SECTION 6 MAINTENANCE STANDARD

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SECTION 6 MAINTENANCE STANDARD

GROUP 1 OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST

1. PURPOSE

Performance tests are used to check:

1) OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE OF A NEW MACHINE

Whenever a new machine is delivered in parts and reassembled at a customer's site, it must be tested to confirm that the operational performance of the machine meets Hyundai spec.

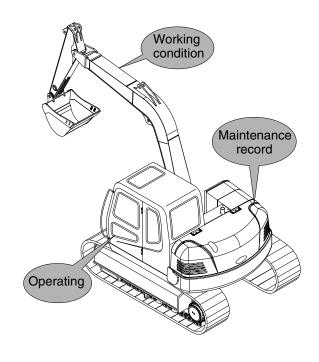
2) OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE OF A WORKING MACHINE

With the passage of time, the machine's operational performance deteriorates, so that the machine needs to be serviced periodically to restore it to its original performance level.

Before servicing the machine, conduct performance tests to check the extent of deterioration, and to decide what kind of service needs to be done (by referring to the "Service Limits" in this manual).

3) OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE OF A REPAIRED MACHINE

After the machine is repaired or serviced, it must be tested to confirm that its operational performance was restored by the repair and/or service work done.



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2. TERMINOLOGY

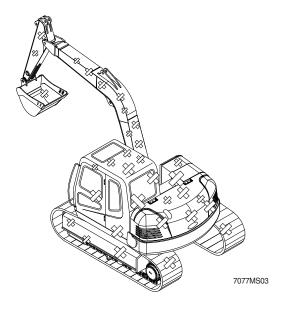
1) STANDARD

Specifications applied to the brand-new machine, components and parts.



2) SERVICE LIMIT

The lowest acceptable performance level. When the performance level of the machine falls below this level, the machine must be removed from work and repaired. Necessary parts and components must be replaced.



3. OPERATION FOR PERFORMANCE TESTS

 Observe the following rules in order to carry out performance tests accurately and safely.

(1) The machine

Repair any defects and damage found, such as oil or water leaks, loose bolts, cracks and so on, before starting to test.

(2) Test area

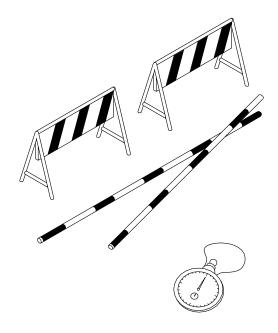
- ① Select a hard, flat surface.
- ② Secure enough space to allow the machine to run straight more than 20m, and to make a full swing with the front attachment extended.
- ③ If required, rope off the test area and provide signboards to keep unauthorized personnel away.

(3) Precautions

- ① Before starting to test, agree upon the signals to be employed for communication among coworkers. Once the test is started, be sure to communicate with each other using these signals, and to follow them without fail.
- ② Operate the machine carefully and always give first priority to safety.
- ③ While testing, always take care to avoid accidents due to landslides or contact with high voltage power lines. Always confirm that there is sufficient space for full swings.
- Avoid polluting the machine and the ground with leaking oil. Use oil pans to catch escaping oil. Pay special attention to this when removing hydraulic pipings.

(4) Make precise measurements

- ① Accurately calibrate test instruments in advance to obtain correct data.
- ② Carry out tests under the exact test conditions prescribed for each test item.
- ③ Repeat the same test and confirm that the test data obtained can be procured repeatedly. Use mean values of measurements if necessary.



7-3 (140-7)

2) ENGINE SPEED

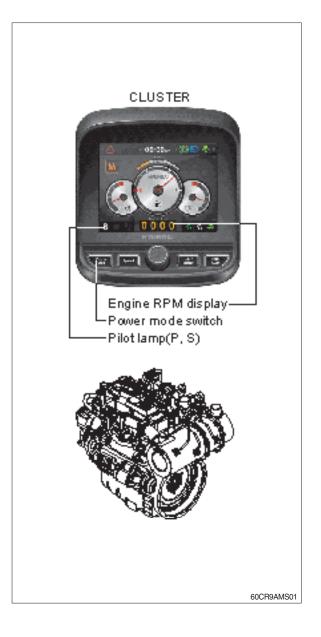
- (1) Measure the engine speed at each power mode
- * The engine speed at each power mode must meet standard RPM; if not, all other operational performance data will be unreliable. It is essential to perform this test first.

(2) Preparation

- ① Warm up the machine, until the engine coolant temperature reaches 50°C or more, and the hydraulic oil is 50±5°C.
- ② Set the accel dial at 10 (Max) position.
- ③ Measure the engine RPM.

(3) Measurement

- ① Start the engine. The engine will run at start idle speed. Measure engine speed with a engine rpm display.
- ② Measure and record the engine speed at each mode (P, S).
- ③ Select the P-mode.
- ① Lightly operate the bucket control lever a few times, then return the control lever to neutral; The engine will automatically enter the auto-idle speed after 4 seconds.
- ⑤ Measure and record the auto deceleration speed.



(4) Evaluation

The measured speeds should meet the following specifications.

Unit:rpm

| Model | Engine speed | Standard | Remark |
|----------|--------------|----------|--------|
| | Start idle | 1000±50 | |
| R80CR-9A | P mode | 1800±50 | |
| nouch-9A | S mode | 1700±50 | |
| | Auto decel | 1100±50 | |

Condition: Set the accel dial at 10 (Max) position.

3) TRAVEL SPEED

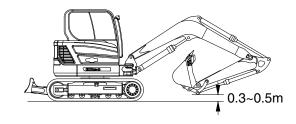
(1) Measure the time required for the excavator to travel a 20m test track.

(2) Preparation

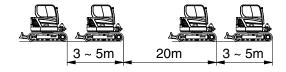
- ① Adjust the tension of both tracks to be equal.
- ② Prepare a flat and solid test track 20m in length, with extra length of 3 to 5m on both ends for machine acceleration and deceleration.
- 3 Hold the bucket 0.3 to 0.5m above the ground with the arm and bucket rolled in.
- 4 Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

(3) Measurement

- ① Measure both the low and high speeds of the machine.
- ② Before starting either the low or high speed tests, adjust the travel mode switch to the speed to be tested.
- 3 Start traveling the machine in the acceleration zone with the travel levers at full stroke.
- ④ Measure the time required to travel 20m.
- S After measuring the forward travel speed, turn the upperstructure 180° and measure the reverse travel speed.
- Repeat steps
 and
 three times in each direction and calculate the average values.



