SECTION 7 DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY

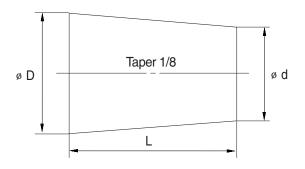
| Group | 1 | Precaution | 7-1 |
|-------|----|-------------------------------|-------|
| Group | 2 | Tightening Torque | 7-4 |
| Group | 3 | Pump Device ······ | 7-7 |
| Group | 4 | Main Control Valve | 7-42 |
| Group | 5 | Swing Device | 7-66 |
| Group | 6 | Travel Device | 7-88 |
| Group | 7 | RCV Lever ····· | 7-112 |
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| Group | 10 | Undercarriage | 7-150 |
| Group | 11 | Work Equipment | 7-162 |
| | | | |

GROUP 1 PRECAUTIONS

1. REMOVAL WORK

- 1) Lower the work equipment completely to the ground. If the coolant contains antifreeze, dispose of it correctly.
- 2) After disconnecting hoses or tubes, cover them or fit blind plugs to prevent dirt or dust from entering.
- 3) When draining oil, prepare a container of adequate size to catch the oil.
- 4) Confirm the match marks showing the installation position, and make match marks in the necessary places before removal to prevent any mistake when assembling.
- 5) To prevent any excessive force from being applied to the wiring, always hold the connectors when disconnecting the connectors.
- 6) Fit wires and hoses with tags to show their installation position to prevent any mistake when installing.
- 7) Check the number and thickness of the shims, and keep in a safe place.
- 8) When raising components, be sure to use lifting equipment of ample strength.
- 9) When using forcing screws to remove any components, tighten the forcing screws alternately.
- 10) Before removing any unit, clean the surrounding area and fit a cover to prevent any dust or dirt from entering after removal.
- 11) When removing hydraulic equipment, first release the remaining pressure inside the hydraulic tank and the hydraulic piping.
- 12) If the part is not under hydraulic pressure, the following corks can be used.

| Nominal | | Dimensions | |
|---------|----|------------|----|
| number | D | d | L |
| 06 | 6 | 5 | 8 |
| 08 | 8 | 6.5 | 11 |
| 10 | 10 | 8.5 | 12 |
| 12 | 12 | 10 | 15 |
| 14 | 14 | 11.5 | 18 |
| 16 | 16 | 13.5 | 20 |
| 18 | 18 | 15 | 22 |
| 20 | 20 | 17 | 25 |
| 22 | 22 | 18.5 | 28 |
| 24 | 24 | 20 | 30 |
| 27 | 27 | 22.5 | 34 |



2. INSTALL WORK

- 1) Tighten all bolts and nuts(Sleeve nuts) to the specified torque.
- 2) Install the hoses without twisting or interference.
- 3) Replace all gaskets, O-rings, cotter pins, and lock plates with new parts.
- 4) Bend the cotter pin or lock plate securely.
- 5) When coating with adhesive, clean the part and remove all oil and grease, then coat the threaded portion with 2-3 drops of adhesive.
- 6) When coating with gasket sealant, clean the surface and remove all oil and grease, check that there is no dirt or damage, then coat uniformly with gasket sealant.
- 7) Clean all parts, and correct any damage, dents, burrs, or rust.
- 8) Coat rotating parts and sliding parts with engine oil.
- 9) When press fitting parts, coat the surface with antifriction compound(LM-P).
- 10) After installing snap rings, check that the snap ring is fitted securely in the ring groove(Check that the snap ring moves in the direction of rotation).
- 11) When connecting wiring connectors, clean the connector to remove all oil, dirt, or water, then connect securely.
- 12) When using eyebolts, check that there is no deformation or deterioration, and screw them in fully.
- 13) When tightening split flanges, tighten uniformly in turn to prevent excessive tightening on one side.
- 14) When operating the hydraulic cylinders for the first time after repairing and reassembling the hydraulic cylinders, pumps, or other hydraulic equipment or piping, always bleed the air from the hydraulic cylinders as follows:
- (1) Start the engine and run at low idling.
- (2) Operate the control lever and actuate the hydraulic cylinder 4-5 times, stopping 100mm before the end of the stroke.
- (3) Next, operate the piston rod to the end of its stroke to relieve the circuit. (The air bleed valve is actuated to bleed the air.)
- (4) After completing this operation, raise the engine speed to the normal operating condition.
- * If the hydraulic cylinder has been replaced, carry out this procedure before assembling the rod to the work equipment.
- * Carry out the same operation on machines that have been in storage for a long time after completion of repairs.

