage)

DTC Detecting Conditions

 Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); Flashing pattern of failure indicator 	Check points
 Key switch ON. The sensor voltage upper limit and above [at E-ECU activation, engine running] Seven flashes. 	Connector Harness rack position sensor Rack actuator E-ECU

Movement at Error occurrence

	Detection at the engine start	Detection at the engine running
Error Mode	[Run Under Restrictions]: Start the engine in on-error engine control mode. It takes 1 to 10 seconds from the starter's rotation to the engine start.	[Stop Immediately]: The engine stops running.
Run restricted?	 Yes: • The High idle is restricted to one of the following, whichever smaller: • 80% of the pre-error High idle speed • 150% of the Low idle speed • The fuel injection rate is restricted. 	Yes: The rack actuator relay is turned OFF, and the rack position is forcibly set to the engine stop position.
Recovery Conditions	No.	No.
Remarks	The High and Low idle speeds must be equal to those specified in the engine specifications.	

- The connector may not be properly connected.
- Wiring defect of the harness
 - The SENSOR GND wire may be disconnected.
 - The rack position sensor signal wire may be short-circuited with POWER SUPPLY.
 - The rack actuator wiring may be short-circuited with GND (with engine running).
- The rack position sensor may be faulty.
 - Output defect of the rack position signal by a disconnection or a short circuit of the inner wiring
- The rack actuator may be faulty.
 - The rack actuator inner wiring may be short-circuited with GND (with engine running).
- The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis with the diagnosis	Check the fault indication.Check the sensor voltage (AD value).
tool	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-136



2) Check of	 Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch.
connectors/wiring	 Check that the connector of the rack actuator is correctly inserted.
	• Check that the wiring of the rack actuator is not disconnected or the insulation
	of the wiring is not peeled.



3) Failure Diagnostic	• Check the input voltage of the rack position sensor (voltage of the sensor 12V
Work	line).
	Check the harness for correct continuity.
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-136

Accelerator sensor

(1) P0122/4: Accelerator Sensor Error (Low Voltage)

	Accelerater Concern Frank (Low Malters)
DTC P0122/4	Accelerator Sensor Error (Low Voltage)
	(3,

DTC Detecting Conditions

 Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); Flashing pattern of failure indicator 	Check points
1. Key switch ON.	Harness
 Sensor voltage 0.2 [V] or lower. Five flashes. 	Accelerator sensor

Movement at Error occurrence

	Spare Accelerato	r Sensor Function
	Unavailable	Available
Error Mode	[Run Under Restrictions]: The engine runs at a constant rotational speed.	[Stop Immediately]: The engine continues to run using the spare accelerator sensor instead.
Run restricted?	Yes: The target speed is set to the "on- error target speed (standard value: 1500[min ⁻¹])" or "pre-error target speed".	No.
Recovery Conditions	Yes: This error will be automatically reset when a normal voltage (0.2 to 4.6[V]) is input.	Yes: This error will be automatically reset when a normal voltage (0.2 to 4.6[V]) is input.
Remarks		

- The connector may not be properly connected.
- · Wiring defect of the harness
 - The accelerator sensor's signal wires may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND.
 - The SENSOR 5V wire may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND.
 - The SENSOR GND wire may be short-circuited with POWER SUPPLY (*NOTE).
 - *NOTE) If the SENSOR GND wire is short-circuited with POWER SUPPLY, the E-ECU's power supply line fuse 10A might be blown. With this fuse blown, the E-ECU may fail to detect/indicate the error, and to store the error history.
- The accelerator sensor may be faulty.
 - Sensor output defect by a disconnection of the accelerator sensor inner wiring or a sliding resistance increase
- The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis	Check the fault indication.
with the diagnosis	Check the sensor voltage.
tool	
*	For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-140



2) Check of	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch.
connectors/wiring	Check that the connector of the accelerator sensor is correctly inserted.
•	Check that the wiring of the accelerator sensor is not disconnected or the
	insulation of the wiring is not peeled.



3) Failure Diagnostic •	Check the resistance value of the accelerator sensor.
Work •	Check the harness for correct continuity.
•	Check the output voltage of the accelerator sensor.
*	For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-140



(2) P0123/3: Accelerator Sensor Error (High Voltage)

DTC P0123/3

Accelerator Sensor Error (High Voltage)

DTC Detecting Conditions

1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s);	Check points
3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator	Check points
1. Key switch ON.	Harness
2. Sensor voltage 4.6 [V] or higher.	Accelerator sensor
3. Five flashes.	

Movement at Error occurrence

	Spare Accelerator Sensor Function	
	Unavailable	Available
Error Mode	[Run Under Restrictions]: The engine runs at a constant rotational speed.	[Stop Immediately]: The engine continues to run using the spare accelerator sensor instead.
Run restricted?	Yes: The target speed is set to the "on- error target speed (standard value: 1500[min ⁻¹])" or "pre-error target speed".	No.
Recovery Conditions	Yes: This error will be automatically reset when a normal voltage (0.2 to 4.6[V]) is input.	Yes: This error will be automatically reset when a normal voltage (0.2 to 4.6[V]) is input.
Remarks		

- The connector may not be properly connected.
- · Wiring defect of the harness
 - The SENSOR GND wire may be disconnected.
 - The sensor signal wire may be short-circuited with POWER SUPPLY.
- The accelerator sensor may be faulty.
 - · Sensor output defect by a short circuit with power supply of the accelerator sensor inner wiring
- The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis	Check the fault indication.
with the diagnosis	Check the sensor voltage.
tool	
,	For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-140



2) Check of	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch.
connectors/wiring	Check that the connector of the accelerator sensor is correctly inserted.
	Check that the wiring of the accelerator sensor is not disconnected or the
	insulation of the wiring is not peeled.



3) Failure Diagnostic	Check the resistance value of the accelerator sensor.
Work	Check the harness for correct continuity.
	Check the output voltage of the accelerator sensor.
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-140



(3) P0124/2: Intermittent Failure with Accelerator Sensor

DTC P0124/2 Interm	ittent Failure with Accelerator Sensor

DTC Detecting Conditions

 Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator 	Check points
1. Engine running.	Connector
2. Unconfirmed error detected 10 times.	Harness
3: Does not flash.	Accelerator sensor

Movement at Error occurrence

Error Mode	[Run Under Restrictions]: After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions.
Run restricted?	No.
Recovery Conditions	No.
Remarks	

- The connector may not be properly connected.
- Wiring defect of the harness
 - Accelerator sensor signal wire may be disconnected, or short-circuited with GND or power supply.
 - Sensor 5V wire may be disconnected, or short-circuited with GND or power supply.
 - Sensor GND wire may be disconnected.
- The accelerator sensor may be faulty.
 - Inner wiring may be disconnected or short-circuited

1) Initial diagnosis	Check the fault indication.
with the diagnosis	Check the sensor voltage.
tool	
,	For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-140



2) Check of	 Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch.
connectors/wiring	Check that the connector of the accelerator sensor is correctly inserted.
	Check that the wiring of the accelerator sensor is not disconnected or the
	insulation of the wiring is not peeled.



3) Failure Diagnostic •	Check the resistance value of the accelerator sensor.
Work •	Check the harness for correct continuity.
•	Check the output voltage of the accelerator sensor.
*	For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-140



(4) P0123/1: Accelerator Sensor Error (foot pedal-close position)

DTC P1125/1

Accelerator Sensor Error (foot pedal-close position)

DTC Detecting Conditions

 Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); Flashing pattern of failure indicator 	Check points
 Key switch ON. With sensor voltage at or below 0.65[V], foot pedal Normally Open switch detected being ON or foot pedal Normally Closed Switch detected being OFF. Five flashes. 	Harness Foot pedal

Movement at Error occurrence

Error Mode	[Run Under Restrictions]: The engine runs at a constant rotational speed.	
Run restricted?	Yes: The target speed is set to the "on-error target speed (standard value: 1500[min ⁻¹])" or "pre-error target speed".	
Recovery Conditions	No.	
Remarks		

- The connector may not be properly connected.
- Wiring defect of the harness
 - The wiring for the foot pedal Normally Closed switch may be disconnected.
 - The wiring for the foot pedal Normally Open switch may be short-circuited with GND.
- The foot pedal may be faulty.
 - The foot pedal inner wiring may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND.
- The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis	Check the fault indication.
with the diagnosis	 Check that the foot pedal movement is correctly recognized.
tool	
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-144



2) Check of	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch.	
connectors/wiring	• Check that the connector of the foot pedal is correctly inserted.	
	 Check that the wiring of the foot pedal is not disconnected or the insulation 	
	the wiring is not peeled.	



3) Failure Diagnostic	Check the foot pedal for correct continuity.
Work	 Check the harness for correct continuity.
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-144

(5) P1126/0: Accelerator Sensor Error (foot pedal-open position)

DTC P1126/0 Accelerator Sensor Error (foot pedal-open position)

DTC Detecting Conditions

 Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); Flashing pattern of failure indicator 	Check points
 Key switch ON. With sensor voltage 1.1[V] and above, foot pedal Normally Open switch detected being OFF or foot pedal Normally Closed Switch detected being ON. Five flashes. 	Harness Foot pedal

Movement at Error occurrence

Error Mode	[Run Under Restrictions]: The engine runs at a constant rotational speed.	
Run restricted?	Yes: The target speed is set to the "on-error target speed (standard value: 1500[min ⁻¹])" or "pre-error target speed".	
Recovery Conditions	No.	
Remarks		

- The connector may not be properly connected.
- · Wiring defect of the harness
 - The wiring for the foot pedal Normally Open switch may be disconnected.
 - The wiring for the foot pedal Normally Closed switch may be short-circuited with GND.
- The foot pedal may be faulty.
 - The inner wiring may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND.
- The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

,	Check the fault indication.Check that the foot pedal movement is correctly recognized.
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-144



2) Check of	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch.
connectors/wiring	Check that the connector of the foot pedal is correctly inserted.
•	Check that the wiring of the foot pedal is not disconnected or the insulation of
	the wiring is not peeled.



3) Failure Diagnostic	Check the foot pedal for correct continuity.
Work	 Check the harness for correct continuity.
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-144

Spare accelerator sensor (option)

(1) P0222/4: Failure with Spare Accelerator Sensor (Low Voltage)

DTC P0222/4	Failure with Spare Accelerator Sensor (Low Voltage)

DTC Detecting Conditions

 Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); Flashing pattern of failure indicator 	Check points
1. Key switch ON.	Harness
2. Sensor voltage 0.2 [V] or lower.	Spare accelerator sensor
3. One flash followed by eight flashes	

Movement at Error occurrence

	Error detection of main accelerator sensor	
	Unavailable	Available
Error Mode	[Run As Is]: The engine continues to run using the main accelerator sensor.	[Run Under Restrictions]: The engine runs at a constant rotational speed.
Run restricted?	No.	Yes: The target speed is set to the "on- error target speed (standard value: 1500[min ⁻¹])" or "pre-error target speed".
Recovery Conditions	Yes: This error will be automatically reset when a normal voltage (0.2 to 4.6[V]) is input.	Yes: This error will be automatically reset when a normal voltage (0.2 to 4.6[V]) is input.
Remarks		

- The connector may not be properly connected.
- · Wiring defect of the harness
 - The spare accelerator sensor's signal wires may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND.
 - The SENSOR 5V wire may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND.
 - The SENSOR GND wire may be short-circuited with POWER SUPPLY (*NOTE).
 - *NOTE) If the SENSOR GND wire is short-circuited with POWER SUPPLY, the E-ECU's power supply line fuse 10A might be blown. With this fuse blown, the E-ECU may fail to detect/indicate the error, and to store the error history.
- The spare accelerator sensor may be faulty.
 - Sensor output defect by a disconnection of the spare accelerator sensor inner wiring or a sliding resistance increase
- The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis	Check the fault indication.
with the diagnosis	Check the sensor voltage.
tool	
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-148



2) Check of	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch.
connectors/wiring	• Check that the connector of the spare accelerator sensor is correctly inserted.
	• Check that the wiring of the spare accelerator sensor is not disconnected or the
	insulation of the wiring is not peeled.



3) Failure Diagnostic	 Check the resistance value of the spare accelerator sensor.
Work	 Check the harness for correct continuity.
	Check the output voltage of the spare accelerator sensor.
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-148

(2) P0223/3: Spare Accelerator Sensor Error (High Voltage)

DTC P0223/3

Spare Accelerator Sensor Error (High Voltage)

DTC Detecting Conditions

1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s);	Check points
3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator	
1. Key switch ON.	Harness
2. Sensor voltage 4.6 [V] or higher.	Spare accelerator sensor
3. One flash followed by eight flashes	

Movement at Error occurrence

	Error detection of main accelerator sensor	
	Unavailable	Available
Error Mode	[Run As Is]: The engine continues to run using the main accelerator sensor.	[Run Under Restrictions]: The engine runs at a constant rotational speed.
Run restricted?	No.	Yes: The target speed is set to the "on- error target speed (standard value: 1500[min ⁻¹])" or "pre-error target speed".
Recovery Conditions	Yes: This error will be automatically reset when a normal voltage (0.2 to 4.6[V]) is input.	Yes: This error will be automatically reset when a normal voltage (0.2 to 4.6[V]) is input.
Remarks		

- The connector may not be properly connected.
- Wiring defect of the harness
 - The SENSOR GND wire may be disconnected.
 - The sensor signal wire may be short-circuited with POWER SUPPLY.
- The spare accelerator sensor may be faulty.
 - Sensor output defect by a short circuit with power supply of the spare accelerator sensor inner wiring
- The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis	Check the fault indication.
with the diagnosis	Check the sensor voltage.
tool	
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-148



2) Check of	 Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch.
connectors/wiring	• Check that the connector of the spare accelerator sensor is correctly inserted.
	• Check that the wiring of the spare accelerator sensor is not disconnected or the
	insulation of the wiring is not peeled.



3) Failure Diagnostic	 Check the resistance value of the spare accelerator sensor.
Work	 Check the harness for correct continuity.
	Check the output voltage of the spare accelerator sensor.
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-148

(3) P0224/2: Intermittent Failure with Spare Accelerator Sensor

DTC P0224/2	Intermittent Failure with Spare Accelerator Sensor
	I INTARMITTANT FAITURA WITH SHARA ACCOLARATOR SANGAR

DTC Detecting Conditions

1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s);	Chook pointo
3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator	Check points
1. Engine running.	Connector
2. Unconfirmed error detected 10 times.	Harness
3: Does not flash.	Spare accelerator sensor

Movement at Error occurrence

Error Mode	[Run As Is]: After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions.
Run restricted?	No.
Recovery Conditions	No.
Remarks	

- The connector may not be properly connected.
- Wiring defect of the harness
 - Spare accelerator sensor signal wire may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND or power supply.
 - Sensor 5V wire may be disconnected, or short-circuited with GND or power supply.
 - · Sensor GND wire may be disconnected.
- The spare accelerator sensor may be faulty.
 - Spare accelerator sensor wiring may be disconnected or short-circuited.

1) Initial diagnosis	Check the fault indication.
with the diagnosis	Check the sensor voltage.
tool	
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-148



2) Check of	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch.
connectors/wiring	• Check that the connector of the spare accelerator sensor is correctly inserted.
	• Check that the wiring of the spare accelerator sensor is not disconnected or the
	insulation of the wiring is not peeled.



3) Failure Diagnostic	 Check the resistance value of the spare accelerator sensor.
Work	 Check the harness for correct continuity.
	Check the output voltage of the spare accelerator sensor.
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-148

(4) P1225/1: Spare Accelerator Sensor Error (foot pedal-close position)

DTC P1225/1	Spare Accelerator Sensor Error (foot pedal-close position)
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DTC Detecting Conditions

 Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); Flashing pattern of failure indicator 	Check points
 Key switch ON. With sensor voltage at or below 0.65[V], foot pedal Normally Open switch detected being ON or foot pedal Normally Closed Switch detected being OFF. One flash followed by eight flashes 	Harness Foot pedal

Movement at Error occurrence

	Error detection of m	nain accelerator sensor
	Unavailable	Available
Error Mode	[Run As Is]: The engine continues to run using the main accelerator sensor.	[Run Under Restrictions]: The engine runs at a constant rotational speed.
Run restricted?	No.	Yes: The target speed is set to the "on- error target speed (standard value: 1500[min ⁻¹])" or "pre-error target speed".
Recovery Conditions	No.	No.
Remarks		

- The connector may not be properly connected.
- Wiring defect of the harness
 - The wiring for the foot pedal Normally Closed switch may be disconnected.
 - The wiring for the foot pedal Normally Open switch may be short-circuited with GND.
- The foot pedal may be faulty.
 - The inner wiring may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND.
- The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis with the diagnosis tool	Check the fault indication.Check that the foot pedal movement is correctly recognized.
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-144



2) Check of	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch.
connectors/wiring	• Check that the connector of the foot pedal is correctly inserted.
	• Check that the wiring of the foot pedal is not disconnected or the insulation of
	the wiring is not peeled.



3) Failure Diagnostic	Check the foot pedal for correct continuity.
Work	 Check the harness for correct continuity.
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-144

(5) P1226/0: Spare Accelerator Sensor Error (foot pedal-open position)

DTC P1226/0	Spare Accelerator Sensor Error (foot pedal-open position)
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DTC Detecting Conditions

 Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); Flashing pattern of failure indicator 	Check points
 Key switch ON. With sensor voltage 1.1[V] and above, foot pedal Normally Open switch detected being OFF or foot pedal Normally Closed Switch detected being ON. One flash followed by eight flashes 	Harness Foot pedal

Movement at Error occurrence

	Error detection of m	ain accelerator sensor
	Unavailable	Available
Error Mode	[Run As Is]: The engine continues to run using the main accelerator sensor.	[Run Under Restrictions]: The engine runs at a constant rotational speed.
Run restricted?	No.	Yes: The target speed is set to the "on- error target speed (standard value: 1500[min ⁻¹])" or "pre-error target speed".
Recovery Conditions	No.	No.
Remarks		

- The connector may not be properly connected.
- Wiring defect of the harness
 - The wiring for the foot pedal Normally Open switch may be disconnected.
 - The wiring for the foot pedal Normally Closed switch may be short-circuited with GND.
- The foot pedal may be faulty.
 - The inner wiring may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND.
- The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis with the diagnosis tool	Check the fault indication.Check that the foot pedal movement is correctly recognized.
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-144



2) Check of	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch.
connectors/wiring	Check that the connector of the foot pedal is correctly inserted.
•	Check that the wiring of the foot pedal is not disconnected or the insulation of
	the wiring is not peeled.



3) Failure Diagnostic	Check the foot pedal for correct continuity.
Work	 Check the harness for correct continuity.
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-144

(6) P1227/8: Failure with Spare Accelerator Sensor (Pulse Communication)

Failure with Spare Accelerator Sensor (Pulse Communication)
communication)

* This DTC is output when a pulse accelerator is used.

DTC Detecting Conditions

 Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); Flashing pattern of failure indicator 	Check points
 Key switch ON. No pulse accelerator signal input One flash followed by eight flashes 	Harness

Movement at Error occurrence

	CAN communicat	CAN communication error detection	
	Unavailable	Available	
Error Mode	[Run As Is]: After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions.	[Run Under Restrictions]: The engine runs at a constant rotational speed.	
Run restricted?	No.	Yes: The target speed is set to the "on- error target speed (standard value: 1500[min ⁻¹])" or "pre-error target speed".	
Recovery Conditions	Yes: The error is automatically reset when a normal data is received.	Yes: The error is automatically reset when a normal data is received.	
Remarks			

- Wiring defect of the harness
 - The pulse accelerator's signal wires may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND.
- Source circuitry fault of the pulse accelerator signal
- The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis	Check the fault indication.
with the diagnosis	
tool	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-152



2) Check of	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch.
connectors/wiring	• Check that a source unit of the pulse accelerator signal and ECU are correctly
	connected.
	• Check that the wiring of the pulse accelerator signal is not disconnected or the
	insulation of the wiring is not peeled.



3) Failure Diagnostic	Check the harness for correct continuity.	٦
Work		
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-152	

Atmospheric pressure sensor (option)

(1) P2228/4: Failure with Atmospheric Pressure Sensor (Low Voltage)

DTC P2228/4	Failure with Atmospheric Pressure Sensor (Low Voltage)

DTC Detecting Conditions

 Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); Flashing pattern of failure indicator 	Check points
1. Key switch ON.	Harness
2. Sensor voltage 0.2 [V] or higher.	Atmospheric pressure sensor
3. One flash followed by nine flashes.	

Movement at Error occurrence

Error Mode	[Run Under Restrictions]: The engine continues to run with the atmospheric pressure unchanged from the pre- error value.
Run restricted?	Yes: The altitude compensation function is disabled.
Recovery Conditions	No.
Remarks	

Estimation of Failure cause/Error condition

- The connector may not be properly connected.
- Wiring defect of the harness
 - The atmospheric pressure sensor's signal wires may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND.
 - The SENSOR 5V wire may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND.
 - The SENSOR GND wire may be short-circuited with POWER SUPPLY (*NOTE).

*NOTE) If the SENSOR GND wire is short-circuited with POWER SUPPLY, the E-ECU's power supply line fuse 10A might be blown. With this fuse blown, the E-ECU may fail to detect/indicate the error, and to store the error history.

- The atmospheric pressure sensor may be faulty.
 - Sensor output defect by a disconnection of the atmospheric pressure sensor inner wiring or a sliding resistance increase
- The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis	Check the fault indication.
with the diagnosis	Check the sensor voltage.
tool	
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-148



2) Check of connectors/wiring	 Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. Check that the connector of the atmospheric pressure sensor is correctly
	inserted.
	• Check that the wiring of the atmospheric pressure sensor is not disconnected
	or the insulation of the wiring is not peeled.



3) Failure Diagnostic	Check the resistance value of the atmospheric pressure sensor.
Work	Check the harness for correct continuity.
	Check the output voltage of the atmospheric pressure sensor.
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-148



(2) P2229/3: Failure with Atmospheric Pressure Sensor (High Voltage)

DTC P2229/3	
D2220/3	Failure with Atmospheric Pressure Sensor (High Voltage)
	I and e with Athospheric Flessure Sensor (Ingh Volage)

DTC Detecting Conditions

 Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator 	Check points
1. Key switch ON.	Harness
 Sensor voltage 4.8 [V] or higher. One flash followed by nine flashes. 	Atmospheric pressure sensor

Movement at Error occurrence

Error Mode	[Run Under Restrictions]: The engine continues to run with the atmospheric pressure unchanged from the pre- error value.
Run restricted?	Yes: The altitude compensation function is disabled.
Recovery Conditions	No.
Remarks	

- The connector may not be properly connected.
- Wiring defect of the harness
 - The SENSOR GND wire may be disconnected.
 - The sensor signal wire may be short-circuited with POWER SUPPLY.
- The atmospheric pressure sensor may be faulty.
 - · Sensor output defect by a short circuit with power supply of the atmospheric pressure sensor inner wiring
- The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis	Check the fault indication.
with the diagnosis	Check the sensor voltage.
tool	
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-148



2) Check of connectors/wiring	 Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. Check that the connector of the atmospheric pressure sensor is correctly
	inserted.
	• Check that the wiring of the atmospheric pressure sensor is not disconnected
	or the insulation of the wiring is not peeled.



3) Failure Diagnostic	Check the resistance value of the atmospheric pressure sensor.
Work	Check the harness for correct continuity.
	Check the output voltage of the atmospheric pressure sensor.
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-148



(3) P2230/2: Intermittent Failure with Atmospheric Pressure Sensor

DTC P2230/2	Intermittent Failure with Atmospheric Pressure Sensor
DIC F2230/2	Intermittent Fandre with Atmospheric Pressure Sensor

DTC Detecting Conditions

1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s);	Check points
3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator	Officer points
1. Engine running.	Connector
2. Unconfirmed error detected 10 times.	Harness
3: Does not flash.	Atmospheric pressure sensor

Movement at Error occurrence

Error Mode	[Run As Is]: After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions.
Run restricted?	No.
Recovery Conditions	No.
Remarks	

- The connector may not be properly connected.
- Wiring defect of the harness
 - Accelerator sensor signal wire may be disconnected, or short-circuited with GND or power supply.
 - Sensor 5V wire may be disconnected, or short-circuited with GND or power supply.
 - · Sensor GND wire may be disconnected.
- The atmospheric pressure sensor may be faulty.
 - Inner wiring of atmospheric pressure sensor may be disconnected, or short circuited.

1) Initial diagnosis	Check the fault indication.
with the diagnosis	Check the sensor voltage.
tool	
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-148



2) Check of connectors/wiring	 Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. Check that the connector of the atmospheric pressure sensor is correctly
	inserted.
	• Check that the wiring of the atmospheric pressure sensor is not disconnected
	or the insulation of the wiring is not peeled.



3) Failure Diagnostic	• (Check the resistance value of the atmospheric pressure sensor.
of i allure Diagnostic		
Work	• (Check the harness for correct continuity.
	• (Check the output voltage of the atmospheric pressure sensor.
	*F	or details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-148



ECU Temperature Sensor

(1) P0668/4: Failure with ECU Temperature Sensor (Low Voltage)

DTC P0668/4	Failure with ECU Temperature Sensor (Low Voltage)

DTC Detecting Conditions

 Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); Flashing pattern of failure indicator 	Check points
 Key switch ON. Sensor voltage 1.0 [V] (at 140°C) or lower. Four flashes followed by one flash. 	E-ECU

Movement at Error occurrence

Error Mode	[Operation Continuation]: No obstacles to control the engine. The engine continues to run with the ECU temperature set to the default of 30[°C].		
Run restricted?	No.		
Recovery Conditions	Yes: This error will be automatically reset when a normal sensor voltage (1.0 to 4.6[V]) is input.		
Remarks			

Estimation of Failure cause/Error condition

• The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis	Check the fault indication.
with the diagnosis	Check the ECU temperature.
tool	
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-154

(2) P0669/3: Failure with ECU Temperature Sensor (High Voltage)

DTC P0669/3

Failure with ECU Temperature Sensor (High Voltage)

DTC Detecting Conditions

 Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); Flashing pattern of failure indicator 	Check points
1. Key switch ON.	E-ECU
 Sensor voltage 4.6 [V] (at -45°C) or lower. Four flashes followed by one flash. 	

Movement at Error occurrence

Error Mode	[Operation Continuation]: No obstacles to control the engine. The engine continues to run with the ECU temperature set to the default of 30 [°C].		
Run restricted?	No.		
Recovery Conditions	Yes: This error will be automatically reset when a normal sensor voltage (0.2 to 4.6[V]) is input.		
Remarks			

Estimation of Failure cause/Error condition

• The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis	Check the fault indication.
with the diagnosis	Check the ECU temperature.
tool	
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-154

(3) P1664/2: Intermittent Failure with ECU Temperature Sensor

DTC P1664/2	
D166/1/2	Intermittent Failure WITH FCIT Lemperature Sensor
F 1004/2	Intermittent Failure WITH ECU Temperature Sensor

DTC Detecting Conditions

 Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); Flashing pattern of failure indicator 	Check points
1. Engine running.	E-ECU
 Unconfirmed error detected 10 times. Does not flash. 	