80CR96MC04



80CR96MC05

(4) Evaluation

The average measured time should meet the following specifications.

Unit: Seconds / 20m

| Model | Travel speed | Standard | Maximum allowable | Remarks |
|----------|--------------|----------|-------------------|-------------|
| R80CR-9A | 1 Speed | 25.7±2.0 | 32 | Steel track |
| HOUCH-9A | 2 Speed | 15.7±1.0 | 20 | Steel track |

4) TRACK REVOLUTION SPEED

(1) Measure the track revolution cycle time with the track raised off ground.

(2) Preparation

- ① Adjust the tension of both side tracks to be equal.
- ② On the track to be measured, mark one shoe with chalk.
- ③ Swing the upperstructure 90° and lower the bucket to raise the track off ground. Keep the boom-arm angle between 90 to 110° as shown. Place blocks under machine frame.
- 4 Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.



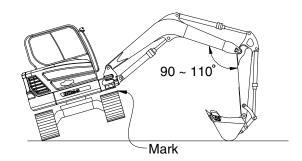
- ① Select the following switch positions.
- · Travel mode switch: 1 or 2 speed
- ② Operate the travel control lever of the raised track in full forward and reverse.
- ③ Rotate 1 turn, then measure time taken for next 3 revolutions.
- ④ Raise the other side of machine and repeat the procedure.
- ⑤ Repeat steps ③ and ④ three times and calculate the average values.

(4) Evaluation

The revolution cycle time of each track should meet the following specifications.

Unit: Seconds / 3 revolutions

| | | _ | |
|------------------------|--------------|----------|-------------------|
| Model | Travel speed | Standard | Maximum allowable |
| DOCD OA (stool trook) | 1 Speed | 22.6±1.5 | 28.3 |
| R80CR-9A (steel track) | 2 Speed | 13.7±1.5 | 17.1 |



80CR96MC06

5) TRAVEL DEVIATION

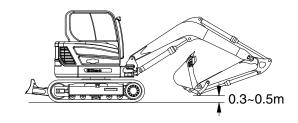
(1) Measure the deviation by the tracks from a 20m straight line.

(2) Preparation

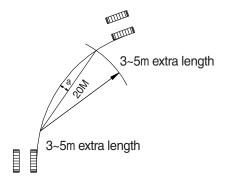
- ① Adjust the tension of both tracks to be equal.
- ② Provide a flat, solid test yard 20m in length, with extra length of 3 to 5m on both ends for machine acceleration and deceleration.
- 3 Hold the bucket 0.3 to 0.5m above the ground with the arm and bucket rolled in.
- 4 Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}\text{C}$.



- ① Measure the amount of mistracking at high and low travel speeds.
- ② Start traveling the machine in the acceleration zone with the travel levers at full stroke.
- 3 Measure the distance between a straight 20m line and the track made by the machine. (dimension a)
- 4 After measuring the tracking in forward travel, turn the upperstructure 180° and measure that in reverse travel.
- ⑤ Repeat steps ③ and ④ three times and calculate the average values.



80CR96MC04



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(4) Evaluation

Mistrack should be within the following specifications.

Unit: mm/20m

| Model | Standard | Maximum allowable | Remarks |
|----------|-----------|-------------------|---------|
| R80CR-9A | 200 below | 240 | |

6) SWING SPEED

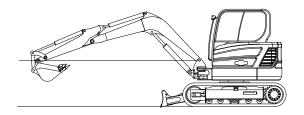
(1) Measure the time required to swing three complete turns.

(2) Preparation

- ① Check the lubrication of the swing gear and swing bearing.
- ② Place the machine on flat, solid ground with ample space for swinging. Do not conduct this test on slopes.
- ③ With the arm rolled out and bucket rolled in, hold the bucket so that the height of the bucket pin is the same as the boom foot pin. The bucket must be empty.
- 4 Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}\text{C}$.



- ① Operate swing control lever fully.
- ② Swing 1 turn and measure time taken to swing next 2 revolutions.
- ③ Repeat steps ① and ② three time and calculate the average values.



80CR96MC07

(4) Evaluation

The time required for 2 swings should meet the following specifications.

Unit: Seconds / 2 revolutions

| Model | Standard | Maximum allowable | Remarks |
|----------|----------|-------------------|---------|
| R80CR-9A | 13.2±1.0 | 16.5 | |

7) SWING FUNCTION DRIFT CHECK

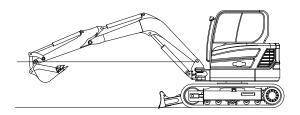
 Measure the swing drift on the bearing outer circumference when stopping after a 360° full speed swing.

(2) Preparation

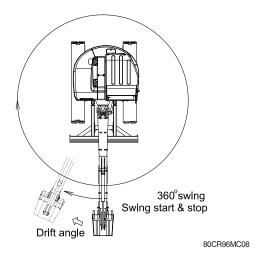
- Check the lubrication of the swing gear and swing bearing.
- ② Place the machine on flat, solid ground with ample space for swinging. Do not conduct this test on slopes.
- With the arm rolled out and bucket rolled in, hold the bucket so that the height of the bucket pin is the same as the boom foot pin. The bucket must be empty.
- Make two chalk marks: one on the swing bearing and one directly below it on the track frame.
- Swing the upperstructure 360°.
- © Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

(3) Measurement

- ① Operate the swing control lever fully and return it to the neutral position when the mark on the upperstructure aligns with that on track frame after swinging 360°.
- ② Measure the distance between the two marks.
- 3 Align the marks again, swing 360°, then test the opposite direction.
- ④ Repeat steps ② and ③ three times each and calculate the average values.



80CR96MC07



(4) Evaluation

The measured drift angle should be within the following specifications.

Unit: Degree

| Model | Standard | Maximum allowable | Remarks |
|----------|----------|-------------------|---------|
| R80CR-9A | 90 below | 127.6 | |

8) SWING BEARING PLAY

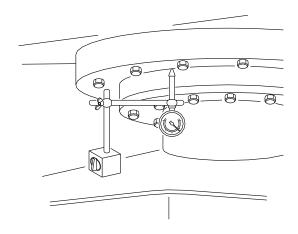
(1) Measure the swing bearing play using a dial gauge to check the wear of bearing races and balls.