3. COMPLETING WORK

- 1) If the coolant has been drained, tighten the drain valve, and add water to the specified level. Run the engine to circulate the water through the system. Then check the water level again.
- 2) If the hydraulic equipment has been removed and installed again, add engine oil to the specified level. Run the engine to circulate the oil through the system. Then check the oil level again.
- 3) If the piping or hydraulic equipment, such as hydraulic cylinders, pumps, or motors, have been removed for repair, always bleed the air from the system after reassembling the parts.
- 4) Add the specified amount of grease(Molybdenum disulphied grease) to the work equipment related parts.

GROUP 2 TIGHTENING TORQUE

1. MAJOR COMPONENTS

| Ne | Descriptions | | Bolt size | Torque | | |
|-----|---------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------|----------|-----------|--|
| No. | | Descriptions | | kgf · m | lbf ⋅ ft | |
| 1 | | Engine mounting bolt (engine-bracket) | M10 × 1.5 | 6.9±1.0 | 50±7.2 | |
| 2 | Engino | Engine mounting bolt (bracket-frame) | M16 × 2.0 | 25±2.5 | 181±18.1 | |
| 3 | Engine | Radiator mounting bolt, nut | M12 × 1.75 | 12.8±3.0 | 92.6±21.7 | |
| 4 | | Coupling mounting bolt | M14 $	imes$ 2.0 | 14±1.0 | 101±7.2 | |
| 5 | | Main pump mounting bolt | M12 × 1.75 | 12±1.0 | 86.8±7.2 | |
| 6 | | Main control valve mounting bolt | M 8 × 1.25 | 3.4±0.7 | 24.6±5.0 | |
| 7 | Hydraulic system | Fuel tank mounting bolt | M16 × 2.0 | 29.7±4.5 | 215±32.5 | |
| 8 | eyeteni | Hydraulic oil tank mounting bolt | M16 × 2.0 | 29.7±4.5 | 215±32.5 | |
| 9 | | Turning joint mounting bolt, nut | M12 × 1.75 | 12.3±1.3 | 89±9.4 | |
| 10 | | Swing motor mounting bolt | M16 × 2.0 | 29.7±4.5 | 215±32.5 | |
| 11 | Power train | Swing bearing upper mounting bolt | M16 $	imes$ 2.0 | 29.7±3.0 | 215±21.7 | |
| 12 | system | Swing bearing lower mounting bolt | M16 × 2.0 | 29.7±3.0 | 215±21.7 | |
| 13 | | Travel motor mounting bolt | M16 × 2.0 | 23±2.5 | 166±18.1 | |
| 14 | | Sprocket mounting bolt | M16 × 2.0 | 29.7±3.0 | 215±21.7 | |
| 15 | | Carrier roller mounting bolt, nut | M16 × 2.0 | 29.7±3.0 | 215±21.7 | |
| 16 | Under carriage | Track roller mounting bolt | M14 × 2.0 | 19.6±2.0 | 142±14.5 | |
| 17 | carnage | Track tension cylinder mounting bolt | M16 × 2.0 | 29.7±3.0 | 215±21.7 | |
| 18 | | Track shoe mounting bolt, nut | M14 × 1.5 | 25.5±2.5 | 184±18.1 | |
| 19 | | Counter weight mounting bolt | M27 × 3.0 | 140±15 | 1013±108 | |
| 20 | Others | Cab mounting bolt, nut | M12 × 1.75 | 12.2±1.3 | 88.2±9.4 | |
| 21 | | Operator's seat mounting bolt | M 8 × 1.25 | 1.17±0.5 | 8.5±3.6 | |

2. TORQUE CHART

Use following table for unspecified torque.