Movement at Error occurrence

Error Mode	[Run As Is]: After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions.
Run restricted?	No.
Recovery Conditions	No.
Remarks	

Estimation of Failure cause/Error condition

• The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis	Check the fault indication.
with the diagnosis	Check the ECU temperature.
tool	
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-154

(4) P0634/0: ECU Temperature Rise Alarm

DTC P0634/0

ECU Temperature Rise Alarm

DTC Detecting Conditions

 Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); Flashing pattern of failure indicator 	Check points
 Key switch ON. ECU internal temperature is 150 [°C] or higher. Two flashes followed by five flashes. 	E-ECU

Movement at Error occurrence

	Setting of response to E	CU temperature rise error
	Unavailable	Available
Error Mode	[Run As Is]: After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions.	[Run Under Restrictions]: The engine continues to run under restrictions.
Run restricted?	No.	Yes: The system restricts the High idle speed or engine power.
Recovery Conditions	Yes: This error is automatically reset when the normal internal temperature (under 100[°C]) of ECU is detected.	Yes: This error is automatically reset when the normal internal temperature (under 100[°C]) of ECU is detected.
Remarks		

- The ambient temperature around the ECU may be too high.
- The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis	Check the fault indication.
with the diagnosis	Check the ECU temperature.
tool	
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-154



2) Engine Inspection	Turn the key switch off to stop the engine.
	 Inspect around the E-ECU.
	• After a little, turn the key switch on to check if the DTC is detected.
	*For description and procedure of engine inspection, see the Service manual
	(section "Engine").



3) Failure Diagnostic	Check the ECU temperature sensor.
Work	
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-154



Cooling water temperature sensor

(1) P0117/4: Failure with Cooling Water Temperature Sensor (Low Voltage)

DTC P0117/4	Failure with Cooling Water Temperature Sensor (Low
	Voltage)

DTC Detecting Conditions

 Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); Flashing pattern of failure indicator 	Check points
1. Key switch ON. 2. Sensor voltage 0.2 [V] or lower.	Connector Harness
3. Four flashes.	Cooling water temperature sensor E-ECU

Movement at Error occurrence

	In the case of a system with EGR	In the case of a system without EGR
Error Mode	[Run Under Restrictions]: The engine continues to run under restrictions.	[Run As Is]:
	The engine continues to run with the cooli 30[°C].	ng water temperature set to the default of
Run restricted?	Yes: The system restricts the High idle speed or engine power.	No.
Recovery Conditions	No.	Yes: This error will be automatically reset when a normal sensor voltage (0.2 to 4.8[V]) is kept.
Remarks	The restriction similar to one applied against EGR errors is applied.	

- The connector may not be properly connected.
- Wiring defect of the harness
 - The cooling water temperature sensor's signal wires may be short-circuited with GND.
 - The cooling water temperature sensor's GND wire may be short-circuited with POWER SUPPLY.
- The cooling water temperature sensor may be faulty.
 - Output defect of the cooling water temperature signal by the inner wiring short-circuited with GND.
- The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis	Check the fault indication.
with the diagnosis	Check the sensor voltage.
tool	
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-156



2) Check of	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch.
connectors/wiring	• Check that the connector of the cooling water temperature sensor is correctly
	inserted.
	 Check that the wiring of the cooling water temperature sensor is not
	disconnected or the insulation of the wiring is not peeled.



3) Failure Diagnostic	Chec	k the resistance value of the cooling water temperature sensor.
Work	 Check 	k the harness for correct continuity.
	Chec	k the output voltage of the cooling water temperature sensor.
	*For de	tails of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-156



(2) P0118/3: Failure with Cooling Water Temperature Sensor (High Voltage)

DTC P0118/3	Failure with Cooling Water Temperature Sensor (High
DIC FUII0/3	Voltage)

DTC Detecting Conditions

 Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); Flashing pattern of failure indicator 	Check points
 Key switch ON. Sensor voltage 4.8 [V] or higher. Four flashes. 	Connector Harness Cooling water temperature sensor E-ECU

Movement at Error occurrence

	In the case of a system with EGR	In the case of a system without EGR
Error Mode	[Run Under Restrictions]: The engine continues to run under restrictions.	[Run As Is]:
	The engine continues to run with the cooli 30 [°C].	ng water temperature set to the default of
Run restricted?	Yes: The system restricts the High idle speed or engine power.	No.
Recovery Conditions	No.	Yes: This error will be automatically reset when a normal sensor voltage (0.2 to 4.8[V]) is kept.
Remarks	The restriction similar to one applied against EGR errors is applied.	

- The connector may not be properly connected.
- · Wiring defect of the harness
 - The cooling water temperature sensor's signal wires may be disconnected or short-circuited with POWER SUPPLY.
 - The cooling water temperature GND wire may be disconnected.
- The cooling water temperature sensor may be faulty.
 - Output defect of the cooling water temperature signal by the inner wiring disconnection
- The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis	Check the fault indication.
with the diagnosis	Check the sensor voltage.
tool	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-156
	For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-156



2) Check of	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch.
connectors/wiring	• Check that the connector of the cooling water temperature sensor is correctly
	inserted.
	 Check that the wiring of the cooling water temperature sensor is not
	disconnected or the insulation of the wiring is not peeled.



3) Failure Diagnostic	Chec	k the resistance value of the cooling water temperature sensor.
Work	 Check 	k the harness for correct continuity.
	Chec	k the output voltage of the cooling water temperature sensor.
	*For de	tails of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-156



(3) P0119/2: Intermittent Failure with Cooling Water Temperature Sensor

Intermittent Failure with Cooling Water Temperature
Sensor

DTC Detecting Conditions

 Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); Flashing pattern of failure indicator 	Check points
 Engine running. Unconfirmed error detected 10 times. Does not flash. 	Connector Harness High-accuracy cooling water temperature sensor E-ECU

Movement at Error occurrence

Error Mode	[Run As Is]: After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions.
Run restricted?	No.
Recovery Conditions	No.
Remarks	

- The connector may not be properly connected.
- · Wiring defect of the harness
 - The cooling water temperature sensor's signal wires may be short-circuited with GND.
 - The cooling water temperature sensor's signal wires may be disconnected or short-circuited with POWER SUPPLY.
 - GND wire of the cooling water temperature sensor may be disconnected.
- The cooling water temperature sensor may be faulty.
 - Signal wire in the sensor may be disconnected, or short circuited.
 - Sensor GND wire in the sensor may be disconnected.

1) Initial diagnosis	Check the fault indication.
with the diagnosis	Check the sensor voltage.
tool	
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-156



2) Check of	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch.
connectors/wiring	• Check that the connector of the cooling water temperature sensor is correctly
	inserted.
	 Check that the wiring of the cooling water temperature sensor is not
	disconnected or the insulation of the wiring is not peeled.



3) Failure Diagnostic	Chec	k the resistance value of the cooling water temperature sensor.
Work	 Check 	k the harness for correct continuity.
	Chec	k the output voltage of the cooling water temperature sensor.
	*For de	tails of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-156



(4) P0217/0: Cooling Water Temperature Rise Alarm

DTC P0217/0

Cooling Water Temperature Rise Alarm

DTC Detecting Conditions

 Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); Flashing pattern of failure indicator 	Check points
 Key switch ON. Cooling water temperature 115[°C] or higher. Three flashes followed by six flashes. 	Engine cooling water level Engine cooling system Cooling Water Temperature Sensor

Movement at Error occurrence

	Setting of response to cooling	g water temperature rise error
	Unavailable	Available
Error Mode	[Run As Is]: After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions.	[Run Under Restrictions]: The engine continues to run under restrictions.
Run restricted?	No.	Yes: The system restricts the High idle speed or engine power.
Recovery Conditions	Yes: This error is automatically reset when the normal cooling water temperature (under 110[°C]) is detected.	Yes: This error is automatically reset when the normal cooling water temperature (under 110[°C]) is detected.
Remarks		

- The engine may be overheated.
- The engine cooling water level may be too low.
- The engine cooling system may be faulty.
- The cooling water temperature sensor may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis with the diagnosis	Check the fault indication.Check the cooling water temperature and the sensor voltage.
tool	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-156



2) Check of	Turn the key switch off to stop the engine.
connectors/wiring	Check the engine cooling system.
-	• After a little, turn the key switch on to check if the DTC is detected.
	*For description and procedure of engine inspection, see the Service manual ("Engine").



3) Failure Diagnostic	Check the cooling water temperature sensor system.
Work	
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-156



SENSOR 5V

(1) P0642/4: Failure with SENSOR 5V (Low Voltage)

DTC P0642/4	Failure with SENSOR 5V (Low Voltage)
	Tandre with SENSON SV (LOW Voltage)

DTC Detecting Conditions

1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator	Check points
 Key switch ON. SENSOR 5V monitoring voltage 4.5 [V] or lower. 	Harness E-ECU
3. Two flashes followed by four flashes.	

Movement at Error occurrence

Error Mode	[Operation Continuation]: After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions.
Run restricted?	No.
Recovery Conditions	No.
Remarks	

Estimation of Failure cause/Error condition

- · Wiring defect of the harness
 - The SENSOR 5V wire may be short-circuited with GND.
- The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis	Check the fault indication.
with the diagnosis	 Check the voltage of the Sensor 5V.
tool	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-160



2) Check of •	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch.
connectors/wiring •	Check that the insulation of the Sensor 5V is not peeled.



3) Failure Diagnostic •	Check the harness for correct continuity.
Work •	Check the output voltage of the E-ECU (voltage of the sensor 5V line).
*	For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-160

(2) P0643/3: Failure with SENSOR 5V (High Voltage)

DTC P0643/3

Failure with SENSOR 5V (High Voltage)

DTC Detecting Conditions

1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator	Check points
 Key switch ON. SENSOR 5V monitoring voltage 5.5 [V] or higher. Two flashes followed by four flashes. 	Harness E-ECU

Movement at Error occurrence

Error Mode	[Run As Is]:After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions.
Run restricted?	No.
Recovery Conditions	No.
Remarks	

Estimation of Failure cause/Error condition

- Wiring defect of the harness
 - The SENSOR GND wire may be disconnected.
 - The SENSOR 5V wire may be short-circuited with POWER SUPPLY.
- The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis • Check the fault indication.	
with the diagnosis • Check the voltage of the Sensor 5V.	
tool *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, se	e P.1-160



2) Check of	 Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch.
connectors/wiring	· Check that the Sensor 5V line and sensor GND line are not disconnected or the
	insulation of the wiring is not peeled.



3) Failure Diagnostic	Check the harness for correct continuity.
Work	 Check the output voltage of the E-ECU (voltage of the sensor 5V line).
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-160



(3) P1644/2: Intermittent Failure with SENSOR 5V

DTC P1644/2

Intermittent Failure with SENSOR 5V

DTC Detecting Conditions

1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator	Check points
1. Engine running.	Harness
2. Unconfirmed error detected 10 times.	E-ECU
3: Does not flash.	

Movement at Error occurrence

Error Mode	[Operation Continuation]: After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions.
Run restricted?	No.
Recovery Conditions	No.
Remarks	

Estimation of Failure cause/Error condition

- Wiring defect of the harness
 - The SENSOR 5V wire may be short-circuited with power supply or GND.
 - · Sensor GND wire may be disconnected.
- The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis	Check the fault indication.
with the diagnosis	 Check the voltage of the Sensor 5V.
tool	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-160



2) Check of	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch.
connectors/wiring •	Check that the Sensor 5V line and sensor GND line are not disconnected or the
	insulation of the wiring is not peeled.



3) Failure Diagnostic •	Check the harness for correct continuity.
Work •	Check the output voltage of the E-ECU (voltage of the sensor 5V line).
*F	For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-160

Power supply Voltage

(1) P0562/1: Power Supply Voltage Error (Low Voltage)

DTC P0562/1	Power Supply Voltage Error (Low Voltage)

DTC Detecting Conditions

1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator	Check points
1. Engine running.	Battery
2. E-ECU supply voltage below 10[V]	alternator
3. Two flashes followed by three flashes.	Harness

Movement at Error occurrence

Error Mode	[Operation Continuation]: After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions.
Run restricted?	No.
Recovery Conditions	Yes: This error will be automatically reset when a normal supply voltage (10 to 16[V]) is input.
Remarks	

- The battery may be deteriorated.
- The battery connection may be miswired.
- The alternator may be faulty.
- The harness may be disconnected or short-circuited.
- The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis with the diagnosis tool	Check the fault indication.Check the battery voltage.
1001	



2) Engine Inspection	 Turn the key switch off to stop the engine. 	
	 Check the battery voltage using a circuit tester. 	
	 Inspect the charging system of the engine. 	
	 After a little, turn the key switch on to check if the DTC is detected. 	
	*For description and procedure of engine inspection, see the Service manual	
	("Engine").	



3) Failure Diagnostic •	Check that the battery wiring is not disconnected or the insulation of the wiring
Work	is not peeled.

(2) P0563/0: Power Supply Voltage Error (High Voltage)

DTC P0563/0

Power Supply Voltage Error (High Voltage)

DTC Detecting Conditions

1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator	Check points
1. Engine running.	Battery
2. E-ECU supply voltage over 16[V]	alternator
3. Two flashes followed by three flashes.	Harness

Movement at Error occurrence

Error Mode	[Operation Continuation]: After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions.
Run restricted?	No.
Recovery	Yes: This error will be automatically reset when a normal supply voltage (10 to 16[V])
Conditions	is input.
Remarks	

- An incompatible battery (such as a 24V battery) may be used.
- The battery connection may be miswired.
- The alternator may be faulty.
- The harness may be disconnected or short-circuited.
- The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis with the diagnosis tool	Check the fault indication.Check the battery voltage.
1001	



2) Engine Inspection	 Turn the key switch off to stop the engine. 	
	 Check the battery voltage using a circuit tester. 	
	 Inspect the charging system of the engine. 	
	 After a little, turn the key switch on to check if the DTC is detected. 	
	*For description and procedure of engine inspection, see the Service manual	
	("Engine").	



3) Failure Diagnostic •	Check that the battery wiring is not disconnected or the insulation of the wiring
Work	is not peeled.

Pulse Sensor Related Failures

Speed Sensor

(1) P0340/4: Failure with Speed Sensor

DTC P0340/4	Speed Sensor Error

DTC Detecting Conditions

1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator	Check points
1. Key switch START, engine running.	Connector
2. Speed sensor signal 0[min ⁻¹]	Harness
3. Six flashes.	Speed Sensor
	E-ECU

Movement at Error occurrence

	Spare speed sensor setting	
	Unavailable	Available
Error Mode	[Stop Immediately]:	[Run Under Restrictions]:
	The engine stops running.	The engine continues to run under restrictions with the spare speed sensor used instead.
Run restricted?	Yes: The rack actuator relay is turned OFF, and the rack position is forcibly set to the engine stop position.	Yes: The system restricts the High idle speed or engine power.
Recovery Conditions	Yes: Key switch START	Yes: Key switch START
Remarks		

- The connector may not be properly connected.
- · Engine speed defect
 - Battery voltage descent at cold start etc.
 - Starter system failure
 - Fuel injection not available (fuel freezing)
 - Engine locked (seizure, freezing)
 - Battery voltage descent (over discharge, deterioration)
 - Load increase driven by the operating machine
- Wiring defect of the harness
 - The speed sensor's signal wires (+) and (-) may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND.
 - The starter signal wire may be short-circuited with POWER SUPPLY.
- The speed sensor may be faulty.
 - Output defect of the speed signal by a disconnection or a short circuit of the inner wiring
- The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis	Check the fault indication.
with the diagnosis	Check the engine speed.
tool	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-164



2) Check of	 Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch.
connectors/wiring	 Check that the connector of the speed sensor is correctly inserted.
	• Check that the wiring of the speed sensor is not disconnected or the insulation
	of the wiring is not peeled.



3) Failure Diagnostic •	Check the resistance value of the speed sensor.
Work •	Check the harness for correct continuity.
*	For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-164



Spare speed sensor (option)

(1) P1340/4: Failure with Spare Speed Sensor

DTC P1340/4	Failure with Spare Speed Sensor
DIC P1340/4	Failure with Spare Speed Sensor

DTC Detecting Conditions

1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure inc	dicator Check points
1. Engine running.	Connector
2. Spare speed sensor signal below 0[min ⁻¹].	Harness
3. One flash followed by another flash.	alternator
	E-ECU

Movement at Error occurrence

	Main speed sensor error detection	
	Unavailable	Available
Error Mode	[Run As Is]: After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions.	[Stop Immediately]: The engine stops running.
Run restricted?	No.	Yes: The rack actuator relay is turned OFF, and the rack position is forcibly set to the engine stop position.
Recovery Conditions	No.	Yes:Key switch START
Remarks		

- The connector may not be properly connected.
- Output pulse voltage defect by low engine speed
- Output pulse defect by the battery over-charge
- Wiring defect of the harness
 - The spare speed sensor's signal wires may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND.
 - The alternator's terminals B and IG may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND.
- · Output pulse defect by the alternator failure
- The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis with the diagnosis tool	Check the fault indication.Check the rotational speed of the spare speed sensor.
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-167



2) Check of	 Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch.
connectors/wiring	 Check that the connector of the alternator is correctly inserted.
	Check that the wiring of the alternator is not disconnected or the insulation of
	the wiring is not peeled.



3) Failure Diagnostic	Check the battery voltage.
Work	Check the harness for correct continuity.
*	For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-167



Engine rotational speed

(1) P0219/0: Over speed error

DTC P0219/0	Overspeed Error

DTC Detecting Conditions

1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator	Check points
1. Engine running.	Harness
 Sensor signal at or above the upper limit (High idle speed +600[min⁻¹]). Two flashes followed by five flashes. 	Speed Sensor Rack actuator
5. Two hashes followed by live hashes.	E-ECU

Movement at Error occurrence

Error Mode	[Stop Immediately]: The engine stops running.
Run restricted?	Yes: The rack actuator relay is turned OFF, and the rack position is forcibly set to the engine stop position.
Recovery Conditions	No.
Remarks	

- Wiring defect of the harness
 - The rack actuator wiring may be short-circuited with GND.
- False generation of speed sensor signal pulse
 - · False wiring of the speed sensor
- Engine over speed loaded by the operating machine's drive
- Control error of the fuel injection pump
 - The rack actuator wiring may be short-circuited with GND.
- The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis	Check the fault indication.
with the diagnosis	
tool	



2) Engine Inspection	Turn the key switch off to stop the engine.
	 Inspect the engine and the operating machine.
	• After a little, turn the key switch on to check if the DTC is detected.
	*For description and procedure of engine inspection, see the Service manual ("Engine").



3) Failure Diagnostic	Check the Rack Actuator.
Work	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-167

Contact Output Related Failures

Rack actuator Relay

(1) P1222/4: Failure A with Rack Actuator Relay

DTC P1222/4	Failure A with Rack Actuator Relay

DTC Detecting Conditions

1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator	Check points
1. Key switch ON.	Connector
2. Make an assessment logically as to followings.E-ECU detects the rack actuator	Harness
relay turning ON during the command to turn OFF the rack actuator relay.	Rack actuator Relay
3. One flash followed by seven flashes.	E-ECU

Movement at Error occurrence

Error Mode	[Stop Immediately]: The engine stops running.
Run restricted?	Yes: The rack actuator relay is turned OFF, and the rack position is forcibly set to the engine stop position.
Recovery Conditions	No.
Remarks	

- The connector may not be properly connected.
- Wiring defect of the harness
 - The rack actuator relay wiring may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND.
- The rack actuator relay may be faulty.
 - Inner wiring disconnection
- The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

	Check the fault indication.
with the diagnosis	 Check the output signal of the rack actuator relay.
tool	• Check the movement of the rack actuator relay by the active control function.
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-170



2) Check of	 Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch.
connectors/wiring	Check that the connector of the rack actuator relay is correctly inserted.
	Check that the wiring of the rack actuator relay is not disconnected or the
	insulation of the wiring is not peeled.



3) Failure Diagnostic	Check the resistance value of the rack actuator relay.
Work	Check the harness for correct continuity.
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-170



(2) P1223/3: Failure B with Rack Actuator Relay

DTC P1223/3	Failure B with Rack Actuator Relay

DTC Detecting Conditions

1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator	Check points
1. Key switch ON.	Connector
 Make an assessment logically as to followings.E-ECU detects the rack actuator relay turning OFF during the command to turn ON the rack actuator relay. One flash followed by seven flashes. 	Harness Rack actuator Relay E-ECU

Movement at Error occurrence

Error Mode	[Stop Immediately]: The engine stops running.
Run restricted?	Yes: The rack actuator relay is turned OFF, and the rack position is forcibly set to the engine stop position.
Recovery Conditions	No.
Remarks	

- Wiring defect of the harness
 - The rack actuator relay wiring may be short-circuited with POWER SUPPLY (*NOTE).
- The rack actuator relay may be faulty.
 - Inner wiring short-circuited with POWER SUPPLY (*NOTE).
 - *NOTE) If the rack actuator relay wire is short-circuited with POWER SUPPLY, inner circuit of E-ECU may fail before the E-ECU's power supply line fuse 10A is blown. In this case, the ECU fails to detect/indicate the error, and to store the error history.
- The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

	Check the fault indication.
with the diagnosis	 Check the output signal of the rack actuator relay.
tool	• Check the movement of the rack actuator relay by the active control function.
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-170



2) Check of	 Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch.
connectors/wiring	Check that the connector of the rack actuator relay is correctly inserted.
	Check that the wiring of the rack actuator relay is not disconnected or the
	insulation of the wiring is not peeled.



3) Failure Diagnostic	Check the resistance value of the rack actuator relay.
Work	Check the harness for correct continuity.
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-170



(3) P1224/2: Intermittent Failure with Rack Actuator Relay

DTC P1224/2	
	Intermittent Failure with Rack Actuator Relay
	Intermittent Faiture with Back Actuator Belay
	monimular i anaro mun naok Actuator molay

DTC Detecting Conditions

1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator	Check points
1. Engine running.	Connector
2. Unconfirmed error detected 10 times.	Harness
3: Does not flash.	Rack actuator Relay E-ECU

Movement at Error occurrence

Error Mode	[Run As Is]: After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions.
Run restricted?	No.
Recovery Conditions	No.
Remarks	

- The connector may not be properly connected.
- Wiring defect of the harness
 - The rack actuator relay wiring may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND.
- The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

	Check the fault indication.
with the diagnosis	 Check the output signal of the rack actuator relay.
tool	• Check the movement of the rack actuator relay by the active control function.
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-170



2) Check of	 Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch.
connectors/wiring	• Check that the connector of the rack actuator relay is correctly inserted.
	 Check that the wiring of the rack actuator relay is not disconnected or the
	insulation of the wiring is not peeled.



3) Failure Diagnostic	Check the resistance value of the rack actuator relay.
Work	Check the harness for correct continuity.
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-170



Start Assist Relay

(1) P1232/4: Failure A with Start Assist Relay

DTC P1232/4	Failure A with Start Assist Relay
	r andre / man etal / toolet heray

DTC Detecting Conditions

1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator	Check points
1. Key switch ON.	Connector
2. Make an assessment logically as to followings.E-ECU detects the start assist	Harness
relay turning ON during the command to turn OFF the start assist relay.	Start Assist Relay
3. One flash followed by five flashes.	E-ECU

Movement at Error occurrence

Error Mode	[Run As Is]: After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions.
Run restricted?	No.
Recovery Conditions	No.
Remarks	

- The connector may not be properly connected.
- Wiring defect of the harness
 - The start assist relay wiring may be disconnected or short-circuited with POWER SUPPLY.
- The start assist relay may be faulty.
 - · Disconnection of Start Assist Relay inner wiring
- The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis	Check the fault indication.
with the diagnosis	 Check the output signal of the start assist relay.
tool	• Check the movement of the start assist relay by the active control function.
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-174



2) Check of	 Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch.
connectors/wiring	Check that the connector of the start assist relay is correctly inserted.
	 Check that the wiring of the start assist relay is not disconnected or the
	insulation of the wiring is not peeled.



3) Failure Diagnostic •	Check the resistance value of the start assist relay.
Work •	Check the harness for correct continuity.
*	For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-174



(2) P1233/3: Failure B with Start Assist Relay

DTC P1233/3	Ealler David Oracle Associate Dalars
	Failure B with Start Assist Relay
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DTC Detecting Conditions

1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator	Check points
1. Key switch ON.	Connector
2. Make an assessment logically as to followings.E-ECU detects the start assist	Harness
relay turning OFF during the command to turn ON the start assist relay.	Start Assist Relay
3. One flash followed by five flashes.	E-ECU

Movement at Error occurrence

Error Mode	[Run As Is]: After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions.
Run restricted?	No.
Recovery Conditions	No.
Remarks	

- The connector may not be properly connected.
- Wiring defect of the harness
 - The start assist relay wiring may be short-circuited with GND (*NOTE).
- The start assist relay may be faulty.
 - Inner wiring of the start assist relaymay be short-circuited with GND (*NOTE).
 - *NOTE) If the start assist relay wire is short-circuited with GND, the E-ECU's power supply line fuse 10A might be blown. Also the E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty. In this case, the E-ECU may fail to detect/indicate the error, and to store the error history.
- The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis	Check the fault indication.
with the diagnosis	 Check the output signal of the start assist relay.
tool	• Check the movement of the start assist relay by the active control function.
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-174



2) Check of	 Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch.
connectors/wiring	Check that the connector of the start assist relay is correctly inserted.
	Check that the wiring of the start assist relay is not disconnected or the
	insulation of the wiring is not peeled.



3) Failure Diagnostic •	Check the resistance value of the start assist relay.
Work •	Check the harness for correct continuity.
*	For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-174



(3) P1234/2: Intermittent Failure with Start Assist Relay

DTC P1234/2	Intermittent Failure with Start Assist Relay	

DTC Detecting Conditions

1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator	Check points
1. Engine running.	Connector
2. Unconfirmed error detected 10 times.	Harness Start Assist Relay
3: Does not flash.	E-ECU

Movement at Error occurrence

Error Mode	[Run As Is]: After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions.
Run restricted?	No.
Recovery Conditions	No.
Remarks	

- The connector may not be properly connected.
- Wiring defect of the harness
 - The start assist relay wiring may be disconnected or short-circuited with POWER SUPPLY.
- The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis	Check the fault indication.
with the diagnosis	Check the output signal of the start assist relay.
tool	• Check the movement of the start assist relay by the active control function.
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-174



2) Check of	 Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch.
connectors/wiring	Check that the connector of the start assist relay is correctly inserted.
	 Check that the wiring of the start assist relay is not disconnected or the
	insulation of the wiring is not peeled.



3) Failure Diagnostic •	Check the resistance value of the start assist relay.
Work •	Check the harness for correct continuity.
*	For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-174



CSD solenoid valve

(1) P1242/4: Failure A with CSD solenoid valve

DTC P1242/4	Failure A with CSD Solenoid Valve
DIC F1242/4	I alidie A with CSD Solelioid Valve

DTC Detecting Conditions

1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator	Check points
1. Key switch ON.	Connector
2. Make an assessment logically as to followings.E-ECU detects the CSD	Harness
solenoid valve turning ON signal during the command to turn OFF the CSD	CSD solenoid valve
solenoid valve.	E-ECU
3. One flash followed by four flashes.	

Movement at Error occurrence

Error Mode	[Run As Is]: After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions.
Run restricted?	No.
Recovery Conditions	No.
Remarks	

- The connector may not be properly connected.
- Wiring defect of the harness
 - CSD solenoid valve wiring may be disconnected or short-circuited with POWER SUPPLY.
- The CSD solenoid valve may be faulty.
 - Inner wiring disconnection
- The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis	Check the fault indication.
with the diagnosis	Check the output signal of the CSD solenoid valve.
tool	• Check the movement of the CSD solenoid valve by the active control function.
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-178



2) Check of	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch.
	• • •
	Check that the wiring of the CSD solenoid valve is not disconnected or the
	insulation of the wiring is not peeled.



3) Failure Diagnostic	Check the resistance value of the CSD solenoid valve coil.
Work •	Check the harness for correct continuity.
*	For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-178



(2) P1243/3: Failure B with CSD solenoid valve

DTC P1243/3	Failure B with CSD Solenoid Valve

DTC Detecting Conditions

1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator	Check points
1. Key switch ON.	Connector
2. Make an assessment logically as to followings.E-ECU detects the CSD	Harness
solenoid valve turning OFF signal during the command to turn ON the CSD	CSD solenoid valve
solenoid valve.	E-ECU
3. One flash followed by four flashes.	