(2) Preparation

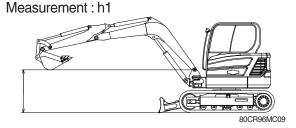
- ① Check swing bearing mounting cap screws for loosening.
- ② Check the lubrication of the swing bearing. Confirm that bearing rotation is smooth and without noise.
- ③ Install a dial gauge on the track frame as shown, using a magnetic base.
- ④ Position the upperstructure so that the boom aligns with the tracks facing towards the front idlers.
- ⑤ Position the dial gauge so that its needle point comes into contact with the bottom face of the bearing outer race.
- 6 Bucket should be empty.

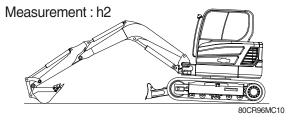
(3) Measurement

- With the arm rolled out and bucket rolled in, hold the bottom face of the bucket to the same height of the boom foot pin.
 Record the dial gauge reading (h1).
- ② Lower the bucket to the ground and use it to raise the front idler 50 cm. Record the dial gauge reading (h2).
- 3 Calculate bearing play (H) from this data (h1 and h2) as follows.H=h2-h1



7-10(1) 140-7





(4) Evaluation

The measured drift should be within the following specifications.

Unit: mm

| Model | Standard | Maximum allowable | Remarks |
|----------|-----------|-------------------|---------|
| R80CR-9A | 0.5 ~ 1.5 | 3.0 | |

9) HYDRAULIC CYLINDER CYCLE TIME

(1) Measure the cycle time of the boom, standard arm, and standard bucket cylinders.

(2) Preparation

- ① To measure the cycle time of the boom cylinders:
 - With the arm rolled out and the empty bucket rolled out, lower the bucket to the ground, as shown.
- ② To measure the cycle time of the arm cylinder.
 - With the empty bucket rolled in, position the arm so that it is vertical to the ground. Lower the boom until the bucket is 0.5m above the ground.
- To measure the cycle time of the bucket cylinder.
 - The empty bucket should be positioned at midstroke between roll-in and roll-out, so that the sideplate edges are vertical to the ground.
- 4 Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}\text{C}$.

(3) Measurement

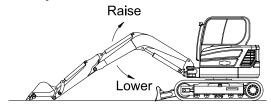
- ① To measure cylinder cycle times.
 - -Boom cylinders.

Measure the time it takes to raise the boom, and the time it takes to lower the boom. To do so, position the boom at one stroke end then move the control lever to the other stroke end as quickly as possible.

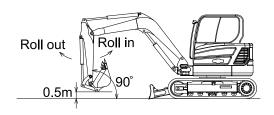
-Arm cylinder.

Measure the time it takes to roll in the arm, and the time it takes to roll out the arm. To do so, position the bucket at one stroke end, then move the control lever to the other stroke end as quickly as possible.

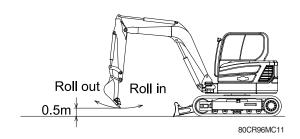
Boom cylinder



Arm cylinder



Bucket cylinder



-Bucket cylinders

Measure the time it takes to roll in the bucket, and the time it takes to roll out the bucket. To do so, position the bucket at one stroke end, then move the control lever to the other stroke end as quickly as possible.

-Repeat each measurement 3 times and calculate the average values.

(4) Evaluation

The average measured time should meet the following specifications.

Unit: Seconds

| Model | Function | Standard | Maximum allowable | Remarks |
|----------|--------------------|----------|-------------------|---------|
| | Boom raise | 2.9±0.4 | 3.5 | |
| | Boom lower | 2.7±0.4 | 3.3 | |
| | Arm in | 2.8±0.4 | 3.4 | |
| DOOCD OA | Arm out | 2.7±0.3 | 3.1 | |
| R80CR-9A | Bucket load | 3.6±0.4 | 4.2 | |
| | Bucket dump | 2.3±0.3 | 2.7 | |
| | Dozer up (raise) | 2.7±0.3 | 3.2 | |
| | Dozer down (lower) | 2.6±0.3 | 3.1 | |

10) DIG FUNCTION DRIFT CHECK

(1) Measure dig function drift, which can be caused by oil leakage in the control valve and boom, standard arm, and standard bucket cylinders, with the loaded bucket. When testing the dig function drift just after cylinder replacement, slowly operate each cylinder to its stroke end to purge air.

(2) Preparation

- ① Load bucket fully. Instead of loading the bucket, weight (W) of the following specification can be used.
 - W = $M^3 \times 1.5$ Where :

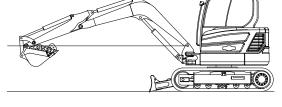
M³ = Bucket heaped capacity (m³)

1.5 = Soil specific gravity

- ② Position the arm cylinder with the rod 20 to 30mm extended from the fully retracted position.
- ③ Position the bucket cylinder with the rod 20 to 30mm retracted from the fully extended position.
- With the arm rolled out and bucket rolled in, hold the bucket so that the height of the bucket pin is the same as the boom foot pin.
- (5) Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

(3) Measurement

- ① Stop the engine.
- ② Five minutes after the engine has been stopped, measure the changes in the positions of the boom, arm and bucket cylinders.
- ③ Repeat step ② three times and calculate the average values.
- (4) The measured drift should be within the following specifications.



80CR96MC12

Unit: mm / 5min

| Model | Drift to be measured | Standard | Maximum allowable | Remarks |
|----------|----------------------|----------|-------------------|---------|
| | Boom cylinder | 10 below | 20 | |
| R80CR-9A | Arm cylinder | 20 below | 30 | |
| | Bucket cylinder | 40 below | 50 | |

11) CONTROL LEVER OPERATING FORCE

(1) Use a spring scale to measure the maximum resistance of each control lever at the middle of the grip.

(2) Preparation

① Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

(3) Measurement

- ① Start the engine.
- ② Operate each boom, arm, bucket and swing lever at full stroke and measure the maximum operating force for each.
- ③ Lower the bucket to the ground to raise one track off the ground. Operate the travel lever at full stroke and measure the maximum operating force required. When finished, lower the track and then jack-up the other track.
- ④ Repeat steps ② and ③ three times and calculate the average values.