1) BOLT AND NUT

(1) Coarse thread

| Bolt size | 8T | | 1 | от |
|------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| DOIL SIZE | kg∙m | lb ⋅ ft | kg∙m | lb ⋅ ft |
| M 6×1.0 | 0.85 ~ 1.25 | 6.15 ~ 9.04 | 1.14 ~ 1.74 | 8.2 ~ 12.6 |
| M 8×1.25 | 2.0 ~ 3.0 | 14.5 ~ 21.7 | 2.7 ~ 4.1 | 19.5 ~ 29.7 |
| M10 × 1.5 | 4.0 ~ 6.0 | 28.9 ~ 43.4 | 5.5 ~ 8.3 | 39.8 ~ 60 |
| M12 × 1.75 | 7.4 ~ 11.2 | 53.5 ~ 81.0 | 9.8 ~ 15.8 | 70.9 ~ 114 |
| M14 × 2.0 | 12.2 ~ 16.6 | 88.2 ~ 120 | 16.7 ~ 22.5 | 121 ~ 163 |
| M16 × 2.0 | 18.6 ~ 25.2 | 135 ~ 182 | 25.2 ~ 34.2 | 182 ~ 247 |
| M18 × 2.5 | 25.8 ~ 35.0 | 187 ~ 253 | 35.1 ~ 47.5 | 254 ~ 344 |
| M20 × 2.5 | 36.2 ~ 49.0 | 262 ~ 354 | 49.2 ~ 66.6 | 356 ~ 482 |
| M22 × 2.5 | 48.3 ~ 63.3 | 349 ~ 458 | 65.8 ~ 98.0 | 476 ~ 709 |
| M24 × 3.0 | 62.5 ~ 84.5 | 452 ~ 611 | 85.0 ~ 115 | 615 ~ 832 |
| M30 × 3.0 | 124 ~ 168 | 898 ~ 1214 | 169 ~ 229 | 1223 ~ 1656 |
| M36 × 4.0 | 174 ~ 236 | 1261 ~ 1704 | 250 ~ 310 | 1808 ~ 2242 |

(2) Fine thread

| Bolt size | 8 | 3T | 1 | от |
|------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| DOIL SIZE | kg∙m | lb∙ft | kg∙m | lb∙ft |
| M 8×1.0 | 2.2 ~ 3.4 | 15.9 ~ 24.6 | 3.0 ~ 4.4 | 21.7 ~ 31.8 |
| M10 × 1.2 | 4.5 ~ 6.7 | 32.5 ~ 48.5 | 5.9 ~ 8.9 | 42.7 ~ 64.4 |
| M12 × 1.25 | 7.8 ~ 11.6 | 56.4 ~ 83.9 | 10.6 ~ 16.0 | 76.7 ~ 116 |
| M14 × 1.5 | 13.3 ~ 18.1 | 96.2 ~ 131 | 17.9 ~ 24.1 | 130 ~ 174 |
| M16 × 1.5 | 19.9 ~ 26.9 | 144 ~ 195 | 26.6 ~ 36.0 | 192 ~ 260 |
| M18 × 1.5 | 28.6 ~ 43.6 | 207 ~ 315 | 38.4 ~ 52.0 | 278 ~ 376 |
| M20 × 1.5 | 40.0 ~ 54.0 | 289 ~ 391 | 53.4 ~ 72.2 | 386 ~ 522 |
| M22 × 1.5 | 52.7 ~ 71.3 | 381 ~ 516 | 70.7 ~ 95.7 | 511 ~ 692 |
| M24 × 2.0 | 67.9 ~ 91.9 | 491 ~ 665 | 90.9 ~ 123 | 658 ~ 890 |
| M30 × 2.0 | 137 ~ 185 | 990 ~ 1339 | 182 ~ 248 | 1314 ~ 1796 |
| M36 × 3.0 | 192 ~ 260 | 1390 ~ 1880 | 262 ~ 354 | 1894 ~ 2562 |