Movement at Error occurrence

Error Mode	[Run As Is]: After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions.
Run restricted?	No.
Recovery Conditions	No.
Remarks	

- The connector may not be properly connected.
- Wiring defect of the harness
 - The CSD solenoid valve wiring may be short-circuited with GND (*NOTE).
- The CSD solenoid valve may be faulty.
 - Inner wiring short-circuited with GND (*NOTE).
 - *NOTE) If the CSD solenoid valve wire is short-circuited with GND, the E-ECU's power supply line fuse 10A might be blown. Also the E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty. In this case, the E-ECU may fail to detect/indicate the error, and to store the error history.
- The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis	Check the fault indication.
with the diagnosis	Check the output signal of the CSD solenoid valve.
tool	• Check the movement of the CSD solenoid valve by the active control function.
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-178



2) Check of	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch.
	• • •
	Check that the wiring of the CSD solenoid valve is not disconnected or the
	insulation of the wiring is not peeled.



3) Failure Diagnostic	Check the resistance value of the CSD solenoid valve coil.
Work •	Check the harness for correct continuity.
*	For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-178



(3) P1244/2: Intermittent Failure with CSD solenoid valve

DTC P1244/2	Intermittent Failure with CSD solenoid valve

DTC Detecting Conditions

1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator	Check points
 Engine running. Unconfirmed error detected 10 times. 	Connector Harness
3: Does not flash.	CSD solenoid valve E-ECU

Movement at Error occurrence

Error Mode	[Run As Is]: After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions.
Run restricted?	No.
Recovery Conditions	No.
Remarks	

- The connector may not be properly connected.
- · Wiring defect of the harness
 - The CSD solenoid valve wiring may be disconnected or short-circuited with POWER SUPPLY.
- The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis	Check the fault indication.
with the diagnosis	 Check the output signal of the CSD solenoid valve.
tool	• Check the movement of the CSD solenoid valve by the active control function.
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-178



2) Check of	 Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch.
connectors/wiring	Check that the connector of the CSD solenoid valve is correctly inserted.
	Check that the wiring of the CSD solenoid valve is not disconnected or the
	insulation of the wiring is not peeled.



3) Failure Diagnostic	Check the resistance value of the CSD solenoid valve coil.
Work	Check the harness for correct continuity.
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-178



EGR valve

(1) P1402/4: Failure A with EGR valve (Step Motor A-phase)

DTC P1402/4	Failure A with EGR valve (Step Motor A-Phase)

DTC Detecting Conditions

 Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); Flashing pattern of failure indicator 	Check points
 Key switch ON. Make an assessment logically as to followings.E-ECU detects the EGR step motor A-phase turning ON during the command to turn OFF the EGR step motor A-phase. One flash followed by three flashes. 	Connector Harness EGR valve (step motor) E-ECU

Movement at Error occurrence

	Movement setting at th	e EGR step motor error
	Unavailable	Available
Error Mode	[Run As Is]: After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions.	[Run Under Restrictions]: The engine continues to run under restrictions.
Run restricted?	No.	Yes: The system restricts the High idle speed or engine power.
Recovery Conditions	No.	No.
Remarks		

- The connector may not be properly connected.
- Wiring defect of the harness
 - The EGR step motor A-phase wiring may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND.
 - The EGR step motor power supply line may be disconnected.
- The EGR step motor may be faulty.
 - Inner wiring of the EGR step motor A-phase may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND.
 - Power supply line in the EGR step motor may be disconnected.
- The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis	Check the fault indication.
with the diagnosis	Check the output signal of the EGR step motor.
tool	Check the movement of the EGR step motor by the active control function.
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-182



2) Check of	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch.
connectors/wiring	Check that the connector of the EGR step motor is correctly inserted.
	 Check that the wiring of the EGR step motor is not disconnected or the
	insulation of the wiring is not peeled.



3) Failure Diagnostic	Check the coil resistance of the EGR step motor.
Work	 Check the harness for correct continuity.
	For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-182

(2) P1403/3: Failure B with EGR valve (Step Motor A-phase)

DTC P1403/3

Failure B with EGR valve (Step Motor A-Phase)

DTC Detecting Conditions

 Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); Flashing pattern of failure indicator 	Check points
 Key switch ON. Make an assessment logically as to followings.E-ECU detects the EGR step motor A-phase turning OFF during the command to turn ON the EGR step motor A-phase. One flash followed by three flashes. 	Connector Harness EGR valve (step motor) E-ECU

Movement at Error occurrence

	Movement setting at th	e EGR step motor error
	Unavailable	Available
Error Mode	[Run As Is]: After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions.	[Run Under Restrictions]: The engine continues to run under restrictions.
Run restricted?	No.	Yes: The system restricts the High idle speed or engine power.
Recovery Conditions	No.	No.
Remarks		

- The connector may not be properly connected.
- · Wiring defect of the harness
 - The EGR step motor A-phase wiring may be short-circuited with POWER SUPPLY.
 - The EGR step motor wiring may be short-circuited between phases.
- The EGR step motor may be faulty.
 - Inner wiring of the EGR step motor A-phase may be short-circuited with POWER SUPPLY.
 - Inner wiring of the EGR step motor may be short-circuited between phases.
- The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis	Check the fault indication.
with the diagnosis	Check the output signal of the EGR step motor.
tool	Check the movement of the EGR step motor by the active control function.
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-182



2) Check of	 Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch.
connectors/wiring	 Check that the connector of the EGR step motor is correctly inserted.
	Check that the wiring of the EGR step motor is not disconnected or the
	insulation of the wiring is not peeled.



3) Failure Diagnostic	Check the coil resistance of the EGR step motor.
Work	 Check the harness for correct continuity.
	For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-182

(3) P1412/4: Failure A with EGR valve (Step Motor B-phase)

DTC P1412/4

Failure A with EGR valve (Step Motor B-Phase)

DTC Detecting Conditions

 Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); Flashing pattern of failure indicator 	Check points
 Key switch ON. Make an assessment logically as to followings.E-ECU detects the EGR step motor B-phase turning ON during the command to turn OFF the EGR step motor B-phase. One flash followed by three flashes. 	Connector Harness EGR valve (step motor) E-ECU

Movement at Error occurrence

	Movement setting at th	e EGR step motor error
	Unavailable	Available
Error Mode	[Run As Is]: After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions.	[Run Under Restrictions]: The engine continues to run under restrictions.
Run restricted?	No.	Yes: The system restricts the High idle speed or engine power.
Recovery Conditions	No.	No.
Remarks		

- The connector may not be properly connected.
- · Wiring defect of the harness
 - The EGR step motor B-phase wiring may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND.
 - The EGR step motor power supply line may be disconnected.
- The EGR step motor may be faulty.
 - Inner wiring of the EGR step motor B-phase may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND.
 - Power supply line in the EGR step motor may be disconnected.
- The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis with the diagnosis	 Check the fault indication. Check the output giangl of the ECD stop meter.
tool	 Check the output signal of the EGR step motor. Check the movement of the EGR step motor by the active control function.
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-182



2) Check of	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch.
connectors/wiring	Check that the connector of the EGR step motor is correctly inserted.
	 Check that the wiring of the EGR step motor is not disconnected or the
	insulation of the wiring is not peeled.



3) Failure Diagnostic	Check the coil resistance of the EGR step motor.
Work	 Check the harness for correct continuity.
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-182



(4) P1413/3: Failure B with EGR valve (Step Motor B-phase)

DTC P1413/3

Failure B with EGR valve (Step Motor B-Phase)

DTC Detecting Conditions

 Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); Flashing pattern of failure indicator 	Check points
 Key switch ON. Make an assessment logically as to followings.E-ECU detects the EGR step motor B-phase turning OFF during the command to turn ON the EGR step motor B-phase. One flash followed by three flashes. 	Connector Harness EGR valve (step motor) E-ECU

Movement at Error occurrence

	Movement setting at th	e EGR step motor error
	Unavailable	Available
Error Mode	[Run As Is]: After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions.	[Run Under Restrictions]: The engine continues to run under restrictions.
Run restricted?	No.	Yes: The system restricts the High idle speed or engine power.
Recovery Conditions	No.	No.
Remarks		

- The connector may not be properly connected.
- · Wiring defect of the harness
 - The EGR step motor B-phase wiring may be short-circuited with POWER SUPPLY.
 - The EGR step motor wiring may be short-circuited between phases.
- The EGR step motor may be faulty.
 - Inner wiring of the EGR step motor B-phase may be short-circuited with POWER SUPPLY.
 - Inner wiring of the EGR step motor may be short-circuited between phases.
- The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis	Check the fault indication.
with the diagnosis	Check the output signal of the EGR step motor.
tool	• Check the movement of the EGR step motor by the active control function.
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-182



2) Check of	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch.
connectors/wiring	Check that the connector of the EGR step motor is correctly inserted.
	 Check that the wiring of the EGR step motor is not disconnected or the
	insulation of the wiring is not peeled.



3) Failure Diagnostic	Check the coil resistance of the EGR step motor.
Work	 Check the harness for correct continuity.
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-182



(5) P1422/4: Failure A with EGR valve (Step Motor C-phase)

DTC P1422/4

Failure A with EGR valve (Step Motor C-Phase)

DTC Detecting Conditions

 Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); Flashing pattern of failure indicator 	Check points
 Key switch ON. Make an assessment logically as to followings.E-ECU detects the EGR step motor C-phase turning ON during the command to turn OFF the EGR step motor C-phase. One flash followed by three flashes. 	Connector Harness EGR valve (step motor) E-ECU

Movement at Error occurrence

	Movement setting at the EGR step motor error	
	Unavailable	Available
Error Mode	[Run As Is]: After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions.	[Run Under Restrictions]: The engine continues to run under restrictions.
Run restricted?	No.	Yes: The system restricts the High idle speed or engine power.
Recovery Conditions	No.	No.
Remarks		

- The connector may not be properly connected.
- · Wiring defect of the harness
 - The EGR step motor C-phase wiring may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND.
 - The EGR step motor power supply line may be disconnected.
- The EGR step motor may be faulty.
 - Inner wiring of the EGR step motor C-phase may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND.
 - Power supply line in the EGR step motor may be disconnected.
- The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis	Check the fault indication.
with the diagnosis	Check the output signal of the EGR step motor.
tool	Check the movement of the EGR step motor by the active control function.
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-182



2) Check of	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch.
connectors/wiring	Check that the connector of the EGR step motor is correctly inserted.
	 Check that the wiring of the EGR step motor is not disconnected or the
	insulation of the wiring is not peeled.



3) Failure Diagnostic	Check the coil resistance of the EGR step motor.
Work	 Check the harness for correct continuity.
	For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-182

(6) P1423/3: Failure B with EGR valve (Step Motor C-phase)

DTC P1423/3

Failure B with EGR valve (Step Motor C-Phase)

DTC Detecting Conditions

 Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); Flashing pattern of failure indicator 	Check points
 Key switch ON. Make an assessment logically as to followings.E-ECU detects the EGR step motor C-phase turning OFF during the command to turn ON the EGR step motor C-phase. One flash followed by three flashes. 	Connector Harness EGR valve (step motor) E-ECU

Movement at Error occurrence

	Movement setting at the EGR step motor error	
	Unavailable	Available
Error Mode	[Run As Is]: After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions.	[Run Under Restrictions]: The engine continues to run under restrictions.
Run restricted?	No.	Yes: The system restricts the High idle speed or engine power.
Recovery Conditions	No.	No.
Remarks		

- The connector may not be properly connected.
- · Wiring defect of the harness
 - The EGR step motor C-phase wiring may be short-circuited with POWER SUPPLY.
 - The EGR step motor wiring may be short-circuited between phases.
- The EGR step motor may be faulty.
 - Inner wiring of the EGR step motor C-phase may be short-circuited with POWER SUPPLY.
 - Inner wiring of the EGR step motor may be short-circuited between phases.
- The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis	Check the fault indication.
with the diagnosis	Check the output signal of the EGR step motor.
tool	• Check the movement of the EGR step motor by the active control function.
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-182



2) Check of	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch.
connectors/wiring	Check that the connector of the EGR step motor is correctly inserted.
	 Check that the wiring of the EGR step motor is not disconnected or the
	insulation of the wiring is not peeled.



3) Failure Diagnostic	Check the coil resistance of the EGR step motor.
Work	 Check the harness for correct continuity.
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-182



(7) P1432/4: Failure A with EGR valve (Step Motor D-phase)

DTC P1432/4

Failure A with EGR valve (Step Motor D-Phase)

DTC Detecting Conditions

 Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); Flashing pattern of failure indicator 	Check points
 Key switch ON. Make an assessment logically as to followings. E-ECU detects the EGR step motor D-phase turning ON during the command to turn OFF the EGR step motor C-phase. One flash followed by three flashes. 	Connector Harness EGR valve (step motor) E-ECU

Movement at Error occurrence

	Movement setting at the EGR step motor error	
	Unavailable	Available
Error Mode	[Run As Is]: After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions.	[Run Under Restrictions]: The engine continues to run under restrictions.
Run restricted?	No.	Yes: The system restricts the High idle speed or engine power.
Recovery Conditions	No.	No.
Remarks		

- The connector may not be properly connected.
- Wiring defect of the harness
 - The EGR step motor D-phase wiring may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND.
 - The EGR step motor power supply line may be disconnected.
- The EGR step motor may be faulty.
 - Inner wiring of the EGR step motor D-phase may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND.
 - Power supply line in the EGR step motor may be disconnected.
- The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis with the diagnosis	 Check the fault indication. Check the output giangl of the ECD stop meter.
tool	 Check the output signal of the EGR step motor. Check the movement of the EGR step motor by the active control function.
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-182



2) Check of	 Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch.
connectors/wiring	 Check that the connector of the EGR step motor is correctly inserted.
	Check that the wiring of the EGR step motor is not disconnected or the
	insulation of the wiring is not peeled.



3) Failure Diagnostic	Check the coil resistance of the EGR step motor.
Work	 Check the harness for correct continuity.
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-182



(8) P1433/3: Failure B with EGR valve (Step Motor D-phase)

DTC P1433/3

Failure B with EGR valve (Step Motor D-Phase)

DTC Detecting Conditions

 Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); Flashing pattern of failure indicator 	Check points
 Key switch ON. Make an assessment logically as to followings.E-ECU detects the EGR step motor D-phase turning OFF during the command to turn ON the EGR step motor D-phase. One flash followed by three flashes. 	Connector Harness EGR valve (step motor) E-ECU

Movement at Error occurrence

	Movement setting at th	e EGR step motor error
	Unavailable	Available
Error Mode	[Run As Is]: After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions.	[Run Under Restrictions]: The engine continues to run under restrictions.
Run restricted?	No.	Yes: The system restricts the High idle speed or engine power.
Recovery Conditions	No.	No.
Remarks		

- The connector may not be properly connected.
- · Wiring defect of the harness
 - The EGR step motor D-phase wiring may be short-circuited with POWER SUPPLY.
 - The EGR step motor wiring may be short-circuited between phases.
- The EGR step motor may be faulty.
 - Inner wiring of the EGR step motor D-phase may be short-circuited with POWER SUPPLY.
 - Inner wiring of the EGR step motor may be short-circuited between phases.
- The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis	Check the fault indication.
with the diagnosis	Check the output signal of the EGR step motor.
tool	• Check the movement of the EGR step motor by the active control function.
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-182



2) Check of	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch.
connectors/wiring	Check that the connector of the EGR step motor is correctly inserted.
	 Check that the wiring of the EGR step motor is not disconnected or the
	insulation of the wiring is not peeled.



3) Failure Diagnostic	Check the coil resistance of the EGR step motor.
Work	 Check the harness for correct continuity.
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-182



Contact Input Related Failures

Oil Pressure Related Failures

(1) P1192/4: Failure with Oil Pressure Switch

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DTC Detecting Conditions

1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator	Check points
1. Key switch ON.	Connector
2. Oil pressure switch turns ON with engine stopped.	Harness
* This manual assumes that the contact input is configured as Normally Open	Oil pressure switch
(NO).	E-ECU
3. Two flashes followed by one flash.	

Movement at Error occurrence

Error Mode	[Run As Is]: After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions.
Run restricted?	No.
Recovery Conditions	No.
Remarks	

- The connector may not be properly connected.
- Wiring defect of the harness
 - The oil pressure switch wiring may be disconnected or short-circuited with POWER SUPPLY.
- The oil pressure switch may be faulty.
 - Inner wiring of the oil pressure switch may be disconnected or short-circuited with POWER SUPPLY.
- The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis	Check the fault indication.
with the diagnosis	Check that the input signal of the oil pressure switch is correctly recognized.
tool	
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-187



2) Check of	٠	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch.
connectors/wiring	٠	Check that the connector of the oil pressure switch is correctly inserted.
	٠	Check that the wiring of the oil pressure switch is not disconnected or the
		insulation of the wiring is not peeled.



3) Failure Diagnostic	Check the harness for correct continuity.	٦
Work		
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-187	

(2) P1198/1: Abnormal Oil Pressure Descend

DTC P1198/1	Abnormal Oil Pressure Descend
FI190/1	Abiloffial Off Flessure Descend

DTC Detecting Conditions

1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator	Check points
 Key switch ON. Oil pressure switch turns ON after engine has been started. * This manual assumes that the contact input is configured as Normally Open (NO). Three flashes followed by one flash 	Hydrostatic system Harness Oil pressure switch E-ECU

Movement at Error occurrence

	Setting of response to "oil pressure low" alarm		
	Unavailable	Available	
Error Mode	[Run As Is]: After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions.	[Run Under Restrictions]: The engine continues to run under restrictions.	
Run restricted?	No.	Yes: The system restricts the High idle speed or engine power.	
Recovery Conditions	No.	No.	
Remarks			

- The oil pressure may be too low.
- The hydraulic system may be faulty.
- Wiring defect of the harness
 - The oil pressure switch wiring may be short-circuited with GND.
- The oil pressure switch may be faulty.
 - Inner wiring of the oil pressure switch may be short-circuited with GND.
- The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis	Check the fault indication.
with the diagnosis	• Check that the input signal of the oil pressure switch is correctly recognized.
tool	
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-187



2) Engine Inspection	Turn the key switch off to stop the engine.
	Inspect the oil pressure system.
	• After the inspection, turn the key switch on to check if the DTC is detected.
	*For description and procedure of engine inspection, see the Service manual
	("Engine").



3) Failure Diagnostic	Check the oil pressure switch system.
Work	
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-187

Battery Charge Related Failures

(1) P1562/4: Failure with Charge Switch

DTC P1562/4	Failure with Charge Switch	
DIC P1562/4	Failure with Charge Switch	
	•	

DTC Detecting Conditions

1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator	Check points
1. Key switch ON.	Connector
2. Charge switch turns OFF with engine stopped.	Harness
* This manual assumes that the contact input is configured as Normally Open	Charge switch
(NO).	E-ECU
3. Two flashes followed by two flashes.	

Movement at Error occurrence

Error Mode	[Run As Is]: After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions.
Run restricted?	No.
Recovery Conditions	No.
Remarks	

Estimation of Failure cause/Error condition

- The connector may not be properly connected.
- Wiring defect of the harness
 - The charge switch wiring may be disconnected or short-circuited with POWER SUPPLY.
- The charge switch may be faulty.

• Inner wiring of the charge switch may be disconnected or short-circuited with POWER SUPPLY.

• The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis	Check the fault indication.
with the diagnosis	Check that the input signal of the charge switch is correctly recognized.
tool	* Foundate its of the model and the supression of discussion are $D \neq 407$
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-187



2) Check of	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch.
connectors/wiring •	Check that the connector of the charge switch is correctly inserted.
•	Check that the wiring of the charge switch is not disconnected or the insulation
	of the wiring is not peeled.



, 3	Check the harness for correct continuity.
Work	
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-187



(2) P1568/1: Charge Alarm

DTC P1568/1

Charge Alarm

DTC Detecting Conditions

1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator	Check points
1. Key switch ON.	alternator
2. Charge switch turns ON after engine has been started.	Harness
* This manual assumes that the contact input is configured as Normally Open	Charge switch
(NO).	E-ECU
3. Three flashes followed by two flashes.	

Movement at Error occurrence

Error Mode	[Run As Is]: After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions.
Run restricted?	No.
Recovery Conditions	No.
Remarks	

- The battery may not be properly charged.
- The alternator may be faulty.
- Wiring defect of the harness
 - The charge switch wiring may be short-circuited with GND.
- The charge switch may be faulty.
 - Inner wiring of the charge switch may be short-circuited with GND.
- The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis	Check the fault indication.
with the diagnosis	 Check that the input signal of the charge switch is correctly recognized.
tool	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-187



2) Engine Inspection	 Turn the key switch off to stop the engine.
	 Inspect the charging system of the engine.
	• After the inspection, turn the key switch on to check if the DTC is detected.
	*For description and procedure of engine inspection, see the Service manual
	("Engine").



3) Failure Diagnostic	Check the charge switch system.
Work	
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-187



Water Temperature Switch

(1) P1217/0: Abnormal Water Temperature

DTC P1217/0	Abnormal Water Temperature

DTC Detecting Conditions

 Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); Flashing pattern of failure indicator 	Check points
 Key switch ON. Water temperature switch turns ON after engine has been started. * This manual assumes that the contact input is configured as Normally Open (NO). Three flashes followed by three flashes. 	Engine cooling system Harness Water Temperature Switch E-ECU

Movement at Error occurrence

	Setting of response to water temperature error		
	Unavailable	Available	
Error Mode	[Run As Is]: After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions.	[Run Under Restrictions]: The engine continues to run under restrictions.	
Run restricted?	No.	Yes: The system restricts the High idle speed or engine power.	
Recovery Conditions	No.	No.	
Remarks			

- The engine may be overheated.
- The engine cooling water level may be too low.
- The engine cooling system may be faulty.
- Wiring defect of the harness
 - The water temperature switch wiring may be short-circuited with GND.
- The water temperature switch may be faulty.
 - Inner wiring of the water temperature switch may be short-circuited with GND.
- The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis	Check the fault indication.
with the diagnosis	 Check that the input signal of the water temperature switch is correctly
tool	recognized.
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-187



2) Engine Inspection	Turn the key switch off to stop the engine.
	Check the engine cooling system.
	 After a little, turn the key switch on to check if the DTC is detected.
	*For description and procedure of engine inspection, see the Service manual
	("Engine").



3) Failure Diagnostic Work	Check the water temperature switch system.
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-187



Air cleaner switch

(1) P1101/0: Air Cleaner Clogging Alarm

DTO DIAGANO	
DTC P1101/0	Air cleaner Clogging Alarm

DTC Detecting Conditions

1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator	Check points
1. Key switch ON.	Air Cleaner
2. Air cleaner switch turns ON after engine has been started.	Harness
* This manual assumes that the contact input is configured as Normally Open	Air cleaner switch
(NO).	E-ECU
3. Three flashes followed by four flashes.	

Movement at Error occurrence

	Setting of Response to Air Cleaner Failure	
	Unavailable	Available
Error Mode	[Run As Is]: After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions.	[Run Under Restrictions]: The engine continues to run under restrictions.
Run restricted?	No.	Yes: The system restricts the High idle speed or engine power.
Recovery Conditions	No.	No.
Remarks		

- The air cleaner may be clogged.
- Wiring defect of the harness
 - The air cleaner switch wiring may be short-circuited with GND.
- The air cleaner switch may be faulty.
 - Inner wiring of the air cleaner switch may be short-circuited with GND.
- The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis with the diagnosis	Check the fault indication.Check that the input signal of the air cleaner switch is correctly recognized.
tool	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-187



2) Engine Inspection	 Turn the key switch off to stop the engine.
	 Inspect the air cleaner.
	 After a little, turn the key switch on to check if the DTC is detected.
	*For description and procedure of engine inspection, see the Service manual
	("Engine").



3) Failure Diagnostic	Check the air cleaner switch system.
Work	
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-187

Oil-Water Separator Switch

(1) P1151/0: Oil-Water Separator Alarm

DTC P1151/0	Oil-water separator Alarm

DTC Detecting Conditions

 Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); Flashing pattern of failure indicator 	Check points
 Key switch ON. Oil-water separator switch turns ON after engine has been started. * This manual assumes that the contact input is configured as Normally Open (NO). Three flashes followed by five flashes. 	Oil-Water Separator Harness Oil-Water Separator Switch E-ECU

Movement at Error occurrence

	Setting of response to oil-water separator failure	
	Unavailable	Available
Error Mode	[Run As Is]: After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions.	[Run Under Restrictions]: The engine continues to run under restrictions.
Run restricted?	No.	Yes: The system restricts the High idle speed or engine power.
Recovery Conditions	No.	No.
Remarks		

- The oil-water separator may be malfunctioning.
- Wiring defect of the harness
 - The oil-water separator switch wiring may be short-circuited with GND.
- The oil-water separator switch may be faulty.
 - Inner wiring of the oil-water separator switch may be short-circuited with GND.
- The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis	Check the fault indication.
with the diagnosis	 Check that the input signal of the oil-water separator switch is correctly
tool	recognized.
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-187



2) Engine Inspection	Turn the key switch off to stop the engine.
	 Inspect the oil-water separator.
	 After a little, turn the key switch on to check if the DTC is detected.
	*For description and procedure of engine inspection, see the Service manual
	("Engine").



3) Failure Diagnostic Work	Check the oil-water separator switch system.
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-187



Actuators etc.

Rack actuator

(1) P1212/4: Failure with Rack Actuator (Low Current)

DTC P1212/4	Failure with Rack Actuator (Low Current)

DTC Detecting Conditions

1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator	Check points
 Key switch ON. Rack actuator current detected equal to or below the lower limit. 	Connector
3. Eight flashes.	Harness Rack actuator
	E-ECU

Movement at Error occurrence

Error Mode	[Stop Immediately]: The engine stops running.
Run restricted?	Yes: The rack actuator relay is turned OFF, and the rack position is forcibly set to the engine stop position.
Recovery Conditions	No.
Remarks	

- The connector may not be properly connected.
- Wiring defect of the harness
 - The rack actuator wiring may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND.
- The rack actuator may be faulty.
 - Disconnection of Rack Actuator inner wiring
 - Inner wiring of the rack actuator may be short-circuited with GND.
- The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis	Check the fault indication.
with the diagnosis	Check the movement of the rack actuator by the active control function.
tool	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-193



2) Check of	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch.
connectors/wiring	Check that the connector of the rack actuator is correctly inserted.
•	Check that the wiring of the rack actuator is not disconnected or the insulation
	of the wiring is not peeled.



3) Failure Diagnostic	Check the resistance value of the rack actuator solenoid.
Work	Check the harness for correct continuity.
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-193



(2) P1212/3: Failure with Rack Actuator (High Current)

DTC P1213/3	Failure with Rack Actuator (High Current)

DTC Detecting Conditions

1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator	Check points
 Key switch ON. Rack actuator current detected equal to or above the upper limit. Eight flashes. 	Connector Harness Rack actuator E-ECU

Movement at Error occurrence

Error Mode	[Stop Immediately]: The engine stops running.
Run restricted?	Yes: The rack actuator relay is turned OFF, and the rack position is forcibly set to the engine stop position.
Recovery Conditions	No.
Remarks	

- The connector may not be properly connected.
- Wiring defect of the harness
 - The rack actuator wiring may be short-circuited with POWER SUPPLY (*NOTE).
- The rack actuator may be faulty.
 - Inner wiring of the rack actuator short-circuited with POWER SUPPLY (*NOTE)
 - *NOTE) If the rack actuator wiring is short-circuited with POWER SUPPLY, the ECU's power supply line fuse 10A might be blown. With this fuse blown, the E-ECU may fail to detect/indicate the error, and to store the error history.
- The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis	Check the fault indication.
with the diagnosis	Check the movement of the rack actuator by the active control function.
tool	
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-193



2) Check of	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch.	
connectors/wiring	Check that the connector of the rack actuator is correctly inserted.	
	Check that the wiring of the rack actuator is not disconnected or the insulati	ion
	of the wiring is not peeled.	