(4) Evaluation

The measured operating force should be within the following specifications.

Unit: kgf

| Model | Kind of lever | Standard | Maximum allowable | Remarks |
|----------|---------------|--------------|-------------------|---------|
| | Boom lever | 1.6 or below | 2.0 | |
| | Arm lever | 1.6 or below | 2.0 | |
| R80CR-9A | Bucket lever | 1.6 or below | 2.0 | |
| | Swing lever | 1.6 or below | 2.0 | |
| | Travel lever | 2.1 or below | 3.15 | |

12) CONTROL LEVER STROKE

- (1) Measure each lever stroke at the lever top using a ruler.
- When the lever has play, take a half of this value and add it to the measured stroke.

(2) Preparation

Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}\text{C}$.

(3) Measurement

- $\ensuremath{\textcircled{1}}$ Stop the engine.
- ② Measure each lever stroke at the lever top from neutral to the stroke end using a ruler.
- ③ Repeat step ② three times and calculate the average values.

(4) Evaluation

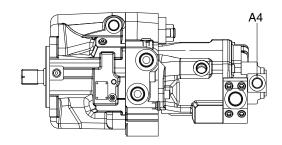
The measured drift should be within the following specifications.

| Model | Kind of lever | Standard | Maximum allowable | Remarks |
|----------|---------------|----------|-------------------|---------|
| | Boom lever | 87±10 | 109 | |
| | Arm lever | 87±10 | 109 | |
| R80CR-9A | Bucket lever | 87±10 | 109 | |
| | Swing lever | 87±10 | 109 | |
| | Travel lever | 142±10 | 178 | |

13) PILOT PRIMARY PRESSURE

(1) Preparation

- ① Stop the engine.
- ② Push the pressure release button to bleed air.
- 3 Loosen and remove plug on the pilot pump delivery port (A4) and connect pressure gauge.
- Start the engine and check for oil leakage from the port.
- ⑤ Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.



80CR96MC13

(2) Measurement

① Measure the primary pilot pressure in the M mode.

(3) Evaluation

The average measured pressure should meet the following specifications:

| Model | Standard | Remarks |
|----------|----------|---------|
| R80CR-9A | 35±5 | |

14) FOR TRAVEL SPEED SELECTING PRESSURE:

(1) Preparation

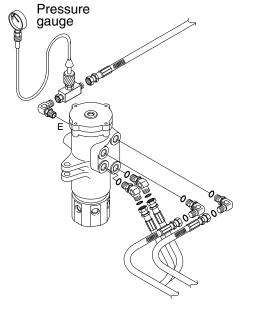
- ① Stop the engine.
- ② Push the pressure release button to bleed air.
- ③ To measure the speed selecting pressure: Install a connector and pressure gauge assembly to turning joint E port as shown.
- ④ Start the engine and check for on leakage from the adapter.
- ⑤ Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

(2) Measurement

① Select the following switch positions. Travel mode switch: 1 speed

2 speed

- ② Measure the travel speed selecting pressure in the Hi or Lo mode.
- ③ Lower the bucket to the ground to raise the track off the ground. Operate the travel lever at full stroke and measure the fast speed pressure.
- ④ Repeat steps ② and ③ three times and calculate the average values.



80CR96MC14

(3) Evaluation

The average measured pressure should be within the following specifications.

| Model | Travel speed mode | Standard | Maximum allowable | Remarks |
|----------|-------------------|----------|-------------------|---------|
| R80CR-9A | 1 Speed | 0 | - | |
| nouch-9A | 2 Speed | 35±5 | - | |

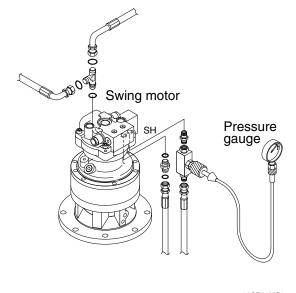
15) SWING PARKING BRAKE RELEASING PRESSURE

(1) Preparation

- ① Stop the engine.
- ② Push the pressure release button to bleed air.
- ③ Install a connector and pressure gauge assembly to swing motor SH port, as shown.
- ④ Start the engine and check for oil leakage from the adapter.
- Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at 50 ± 5 °C.

(2) Measurement

- ① Operate the swing function or arm roll in function and measure the swing brake control pressure with the brake disengaged. Release the control lever to return to neutral and measure the control pressure when the brake is applied.
- ② Repeat three times and calculate the average values.



80CR96MC15

(3) Evaluation

The average measured pressure should be within the following specifications.

| Model | Description | Standard | Remarks |
|----------|------------------|----------|---------|
| R80CR-9A | Brake disengaged | 20~40 | |
| nouch-9A | Brake applied | 0 | |

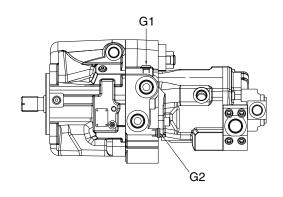
16) MAIN PUMP DELIVERY PRESSURE

(1) Preparation

- ① Stop the engine.
- ② Push the pressure release button to bleed air.
- ③ To measure the main pump pressure. Install a connector and pressure gauge assembly main pump gauge port (G1, G2) as shown.
- Start the engine and check for oil leakage from the port.
- $^{\circ}$ Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.



① Measure the main pump delivery pressure at high idle.



80CR96MC17

(3) Evaluation

The average measured pressure should meet the following specifications.

| Model | Engine speed | Standard | Allowable limits | Remarks |
|----------|--------------|----------|------------------|---------|
| R80CR-9A | High idle | 20±5 | - | |

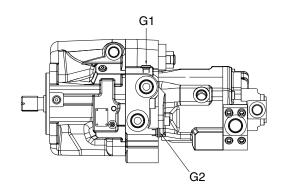
17) SYSTEM PRESSURE REGULATOR RELIEF SETTING

(1) Preparation

- ① Stop the engine.
- ② Push the pressure release button to bleed air.
- ③ To measure the system relief pressure. Install a connector and pressure gauge assembly main pump gauge port, as shown.
- Start the engine and check for oil leakage from the port.
- ⑤ Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

(2) Measurement

- Slowly operate each control lever of boom, arm and bucket functions at full stroke over relief and measure the pressure.
- ② In the swing function, place bucket against an immovable object and measure the relief pressure.
- ③ In the travel function, lock undercarriage with an immovable object and measure the relief pressure.