2) PIPE AND HOSE (FLARE type)

| Thread size (PF) | Width across flat (mm) | kgf ∙ m | lbf ⋅ ft |
|------------------|------------------------|---------|----------|
| 1/4" | 19 | 4 | 28.9 |
| 3/8" | 22 | 5 | 36.2 |
| 1/2" | 27 | 9.5 | 68.7 |
| 3/4" | 36 | 18 | 130 |
| 1" | 41 | 21 | 152 |
| 1-1/4" | 50 | 35 | 253 |

3) PIPE AND HOSE (ORFS type)

| Thread size (UNF) | Width across flat (mm) | kgf ∙ m | lbf ⋅ ft |
|-------------------|------------------------|---------|----------|
| 9/16-18 | 19 | 4 | 28.9 |
| 11/16-16 | 22 | 5 | 36.2 |
| 13/16-16 | 27 | 9.5 | 68.7 |
| 1-3/16-12 | 36 | 18 | 130 |
| 1-7/16-12 | 41 | 21 | 152 |
| 1-11/16-12 | 50 | 35 | 253 |

4) FITTING

| Thread size | Width across flat (mm) | kgf ∙ m | lbf ⋅ ft |
|-------------|------------------------|---------|----------|
| 1/4" | 19 | 4 | 28.9 |
| 3/8" | 22 | 5 | 36.2 |
| 1/2" | 27 | 9.5 | 68.7 |
| 3/4" | 36 | 18 | 130 |
| 1" | 41 | 21 | 152 |
| 1-1/4" | 50 | 35 | 253 |

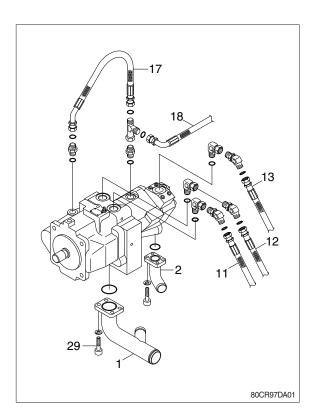
GROUP 3 PUMP DEVICE

1. REMOVAL AND INSTALL

1) REMOVAL

- (1) Lower the work equipment to the ground and stop the engine.
- (2) Operate the control levers and pedals several times to release the remaining pressure in the hydraulic piping
- (3) Loosen the breather slowly to release the pressure inside the hydraulic tank.
- A Escaping fluid under pressure can penetrate the skin causing serious injury.
- (4) Loosen the drain plug under the hydraulic tank and drain the oil from the hydraulic tank.
 - Hydraulic tank quantity : 71 *l* (18.8 U.S.gal)
- (5) Disconnect hydraulic hoses (11, 12, 13, 17, 18).
- (6) Remove bolts (29) and disconnect pump suction pipe (1, 2).
- When pump suction pipe is disconnected, the oil inside the piping will flow out, so catch it in oil pan.
- (7) Sling the pump assembly and remove the pump mounting bolts.
 - Weight : 60 kg (70 lb)
- * Pull out the pump assembly from housing. When removing the pump assembly, check that all the hoses have been disconnected.