3) Failure Diagnostic	Check the resistance value of the rack actuator solenoid.
Work	Check the harness for correct continuity.
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-193

(3) P1211/7: Rack Actuator Mechanical Failure

DTC P1211/7	Rack Actuator Mechanical Failure

DTC Detecting Conditions

1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator	Check points
 Key switch ON. Rack operation check at the activation Eight flashes. 	Rack

Movement at Error occurrence

Error Mode	[Stop Immediately]: The engine does not start up.
Run restricted?	Yes: The rack actuator relay is turned OFF, and the starter does not rotate.
Recovery Conditions	No.
Remarks	

- The rack may be stuck.
 - Water entered into the fuel rusts the plunger.

1) Initial diagnosis	Check the fault indication.
with the diagnosis	Check the movement of the rack actuator by the active control function.
tool	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-193



2) Check of	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch.
connectors/wiring	Check that the connector of the rack actuator is correctly inserted.
•	Check that the wiring of the rack actuator is not disconnected or the insulation
	of the wiring is not peeled.



3) Failure Diagnostic	Check the resistance value of the rack actuator solenoid.
Work	Check the harness for correct continuity.
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-193



Engine

(1) P1214/2: Engine Trouble

	DTC P1214/2	Engine Trouble
--	-------------	----------------

DTC Detecting Conditions

1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator	Check points
1. Key switch ON.	Harness
2. (1) Engine stall during a rack position sensor error	Rack actuator
(2) Unexpected engine speed rise is detected other than acceleration.	
3. Eight flashes.	

Movement at Error occurrence

Error Mode	[Stop Immediately]: The engine stops running.
Run restricted?	Yes: The rack actuator relay is turned OFF, and the rack position is forcibly set to the engine stop position.
Recovery Conditions	No.
Remarks	

- Wiring defect of the harness
 - The rack actuator wiring may be short-circuited with POWER SUPPLY.
 - The rack actuator wiring may be short-circuited with GND.
- Engine over speed loaded by the operating machine's drive
- Control error of the fuel injection pump
 - The rack actuator wiring may be short-circuited with GND.

1) Initial diagnosis	Check the fault indication.
with the diagnosis	
tool	



2) Engine Inspection	
	 Inspect the engine and the operating machine.
	• After a little, turn the key switch on to check if the DTC is detected.
	*For description and procedure of engine inspection, see the Service manual ("Engine").



3) Failure Diagnostic	Check the Rack Actuator.
Work	
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-193

E-ECU Internal and Communication Errors

E-ECU Internal Errors

(1) P0601/12, P1610/12, P1611/12, P1612/12: ECU internal errors (1)

	P0601/12	EEPROM error (read/write error)
DTC	P1610/12	Failure A with Sub-CPU
DIC	P1611/12	Failure B with Sub-CPU
	P1612/12	Failure C with Sub-CPU

DTC Detecting Conditions

1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator	Check points
1. Key switch ON.	E-ECU
2. E-ECU detects an error of the internal circuit.	
3. Four flashes followed by one flash.	

Movement at Error occurrence

Error Mode	[Run As Is]: After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions.
Run restricted?	No.
Recovery Conditions	No.
Remarks	

Estimation of Failure cause/Error condition

• The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis with the diagnosis	 Check the fault indication. Turn the key switch on/off to check the fault indication again.
tool	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-197



(2) P1601/2, P0605/12, P1605/2, P1606/2, P1620/12: ECU internal errors (2)

	P1601/2	EEPROM error (Checksum)
	P0605/12	FlashROM error (Checksum A)
DTC	P1605/2	FlashROM error (Checksum B)
	P1606/2	FlashROM error (Checksum C)
	P1620/12	Map format error

DTC Detecting Conditions

1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of	f failure indicator Check points
 Key switch ON. E-ECU detects an error of the internal circuit. Four flashes followed by one flash. 	E-ECU

Movement at Error occurrence

Error Mode	[Stop Immediately]: The engine does not start up.
Run restricted?	Yes: The rack actuator relay is turned OFF, and the rack position is forcibly set to the engine stop position.
Recovery Conditions	No.
Remarks	

Estimation of Failure cause/Error condition

- ROM data error of E-ECU
 - Checksum error of EEPROM initial individual information
 - Checksum error of control application, map data or initial individual information in FlashROM
 - * Checksum A: control application, checksum B: map data, checksum C: initial individual information
 - Unconformity of the map data format

1) Initial diagnosis	Check the fault indication.
with the diagnosis	Rewrite the E-ECU software.
tool	 Turn the key switch on/off to check the fault indication again.
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-197

(3) P0686/4: Main relay error

DTC P0686/4

Main relay error

DTC Detecting Conditions

1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator	Check points
1. Key switch OFF.	Connector
2. Power supply to ECU fails to turn OFF.	Harness
3. One flash followed by six flashes.	Main relay

Movement at Error occurrence

Error Mode	[Run As Is]: After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions.
Run restricted?	No.
Recovery Conditions	No.
Remarks	

Estimation of Failure cause/Error condition

- The connector may not be properly connected.
- Wiring defect of the harness

• Downstream line of the main relay coil may be short-circuited with GND or POWER SUPPLY (*NOTE).

- The main relay contact may be faulty.
 - The main relay contact may be stuck.
 - Inner wiring of the main relay coil short-circuited with POWER SUPPLY (*NOTE).

*NOTE) If the downstream line of the main relay coil is short-circuited with POWER SUPPLY, the E-ECU's power supply line fuse 10A may be blown or the inner circuit of E-ECU may fail. In this case, the E-ECU may fail to detect/indicate the error, and to store the error history.

• The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis with the diagnosis	 Check the fault indication. Check if a log-in to the diagnosis tool with the key switch OFF is available.
tool	
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-199



2) Check of	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch.
connectors/wiring	Check that the main relay is inserted to the harness connector correctly.
	Check that the wiring of the main relay is not disconnected or the insulation of
	the wiring is not peeled.



3) Failure Diagnostic	Check the main relay contact for correct continuity.
Work	 Check the resistance value of the main relay.
	Check the harness for correct continuity.
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-199



CAN Communication

(1) U0001/12: CAN Communication Error

DTC U0001/12	CAN Communication Error

DTC Detecting Conditions

1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator	Check points
1. (1) Before and (2) after ECU start-up 2. A necessary CANID cannot be received that should periodically received.	Other ECUs Battery
3. One flash followed by two flashes.	Connector
	Harness E-ECU

Movement at Error occurrence

	Accelerator sensor function	
	CAN communication only	CAN communication plus analog input or pulse accelerator#
Error Mode	[Run Under Restrictions]: The engine runs at a constant rotational speed.	[Run As Is]: The engine continues to run using the analog input or pulse accelerator instead.
Run restricted?	Yes: The target speed is set to the "on- error target speed (standard value: 1500[min ⁻¹])" or "pre-error target speed".	No.
Recovery Conditions	Yes: The error is reset when the necessary data is received.	Yes: The error is reset when the necessary data is received.
Remarks		When the error is reset, then the engine switches to CAN communication mode and continues to run.

- Deactivation of another ECU
- Battery voltage descent
- The connector may not be properly connected.
- Wiring defect of the harness
 - CAN communication line (Hi, Low) may be disconnected, or short-circuited with GND or power supply.
- The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis	Check the fault indication.
with the diagnosis	Check the battery voltage.
tool	
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-203



2) Check of	 Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch.
connectors/wiring	Check that the connector of the CAN communication is correctly inserted.
	Check that the wiring of the CAN communication is not disconnected or the
	insulation of the wiring is not peeled.



3) Failure Diagnostic	Check the battery voltage.
Work	Check the harness for correct continuity.
*	For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-203



Immobilizer

(1) U0167/12: Immobilizer Error (CAN communication)

DTC 10167/12	Immobilizer Error (CAN communication)
00107/12	

DTC Detecting Conditions

1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator	Check points
1. Key switch ON.	Immobilizer
2. If the immobilizer does not respond to a request of authorization start.	Battery
3. Four flashes followed by two flashes	Connector
	Harness
	E-ECU

Movement at Error occurrence

	Immobilizer pulse communication setting	
	Yes	No
Error Mode	[Run As Is]: Authorization by the emergency pulse communication	[Stop Immediately]: The engine does not start up.
Run restricted?	- (As same as the movement at the immobilizer pulse communication error)	Yes: The rack actuator relay is turned OFF, and the starter does not rotate.
Recovery Conditions	- (As same as the movement at the immobilizer pulse communication error)	No.
Remarks		

- Battery voltage descent
- The connector may not be properly connected.
- Wiring defect of the harness
 - CAN communication line (Hi, Low) may be disconnected, or short-circuited with GND or power supply.
- The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis	Check the fault indication.
with the diagnosis	Check the battery voltage.
tool	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-205



2) Check of	 Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch.
connectors/wiring	• Check that the connector of the CAN communication is correctly inserted.
· ·	Check that the wiring of the CAN communication is not disconnected or the
	insulation of the wiring is not peeled.



3) Failure Diagnostic •	Check the battery voltage.
• Work	Check the harness for correct continuity.
*	For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-205



(2) U1167/8: Immobilizer Error (pulse communication)

DTC U1167/8

Immobilizer Error (pulse communication)

DTC Detecting Conditions

1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator	Check points
1. Key switch ON.	Immobilizer
2. In the case of timeout detection	Connector
3. Four flashes followed by two flashes	Harness
	E-ECU

Movement at Error occurrence

	Immobilizer CAN communication	
	Normal	Error
Error Mode	[Run As Is]: Engine start is authorized.	[Stop Immediately]: The engine does not start up.
Run restricted?	No.	Yes:The rack actuator relay is turned OFF, and the starter does not rotate.
Recovery Conditions	Yes: The error is automatically reset when a normal data is received.	Yes: The error is automatically reset when a normal data is received.
Remarks		

Estimation of Failure cause/Error condition

- The connector may not be properly connected.
- Wiring defect of the harness

• Pulse communication line may be disconnected, or short-circuited with GND or power supply.

• The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

1) Initial diagnosis	Check the fault indication.
with the diagnosis	
tool	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-205



2) Check of	Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch.
connectors/wiring	• Check that the wiring for the immobilizer pulse communication and E-ECU are
	correctly connected.
	Check that the wiring for the immobilizer pulse communication is not
	disconnected or the insulation of the wiring is not peeled.



3) Failure Diagnostic	Check the harness for correct continuity.
Work	
	*For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.1-205

(3) U0426/2: Immobilizer Error (system)

DTC U0426/2	Immobilizer Error (system)

DTC Detecting Conditions

1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator	Check points
 Key switch ON. (1) Authorization by CAN communication is NG. (2) Immobilizer CAN communication is faulty, and authorization by immobilizer pulse communication is NG. Four flashes followed by two flashes 	Immobilizer authorization key

Movement at Error occurrence

Error Mode	[Stop Immediately]: The engine does not start up.
Run restricted?	Yes: The rack actuator relay is turned OFF, and the starter does not rotate.
Recovery Conditions	No.
Remarks	

Estimation of Failure cause/Error condition

• Unconformity of the immobilizer authorization key

1) Initial diagnosis •	Check that the immobilizer authorization key is correct.
with the diagnosis	
tool	

METHOD AND PROCEDURE OF FAILURE DIAGNOSIS

Description Items

Related DTC

Related DTC(s) is listed.

DTC	Code Number	Error Name
-----	-------------	------------

Work flow

Work flow for the failure diagnosis is listed,

Wiring Diagram

Shows a wiring diagram that encompasses the components/parts associated with the failure.

Work Description

Describes how to diagnose and correct the failure.

E-ECU Pin Layout Diagram

Harness side coupler (coupling face)

ECU side coupler (coupling face)

1	E48	E47	E40	E39	E38	E37	E36	E35	E34	E33	E32	E31
2	E46	E45	E30	E29	E28	E27	E26	E25	E24	E23	E22	E21
3	E44	E43	E20	E19	E18	E17	E16	E15	E14	E13	E12	E11
4	E42	E41	E10	E09	E08	E07	E06	E05	E04	E03	E02	E01
	M	 L	 K	J	Н	G	F	E	D	С	B 01707	A 0 - 0 0 X

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6	~	~	~~~~	~~~~			·			, -	1	1
E31	E32	E33	E34	E35	E36	E37	E38	E39	E40	E47	E48	1
E21	E22	E23	E24	E25	E26	E27	E28	E29	E30	E45	E46	2
E11	E12	E13	E14	E15	E16	E17	E18	E19	E20	E43	E44	3
E01	E02	E03	E04	E05	E06	E07	E08	E09	E10	E41	E42	4
A	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	J	к	L	M 017071	-00X

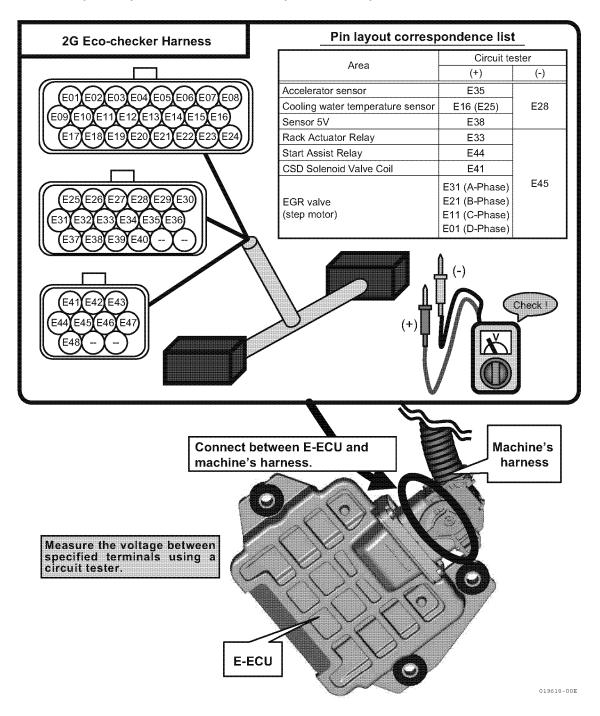
N	0,	Pin function name	Code	N	о.	Pin function name	Code
E01	4-A	STEP MOTOR D-PHASE	STPM-D	E25	2-E	COOLING WATER TEMPERATURE (CONVENTIONAL)	τw
E02	4-B	APPLICATION OPEN OUTPUT 2	APP-OP2	E26	2-F	INTAKE TEMPERATURE	TAIR
E03	4-C	RxD1	RxD	E27	2-G	EGR TEMPERATURE	TEGR
E04	4-D	TxD1	TxD	E28	2-H	SENSOR GND	GND-A
E05	4-E	APPLICATION OPEN INPUT 5	APP-IP5	E29	2-J	BOOT MODE	BOOTSW
E06	4-F	APPLICATION OPEN INPUT 6	APP-IP6	E30	2-K	CAN TERMINAL RESISTANCE SWITCH-OVER	RECAN
E07	4-G	Key switch	IGNSW	E31	1-A	STEP MOTOR A-PHASE	STPM-A
E08	4-H	ENGINE START RECOGNITION	STARTSW	E32	1-B	LOAD FACTOR MONITOR 1	LOAD-M
E09	4-J	APPLICATION OPEN INPUT 3	APP-IP3	E33	1-C	RACK ACTUATOR RELAY	RACK-RLY
E10	4-K	Spare speed sensor	RENRPM	E34	1-D	Main relay	MAIN-RLY
E11	3-A	STEP MOTOR C-PHASE	STPM-C	E35	1-E	ACCELERATOR POSITION SENSOR	APS
E12	3-B	FAILURE INDICATOR LAMP	FAIL-LMP	E36	1-F	Rack position sensor	RPS
E13	3-C	APPLICATION OPEN INPUT 7	APP-IP7	E37	1-G	RESERVED ANALOG	REAN
E14	3-D	APPLICATION OPEN INPUT 2	APP-IP2	E38	1-H	SENSOR 5V	AVCC
E15	3-E	EMERGENCY ENGINE STOP	SHUDNSW	E39	1-J	CANL	CANL
E16	3-F	COOLING WATER TEMPERATURE (HIGH ACCURACY)	RET	E40	1-K	CANH	CANH
E17	3-G	APPLICATION OPEN INPUT 4	APP-IP4	E41	4-L	CSD Solenoid Valve Coil	CSD-CL
E18	3-H	SPEED INPUT (-)	NRPM-GND	E42	4-M	Rack actuator	RACKSOL
E19	3-J	SPEED INPUT (+)	NRPM	E43	3-L	SENSOR 12V	AVB
E20	3-K	APPLICATION OPEN OUTPUT 1	APP-OP1	E44	3-M	START ASSIST RELAY	AIRHT-RLY
E21	2-A	STEP MOTOR B-PHASE	STPM-B	E45	2-L	POWER SUPPLY GND	GND
E22	2-B	SPEED MONITOR	NRPM-M	E46	2-M	(FLY-BACK)	(FB)
E23	2-C	PREHEAT LAMP	PREHT-LMP	E47	1-L	POWER GND	GND-P
E24	2-D	APPLICATION OPEN INPUT 1	APP-IP1	E48	1-M	POWER SUPPLY 12V	VB

How to use the 2G eco-checker harness

Failure diagnosis for area listed in the following correspondence list includes the work measuring voltage with the 2G eco-checker harness. Therefore before the failure diagnosis, remove the E-ECU and machine's harness, and connect the 2G eco-checker harness between the E-ECU and machine's harness.

* For details of the failure diagnosis for each area, see the followings.

* Measure the voltage using a circuit tester referring the following list.



Analog Input Related Failures

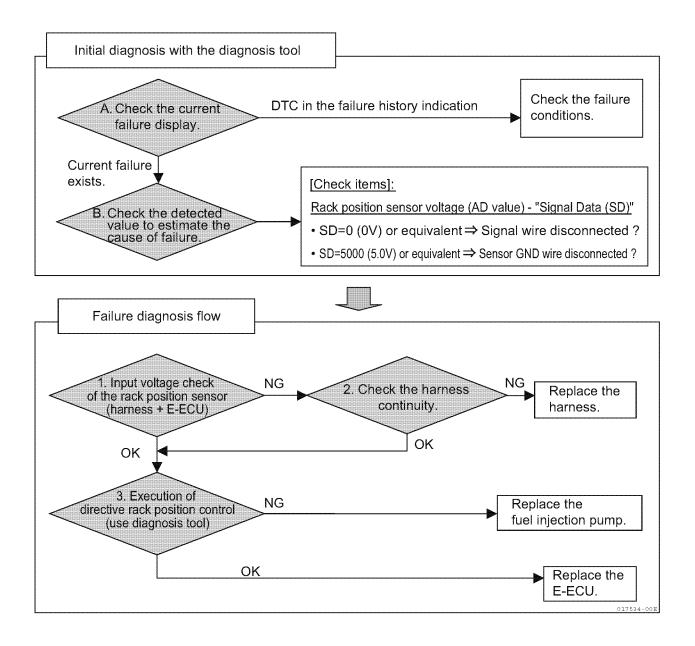
Rack position sensor

Related DTC

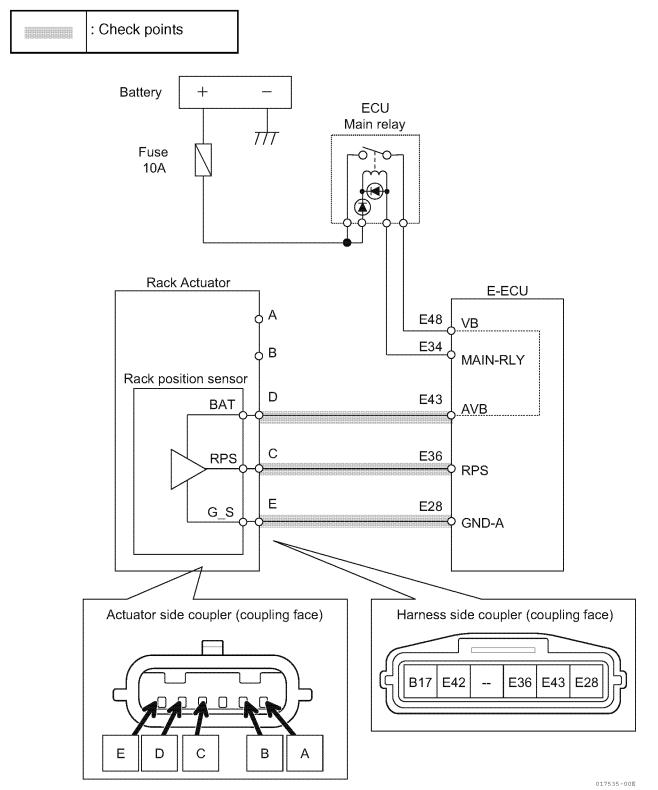
DTC	P1202/4	Rack Position Sensor Error (Low Voltage)
	P1203/3	Rack Position Sensor Error (High Voltage)

Work flow

*For details of the work, see after-mentioned "<Diagnosis Description>."For the operation of the diagnosis tool, see "Diagnosis tool Operation Manual" separately.



Wiring Diagram



*For the E-ECU Pin Layout, see [E-ECU Pin Layout Diagram] (P.1-134).

- 1. Check of the input voltage of the rack position sensor (harness + E-ECU)
 - Turn the key switch off, and remove the rack actuator connector from the fuel injection pump. At this time, keep the E-ECU connector being connected to E-ECU.
 - Turn the key switch on to turn on the E-ECU power.
 - Measure the voltage between sensor terminal E43 and E28 using a circuit tester.

Terminal	Normal value
Sensor connector E43 - E28	Equivalent to the battery voltage

NG	Check the harness for correct continuity. \rightarrow Go to [2. Check of harness continuity:]
	Check if the "Directive rack position control" is executable using the diagnosis tool
OK	"Diagnosis Test: Active control". \rightarrow Go to [3. Execution check of the directive rack
	position control:]

- 2. Check of harness continuity:
 - Remove the rack actuator connector and E-ECU from the harness.
 - Check the harness continuity using a circuit tester.

Terminal	Continuity	Status
Sensor signal wire E36	Available	OK: normal
[Between E-ECU and sensor connector]	Unavailable	NG: harness disconnection
Sensor GND wire E28	Available	OK: normal
[Between E-ECU and sensor connector]	Unavailable	NG: harness disconnection
Sensor 12V wire E43	Available	OK: normal
[Between E-ECU and sensor connector]	Unavailable	NG: harness disconnection
Between E36 and other terminal/GND	Unavailable	OK: normal
and between E43 and other terminal/GND	Available	NG: harness short-circuited with GND
Between E28 and GND/E45/E47	Available	OK: normal
	Unavailable	NG: harness disconnection
Between E28 and other terminals	Unavailable	OK: normal
	Available	NG: harness short-circuited with another wiring

NG	Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct.Replace the harness.
	Check if the "Directive rack position control" is executable using the diagnosis tool
OK	"Diagnosis Test: Active control". \rightarrow Go to [3. Execution check of the directive rack
	position control:]

- 3. Execution check of the directive rack position control:
 - Connect the all connectors (sensors, E-ECU).
 - Connect the diagnosis tool, and log in to the diagnosis tool after key switch turning-on.
 - Execute the directive rack position control with the diagnosis tool "Diagnosis Test: Active control".At this time, set the rack position arbitrarily within an allowable setting range.
 - After the execution, check if the rack actuator moved to the set rack position.

NG	Replace the fuel injection pump.
ОК	Replace the E-ECU.



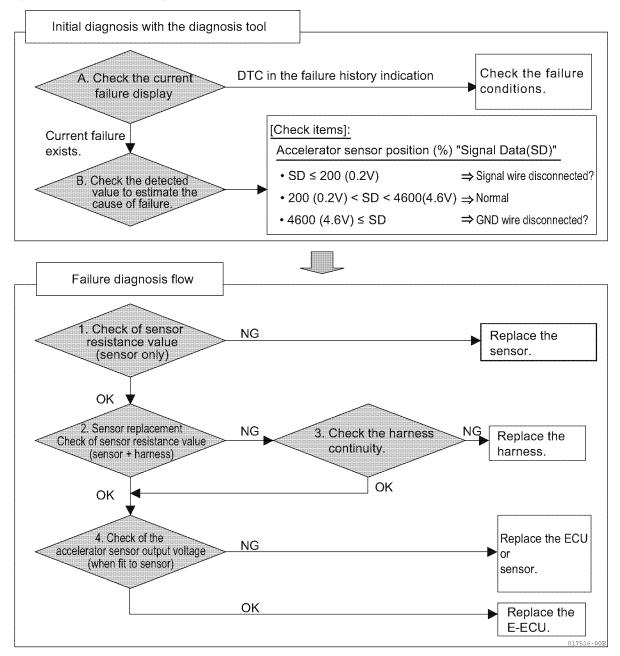
Accelerator sensor

Related DTC

	P0122/4	Accelerator Sensor Error (Low Voltage)	
DTC	P0123/3	Accelerator Sensor Error (High Voltage)	
	P0124/2	Intermittent Failure with Accelerator Sensor	

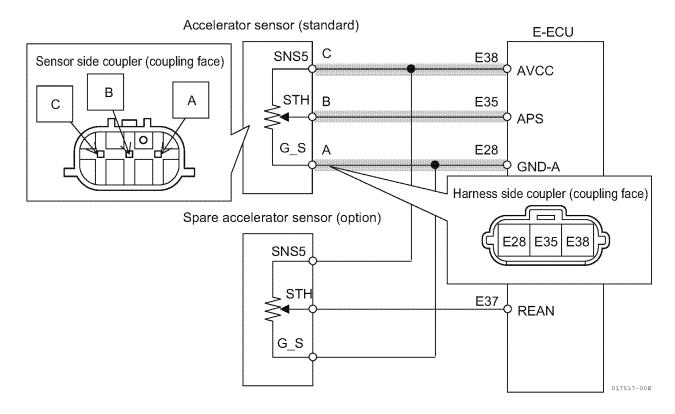
Work flow

*For details of the work, see after-mentioned "<Work Description>."For the operation of the diagnosis tool, see "Diagnosis tool Operation Manual" separately.



Wiring Diagram

: Check points



*For the E-ECU Pin Layout, see [E-ECU Pin Layout Diagram] (P.1-134).

Work Description

- 1. Check of the sensor resistance value (sensor only):
 - Between accelerator sensor terminals A and C (all the resistance value)
 - Remove the accelerator sensor from the harness.
 - Measure the resistance between sensor terminals A and C (all the resistance value) using a circuit tester.

(REF) Total resistance value of Yanmar standard accelerator sensors

	Terminal	Specification
Sensor A - C		5 ± 1.5kΩ
NG	Replace the accelerator sensor.	
<u> </u>	Check the resistance value between accelerator sensor terminal A and B. \rightarrow Go to [• Between accelerator sensor terminals A and B]	

- Between accelerator sensor terminals A and B
- Measure the resistance between accelerator sensor terminals A and B using a circuit tester.
- Check if the resistance value between accelerator sensor terminal A and B fluctuates when the accelerator throttle is moved.

NG	Replace the accelerator sensor.
ок	Check the sensor resistance with the sensor and the harness being connected. $ ightarrow$
	Go to [2. Check of the sensor resistance value (sensor + harness):]

- 2. Check of the sensor resistance value (sensor + harness):
 - Between harness E38 and E28 (total resistance value)
 - Connect accelerator sensor and harness, and remove E-ECU from the harness.
 - Measure the resistance between harness side E-ECU connectors E38 and E28 (total resistance value) using a circuit tester.

*See above-mentioned "(REF) Total resistance value of Yanmar standard accelerator sensors".