80CR96MC17

(3) Evaluation

The average measured pressure should be within the following specifications.

| Model | Function to be tested | Standard | Port relief setting |
|----------|-----------------------|----------|---------------------|
| | Boom, Arm, Bucket | 280±10 | 310±10 |
| R80CR-9A | Travel | 280±10 | - |
| | Swing | 230±10 | - |

GROUP 2 MAJOR COMPONENT

1. MAIN PUMP

Before inspection, wash the parts well and dry them completely.

Inspect the principal parts with care and replace them with new parts when any abnormal wear exceeding the allowable limit or damage considered harmful is found.

Replace the seal also when any remarkable deformation and damage are found.

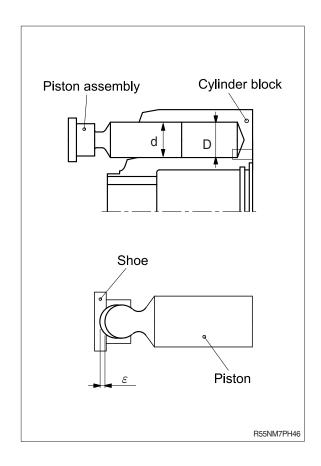
1) PISTON ASSEMBLY AND CYLINDER BLOCK

- Check the appearance visually.
 No damage, scouring, abnormal wear (particularly, in the slide portion) should be found.
- (2) Check the clearance between the piston outside dia and cylinder block inside dia. $D-d \le 0.050 \text{ mm}$

2) PISTON SHOE AND PISTON

(1) Check the axial play of the piston and piston shoe.

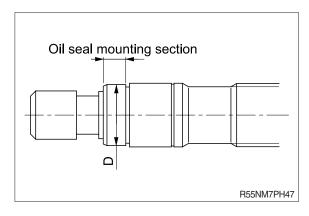
 $\varepsilon \leq 0.2 \ \mathrm{mm}$



3) SHAFT

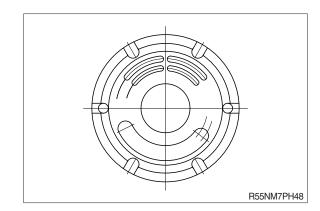
(1) Check the wear amount of the oil seal mounting section.

Wear mount $\leq 0.025 \, \text{mm}$



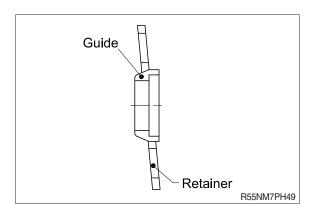
4) CONTROL PLATE

(1) Check the slide surface for any damage. When the damage is large, replace the plate with new one.



5) GUIDE AND RETAINER

- Check for scouring or stepped wear.
 If this can not be corrected, replace the guide and retainer with new full-set.
- (2) Fine scouring or damage can be corrected with lapping. Carry out thorough washing after lapping.



2. MAIN CONTROL VALVE

| Part name | Inspection item | Criteria & measure |
|---------------------|--|--|
| Block | Existence of scratch, rusting or corrosion. | · In case of damage in following section, replace part. |
| | | Sliding sections of casing fore and spool, especially land sections applied with holded pressure. Seal pocket section where spool is inserted. Seal section of port where O-ring contacts. Seal section of each relief valve for main, travel, and port. Other damages that may damage normal functions. |
| Spool | Existence of scratch, gnawing, rusting or corrosion. | Replacement when its outside sliding section has scratch (especially on seals-contacting section). |
| | O-ring seal sections at both ends. | Replacement when its sliding section has scratch. |
| | Insert spool in casing hole, rotate and reciprocate it. | Correction or replacement when O-ring is damaged or when spool does not move smoothly. |
| Poppet | Damage of poppet or spring | Correction or replacement when sealing is incomplete. |
| | Insert poppet into casing and function it. | Normal when it can function lightly without being caught. |
| Around spring | Rusting, corrosion, deformation or breaking of spring, spring seat, plug or cover. | · Replacement for significant damage. |
| Around seal | · External oil leakage. | · Correction or replacement. |
| for spool | Rusting, corrosion or deformation of seal plate. | · Correction or replacement. |
| Main relief valve & | · External rusting or damage. | · Replacement. |
| port relief valve | · Contacting face of valve seat. | · Replacement when damaged. |
| | · Contacting face of poppet. | · Replacement when damaged. |
| | · Abnormal spring. | · Replacement. |
| | · O-rings, back up rings and seals. | · 100% replacement in general. |

3. SWING MOTOR

1) POSSIBLE REASONS FOR THE TROUBLE AND ITS COUNTERMEASURES

| Trouble | F | Possible reasons | Countermeasure |
|----------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| | Deliaforator | Setting pressure is too low. | Replace the relif valve |
| | Relief valve | Faulty operation. | assembly. |
| Motor does not move. | I badan da anata | Burned inner parts. | Replace the hydraulic motor |
| The supplied pressure is enough. | Hydraulic motor | Too much internal leakage. | assembly. |
| chough. | Reduction gear | Damage to the gears. | Replace the reduction gear assembly. |
| | Overload | - | Remove the overload. |
| | Doliof volvo | Setting pressure is too low. | Replace the relief valve |
| | Relief valve | Faulty operation. | assembly. |
| Inoufficient torque | Uvdraulia matar | Burned sliding parts. | Replace the hydraulic motor |
| Insufficient torque | Hydraulic motor | Too much internal leakage. | assembly. |
| | Poduction goar | Damage to the gears. | Replace the pinion kit, carrier |
| | Reduction gear | Damage to bearings. | kit. |
| | Cavitation noise | Insufficient flow. | Adjust the piping. |
| | Hydraulic motor | Damage to sliding parts. | Replace the hydraulic motor assembly. |
| Abnormal noise | Deduction good | Damage to the gears. | Replace the pinion kit, carrier |
| | Reduction gear | Damage to bearings | kit. |
| | Pinion gear | Damage to the gear surface. | Replace the pinion kit. |
| | Dody woolset | Damage to O-rings. | Replace the O-ring |
| Oil leakage | Body gasket | Loose bolts. | Re-tighten the loose bolts. |
| | Pinion gear | Damage to oil seal. | Replace the pinion kit. |
| Delay in start up, or delay | Relief valve | Faulty operation. | Replace the relief valve assembly. |
| in stopping | Check valve | Internal leakage. | Replace the body H kit. |
| | Hydraulic motor | Burned or damaged sliding parts. | Replace the hydraulic motor assembly. |
| Excessive heat generation | | Damage to the gears. | Replace the pinion kit, carrier |
| | Reduction gear | Damage to bearings | kit. |