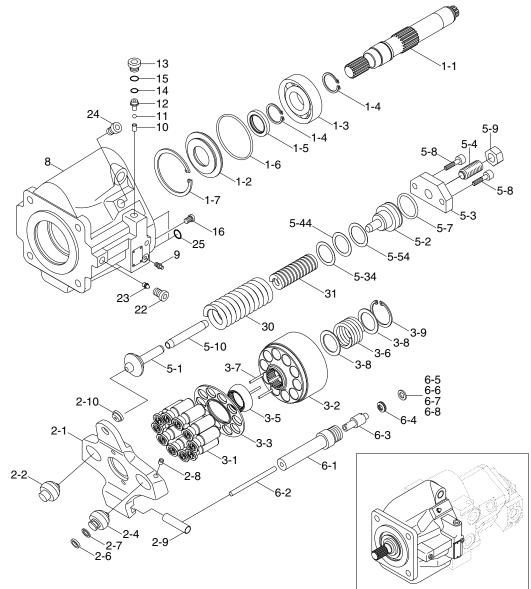


2) INSTALL

- (1) Carry out installation in the reverse order to removal.
- (2) Remove the suction strainer and clean it.
- (3) Replace return filter with new one.
- (4) Remove breather and clean it.
- (5) After adding oil to the hydraulic tank to the specified level.
- (6) Bleed the air from the hydraulic pump.
- ① Loosen the air vent plug.
- ② Start the engine, run at low idling, and check oil come out from plug.
- ③ Tighten plug.
- (7) Start the engine, run at low idling (3~5 minutes) to circulate the oil through the system.
- (8) Confirm the hydraulic oil level and check the hydraulic oil leak or not.

2. MAIN PUMP

1) STRUCTURE (1/3)



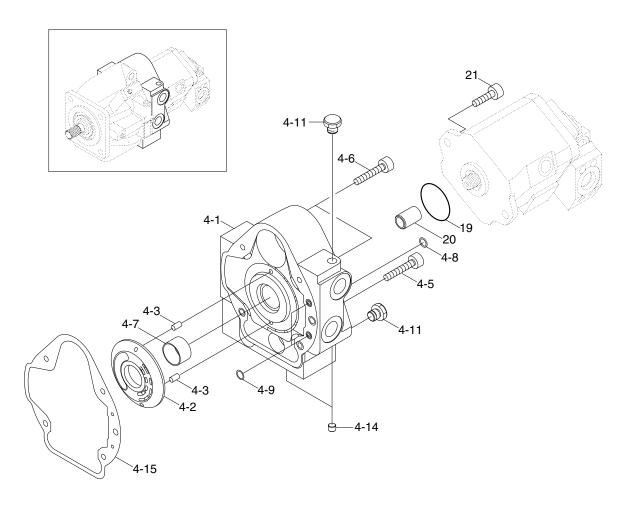
- 1 Shaft assy
- 1-1 Shaft
- 1-2 Seal retainer
- 1-3 Bearing
- 1-4 Retaining ring
- 1-5 Oil seal
- 1-6 O-ring
- 1-7 Retaining ring
- 2 Swash plate assy
- 2-1 Swash plate
- 2-2 Guide
- 2-4 Guide
- 2-6 O-ring
- 2-7 Back up ring
- D/Break off pin 2-8
- 2-9 Pin

- Bushing 2-10 3 Rotary group 3-1 Piston Cylinder block 3-2
- 3-3 Retainer
- 3-5 Guide
- Spring 3-6
- 3-7 Parallel pin
- Spring seat 3-8
- 3-9 Retaining ring
- 5 Spring seat assy
- 5-1 Spring seat
- 5-2 Spring seat
- 5-3 Cover
- Adjust screw 5-4
- O-ring 5-7

| 5-8 | Bolt | 8 | Hous |
|------|---------------------|----|--------|
| 5-9 | Nut | 9 | Air ve |
| 5-10 | Guide | 10 | Bush |
| 5-34 | Shim (0.3T) | 11 | Steel |
| 5-44 | Shim (0.5T) | 12 | Plug |
| 5-54 | Shim (1.0T) | 13 | Plug |
| 6 | Control piston assy | 14 | Pack |
| 6-1 | Cylinder | 15 | Shim |
| 6-2 | Piston | 16 | Plug |
| 6-3 | Piston | 22 | Plug |
| 6-4 | Spring | 23 | Orific |
| 6-5 | Spacer | 24 | Plug |
| 6-6 | Spacer | 25 | Squa |
| 6-7 | Spacer | 30 | Sprin |
| 6-8 | Spacer | 31 | Sprin |