NG	Check the harness for correct continuity. \rightarrow [3. Check of harness continuity:]
ОК	Check the resistance value between the harness E35 and E28. \rightarrow Go to [• Between
UN	harness E38 and E28]

- Between harness E38 and E28
- Measure the resistance between E-ECU connectors E35 and E28 using a circuit tester.
- Check if the resistance value between E-ECU connectors E35 and E28 fluctuates when the accelerator throttle is moved.

NG	Check the harness for correct continuity. \rightarrow [3. Check of harness continuity:]
ОК	Check the sensor resistance with the sensor and the harness being connected. \rightarrow
	[2. Check of the sensor resistance value (sensor + harness):]



- 3. Check of harness continuity:
 - Remove the accelerator sensor and E-ECU from the harness.
 - Check the harness continuity using a circuit tester.

Terminal	Continuity	Status
Sensor signal wire E35	Available	OK: normal
[Between E-ECU and sensor connector]	Unavailable	NG: harness disconnection
Sensor GND wire E28	Available	OK: normal
[Between E-ECU and sensor connector]	Unavailable	NG: harness disconnection
Sensor 5V wire E38	Available	OK: normal
[Between E-ECU and sensor connector]	Unavailable	NG: harness disconnection
Between E35 and other terminal/GND	Unavailable	OK: normal
and between E38 and other terminal/GND	Available	NG: harness short-circuited with GND
Between E28 and GND/E45/E47	Available	OK: normal
Detween Ezo and GND/E43/E47	Unavailable	NG: harness disconnection
	Unavailable	OK: normal
Between E28 and other terminals	Available	NG: harness short-circuited with another wiring

NG •	Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct.
•	Replace the harness.
CI	heck the output voltage of the accelerator sensor. \rightarrow Go to [4. Check of the
ac	celerator sensor output voltage:]

- 4. Check of the accelerator sensor output voltage:
 - Connect the 2G eco-checker harness between E-ECU and machine's harness (for details, see [How to use the 2G eco-checker harness] (P.1-135) And connect the all connectors (sensors, E-ECU).
 - Measure the voltage between sensor signal E35 and E28 using a circuit tester.

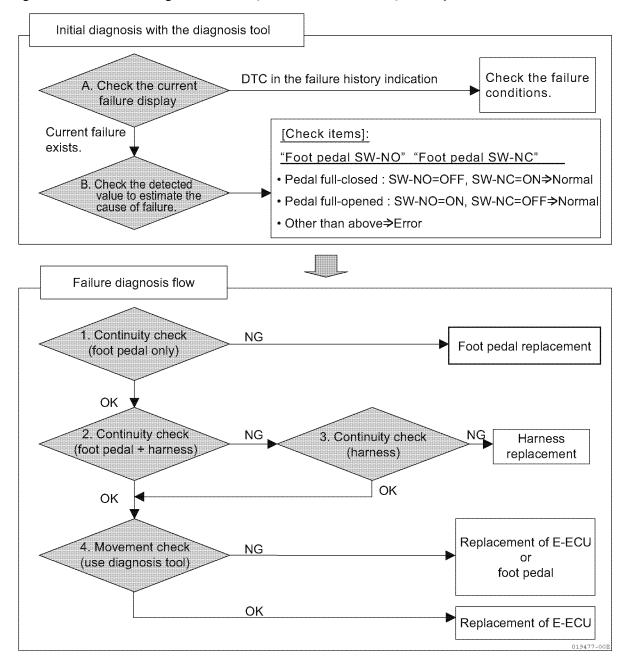
Volt	age	ge Status Action	
$E35 \le 0.2[V]$ NG		NG	Replace the harness.Replace the accelerator sensor.
0.2[V] < E3	35 < 4.6[V]	< 4.6[V] OK Replace E-ECU. (Normal range)	
4.6V ≤	4.6V ≤ E35NG• Replace the harness. • Replace the accelerator sensor.		
NG	 Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct. Replace the harness. 		
OK	Replace E	Replace E-ECU.	

Foot pedal

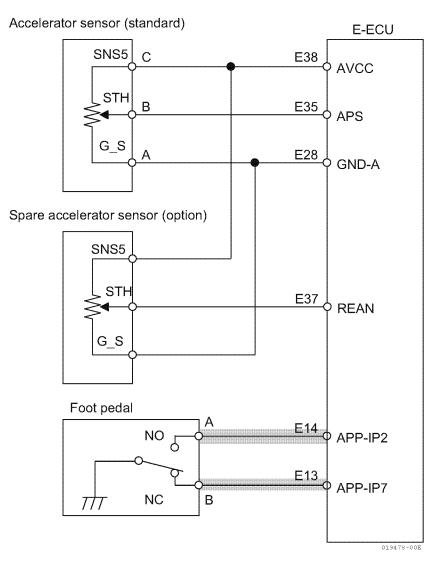
Related DTC

	P1125/1	Accelerator Sensor Error (foot pedal-close position)
DTC	P1126/0	Accelerator Sensor Error (foot pedal-open position)
DIC	P1225/1	Spare Accelerator Sensor Error (foot pedal-close position)
	P1226/0	Spare Accelerator Sensor Error (foot pedal-open position)

Work flow



: Check points



*For the E-ECU Pin Layout, see [E-ECU Pin Layout Diagram] (P.1-134).

- 1. Continuity check (foot pedal only):
 - Remove the foot pedal from the harness.
 - Check the foot pedal continuity with a specified pedal opening using a circuit tester.

Podal oponing	Cont	Status		
Pedal opening	Between A and GND Between B and GI		- Status	
	Unavailable	Available	OK: normal	
Full close position	Unavailable	Unavailable	NG: Internal circuitry fault	
	Available Unavailable		NG: Internal circuitry fault	
	Available	Available	NG: Internal circuitry fault	
Full open position	Available	Unavailable	OK: normal	
	Unavailable Unavailable		NG: Internal circuitry fault	
	Unavailable	Available	NG: Internal circuitry fault	
	Available	Available	NG: Internal circuitry fault	

NG	Replace the foot pedal.
ок	Check the continuity with the foot pedal and the harness being connected. \rightarrow Go to
	[2. Continuity check (foot pedal + harness):]

2. Continuity check (foot pedal + harness):

• Connect foot pedal and harness, and remove E-ECU from the harness.

•Check the foot pedal continuity with a specified pedal opening using a circuit tester.

veen E-14 and GND Unavailable Unavailable Available		Status OK: normal NG: Internal circuitry fault
Unavailable	Unavailable	
		NG: Internal circuitry fault
Available		
/ Wallable	Unavailable	NG: Internal circuitry fault
Available	Available	NG: Internal circuitry fault
Available	Unavailable	OK: normal
Unavailable	Unavailable	NG: Internal circuitry fault
Unavailable	Available	NG: Internal circuitry fault
Available	Available	NG: Internal circuitry fault
•	Available Unavailable Unavailable Available	AvailableUnavailableUnavailableUnavailableUnavailableAvailable

NG	Check the harness for correct continuity. \rightarrow Go to [3. Check of harness continuity:]
ОК	Check if the foot pedal movement is correctly recognized with the diagnosis tool
	"Diagnosis Test". \rightarrow Go to [4. Foot pedal movement check:]

- 3. Check of harness continuity:
 - Remove the foot pedal and E-ECU from the harness.
 - Check the harness continuity using a circuit tester.

Terminal	Continuity	Status
Pedal signal wire (A) E14	Available	OK: normal
[Between E-ECU and pedal connector]	Unavailable	NG: harness disconnection
Pedal signal wire (B) E13	Available	OK: normal
[Between E-ECU and pedal connector]	Unavailable	NG: harness disconnection
Between E14 and other terminal/GND	Unavailable	OK: normal
and between E13 and other terminal/GND	Available	NG: harness short-circuited with GND

NG	Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct.Replace the harness.
	Check if the foot pedal movement is correctly recognized with the diagnosis tool "Diagnosis Test". \rightarrow Go to [4. Foot pedal movement check:]

- 4. Foot pedal movement check:
 - Connect the all connectors (foot pedal, E-ECU).
 - Connect the diagnosis tool, and log in to the diagnosis tool after key switch turning-on.
 - With the diagnosis tool "Diagnosis Test: Pulse/Analog etc.", operate the pedal to obtain the specified sensor voltage watching "accelerator sensor position", and fix it at that opening.
 - With the diagnosis tool "Diagnosis Test: Digital Input etc.", make "Foot pedal SW-NO" and "Foot pedal SW-NC" be displayed, and check the status of ON/OFF.

Sensor voltage	Foot pedal		Action
	SW-NO SW-NC		
	OFF	ON	Replace the E-ECU.
0.65[V] and below	Other than above		Replace the harness.Replace the accelerator sensor.
	ON	OFF	Replace the E-ECU.
1.1[V] and above	Other than above		Replace the harness.Replace the accelerator sensor.

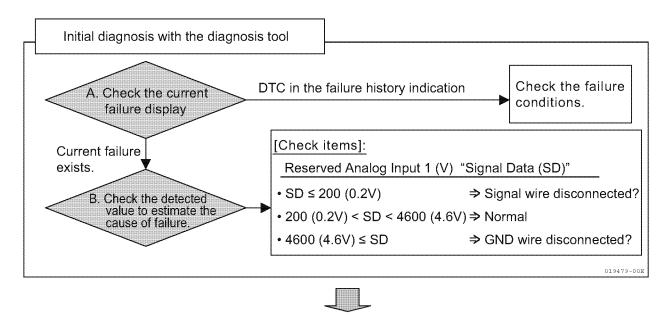
Spare Analog (Spare accelerator sensor, Atmospheric pressure sensor)

Related DTC

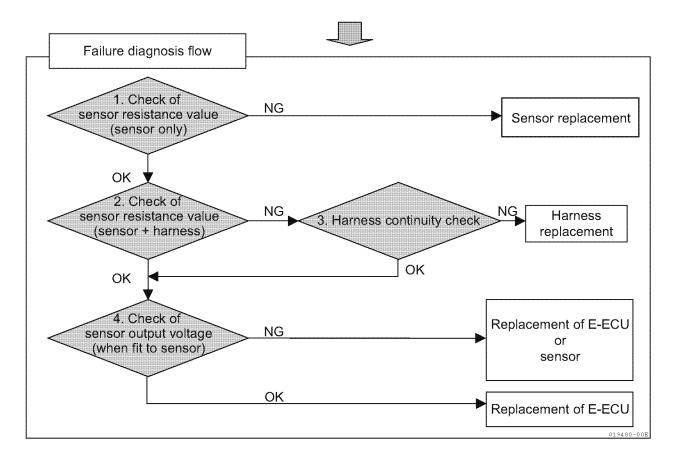
	P0222/4	Failure with Spare Accelerator Sensor (Low Voltage)
	P0223/3	Spare Accelerator Sensor Error (High Voltage)
DTC	P0224/2	Intermittent Failure with Spare Accelerator Sensor
	P2228/4	Failure with Atmospheric Pressure Sensor (Low Voltage)
	P2229/3	Failure with Atmospheric Pressure Sensor (High Voltage)
	P2230/2	Intermittent Failure with Atmospheric Pressure Sensor

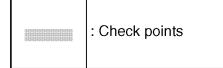
Work flow

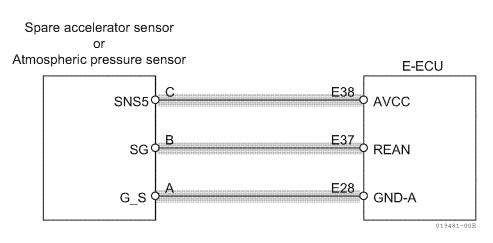
*For details of the work, see after-mentioned "<Diagnosis Method, Procedure>."For the operation of the diagnosis tool, see "Diagnosis tool Operation Manual" separately.











*For the E-ECU Pin Layout, see [E-ECU Pin Layout Diagram] (P.1-134).

- 1. Check of the sensor resistance value (sensor only):
 - Between sensor terminal A and C of the spare accelerator sensor or the atmospheric pressure sensor (total resistance value)
 - Remove the harness from the spare accelerator sensor or the atmospheric pressure sensor.

• Measure the resistance between sensor terminals A and C (total resistance value) using a circuit tester.

(REF) Total resistance value of Yanmar standard spare accelerator sensor or atmospheric pressure sensor

Terminal	Specification
Sensors A - C	5 ± 1.5kΩ

NG	Replace the spare accelerator sensor or the atmospheric pressure sensor.
	Check the resistance value between terminal A and B of the spare accelerator
OK	sensor or the atmospheric pressure sensor. \rightarrow Go to [• Between sensor terminal A
	and B of the spare accelerator sensor or the atmospheric pressure sensor]

- Between sensor terminal A and B of the spare accelerator sensor or the atmospheric pressure sensor
- Measure the resistance between sensor terminals A and B using a circuit tester.
- Check if the resistance value between sensor terminal A and B fluctuates when the sensor opening is changed.

NG	Replace the spare accelerator sensor or the atmospheric pressure sensor.
ок	Check the sensor resistance with the sensor and the harness being connected. \rightarrow
UN	Go to [2. Check of the sensor resistance value (sensor + harness):]

- 2. Check of the sensor resistance value (sensor + harness):
 - Between harness E38 and E28 (all the resistance value)
 - Connect sensor and harness, and remove E-ECU from the harness.
 - Measure the resistance between harness side E-ECU connectors E38 and E28 (all the resistance value) using a circuit tester. *Refer to above-mentioned sensor resistance values.

NG	Check the harness for correct continuity. \rightarrow Go to [3. Check of harness continuity:]
OK	Check the resistance value between the harness E37 and E28. \rightarrow Go to [• Between
	harness E37 and E28]

- Between harness E37 and E28
- Measure the resistance between E-ECU connectors E37 and E28 using a circuit tester.
- Check if the resistance value between E-ECU connector E37 and E28 fluctuates when the sensor opening is changed.

NG	Check the harness for correct continuity. \rightarrow Go to [3. Check of harness continuity:]
ОК	Check the sensor resistance with the sensor and the harness being connected. \rightarrow
UN	Go to [2. Check of the sensor resistance value (sensor + harness):]

- 3. Check of harness continuity:
 - Remove the accelerator sensor and E-ECU from the harness.
 - Check the harness continuity using a circuit tester.

Terminal	Continuity	Status
Sensor signal wire E37	Available	OK: normal
[Between E-ECU and sensor connector]	Unavailable	NG: harness disconnection
Sensor GND wire E28	Available	OK: normal
[Between E-ECU and sensor connector]	Unavailable	NG: harness disconnection
Sensor 5V wire E38	Available	OK: normal
[Between E-ECU and sensor connector]	Unavailable	NG: harness disconnection
Between E37 and other terminal/GND,	Unavailable	OK: normal
and between E38 and other terminal/GND	Available	NG: harness short-circuited with GND
Between E28 and GND/E45/E47	Available	OK: normal
	Unavailable	NG: harness disconnection
Between E28 and other terminals	Unavailable	OK: normal
	Available	NG: harness short-circuited with another wiring

NG	Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct.Replace the harness.
ОК	Check the output voltage of the spare accelerator sensor or the atmospheric pressure sensor. \rightarrow Go to [4. Check of the sensor output voltage:]

4. Check of the sensor output voltage:

- Connect the 2G eco-checker harness between E-ECU and machine's harness (for details, see [How to use the 2G eco-checker harness] (P.1-135). And connect the all connectors (sensors, E-ECU).
- Measure the voltage between sensor signal E37 and E28 using a circuit tester.

Voltage	Status	Action
$E37 \le 0.2[V]$	NG	Replace the harness.Replace the sensor.
0.2[V] < E37 < 4.6[V]	OK (normal range)	Replace the E-ECU.
$4.6V \le E37$	NG	Replace the harness.Replace the sensor.

NG	Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct.	
ING	Replace the harness.	
ОК	Replace the E-ECU.	