2) STANDARD FOR PARTS INSPECTION

(1) Reduction gear section

| Part | Extent of the damage | Inspection standa | ard | Action |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|----------|--------------------------|
| A internal gear | Excessive wear of the surface | Pitching area 5% or more of the gear surface | Pitching | Replace the pinion kit. |
| Carrier 1 Carrier 2 | Damage to spline section | By visual | | Replace the carrier kit. |
| S1 gear S2 gear | Excessive wear of the surface | Pitching area 5% or more of the gear surface | Pitching | Replace the carrier kit. |
| b1 gear b2 gear | Excessive wear of the bearing surface | By visual pitching, flaking | | |
| Ring | Excessive wear of the bearing surface | By visual pitching, flaking | | Replace the carrier kit. |
| Roller | Excessive wear of the bearing surface | By visual pitching, flaking | 0,1/1 | Replace the carrier kit. |
| Other (O-ring, screw, etc.) | Damage, excessive rust | - | | Replace each part. |

(2) Hydraulic motor section

| Part | Extent of the damage | Inspection standard | Action |
|-----------------------------|--|--|---------------------------------------|
| Shaft | Excessive wear of the spline section | Worn depth : 25 μ m or more | Replace the hydraulic motor assembly. |
| Cylinder barrel | Excessive wear to the sliding surface of the valve plate | Worn depth : 20 μ m or more | Replace the cylinder barrel kit. |
| Valve plate | Excessive wear to the sliding surface of the cylinder barrel | Worn depth : 20 μ m or more | Replace the cylinder barrel kit. |
| Piston shoe | Wear of joint section of shoe | Play of piston and shoe : 0.3 mm or more by hand operation | Replace the cylinder barrel kit. |
| Swash plate | Excessive wear to the sliding surface of the shoe | Worn depth: 0.1 mm or more | Replace the swash plate kit. |
| Other (O-ring, screw, etc.) | Damage, excessive rust | - | Replace each part. |

4. TRAVEL DEVICE

| Part name | Check point | Standard dimension | Maximum allowable value (criteria) | Remedy |
|--|---|--------------------------|--|---|
| Piston assy (13) | Play between piston and slipper | $\delta=$ 0.1 mm | δ < 0.5 mm | Replace 9 sets of piston assy |
| Piston assy (B) and cylinder block (8) | Clearance/diameter between piston diameter and cylinder bore (δ 1 + δ 2) | 0.03 mm | < 0.07 mm | Replace the set of 1 cylinder barrel and 9 piston assys |
| Slipper | Height of the plate | Height H 5 mm | Height H < 4.6 mm | Replace 9 sets of piston assy |
| Retainer (11) | Wear | | Wear depth δ < 0.2mm | Replace |
| Swash plate (7) | Condition of sliding surface | Roughness < Ra 0.2µ m | Roughness < Ra 1.6µ m | Replace |

| Part name | Check point | Standard dimension | Maximum allowable value (criteria) | Remedy |
|--------------------------------|---|--------------------------|---|---|
| Shaft (3) | Spline sections (con- nected to cylinder barrel, and bear part) | - | No abnormality such as crack, chipping, nonuni- formly wear-ing out, etc. | Replace |
| Bearings (4), (45), (63), (72) | Rolling surface | - | No flaking or other abnormal damage on the rolling surf-ace | Replace |
| Oil seal (2) | Seal lip | - | No damage or partial wear | Replace |
| O-rings, Back-up rings | - | - | - | In reassembling, they should be replaced with new ones even if no abnormality is det- ected. |
| Cylinder block (8) | Condition of the surface sliding with valve plate | Roughness < Ra 0.2μ m | Roughness < Ra 0.8μ m | Replace the set of cylinder barrel and valve plate |
| Valve plate (12) | Condition of sliding surface | Roughness < Ra 0.4μ m | Roughness < Ra 1.6μ m | Replace the set of cyli-nder barrel and valve plate |

5. TURNING JOINT

| | Part name | Maintenance standards | Remedy |
|---------------|--|---|-----------------------|
| Body, Stem | Sliding surface with sealing sections. | Plating worn or peeled due to seizure or contamination. | Replace |
| | Sliding surface between body and stem other than | Worn abnormality or damaged more than 0.1 mm (0.0039 in) in depth due to seizure contamination. | Replace |
| | sealing section. | Damaged more than 0.1 mm (0.0039 in) in depth. | Smooth with oilstone. |
| | Sliding surface with thrust plate. | · Worn more than 0.5 mm (0.02 in) or abnormality. | Replace |
| | tiliusi piate. | · Worn less than 0.5 mm (0.02 in). | Smooth |
| | | Damage due to seizure or contamination remediable within wear limit (0.5 mm) (0.02 in). | Smooth |
| Cover | Sliding surface with | Worn more than 0.5 mm (0.02 in) or abnormality. | Replace |
| | thrust plate. | · Worn less than 0.5 mm (0.02 in). | Smooth |
| | | Damage due to seizure or contamination remediable within wear limit (0.5 mm) (0.02 in). | Replace |
| Seal set | - | Extruded excessively from seal groove square ring. Extrusion Square ring | Replace |
| | - | Slipper ring 1.5 mm (0.059 in) narrower than seal groove, or narrower than back ring. 1.5 mm (max.) (0.059 in) | Replace |
| | - | • Worn more than 0.5 mm (0.02 in) ~ 1.5 mm (MAX.) (0.059 in) | Replace |