- 80CR97MP100
- sing ent valve ning el ball king n assy се
- are ring
- ng
- ring

STRUCTURE (2/3)



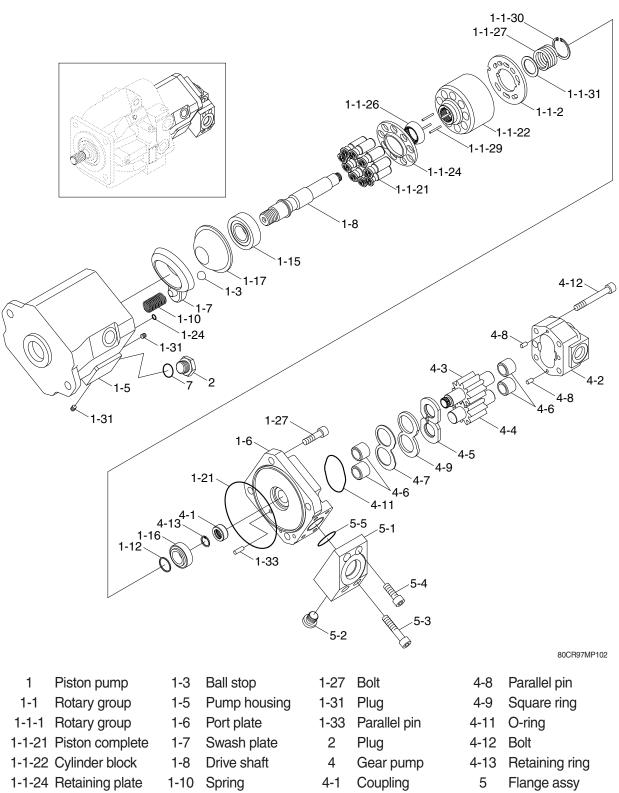
80CR97MP101

- 4 Port plate assy
- 4-1 Cover
- 4-2 Control plate
- 4-3 Parallel pin
- 4-5 Screw

| 4-6 | Screw |
|------|-------------|
| 4-7 | Bearing |
| 4-8 | O-ring |
| 4-9 | Square ring |
| 4-11 | Plug |

- 4-14 Plug4-15 Packing19 O-ring20 Coupling
 - 21 Screw

STRUCTURE (3/3)



- 1-1-26 Retaining ball
- 1-1-27 Spring
- 1-1-29 Pin
- 1-1-30 V-ring
- 1-1-31 Backup plate
- 1-1-2 Control plate
- 1-12 Adjustment shim
- 1-15 Bearing
- Bearing 1-16
- 1-17 Cradle shell
- 1-21 O-ring
- 1-24 Square ring
- 4-2 Housing
- 4-3 Drive gear
- 4-4 Idle gear
- 4-5 Thrust plate
- 4-6 Metal
- 4-7 Back up ring
- 5-1 Flange
- 5-2 Plug
- 5-3 Screw
- 5-4 Screw
- 5-5 O-ring 7 O-ring

3. DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY

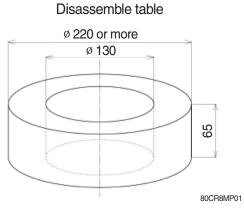
1) NECESSARY TOOLS AND JIGS

The following tools and jigs are necessary to disassemble and assemble the pump.