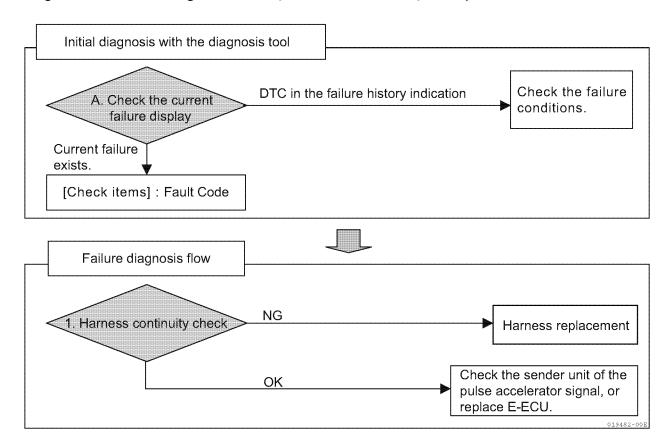
FAILURE DIAGNOSIS

Pulse accelerator

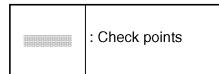
Related DTC

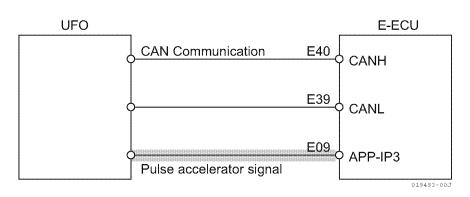
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DTC P1127/8 Failure with Spare Accelerator Sensor (Pulse Communication)
```

Work flow









*For the E-ECU Pin Layout, see [E-ECU Pin Layout Diagram] (P.1-134).

Work Description

- 1. Harness continuity check:
 - Remove the source unit of the pulse accelerator signal and E-ECU from the harness.
 - Check the harness continuity using a circuit tester.

Terminal	Continuity	Status
Pulse accelerator signal wire E09	Available	OK: normal
[Between E-ECU and source units]	Unavailable	NG: harness disconnection
Between E09 and other terminal/GND	Unavailable	OK: normal
	Available	NG: harness short-circuited with GND

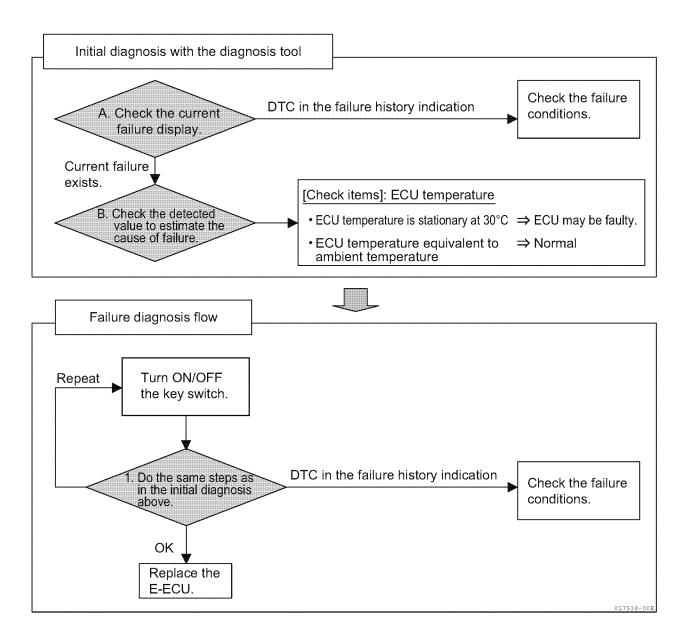
NG •	Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct.		
•	Replace the harness.		
•	Check the source unit of the pulse accelerator signal.		
•	Replace the E-ECU.		

ECU Temperature Sensor

Related DTC

	P0668/4	Failure with ECU Temperature Sensor (Low Voltage)	
DTC P0669/3 P1644/2	Failure with ECU Temperature Sensor (High Voltage)		
	P1644/2	Intermittent Failure WITH ECU Temperature Sensor	

Work flow





- 1. Work with the diagnosis tool:
 - Check of current failure indication
 - Turn the key switch off, and turn the key switch on again.
 - · Connect the diagnosis tool, and check if any error is detected on the current fault indication.

I Inavaliania	Check the error history indication, confirm error occurrence situation if any error history is indicated.
Available	Check the detected value using the diagnosis tool. \rightarrow Go to [• Check of detected value]

- Check of detected value
- Check the value indicated in the "E-ECU Temperature" with the diagnosis tool "Diagnosis Test" function.

Indicated value	Status	Action
Fixed at 30°C	NG	Replace the E-ECU.
Ambient temperature	ОК	Replace the E-ECU.

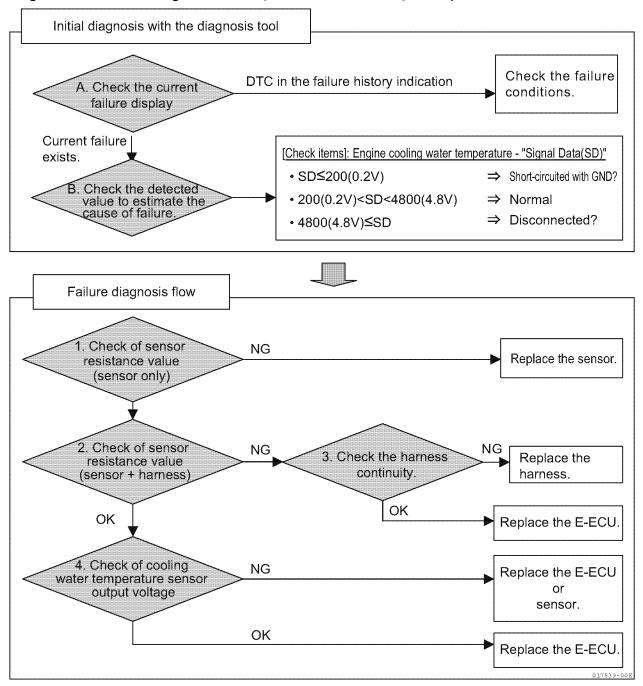
NG	Replace E-ECU.
	Turn the key switch on/off again, and perform the work [• Check of current failure
ОК	indication] [• Check of detected value].
	Replace E-ECU.

Cooling water temperature sensor

Related DTC

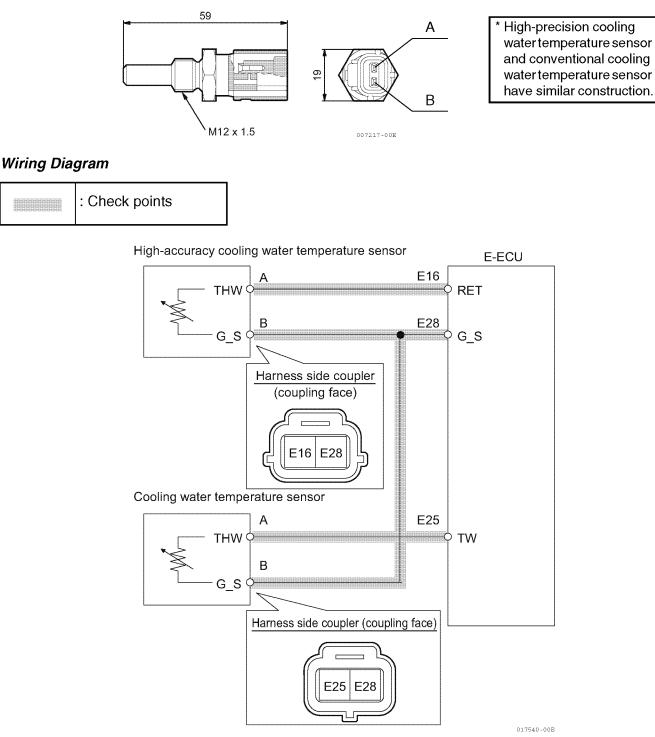
	P0117/4	Failure with Cooling Water Temperature Sensor (Low Voltage)
DTC	P0118/3	Failure with Cooling Water Temperature Sensor (High Voltage)
	P0119/2	Intermittent Failure with Cooling Water Temperature Sensor

Work flow



View of the sensor

*High-precision cooling water temperature sensor and conventional cooling water temperature sensor share similar construction.



*For the E-ECU Pin Layout, see [E-ECU Pin Layout Diagram] (P.1-134).

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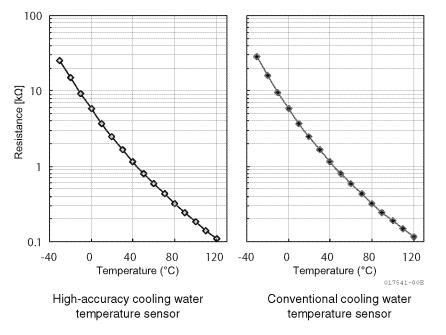
FAILURE DIAGNOSIS

Work Description

- 1. Check of the sensor resistance value (sensor only):
 - Remove the harness from the cooling water temperature sensor.
 - Measure the resistance between cooling water temperature sensor terminals A and B using a circuit tester.
 - Check if the measured resistance value is within the normal range, referring to the following table <Characteristics of cooling water temperature sensor>.

<Characteristics of cooling water temperature sensor>

Relationship between cooling water temperature and sensor resistance



Temperature	Resistance [kΩ]		
(°C)	High-precision	Conventional	
-30	25.4	28.6	
-20	15.04	16.2	
-10	9.16	9.56	
0	5.74	5.88	
10	3.7	3.73	
20	2.45	2.45	
30	1.66	1.65	
40	1.15	1.14	
50	0.811	0.808	
60	0.584	0.584	
70	0.428	0.43	
80	0.318	0.322	
90	0.24	0.245	
100	0.1836	0.189	
110	0.1417	0.148	
120	0.1108	0.117	

NG	Replace the cooling water temperature sensor.
ок	Check the sensor resistance with the sensor and the harness being connected. \rightarrow
OK	Go to [2. Check of the sensor resistance value (sensor + harness):]

- 2. Check of the sensor resistance value (sensor + harness):
 - Connect the cooling water temperature sensor and the harness, and remove E-ECU from the harness.
 - Measure the resistance between harness side E-ECU connector terminals E16 (E25) and E28 using a circuit tester.
 - Check if the measured resistance value is within the normal range, referring to the above table <Characteristics of cooling water temperature sensor>.

NG	Check the harness for correct continuity. \rightarrow Go to [3. Check of harness continuity:]
ОК	Check the output voltage of the cooling water temperature sensor. \rightarrow Go to [4.
UN	Output voltage check of the cooling water temperature sensor:]

- 3. Check of harness continuity:
 - Remove the cooling water temperature sensor and E-ECU from the harness.
 - Check the harness continuity using a circuit tester.

Terminal	Continuity	Status
Sensor signal wire E16 (E25)	Available	OK: normal
[E-ECU ñ between sensor connector]	Unavailable	NG: harness disconnection
Sensor GND wire E28	Available	OK: normal
[Between E-ECU and sensor connector]	Unavailable	NG: harness disconnection
Between E16 and other terminal/GND	Unavailable	OK: normal
(between E25 and other terminal/GND)	Available	NG: harness short-circuited with GND
E28 ñ GND/E45/E47	Available	OK: normal
	Unavailable	NG: harness disconnection
Between E28 and other terminals	Unavailable	OK: normal
	Available	NG: harness short-circuited with another wiring

NG	Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct.Replace the harness.
	Check the output voltage of the cooling water temperature sensor. \rightarrow Go to [4. Output voltage check of the cooling water temperature sensor:]

- 4. Output voltage check of the cooling water temperature sensor:
 - Connect the 2G eco-checker harness between E-ECU and machine's harness (for details, see[How to use the 2G eco-checker harness] (P.1-135). And connect the all connectors (sensors, E-ECU).
 - Measure the voltage between sensor signal E16 and E28 (E35 and E28) using a circuit tester.

Voltage	Status	Action
$E16(E25) \le 0.2[V]$	NG	Replace the harness.Replace the cooling water temperature sensor.
0.2[V] < E16(E25) < 4.8V	OK (Normal range)	ReplaceE-ECU.
$4.8V \leq E16(E25)$	NG	Replace the harness.Replace the cooling water temperature sensor.

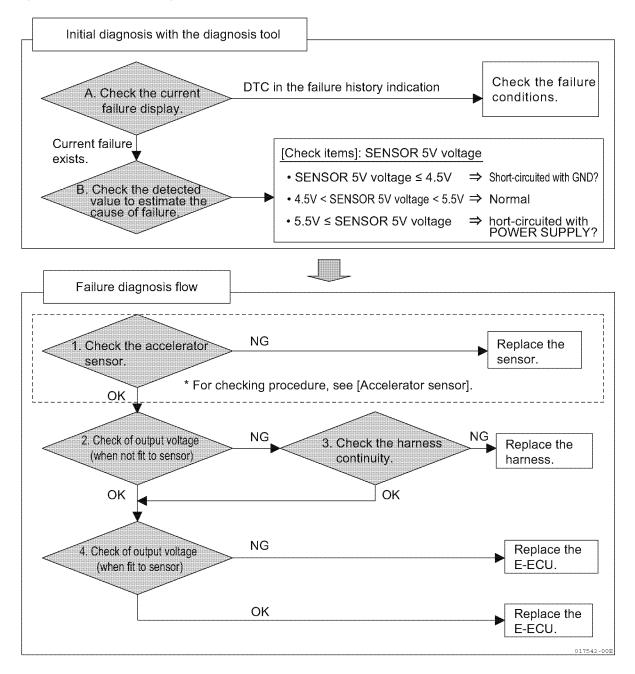
NG	Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct.Replace the harness.
OK	ReplaceE-ECU.

SENSOR 5V

Related DTC

DTC	P0642/4	Failure with SENSOR 5V (Low Voltage)
	P0643/3	Failure with SENSOR 5V (High Voltage)
	P1644/2	Intermittent Failure with SENSOR 5V

Work flow



- 1. Check of the accelerator sensor:
 - For details, see[Accelerator sensor] (P.1-12).
- 2. Check of the output voltage (not fit with sensor):
 - Remove the harness from the accelerator sensor. At this time, keep the E-ECU connector being connected to E-ECU.
 - Turn the key switch on to turn on the E-ECU power.
 - Measure the voltage between the harness side accelerator sensor connector terminals E38 and GND using a circuit tester.

Terminal	Normal value
Sensor connector E38 - GND	5V

NG	Check the harness for correct continuity. \rightarrow Go to [3. Check of harness continuity:]
ОК	Check the output voltage with the accelerator sensor being connected. \rightarrow Go to [4.
	Check of the output voltage (fit with sensor):]

- 3. Check of harness continuity:
 - Remove the harness from the accelerator sensor and E-ECU.
 - Check the harness continuity using a circuit tester.

Terminal	Continuity	Status
Between E38 and E28/E45/E47/GND	Unavailable	OK: normal
	Available	NG: harness short-circuited with GND
Between E38 and E43/E48	Unavailable	OK: normal
	Available	NG: Harness short-circuited with power supply
Sensor GND wire E28	Available	OK: normal
AiBetween E-ECU and sensor connector	Unavailable	NG: harness disconnection
Between E28 and GND/E45/E47	Available	OK: normal
	Unavailable	NG: harness disconnection
Between E38/E28 and other terminals	Unavailable	OK: normal
	Available	NG: harness short-circuited with another wiring

NG	Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct.Replace the harness.
	Check the output voltage with the accelerator sensor being connected. \rightarrow Go to [4. Check of the output voltage (fit with sensor):]

- 4. Check of the output voltage (fit with sensor):
 - Connect the 2G eco-checker harness between E-ECU and machine's harness (for details, see [How to use the 2G eco-checker harness] (P.1-135). And connect the all connectors (sensors, E-ECU).
 - Measure the voltage between sensor signal E38 and E28 using a circuit tester.

Voltage	Status	Action
$E38 \leq 4.5 [V]$	NG	Replace the harness.Replace the accelerator sensor.
4.5[V] < E38 < 5.5[V]	OK (Normal range)	Replace E-ECU.
5.5[V] ≤ E38	NG	Replace the harness.Replace the accelerator sensor.

NG •	Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct.
•	Replace the harness.
OK F	Replace E-ECU.



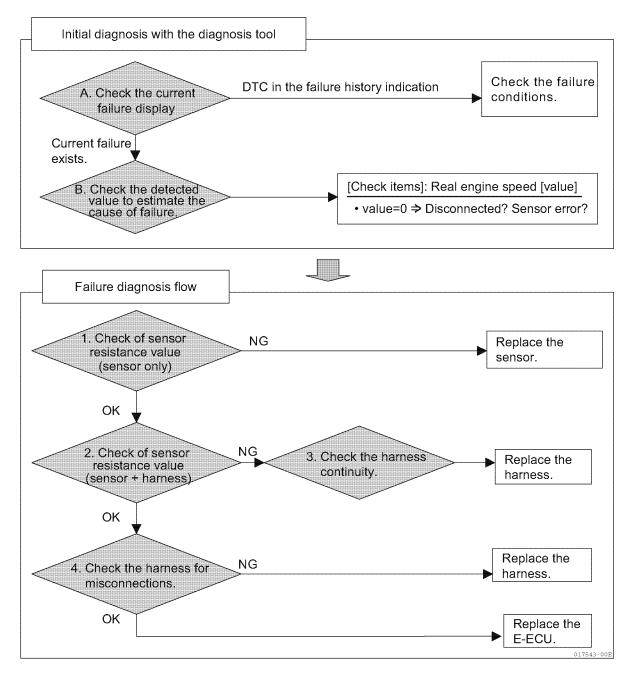
Pulse Sensor Related Failures

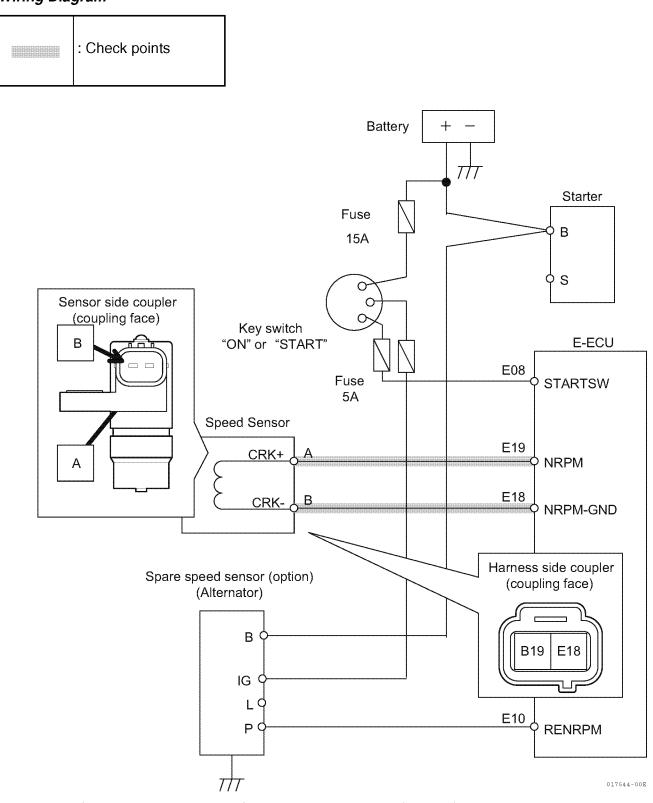
Speed Sensor

Related DTC

DTC P0340/4	Speed Sensor Error

Work flow





*For the E-ECU Pin Layout, see [E-ECU Pin Layout Diagram] (P.1-134)

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- 1. Check of the sensor resistance value (sensor only):
 - Remove the harness from the speed sensor.
 - Measure the resistance between speed sensor terminals A and B using a circuit tester.

(REF) Coil resistance value of Yanmar standard speed sensor

Sensors A - B	500 + 1000
	500 ± 10022

NG	Replace the speed sensor.
	Check the resistance between sensor terminals A and B with the speed sensor and
OK	the harness being connected. \rightarrow Go to [2. Check of the sensor resistance value
	(sensor + harness):]

- 2. Check of the sensor resistance value (sensor + harness):
 - Connect the speed sensor and the harness, and remove E-ECU from the harness.
 - Measure the resistance between harness side E-ECU connector terminals E19 and E18 using a circuit tester.

*See above-mentioned "(REF) Coil resistance of Yanmar standard speed sensors".

NG	Replace the harness.
OK	Check the harness for correct continuity. \rightarrow Go to [3. Check of harness continuity:]

- 3. Check of harness continuity:
 - Remove the speed sensor and E-ECU from the harness.
 - Check the harness continuity using a circuit tester.

Terminal	Continuity	Status
Sensor signal (+) wire E19	Available	OK: normal
[Between E-ECU and sensor connector]	Unavailable	NG: harness disconnection
Sensor signal (-) wire E18	Available	OK: normal
[Between E-ECU and sensor connector]	Unavailable	NG: harness disconnection
Between E19 and GND/E45/E47	Unavailable	OK: normal
(between E18 and GND/E45/E47)	Available	NG: harness short-circuited with GND

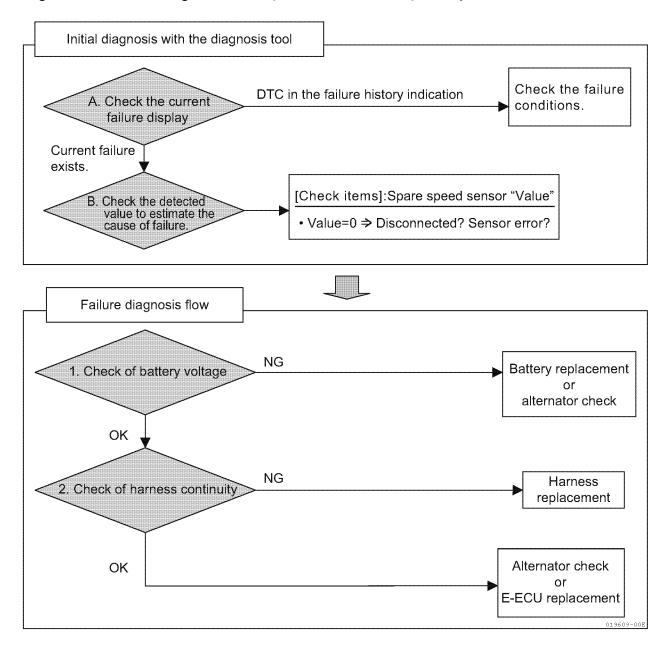
NG	Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct.
ING	Replace the harness.
ОК	Replace E-ECU.

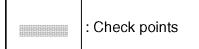
Spare speed sensor

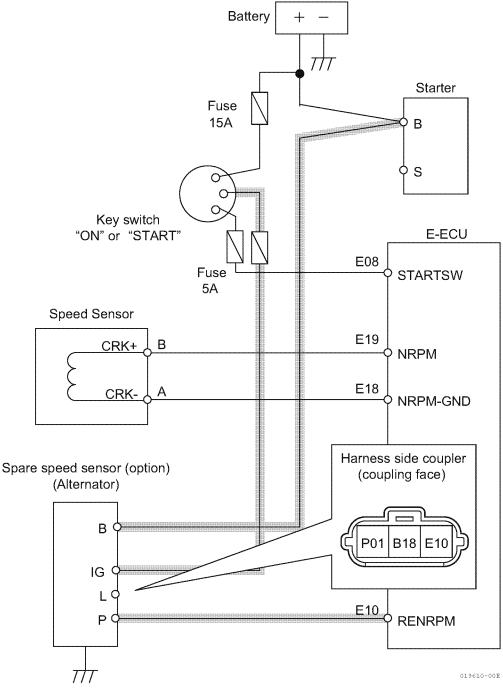
Related DTC

DTC P1340/4	Failure with Spare Speed Sensor
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Work flow







*For the E-ECU Pin Layout, see [E-ECU Pin Layout Diagram] (P.1-134).



- 1. Battery voltage check:
 - Set the accelerator at the lowest position, and operate the engine.
 - Measure the battery voltage using a circuit tester.

Terminal	Specification
Battery voltage (in the normal condition)	10 to 16 [V]

NG	Check the alternator.
	Replace the battery.
OK	Check the harness for correct continuity. \rightarrow Go to [2. Check of harness continuity:]

- 2. Check of harness continuity:
 - Remove the connector of the spare speed sensor and E-ECU from the harness.
 - Check the harness continuity using a circuit tester.

Terminal	Continuity	Status
Alternator P terminal (E10)	Available	OK: normal
[Between E-ECU and alternator]	Unavailable	NG: harness disconnection
Alternator IG terminal	Available	OK: normal
[Between Key switch and alternator]	Unavailable	NG: harness disconnection
Alternator B terminal	Available	OK: normal
[Between battery and alternator]	Unavailable	NG: harness disconnection
Between E10 and GND/E45/E47	Unavailable	OK: normal
	Available	NG: harness short-circuited with GND

NG	Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct. Replace the harness.
ОК	Check the alternator. Replace the E-ECU.

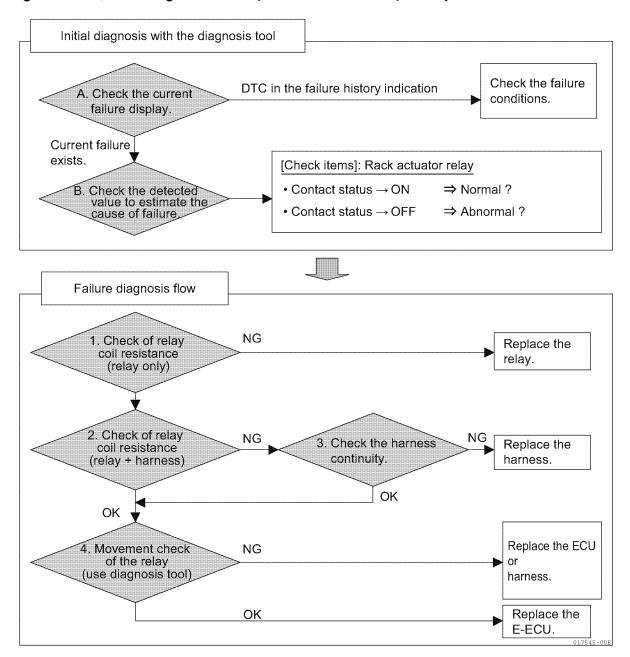
Contact Output Related Failures

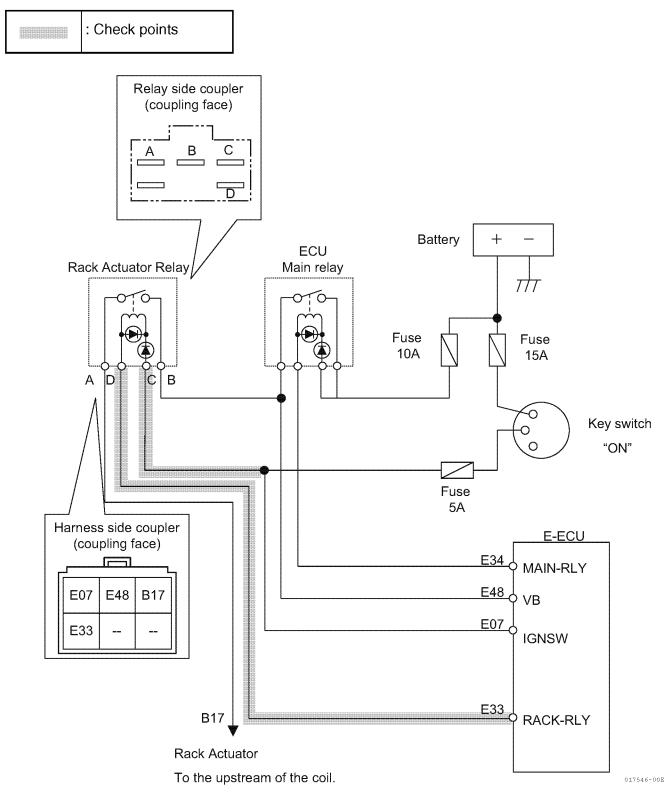
RACK ACTUATOR RELAY

Related DTC

	P1222/4 Failure A with Rack Actuator Relay	
DTC	P1223/3	Failure B with Rack Actuator Relay
	P1224/2	Intermittent Failure with Rack Actuator Relay

Work flow





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- 1. Check of the relay coil resistance value (relay only):
 - Remove the rack actuator relay from the harness.
 - Measure the resistance between relay side terminals C and D using a circuit tester.

Measureme	Measurement conditions		Status
Tester (+) side	Tester (-) side	Measured value	Status
Terminal C	Terminal D	Available (*)	OK when both are normal
Terminal D	Terminal C	Infinity (*)	
Terminal C	Terminal D	Infinity (*)	NG: Fault of the relay internal
Terminal D	Terminal C		circuitry

*As a reverse-biased diode is integrated, the above-mentioned checking method is applied, and the measured value varies depending on a circuit tester to be used.

NG	Replace the rack actuator relay.
ОК	Check the relay coil resistance with the rack actuator relay and the harness being connected. \rightarrow Go to [2. Check of the relay coil resistance value (relay + harness side):]

- 2. Check of the relay coil resistance value (relay + harness side):
 - Install the rack actuator relay to the harness.
 - Remove E-ECU from the harness.
 - Measure the resistance between E-ECU connectors E07 and E33 using a circuit tester.

Measurement conditions		Measured value	Status
Tester (+) side	Tester (-) side		Sidius
E07	E33	Available (*)	OK: normal
E33	E07	Infinity (*)	
E07	E33	Infinity (*)	NG: Harness error
E33	E07		

*As a reverse-biased diode is integrated, the above-mentioned checking method is applied, and the measured value varies depending on a circuit tester to be used.

NG	Check the harness for correct continuity. \rightarrow Go to [3. Check of harness continuity:]
ОК	Check the movement of the rack actuator relay by the diagnosis tool. \rightarrow Go to [4.
OIL	Movement check of the relay:]

- 3. Check of harness continuity:
 - Remove the rack actuator relay from the harness, and remove E-ECU from the harness.
 - Check the harness continuity using a circuit tester.

Terminal	Continuity	Status
Relay coil (downstream side) E33	Available	OK: normal
[Between E-ECU and sensor connector]	Unavailable	NG: harness disconnection
Relay coil (upstream side) E07	Available	OK: normal
[Between E-ECU and sensor connector]	Unavailable	NG: harness disconnection
Between E33 and GND/E28/E45/E47	Unavailable	OK: normal
	Available	NG: harness short-circuited with GND
Between E33 and E43/E48	Unavailable	OK: normal
	Available	NG: Harness short-circuited with power supply

NG	Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct.Replace the harness.
ОК	Check the movement of the rack actuator relay by the diagnosis tool. \rightarrow Go to [4. Movement check of the relay:]

- 4. Movement check of the relay:
 - Connect the 2G eco-checker harness between E-ECU and machine's harness (for details, see [How to use the 2G eco-checker harness] (P.1-135). And connect the all connectors (rack actuator relay, E-ECU).
 - Connect the diagnosis tool, and log in to the diagnosis tool after key switch turning-on.
 - Activate the rack actuator relay by the diagnosis tool "Diagnosis Test: Active control", and measure the voltage between terminals E33 and E45.

ON/OFF setting status	Voltage	Status
	1.75[V] and below	OK: normal
ON	Over 1.75[V]	NG: Harness short-circuited with power supply or E- ECU fault
OFF	2.5[V] and above	OK: normal
	Under 2.5[V]	NG: Harness short-circuited with GND or E-ECU fault

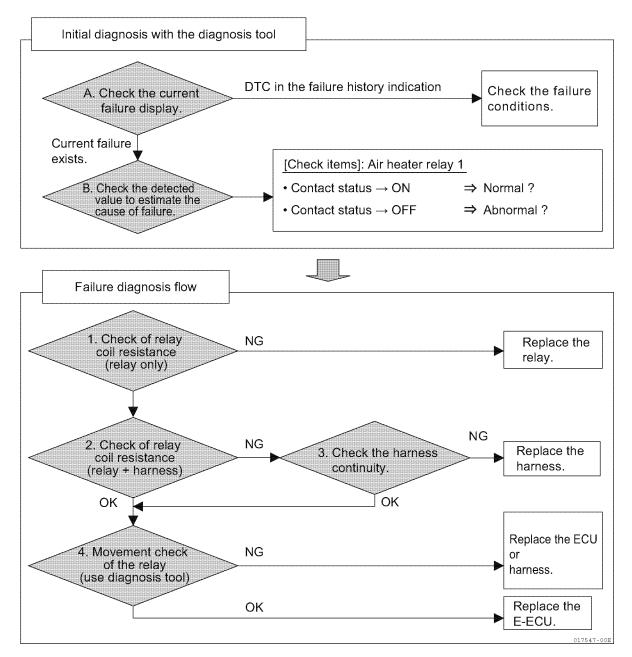
NG	 Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct. Replace the harness. 	
OK	Replace the E-ECU.	

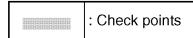
START ASSIST RELAY

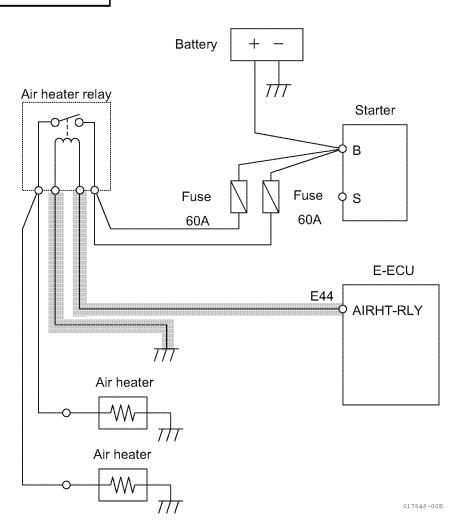
Related DTC

	P1232/4	Failure A with Start Assist Relay
	P1233/3	Failure B with Start Assist Relay
	P1234/2	Intermittent Failure with Start Assist Relay

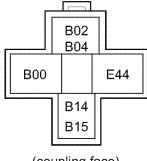
Work flow







Harness side coupler



(coupling face)

*For the E-ECU Pin Layout, see [E-ECU Pin Layout Diagram] (P.1-134).



- 1. Check of the relay coil resistance value (relay only):
 - Remove the start assist relay from the harness.
 - Measure the resistance between relay side terminals C and D using a circuit tester.

(REF) The resistance value of Yanmar standard start assist relay

Terminal	Specification
Relay coil side C - D (40A relay)	103Ω ± 10% (at 20°C)
Relay coil side C - D (70A relay)	103Ω ± 10% (at 20°C)