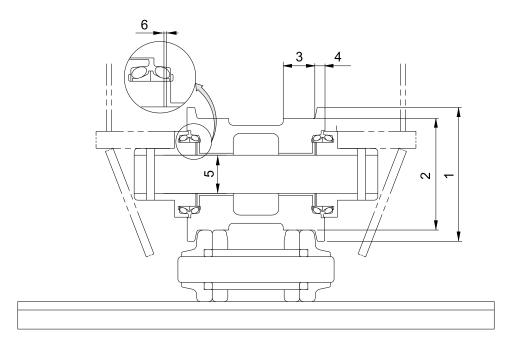
6. CYLINDER

| Part name | Inspecting section | Inspection item | Remedy | |
|---------------|---|--|--|--|
| Piston rod | · Neck of rod pin | · Presence of crack | · Replace | |
| | · Weld on rod hub | · Presence of crack | · Replace | |
| | Stepped part to which piston is attached. | · Presence of crack | · Replace | |
| | · Threads | · Presence of crack | · Recondition or replace | |
| | Plated surface | Plating is not worn off to base metal. | · Replace or replate | |
| | | · Rust is not present on | · Replace or replate | |
| | | plating. | · Recondition, replate or | |
| | | · Scratches are not present. | replace | |
| | · Rod | · Wear of O.D. | Recondition, replate or replace | |
| | · Bushing at mounting part | · Wear of I.D. | · Replace | |
| Cylinder tube | · Weld on bottom | · Presence of crack | · Replace | |
| | · Weld on head | · Presence of crack | · Replace | |
| | · Weld on hub | · Presence of crack | · Replace | |
| | · Tube interior | · Presence of faults | · Replace if oil leak is seen | |
| | · Bushing at mounting part | · Wear on inner surface | · Replace | |
| Gland | Bushing | · Flaw on inner surface | Replace if flaw is deeper than coating | |

GROUP 3 TRACK AND WORK EQUIPMENT

1. TRACK

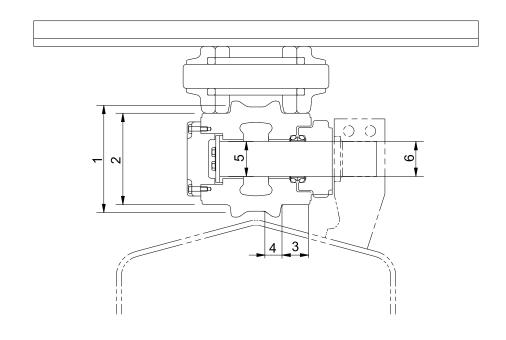
1) TRACK ROLLER



80CR96MC21

| No. | Check item | | Criteria | | | | | |
|-----|------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|--------------|--------------------|--|--|
| 1 | 1 Outside diameter of flares | | Standard size | | Repair limit | | | |
| ' | Outside diameter of flange | Ø | 149 | - | | | | |
| 2 | Outside diameter of tread | ø 125 | | ø 115 | | Rebuild or replace | | |
| 3 | Width of tread | 35 | | 40 | | | | |
| 4 | Width of flange | 13 | | - | | | | |
| | Clearance between shaft | Standard size & tolerance | | Standard | Clearance | | | |
| 5 | | Shaft | Hole | clearance | limit | Replace | | |
| | and bushing | ø 40 0 -0.03 | ø 40 +0.3 +0.25 | 0.25 to 0.33 | 2.0 | bushing | | |
| 6 | Side clearance of roller | Standard clearance | | Clearance limit | | Davida e a | | |
| 0 | (both side) | 0.3 | ~0.9 | 2.0 | | Replace | | |

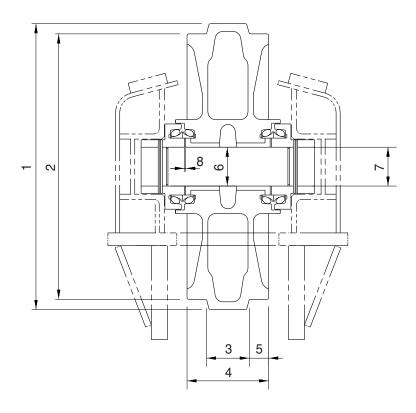
2) CARRIER ROLLER



80CR96MC20

| No. | Check item | | Criteria | | | | | |
|-----|---------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|---------------|-----------|--------------------|--|--|
| 4 | Outside diameter of florage | Standard size | | Repa | | | | |
| | Outside diameter of flange | Ø | 115 | - | | Rebuild or | | |
| 2 | Outside diameter of tread | Ø | ø 95 | | ø 85 | | | |
| 3 | Width of tread | 31 | | 35 | | replace | | |
| 4 | Width of flange | 11 | | - | | | | |
| | | Standard siz | e & Tolerance | Standard | Clearance | | | |
| 5 | 5 Clearance between shaft and bushing | Shaft | Bushing | clearance | limit | | | |
| | | ø 38 0 -0.03 | ø 38 +0.35 +0.3 | 0.3 ~ 0.38 | 2.0 | Replace bushing | | |
| | Clearance between shaft | Shaft | Support | 0.0 | | or shaft | | |
| 6 | and support | ø 38 -0.2 -0.3 | ø 38 +0.3 +0.1 | | 1.2 | | | |

3) IDLER

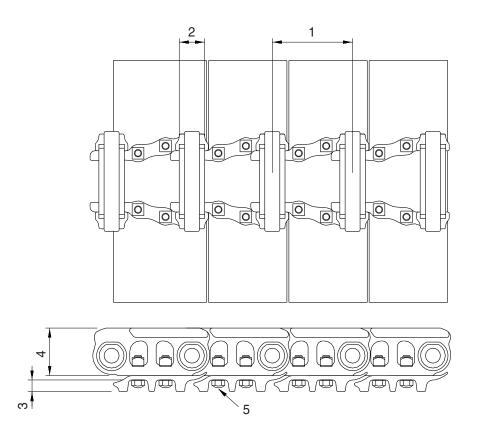


21037MS03

| No. | Check item | | Criteria | | | | | |
|-----|---------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|--------------|------------|--|--|
| 1 | 4 Outside discussion of mustumaism | | Standard size | | Repair limit | | | |
| | Outside diameter of protrusion | Ø | 440 | - | | Rebuild or | | |
| 2 | Outside diameter of tread | Ø | 410 | ø 400 | | | | |
| 3 | Width of protrusion | 4 | 10 | | - | replace | | |
| 4 | Total width | 100 | | - | | | | |
| 5 | Width of tread | 30 | | 35 | | | | |
| | 6 Clearance between shaft and bushing | Standard siz | Standard size & Tolerance | | Clearance | | | |
| 6 | | Shaft | Bushing | clearance | limit | Replace | | |
| | | ø 60 0 -0.03 | ø 60.3 +0.08 +0.03 | 0.33~0.41 | 2.0 | bushing | | |
| 7 | Clearance between shaft and support | ø 60 0 -0.03 | ø 60 +0.07 +0.03 | 0.03~0.1 | 1.2 | Replace | | |
| 0 | Side clearance of idler | Standard clearance | | Clearance limit | | Replace | | |
| 8 | (both side) | 0.35 | 5~1.3 | 2.0 | | bushing | | |