(1) Tools

| Name | Size (nominal) | Quantity |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------|
| Hexagon socket screw key | 6, 8, 10, 12 | One each |
| Spanner | 27, 32 | One each |
| Screw driver for slotted-head screws | Medium size | 2 |
| Plastic hammer | Medium size | 1 |
| Pliers for retaining ring | For bore use (retaining ring for 80) | 1 |
| Grease | - | Small amount |
| Adhesive | Three bond #1305 | Small amount |

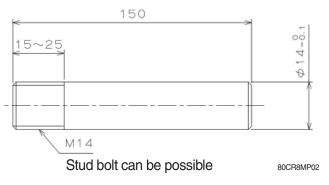
(2) Jigs



* This is a plate to stand the pump facing downward.

A square block may be used if the shaft does not contact.

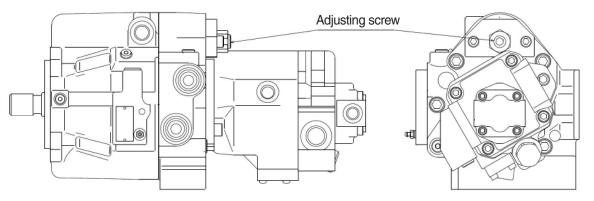
Guide bolt for disassemble and assemble port plate



2) CAUTIONS DURING DISASSEMBLING AND ASSEMBLING

(1) Cautions for disassembling

- 1 Do not loosen adjusting screw unless absolutely necessary.
- $\ensuremath{\textcircled{}}$ Take utmost care during disassembly not to knock or drop each part.
- ③ Special attention is necessary for disassemble port plate, because spring load is very high.



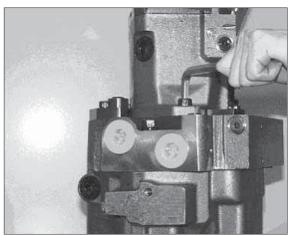
80CR8MP03

(2) Cautions for assembling

- 1 Wash each part thoroughly.
- ② During assembling, take utmost care not to damage the part or allow foreign materials to enter.
- ③ Special attention is necessary for assemble port plate, because spring load is very high.
- ④ As a rule, the O-ring and oil seal should not be reused.
- (5) Apply the grease for each sliding surfaces.
- ⑥ In our assembly work, the torque wrench is used to control the torque. Be sure to use the torque wrench.

3) DISASSEMBLING PROCEDURE (main pump)

- (1) Disassembling the rear pump.
- Remove the hexagon socket head cap screws and plain washers. (M12×30, 2 pieces) Hexagon socket screw key (Hexagon side distance : 10 mm)
- ② Coupling on the port plate side are detached at the same time.

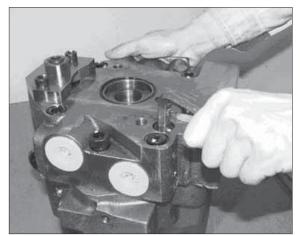


80CR8MP04

- (2) Remove the port plate.
- ① Remove hexagon socket head cap screws.

(M14 \times 70, 4 pieces and M14 \times 65, 1 piece)

Hexagon socket screw key (Hexagon side distance : 12 mm)

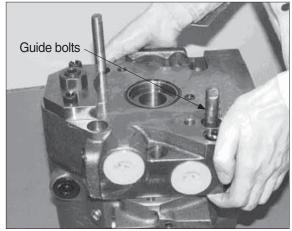


80CR8MP05

2 Install the guide bolts to the port plate.

Be careful because control plate and control piston are on the backside of port plate.

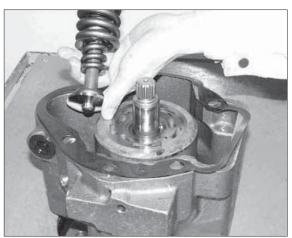
When port plate doesn't come off easily, you can use a plastic hammer lightly.



80CR8MP06

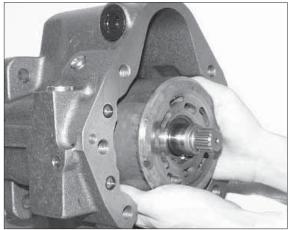
(3) Remove the inside parts.