Relay coil side C - D (90A relay)	80Ω (at 20°C)

NG	Replace the start assist relay.
ОК	Check the relay coil resistance with the start assist relay and the harness being
UN	connected. \rightarrow Go to [2. Check of relay coil resistance value (relay + harness side):]

- 2. Check of relay coil resistance value (relay + harness side):
 - Install the start assist relay to the harness.
 - Remove E-ECU from the harness.
 - Measure the resistance between E-ECU connectors E44 and B00 using a circuit tester. *See above-mentioned "(REF) Resistance of Yanmar standard start assist relay".

NG	Check the harness for correct continuity. \rightarrow Go to [3. Check of harness continuity:]
ОК	Check the movement of the start assist relay by a diagnosis tool. \rightarrow Go to [4.
	Movement check of the relay:]

- 3. Check of harness continuity:
 - Remove the start assist relay from the harness, and remove E-ECU from the harness.
 - Check the harness continuity using a circuit tester.

Terminal	Continuity	Status
Relay coil (upstream side) E44	Available	OK: normal
[Between E-ECU and sensor connector]	Unavailable	NG: harness disconnection
Relay coil (downstream side) B00	Available	OK: normal
[Between E-ECU and sensor connector]	Unavailable	NG: harness disconnection
Between E33 and GND/E28/E45/E47	Unavailable	OK: normal
	Available	NG: harness short-circuited with GND
Between E44 and E43/E48	Unavailable	OK: normal
	Available	NG: Harness short-circuited with power supply

NG	 Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct.
ING	Replace the harness.
ОК	Check the movement of the rack actuator relay by the diagnosis tool. \rightarrow Go to [4.
	Movement check of the relay:]

- 4. Movement check of the relay:
 - Connect the 2G eco-checker harness between E-ECU and machine's harness (for details, see [How to use the 2G eco-checker harness] (P.1-135). And connect the all connectors (start assistant relay, E-ECU).
 - Connect the diagnosis tool, and log in to the diagnosis tool after key switch turning-on.
 - Activate the start assistant relay by the diagnosis tool "Diagnosis Test: Active control", and measure the voltage between terminals E44 and E45.

ON/OFF setting sta	tus Voltage	Status
ON	2.5[V] and above	OK: normal
ON	Under 2.5[V]	NG: Harness short-circuited with GND or E-ECU fault
	1.75[V] and below	OK: normal
OFF	Over 1.75[V]	NG: Harness short-circuited with power supply or E- ECU fault
NGCheck if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct.Replace the harness.		
OK Rep	Replace the E-ECU.	

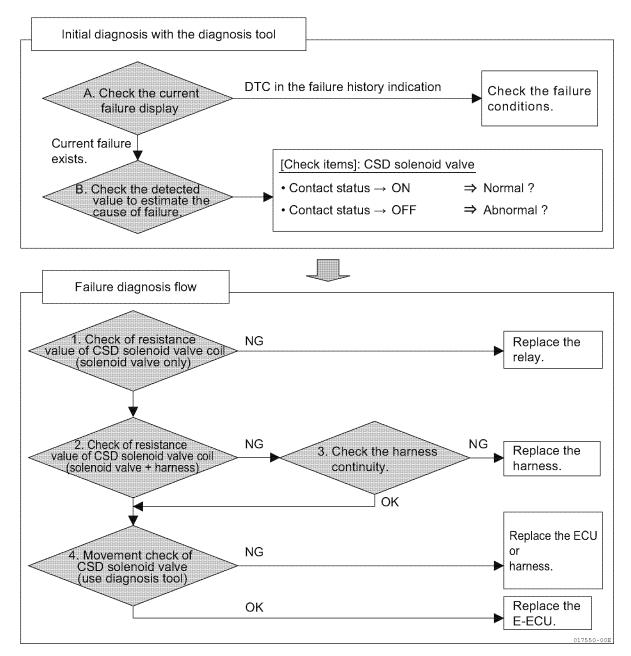


CSD Solenoid Valve Coil

Related DTC

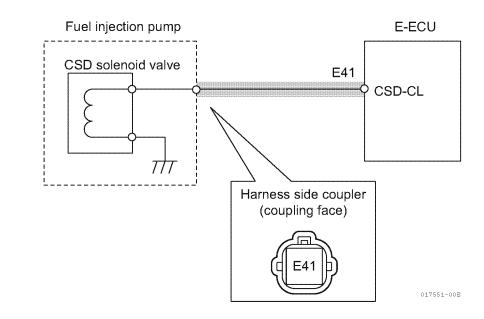
	P1242/4	Failure A with CSD Solenoid Valve	
DTC	P1243/3	Failure B with CSD Solenoid Valve	
	P1244/2	Intermittent Failure with CSD solenoid valve	

Work flow



Wiring Diagram





*For the E-ECU Pin Layout, see [E-ECU Pin Layout Diagram] (P.1-134).

Work Description

- 1. Check of resistance value of the CSD solenoid valve coil (solenoid valve only):
 - Remove the CSD solenoid valve connector from the harness.
 - Measure the resistance between CSD solenoid valve side terminals C and D using a circuit tester.

(REF) Coil resistance of the CSD solenoid valve

	Terminal	Specification
CSD solenoid valve side C - D (400W)		8Ω (at 23°C)
NG	Replace the solenoid valve. Check the coil resistance of the	CSD solenoid valve with the CSD solenoid valve
OK	connector and the harness being connected. \rightarrow Go to [2. Check of resistance value of the CSD solenoid valve coil (solenoid valve + harness):]	

- 2. Check of resistance value of the CSD solenoid valve coil (solenoid valve + harness):
 - Connect the CSD solenoid valve and the harness.
 - Remove E-ECU from the harness.
 - Measure the resistance between E-ECU connectors E41 and B00 using a circuit tester. *See above-mentioned "(REF) Coil resistance of Yanmar standard CSD solenoid valve".

NG	Check the harness for correct continuity. \rightarrow Go to [3. Check of harness continuity:]
ОК	Check the movement of the CSD solenoid value by a diagnosis tool. \rightarrow Go to [4.
	Movement check of the CSD solenoid valve:]

- 3. Check of harness continuity:
 - Remove the CSD solenoid valve connector from the harness, and remove E-ECU from the harness.
 - Check the harness continuity using a circuit tester.

Terminal	Continuity	Status
CSD Solenoid Valve (upstream side) E41	Available	OK: normal
[Between E-ECU and sensor connector]	Unavailable	NG: harness disconnection
Between E41 and GND/E28/E45/E47	Unavailable	OK: normal
	Available	NG: harness short-circuited with GND
Between E41 and E43/E48	Unavailable	OK: normal
	Available	NG: Harness short-circuited with power supply

NG	Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct.Replace the harness.
E 3 K	Check the movement of the CSD solenoid valve by a diagnosis tool. \rightarrow Go to [4. Movement check of the CSD solenoid valve:]

- 4. Movement check of the CSD solenoid valve:
 - Connect the 2G eco-checker harness between E-ECU and machine's harness (for details, see [How to use the 2G eco-checker harness] (P.1-135). And connect the all connectors (CSD solenoid valve connector, E-ECU).
 - Connect the diagnosis tool, and log in to the diagnosis tool after key switch turning-on.
 - Activate the start assistant relay by the diagnosis tool "Diagnosis Test: Active control", and measure the voltage between terminals E41 and E45.

ON/OFF setting st	etting status Voltage		Status	
ON		2.5[V] and above	OK: normal	
		Under 2.5[V]	NG: Harness short-circuited with GND or E-ECU fault	
OFF		1.75[V] and below	OK: normal	
		Over 1.75[V]	NG: Harness short-circuited with power supply or E- ECU fault	
NGCheck if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct.Replace the harness.				
OK R	Replace the E-ECU.			



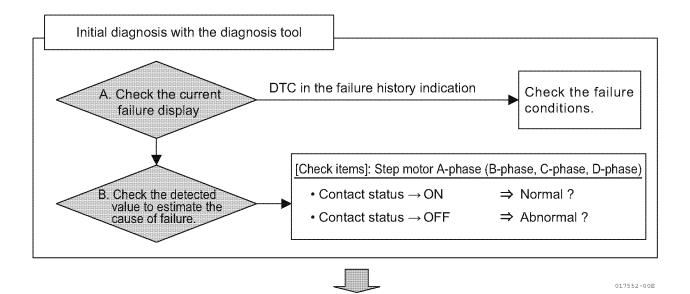
EGR valve

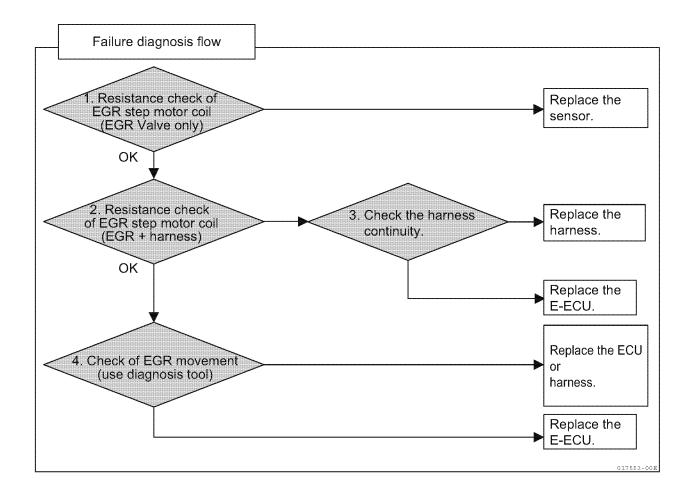
Related DTC

	P1402/4	Failure A with EGR valve (Step Motor A-Phase)
	P1403/3	Failure B with EGR valve (Step Motor A-Phase)
	P1412/4	Failure A with EGR valve (Step Motor B-Phase)
DTC	P1413/3	Failure B with EGR valve (Step Motor B-Phase)
	P1422/4	Failure A with EGR valve (Step Motor C-Phase)
	P1423/3	Failure B with EGR valve (Step Motor C-Phase)
	P1432/4	Failure A with EGR valve (Step Motor D-Phase)
	P1433/3	Failure B with EGR valve (Step Motor D-Phase)

Work flow

*For details of the work, see after-mentioned "<Work Description>."For the operation of the diagnosis tool, see "Diagnosis tool Operation Manual" separately.

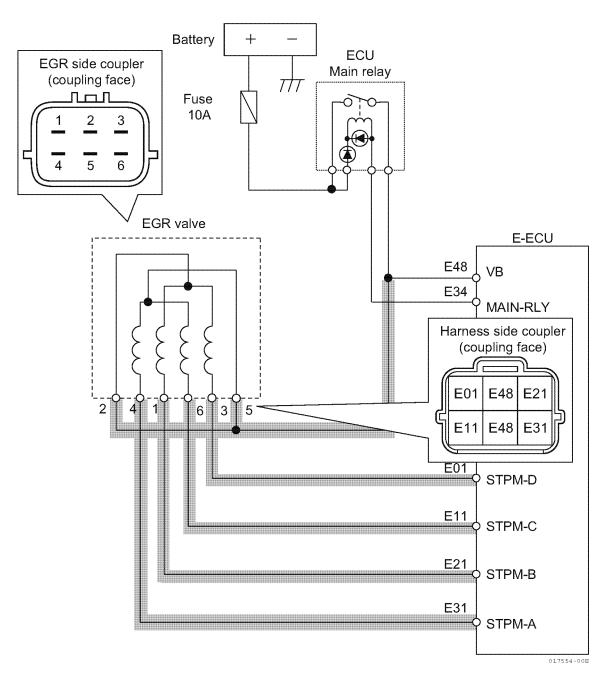




FAILURE DIAGNOSIS

Wiring Diagram





*For the E-ECU Pin Layout, see [E-ECU Pin Layout Diagram] (P.1-134).



Work Description

- 1. Check of the EGR step motor coil resistance (EGR only):
 - Remove the EGR valve from the harness.
 - Measure the resistance between EGR side coil terminals 4-5, (1-2, 5-6, 2-3) using a circuit tester.

(REF) Resistance value of Yanmar standard EGR step motor coil

Terminal	Specification
Coil terminal 4 - 5 (A-Phase) Coil terminal 1 - 2 (B-Phase) Coil terminal 5 - 6 (C-Phase) Coil terminal 2 - 3 (D-Phase)	15 ± 2Ω

NG	Replace the EGR valve.
	Check the EGR step motor coil resistance with the EGR valve and the harness
OK	being connected. \rightarrow Go to [2. Check of EGR step motor coil resistance (relay +
	harness side):]

- 2. Check of EGR step motor coil resistance (relay + harness side):
 - Install the EGR valve to the harness.
 - Remove E-ECU from the harness.
 - Measure the coil resistance at the E-ECU connector using a circuit tester. *See above-mentioned "(REF) Resistance of Yanmar standard EGR step motor coil".

Step motor	ECU connector terminal number
A-Phase	E31-E48
B-Phase	E21-E48
C-Phase	E11-E48
D-Phase	E01-E48

NG	Check the harness for correct continuity. \rightarrow Go to [3. Check of harness continuity:]
ОК	Check the movement of the EGR by the diagnosis tool. \rightarrow Go to [4. Movement check
UN	of the EGR:]

- 3. Check of harness continuity:
 - Remove the EGR valve from the harness, and remove E-ECU from the harness.
 - Check the harness continuity using a circuit tester.

Terminal	Continuity	Status
Motor coil (downstream side)	Available	OK: normal
E31(E21/E11/E01) [Between E-ECU and EGR connector]	Unavailable	NG: harness disconnection
Motor coil (upstream side) E48	Available	OK: normal
[Between E-ECU and EGR connector]	Unavailable	NG: harness disconnection
Between E31 (E21/E11/E01) and	Unavailable	OK: normal
GND/E28/E45/E47	Available	NG: harness short-circuited with GND
Retwoon E21 (E21/E11/E01) and	Unavailable	OK: normal
Between E31 (E21/E11/E01) and E43/E48	Available	NG: Harness short-circuited with power supply

NG	Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct.Replace the harness.
	Check the movement of the EGR by the diagnosis tool. \rightarrow Go to [4. Movement check of the EGR:]

- 4. Movement check of the EGR:
 - Connect the 2G eco-checker harness between E-ECU and machine's harness (for details, see [How to use the 2G eco-checker harness] (P.1-135). And connect the all connectors (EGR valve, E-ECU).
 - Connect the diagnosis tool, and log in to the diagnosis tool after key switch turning-on.
 - Activate each step motor of the EGR valve by the diagnosis tool "Diagnosis Test: Active control", and measure the voltage between step motor coil terminals E31-E45, (E21-E45, E11-E45, E01-E45) respectively.

ON/OFF setting status	Voltage	Status
	1.75[V] and below	OK: normal
ON	Over 1.75[V]	NG: Harness short-circuited with power supply or E- ECU fault
OFF	2.5[V] and above	OK: normal
	Under 2.5[V]	NG: Harness short-circuited with GND or E-ECU fault

NG	 Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct.
ING	Replace the harness.
ОК	Replace the E-ECU.

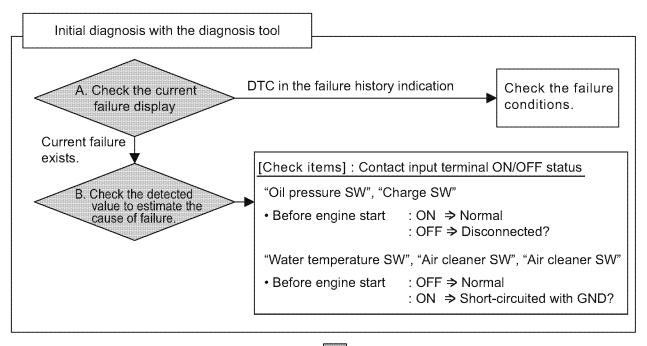
Contact Input Related Failures

Related DTC

	P1192/4	Failure with oil pressure switch
	P1198/1	Abnormal Oil Pressure Descend
	P1562/4	Failure with Charge Switch
DTC	P1568/1	Charge Alarm
	P1217/0	Abnormal Water Temperature
	P1101/0	Air cleaner Clogging Alarm
	P1151/0	Oil-water separator Alarm

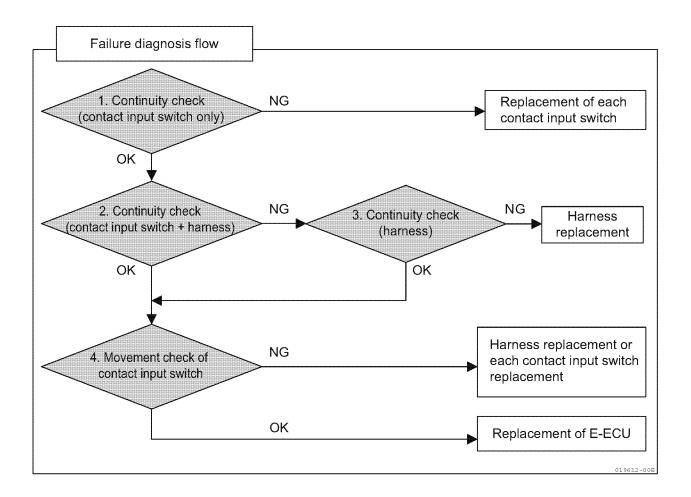
Work flow

*For details of the work, see after-mentioned "<Work Description>."For the operation of the diagnosis tool, see "Diagnosis tool Operation Manual" separately.

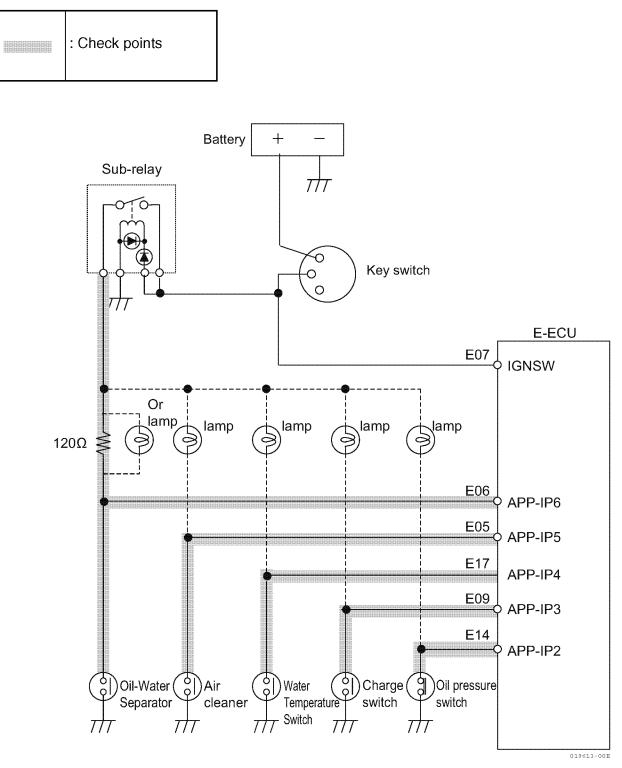




019611-00E



Wiring Diagram



*For the E-ECU Pin Layout, see [E-ECU Pin Layout Diagram] (P.1-134).

Work Description

- 1. Continuity check (contact input switch only):
 - Remove the harness from each contact input switch.
 - Referring to the following table, check the continuity between contact input terminal and body frame using a circuit tester.

Item	Terminal name (Terminal No.)	Continuity [Between terminal and body frame]	Status
Oil pressure switch	APP-IP2 (E14)	Available	OK: normal
On pressure switch	APP-IP2 (E14)	Unavailable	NG: Internal circuitry fault
Charge Switch	APP-IP3 (E09)	Unavailable	OK: normal
Charge Switch		Available	NG: Internal circuitry fault
Water Temperature	APP-IP4 (E17)	Unavailable	OK: normal
Switch	APP-IP4 (E17)	Available	NG: Internal circuitry fault
Air cleaner switch	APP-IP5 (E05)	Unavailable	OK: normal
All cleaner switch	AFF-IF5 (E05)	Available	NG: Internal circuitry fault
Oil-Water Separator	APP-IP6 (E06)	Unavailable	OK: normal
Switch		Available	NG: Internal circuitry fault
NG Replace the contact input switch.			

<u> A</u>	Check the continuity with the contact input switch and the harness being connected.
OK	\rightarrow Go to [2. Continuity check (contact input switch + harness):]

- 2. Continuity check (contact input switch + harness):
 - Connect the contact input switch and the harness, and remove E-ECU from the harness.
 - Check the continuity between harness ECU connector terminal and body frame using a circuit tester. Then, for the terminal name to be checked, refer to above-mentioned [1. Continuity check (contact input switch only):].

NG	Check the harness for correct continuity. \rightarrow Go to [3. Check of harness continuity:]
	Check if the movement of the contact input switch is correctly recognized with the
	diagnosis tool "Diagnosis Test". \rightarrow Go to [4. Movement check of the contact input switch:]
	switch.]

- 3. Check of harness continuity:
 - Remove the contact input switch and E-ECU from the harness.
 - Check the harness continuity using a circuit tester.

Terminal	Continuity	Status
Switch signal wire E14 (*)	Available	OK: normal
[Between E-ECU and switch connector]	Unavailable	NG: harness disconnection
Between E14 (*) and E38/E43/E48	Unavailable	OK: normal
(power supply line)	Available	NG: Harness short-circuited with power supply
Between E14 (*) and E28/E45/E47(GND	Unavailable	OK: normal
line)/GND	Available	NG: harness short-circuited with GND

*This table takes an oil pressure switch as an example.In the case of charge switch (E09), water temperature switch (E17), air cleaner switch (E05), oil-water separator switch (E06), check the continuity using the same procedure.

NG	Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct.Replace the harness.
ОК	Check if the movement of the contact input switch is correctly recognized with the diagnosis tool "Diagnosis Test". \rightarrow Go to [4. Movement check of the contact input switch:]



- 4. Movement check of the contact input switch:
 - Connect the all connectors (contact input switch, E-ECU).
 - Connect the diagnosis tool, and log in to the diagnosis tool after key switch turning-on.
 - With the diagnosis tool "Diagnosis Test: Digital Input etc.", monitor each of displayed items, check the ON/OFF indication of the contact input switch under the specified conditions.

Item	Check conditions	ON/OFF indication	Status
	Before engine	ON	OK: normal
Oil pressure	start	OFF	NG: Harness error or internal circuitry fault
switch	During engine	OFF	OK: normal
	running	ON	NG: Harness error or internal circuitry fault
	Before engine	ON	OK: normal
Charge	start	OFF	NG: Harness error or internal circuitry fault
Switch	Switch During engine runnning	OFF	OK: normal
		ON	NG: Harness error or internal circuitry fault
Water	Before engine	OFF	OK: normal
Temperature Switch	rature start	ON	NG: Harness error or internal circuitry fault
Air cleaner	Before engine start	OFF	OK: normal
switch		ON	NG: Harness error or internal circuitry fault
Oil-Water	Before engine	OFF	OK: normal
Switch Switch		ON	NG: Harness error or internal circuitry fault

	 Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct.
NG	Replace the harness.
	Replace the contact input switch.
ОК	Replace the E-ECU.



Actuator Related Failures

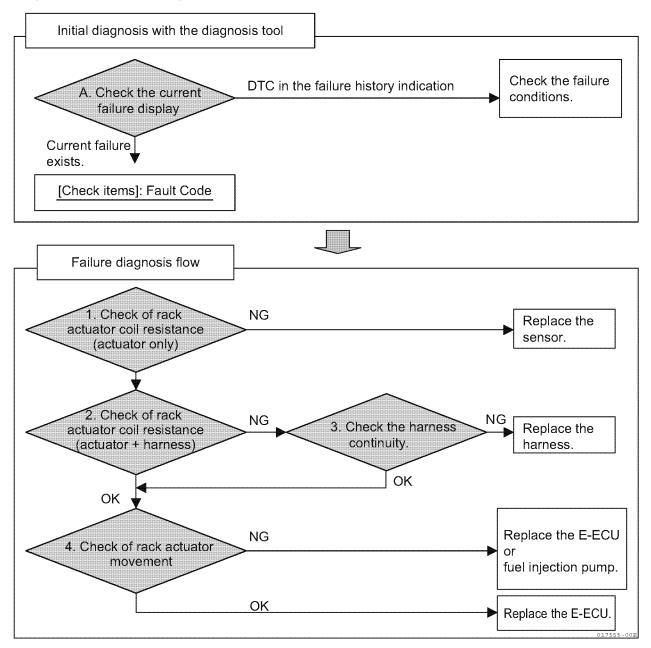
Rack actuator

Related DTC

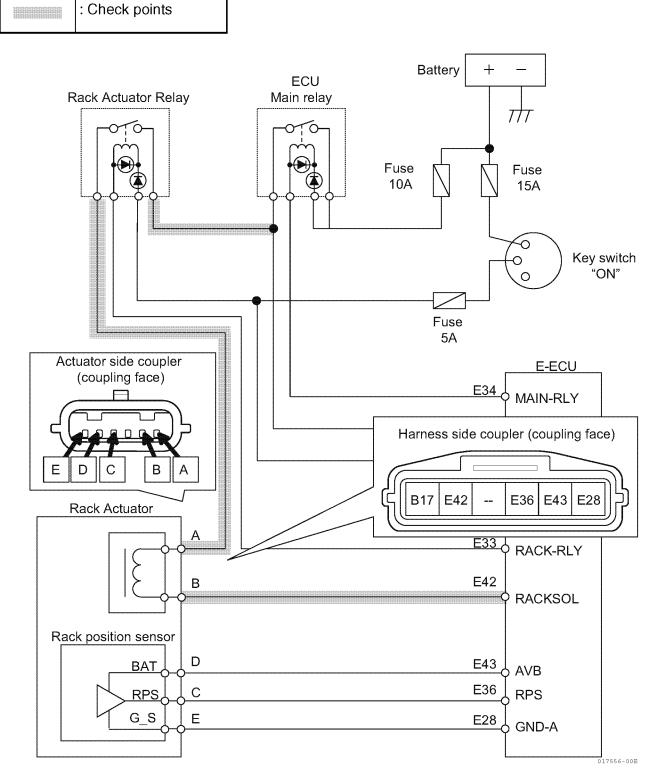
P1212/4		Failure with Rack Actuator (Low Voltage)
DTC	P1213/3	Failure with Rack Actuator (High Voltage)
	P1211/7	Rack Actuator Mechanical Failure

Work flow

*For details of the work, see after-mentioned "<Work Description>."For the operation of the diagnosis tool, see "Diagnosis tool Operation Manual" separately.



Wiring Diagram



*For the E-ECU Pin Layout, see [E-ECU Pin Layout Diagram] (P.1-134).



Work Description

- 1. Check of the rack actuator coil resistance (actuator only):
 - Remove the harness from the rack actuator.
 - Measure the resistance between rack actuator terminals A and B using a circuit tester.

(REF) Coil resistance value of Yanmar standard rack actuator

Terminal	Specification
Coils A - B	1Ω ± 10%

NG	Replace the fuel injection pump.
	Check the resistance between actuator terminals A and B with the rack actuator and
OK	the harness being connected. \rightarrow Go to [2. Check of the rack actuator coil resistance
	(harness + actuator):]

- 2. Check of the rack actuator coil resistance (harness + actuator):
 - Connect rack actuator and harness, and remove E-ECU and rack actuator from the harness.
 - Measure the resistance between harness side E-ECU connector terminal E42 and rack actuator relay contact downstream side E18 using a circuit tester.

*See above-mentioned "(REF) Coil resistance of Yanmar standard speed sensors".

NG	Check the harness for correct continuity. \rightarrow Go to [3. Check of harness continuity:]
ОК	Check the movement of the actuator by the diagnosis tool. \rightarrow Go to [4. Movement
	check of the rack actuator:]

3. Check of harness continuity:

- Remove the rack actuator and E-ECU from the harness.
- Check the harness continuity using a circuit tester.

Terminal	Continuity	Status
Actuator coil wire (downstream side) E42	Available	OK: normal
[Between E-ECU and sensor connector]	Unavailable	NG: harness disconnection
Between actuator coil (upstream) and	Available	OK: normal
rack actuator relay contact (downstream)	Unavailable	NG: harness disconnection
Between rack actuator relay contact	Available	OK: normal
(downstream) and main relay contact (downstream)	Unavailable	NG: harness disconnection