4) TRACK

(1) Steel track

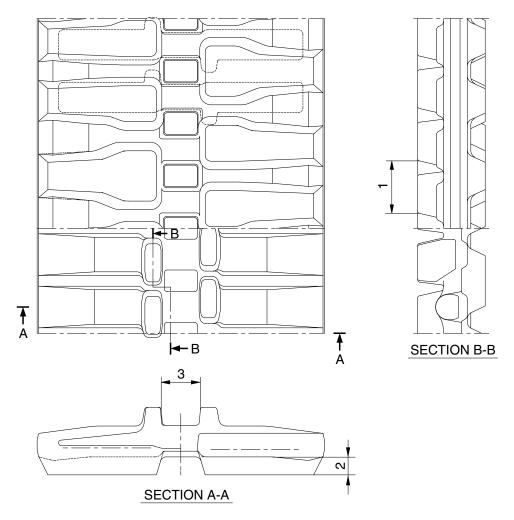


21037MS04

Unit:mm

| No. | Check item | Crit | Remedy | | |
|-----|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------|--------------------|--|
| 4 | Linknitoh | Standard size Repair limit | | Turn or | |
| | Link pitch | 154 | 158.3 | replace | |
| 2 | Outside diameter of bushing | ø 41.3 | ø 34.3 | | |
| 3 | Height of grouser | 20 | 10 | Rebuild or replace | |
| 4 | Height of link | 74 | 66 | | |
| 5 | Tightening torque | Initial tightening torqu | Retighten | | |

(2) Rubber track

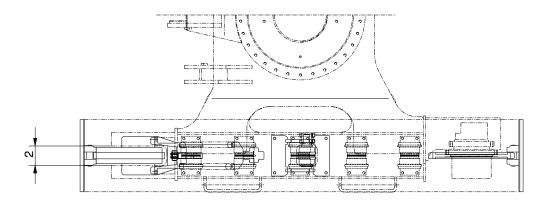


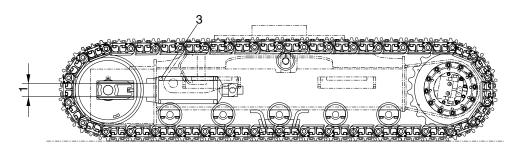
R5576MC17

Unit: mm

| No. | Check item | | Remedy | | |
|-----------------|-------------------|---------------|--------|--------------|---------|
| No. Crieck item | Offect item | Standard size | | Repair limit | nemeuy |
| 1 | Link pitch | 83.5 | ±1.0 | 87 | |
| 2 | Height of grouser | 30 | - | 5 | Replace |
| 3 | Width of link | 52 | - | 70 | |

5) TRACK FRAME AND RECOIL SPRING



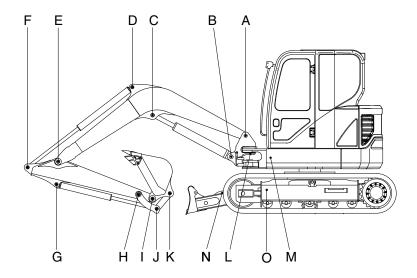


7077MS20

Unit: mm

| No. | Check item | | Criteria | | | | | |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|---------|--------------|----------------|----------------------|--------------------|
| | | | Standard | d size | Tole | rance | Repair limit | |
| 1 Vertical width of idle | Vertical width of idler guide | Track frame | e 92 | | | +2 0 | 96 | |
| | | Idler suppo | rt 90 | 90 | | -0 -1.5 | 87 | Rebuild or replace |
| 2 | Horizontal width of idler guide | I Irack trame □ 1/2 □ | | +2 0 | 176 | | | |
| | _ | Idler suppor | er support 170 | | - | 168 | | |
| | | | Standard size | | Repair limit | | | |
| 3 | Recoil spring | Free length | Installation length | Install | | Free length | Installation load | Replace |
| | | ø 170×370 | 320 | 5,08 | 3 kg | - | 4,174 kg | |

2. WORK EQUIPMENT



80CR96MC22

Unit:mm

| | | | Pi | in | Bus | Daniel | |
|------|--------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|
| Mark | Measuring point (Pin and Bushing) | Normal value | Recomm. service limit | Limit of use | Recomm. service limit | Limit of use | Remedy & Remark |
| Α | Boom rear | 65 | 64 | 63.5 | 65.5 | 66 | Replace |
| В | Boom cylinder head | 65 | 64 | 63.5 | 65.5 | 66 | " |
| С | Boom cylinder rod | 65 | 64 | 63.5 | 65.5 | 66 | " |
| D | Arm cylinder head | 65 | 64 | 63.5 | 65.5 | 66 | " |
| Е | Boom front | 65 | 64 | 63.5 | 65.5 | 66 | " |
| F | Arm cylinder rod | 65 | 64 | 63.5 | 65.5 | 66 | " |
| G | Bucket cylinder head | 50 | 49 | 48.5 | 50.5 | 51 | " |
| Н | Arm link | 55 | 54 | 53.5 | 55.5 | 56 | " |
| 1 | Bucket and arm link | 55 | 54 | 53.5 | 55.5 | 56 | " |
| J | Bucket cylinder rod | 55 | 54 | 53.5 | 55.5 | 56 | " |
| K | Bucket link | 55 | 54 | 53.5 | 55.5 | 56 | " |
| L | Boom swing post | 110 | 109 | 108.5 | 110.5 | 111 | " |
| М | Boom swing cylinder | 65 | 64 | 63.5 | 65.5 | 66 | " |
| N | Blade cylinder | 65 | 64 | 63.5 | 65.5 | 66 | " |
| 0 | Blade and frame link | 55 | 54 | 53.5 | 55.5 | 56 | " |