NG	Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct.Replace the harness.
ОК	Replace the E-ECU.

FAILURE DIAGNOSIS

- 4. Movement check of the rack actuator:
 - Connect the all connectors (rack actuator, E-ECU).
 - Connect the diagnosis tool, and log in to the diagnosis tool after key switch turning-on.
 - Execute the directive rack position control with the diagnosis tool "Diagnosis Test: Active control".At this time, set the rack position arbitrarily within the settings.
 - After the execution, check if the rack actuator moved to the set rack position.

NG	Replace the fuel injection pump.		
OK	Replace the E-ECU.		



ECU Internal and Communication Errors

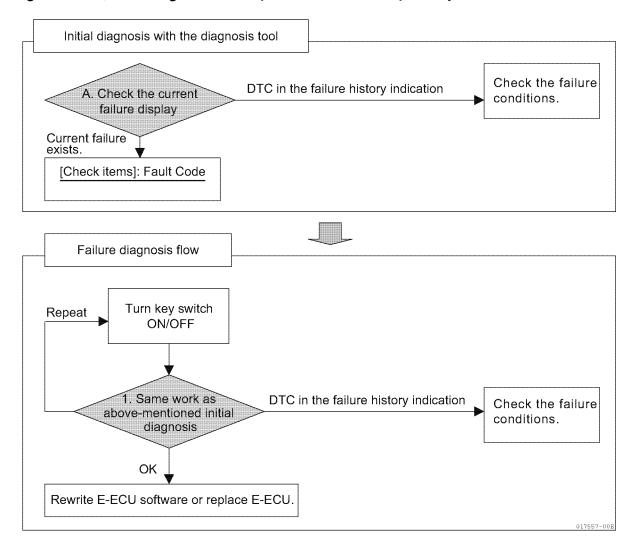
ECU Internal Errors

Related DTC

	P0601/12	EEPROM error (read/write error)
	P1601/2	EEPROM error (Checksum)
	P0605/12	Flash ROM error (Checksum A)
	P1605/2	Flash ROM error (Checksum B)
DTC	P1606/2	Flash ROM error (Checksum C)
	P1610/12	Failure A with Sub-CPU
	P1611/12	Failure B with Sub-CPU
	P1612/12	Failure C with Sub-CPU
	P1620/12	Map format error

Work flow

*For details of the work, see after-mentioned "<Work Description>."For the operation of the diagnosis tool, see "Diagnosis tool Operation Manual" separately.



Work Description

- 1. Work with the diagnosis tool:
 - Turn the key switch off, and turn the key switch on again.
 - Connect the diagnosis tool, and check if any error is detected on the current fault indication.

Unavailable	Check the error history indication, confirm error occurrence situation if any error history is indicated.
Available	 Turn the key switch on/off again, and perform the work [1. Work with the diagnosis tool:]. Rewrite the E-ECU software. Replace the E-ECU.



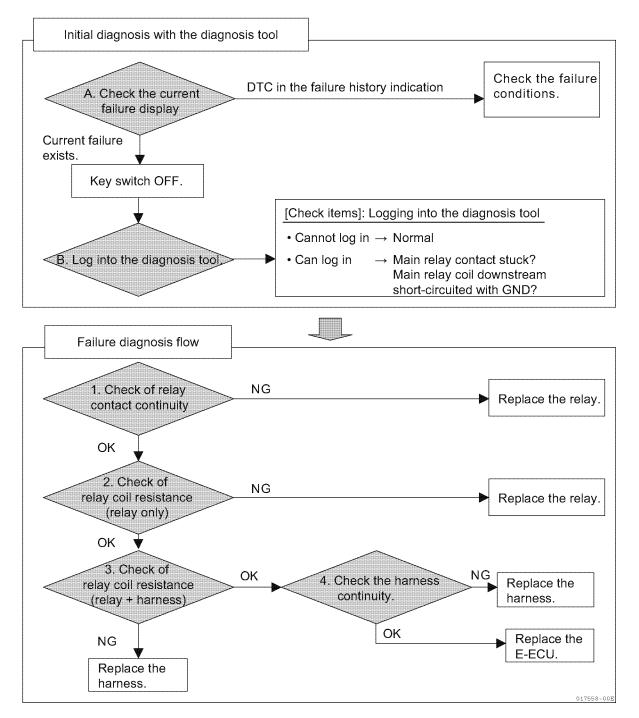
Main relay

Related DTC

DTC	P0686/4	Main relay error

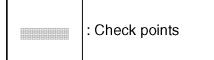
Work flow

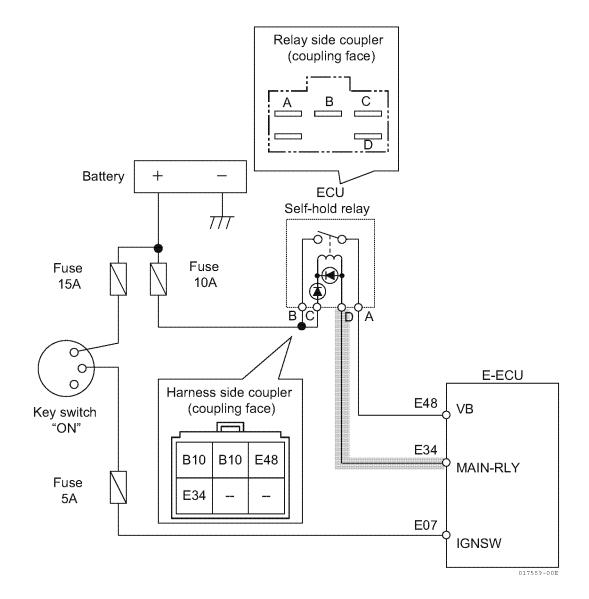
*For details of the work, see after-mentioned "<Work Description>."For the operation of the diagnosis tool, see "Diagnosis tool Operation Manual" separately.



FAILURE DIAGNOSIS

Wiring Diagram





*For the E-ECU Pin Layout, see [E-ECU Pin Layout Diagram] (P.1-134).

Work Description

- 1. Check of the relay coil resistance value (relay only):
 - Remove the E-ECU main relay from the harness.
 - Check the continuity between relay side terminals A and B using a circuit tester.

NG	Replace the E-ECU main relay.			
OK	Check the resistance of the E-ECU main relay coil. \rightarrow Go to [2. Check of the relay			
UN	coil resistance value (relay only):]			

- 2. Check of the relay coil resistance value (relay only):
 - Remove the E-ECU main relay from the harness.
 - Measure the resistance between relay side terminals C and D using a circuit tester.

Measureme	ent conditions	Measured value	Ctatua
Tester (+) side	Tester (-) side		Status
Terminal C	Terminal D	Available (*)	OK when both are normal
Terminal D	Terminal C	Infinity (*)	
Terminal C	Terminal D	lofinity (*)	NG: Fault of the relay internal
Terminal D	Terminal C	– Infinity (*)	circuitry

*As a reverse-biased diode is integrated, the above-mentioned checking method is applied, and the measured value varies depending on a circuit tester to be used.

NG	Replace the E-ECU main relay.
OK	Check the relay coil resistance with the E-ECU main relay and the harness being
UN	connected. \rightarrow Go to [3. Check of relay coil resistance value (relay + harness side):]

- 3. Check of relay coil resistance value (relay + harness side):
 - Install the E-ECU main relay to the harness.
 - Remove E-ECU from the harness.
 - Measure the resistance between battery cable (+) line and harness side E-ECU connector E34.

Measureme	nt conditions	Measured value	Status
Tester (+) side	Tester (+) side Tester (-) side		Status
Battery (+) line	E34	Available (*)	- OK: normal
E34	Battery (+) line	Infinity (*)	
Battery (+) line	E34	Infinity (*)	NG: Harness error
E34	Battery (+) line		

*As a reverse-biased diode is integrated, the above-mentioned checking method is applied, and the measured value varies depending on a circuit tester to be used.

NG	Replace the harness.
OK	Check the harness for correct continuity. \rightarrow Go to [4. Check of harness continuity:]

OK

- 4. Check of harness continuity:
 - Remove the E-ECU main relay from the harness and remove the E-ECU from the harness.
 - Check the harness continuity using a circuit tester.

again.

• Replace the E-ECU.

Terminal		Continuity	Status	
Between relay coil (downstream side) E34 and GND/E28/E45/E47 Between relay contact (downstream side) E48 and E43/battery(+)		Unavailable	OK: normal	
		Available	NG: harness short-circuited with GND	
		Unavailable	OK: normal	
		Available	NG: Harness short-circuited with power supply	
 NG Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct. Replace the harness. 				
Connect the all connectors (E-ECU main relay, E-ECU), and recheck the error is detected with the diagnosis tool "Fault code: Current fault indi				



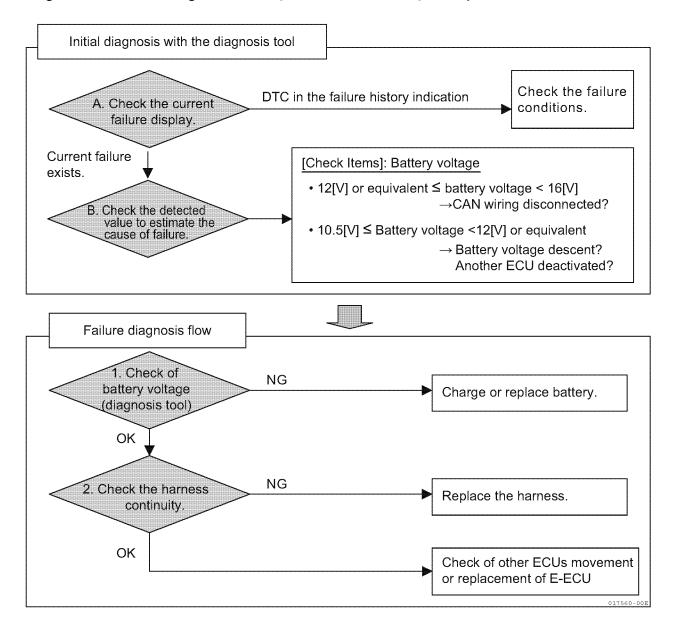
CAN Communication

Related DTC

DTC U0001/12	CAN Communication Error	
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Work flow

*For details of the work, see after-mentioned "<Work Description>."For the operation of the diagnosis tool, see "Diagnosis tool Operation Manual" separately.



Work Description

- 1. Battery voltage check:
 - During the engine running, connect the diagnosis tool and log in to the diagnosis tool.
 - Check the battery voltage with the diagnosis tool "Diagnosis Test: Pulse/analog etc.".

Voltage		Status	Action	
Approx.12[V] $\leq b$	oattery voltage < 16[V]	OK (normal range)	Check the harness for correct continuity.	
$10.5[V] \le battery$	voltage < approx.12[V]	NG	Charge or replace the battery.Check the movement of other E-ECUs.	
NGCharge or replace the battery.Check the movement of other E-ECUs.				
ОК	Check the harness for correct continuity. \rightarrow Go to [2. Check of harness continuity:]			

2. Check of harness continuity:

• Check the harness continuity using a circuit tester.

Terminal		Continuity	Status	
CAN wiring (Hi side) E40		Available	OK: normal	
(Between E-ECl	J and sensor connector)	Unavailable	NG: harness disconnection	
CAN wiring (Low side) E39 (Between E-ECU and sensor connector)		Available	OK: normal	
		Unavailable	NG: harness disconnection	
Between E39/E40 and		Unavailable	OK: normal	
GND/E28/E45/E	47	Available	NG: harness short-circuited with GND	
NG	 Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct. Replace the harness. 			
ОК	Check the movement of other E-ECUs.Replace the E-ECU.			

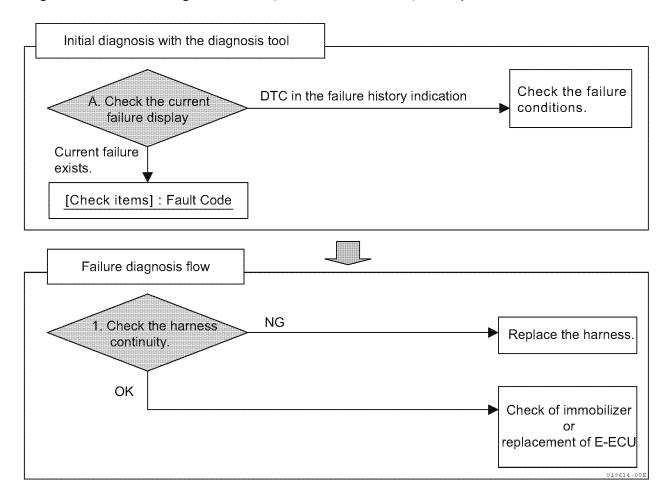
Immobilizer

Related DTC

DTC U1167/8	Immobilizer Error (pulse communication)

Work flow

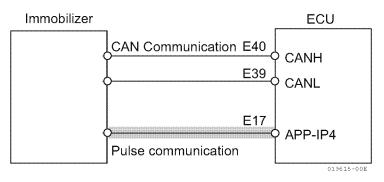
*For details of the work, see after-mentioned "<Work Description>."For the operation of the diagnosis tool, see "Diagnosis tool Operation Manual" separately.





Wiring Diagram





* For the E-ECU Pin Layout, see [E-ECU Pin Layout Diagram] (P.1-134).

Work Description

- 1. Harness continuity check:
 - Remove the immobilizer and E-ECU from the harness.
 - Check the harness continuity using a circuit tester.

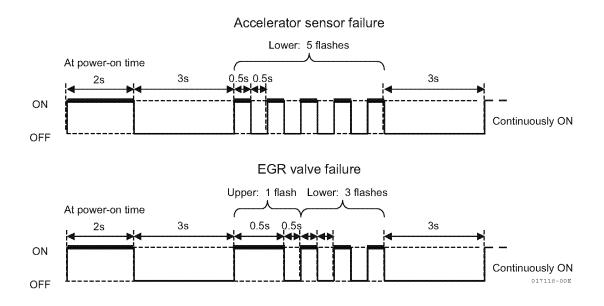
Terminal		Continuity	Status
Immobilizer pulse communication		Available	OK: normal
line E17 [Between E-ECU	and immobilizer]	Unavailable	NG: harness disconnection
Between E17 and E38/E43/E48(power supply line)		Unavailable	OK: normal
		Available	NG: Harness short-circuited with power supply
Between E17 and		Unavailable	OK: normal
E28/E45/E47(GN	ID line)/GND	Available	NG: harness short-circuited with GND
NG Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct. Replace the harness. 			
OK • Check the immobilizer. • Replace the E-ECU.			

FAILURE INDICATOR LAMP FLASHING PATTERN

This section provides examples that demonstrate how the failure indicator flashes in a pattern specific to the DTC that occurs.

If an accelerator sensor failure is detected at power-on time, the failure indicator flashes in a pattern of 5 (five equal flashes) as shown in the fist example; if an EGR valve failure is detected at power-on time, it flashes in a pattern of 13 (i.e., one long flash followed by 3 short flashes) as shown in the second example. When two or more failures occur at the same time, the failure indicator indicates all the failures one by one in the ascending order of the number of flashes.

Also, the failure indicator is always lit for 2 [s] after power-on, whether or not any failure exists.



USING THE FAILURE INDICATOR FOR FAILURE DIAGNOSIS

Flashing Patterns of the Failure Indicator

Flashing Patterns of the Failure Indicator

Flashing Error Item		rror Item	DTC	Referenced
Patterns	Area	Status		page number
4	Cooling Water Temperature	Failure (low voltage)	P0117/4	P.1-45
	Sensor	Failure (high voltage)	P0118/3	P.1-47
5	Accelerator Sensor	Failure (low voltage)	P0122/4	P.1-12
		Failure (high voltage)	P0123/3	P.1-14
		Intermittent failure	P0124/2	P.1-16
		Lower limit error	P1125/1	P.1-18
		Upper limit error	P1126/0	P.1-20
6	Speed Sensor	Failure (low voltage)	P0340/4	P.1-60
7	Rack Position Sensor	Failure (low voltage)	P1202/4	P.1-8
		Failure (high voltage)	P1202/3	P.1-10
8	Rack Actuator	Failure (low voltage)	P1212/4	P.1-114
		Failure (high voltage)	P1213/3	P.1-116
		Mechanical failure	P1211/7	P.1-118
9	Engine Overspeed		P0219/0	P.1-64
1-1	Spare Speed Sensor	Failure (low voltage)	P1340/4	P.1-62
1-2	CAN Communication	1	U0001/12	P.1-126
1-3	EGR Step Motor	A-phase failure (disconnection)	P1402/4	P.1-100
		A-phase failure (short circuit)	P1403/3	P.1-86
		B-phase failure (disconnection)	P1412/4	P.1-88
		B-phase failure (short circuit)	P1413/3	P.1-90
		C-phase failure (disconnection)	P1422/4	P.1-92
		C-phase failure (short circuit)	P1423/3	P.1-94
		D-phase failure (disconnection)	P1432/4	P.1-96
		D-phase failure (short circuit)	P1433/3	P.1-98
1-4	CSD Solenoid Valve	Failure (disconnection)	P1242/4	P.1-78
		Failure (short circuit)	P1243/3	P.1-80
		Intermittent failure	P1244/2	P.1-82
1-5	Start Assist Relay	Failure (disconnection)	P1232/4	P.1-72
		Failure (short circuit)	P1233/3	P.1-74
		Intermittent failure	P1234/2	P.1-76
1-6	Self-Hold Relay	Failure (low voltage)	P0686/4	P.1-124

Using the Failure Indicator for Failure Diagnosis

FAILURE DIAGNOSIS

Flashing		Er	ror Item	ртс	Referenced
Patterns		Area	Status	ВТО	page number
1-7	Rack Actuator Relay		Failure (low voltage)	P1222/4	P.1-66
			Failure (high voltage)	P1223/3	P.1-68
			Intermittent failure	P1224/2	P.1-70
1-8	Spare Acc	elerator Sensor	Failure (low voltage)	P0222/4	P.1-22
			Failure (high voltage)	P0223/3	P.1-24
			Intermittent failure	P0224/2	P.1-26
			Lower limit error	P1225/1	P.1-28
			Upper limit error	P1226/0	P.1-30
			Communication error	P1227/8	P.1-32
1-9	Atmosphe	ric Pressure Sensor	Failure (low voltage)	P2228/4	P.1-34
			Failure (high voltage)	P2229/3	P.1-36
			Intermittent failure	P2230/2	P.1-38
2-1	Oil Pressu	ıre Switch	Failure (disconnection)	P1192/4	P.1-100
2-2	Charge Sv	witch	Failure (disconnection)	P1562/4	P.1-104
2-3	ECU Supply Voltage		Lower limit error	P0562/1	P.1-56
			Upper limit error	P0563/0	P.1-58
2-4	2-4 SENSOR 5V		Failure (low voltage)	P0642/4	P.1-53
			Failure (high voltage)	P0643/3	P.1-54
	ECU Internal Temperature Oil Pressure		Intermittent failure	P1644/2	P.1-55
2-5			Rise Error	P0634/0	P.1-43
3-1			Lower limit error	P1198/1	P.1-102
3-2	Battery Cł	narge	Lower limit error	P1568/1	P.1-106
3-3	Cooling W	/ater Temperature	Error	P1217/0	P.1-108
3-4	Air Cleane	er	Mechanical failure	P1101/0	P.1-110
3-5	Oil-Water	Separator	Mechanical failure	P1151/0	P.1-112
3-6	Cooling W	/ater Temperature	Rise Error	P0217/0	P.1-51
4-1	ECU	Flash ROM	I	P0605/12	P.1-123
	Internal	EEPROM		P0601/12	P.1-122
		Sub CPU	CRC error	P1610/12	P.1-122
			Send ACK error	P1611/12	P.1-122
			Communication error	P1612/12	P.1-122
		Map format	1	P1620/12	P.1-123
		ECU Temperature	Failure (low voltage)	P0668/4	P.1-40
		Sensor	Failure (high voltage)	P0669/3	P.1-41
			Intermittent failure	P1664/2	P.1-42

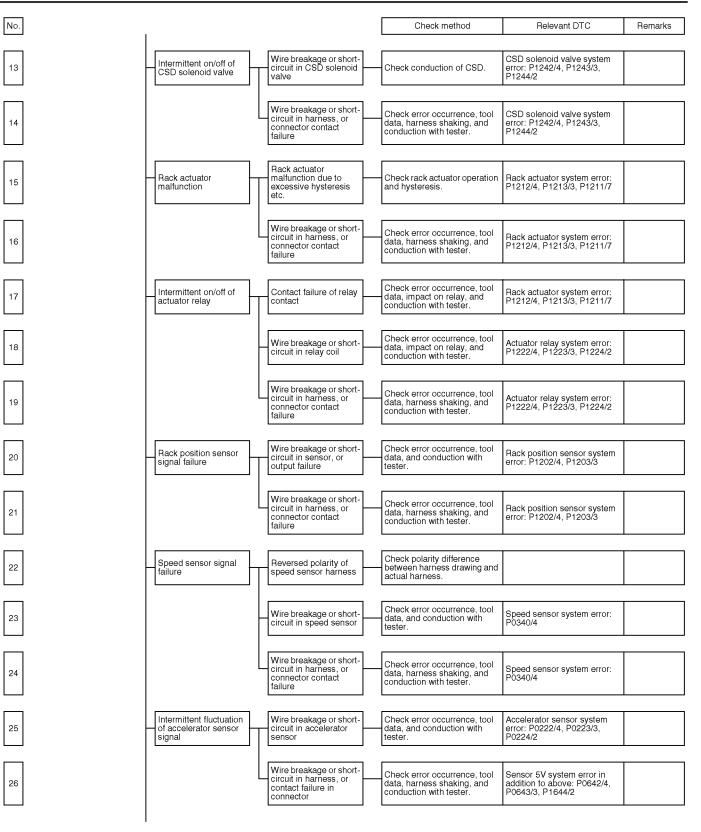
FACTOR ANALYSIS

2G-Type Eco-Governor Speed-Fluctuation Factor Analysis

		-		-		
No.				Check method	Relevant DTC	Remarks
1	Engine speed fluctuation	Insufficient fuel supply Fuel pipe	e clogging	Check fuel system.		
2		Engine failure Nozzle fa	ailure etc.	Check whole engine.		
3			ctuation in machine	Check whole working machine.		
4		Abnormal vibration of working machine and engine	tuator hunting.	Check vibration of fuel pump.		
5			e injection due live rack etc.	Check fuel pump.		
6		Abnormal fluctuation of supply voltage	system failure	Check error occurrence, tool data, and voltage with voltmeter.	ECU supply voltage system error: P0562/1, P0563/0	
7		Alternato failure	or system	Check error occurrence, tool data, and voltage with voltmeter.	Battery charging system error: P1562/4, P1568/1	
8		- Fluctuati load	ion of electrical	Check presence of failure in large-load electrical equipment such as air heater.		
9		└ circuit in	akage or short- harness, or or contact	Check error occurrence, tool data, harness shaking, and conduction with tester.	ECU supply voltage system error: P0562/1, P0563/0	
10		Intermittent on/off of start-assisting heater	akage or short- heater	Check conduction of heater.		
11		Wire bre circuit of	akage or short- heater relay	Check error occurrence, tool data, impact on relay, and conduction with tester.	Start-assisting relay error: P1232/4, P1233/3, P1234/2	
12		Lircuit in	akage or short- harness, or or contact	Check error occurrence, tool data, harness shaking, and conduction with tester.	Start-assisting relay error: P1232/4, P1233/3, P1234/2	

Factor Analysis

FAILURE DIAGNOSIS

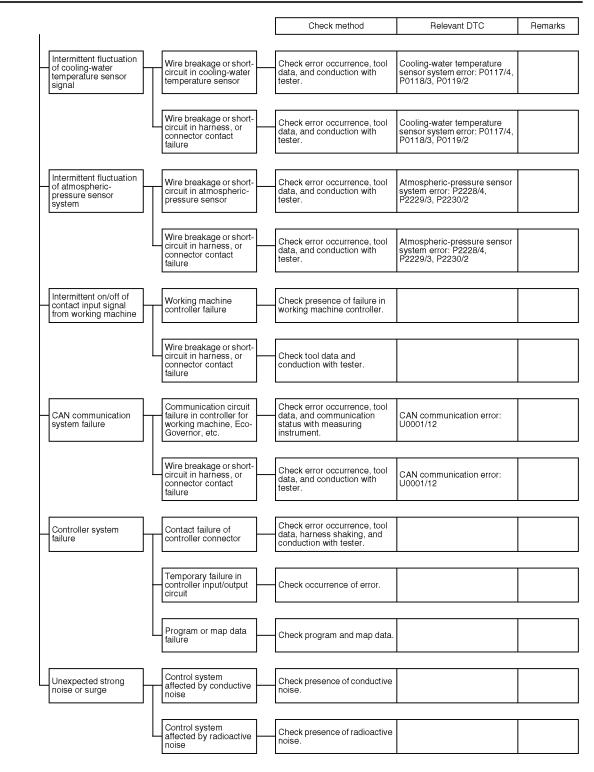


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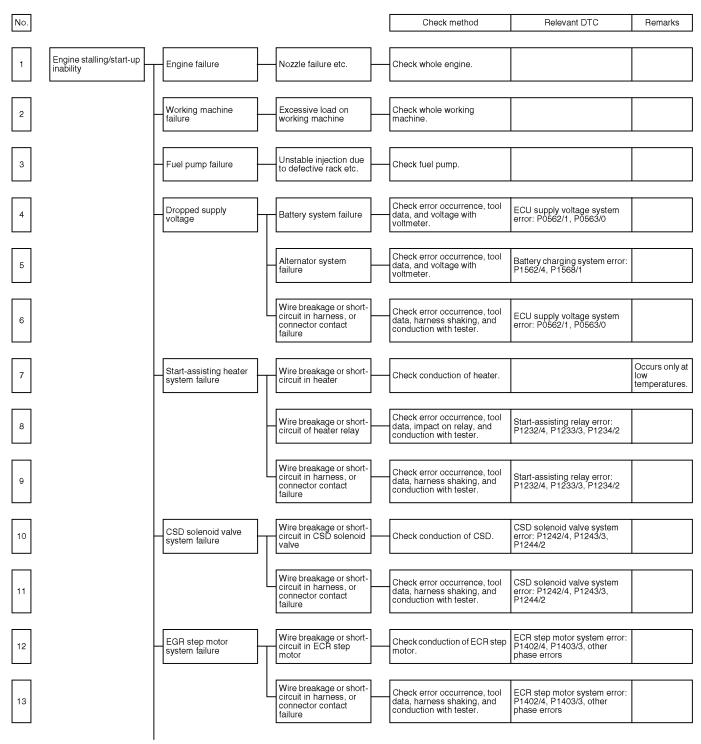
FAILURE DIAGNOSIS

No.

Factor Analysis

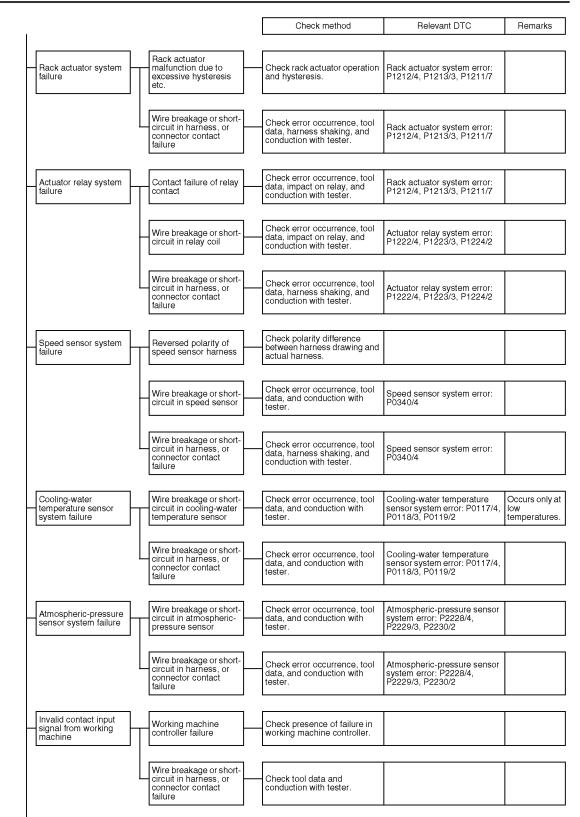


2G-Type Eco-Governor Engine Stalling/Start-Up Inability Factor Analysis



FAILURE DIAGNOSIS

Factor Analysis

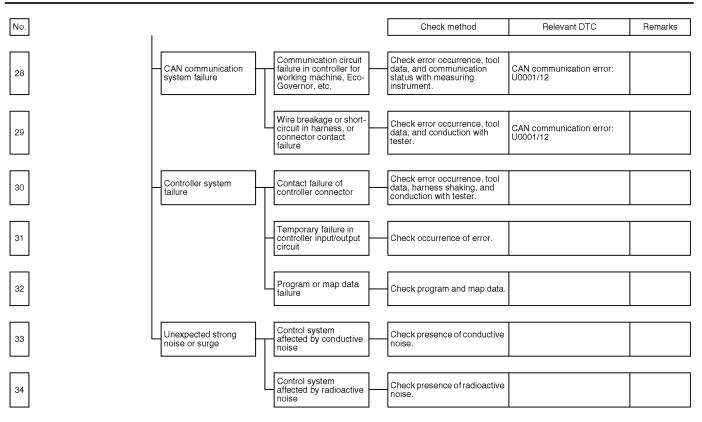






Factor Analysis

FAILURE DIAGNOSIS

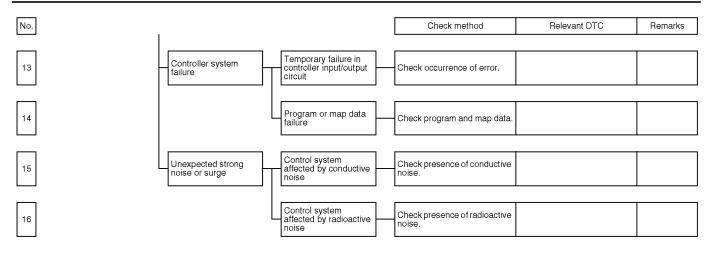


2G-Type Eco-Governor Black Smoke Factor Analysis

No.				Check method	Relevant DTC	Remarks
1	Black-smoke emission	Insufficient fuel supply	Fuel pipe clogging	Check fuel system.		
2		Engine failure	Nozzle failure etc.	- Check whole engine.		
3		Working machine failure	Load fluctuation in working machine	Check whole working machine.		
4		Fuel pump failure	Unstable injection due to defective rack etc.	Check fuel pump.		
5		CSD solenoid valve system failure	Wire breakage or short- circuit in CSD solenoid valve	Check conduction of CSD.	CSD solenoid valve system error: P1242/4, P1243/3, P1244/2	
6			Wire breakage or short- circuit in harness, or connector contact failure	Check error occurrence, tool data, harness shaking, and conduction with tester.	CSD solenoid valve system error: P1242/4, P1243/3, P1244/2	
7		EGR step motor system failure	Wire breakage or short- circuit in ECR step motor	Check conduction of ECR step motor.	ECR step motor system error: P1402/4, P1403/3, other phase errors	
8			Wire breakage or short- circuit in harness, or connector contact failure	Check error occurrence, tool data, harness shaking, and conduction with tester.	ECR step motor system error: P1402/4, P1403/3, other phase errors	
9		Rack actuator system	Rack actuator malfunction due to excessive hysteresis etc.	Check rack actuator operation and hysteresis.	Rack actuator system error: P1212/4, P1213/3, P1211/7	
10			Wire breakage or short- circuit in harness, or connector contact failure	Check error occurrence, tool data, harness shaking, and conduction with tester.	Rack actuator system error: P1212/4, P1213/3, P1211/7	
11		Atmospheric-pressure sensor system failure	Wire breakage or short- circuit in atmospheric- pressure sensor	Check error occurrence, tool data, and conduction with tester.	Atmospheric-pressure sensor system error: P2228/4, P2229/3, P2230/2	
12			Wire breakage or short- circuit in harness, or connector contact failure	Check error occurrence, tool data, and conduction with tester.	Atmospheric-pressure sensor system error: P2228/4, P2229/3, P2230/2	

Factor Analysis

FAILURE DIAGNOSIS



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Head Office: Yanmar Co., Ltd.

1-32 Chayamachi, Kita-ku, Osaka 530-8311, Japan http://www.yanmar.co.jp

Yanmar America Corporation

951 Corporate Grove Drive Buffalo Grove, IL 60089-4508, U.S.A. TEL: 1-847-541-1900 FAX: 1-847-541-2161 http://www.yanmar.com

Yanmar Europe B.V.

Brugplein11, 1332 BS Almere -de Vaart, The Netherlands. TEL: 31-36-5493200 FAX: 31-36-5493209 http://www.yanmar.nl

Yanmar Asia (Singapore) Corporation Pte. Ltd.

4 Tuas Lane, Singapore 638613 TEL: 65-68615077 FAX: 65-68611509 http://www.yanmar.co.jp/yasc/