Remove the gasket, control springs (inner and outer), guide, and spring seat.



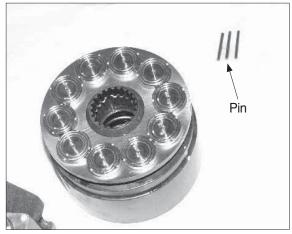
80CR8MP07

- (4) Remove rotary group.
- 1 Push down sideways the pump.
- ② Take out the rotary group with both hands holding retaining plate and piston assembly.



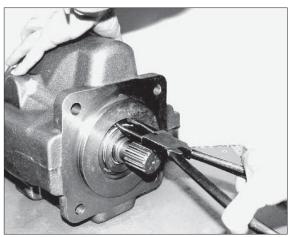
80CR8MP08

 ③ The parallel pins (Ø 3×30, 3 pieces) may remain in the housing, when removing the rotary group.
 Please take out the parallel pins when they were left in the housing.



- (5) Remove the shaft.
- Remove the retaining ring. (For bore use ; 80)

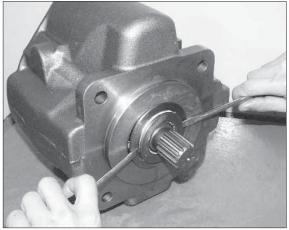
Pliers for retaining rings (For bore use ; retaining ring for 80)



80CR8MP10

② Remove the shaft seal case and O-ring behind the seal case.

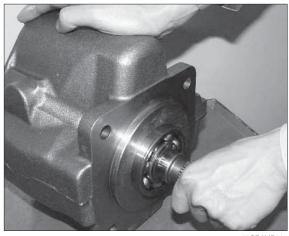
Screwdrivers for slotted-head screws (medium size)



80CR8MP11

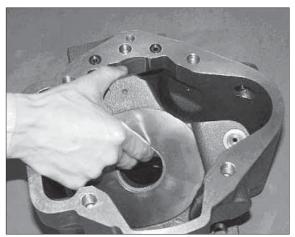
③ Remove the shaft.

When the shaft doesn't come off easily, you can use a plastic hammer and hit a shaft end of backside lightly.

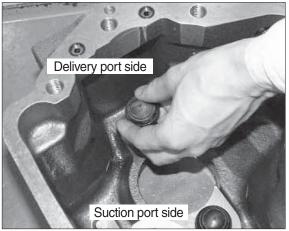


80CR8MP12

(6) Remove the swash plate.



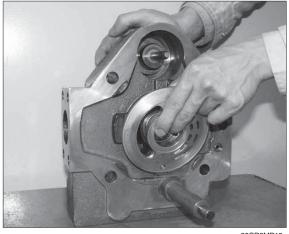
80CR8MP13



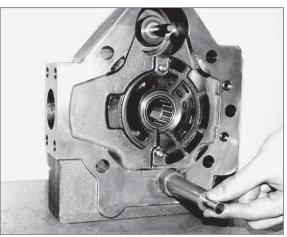
80CR8MP14

(8) Disassemble the port plate. 1 Remove the control plate.

(7) Disassemble the ball guide.



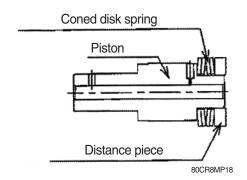
② Remove the control piston assembly. Remove the piston.

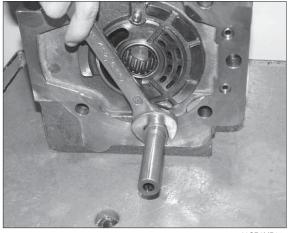


80CR8MP16

- 3 Remove the cylinder.
 - · Spanner (27 mm)

Be careful because piston and coned disk spring and distance piece are in the port plate.





80CR8MP17

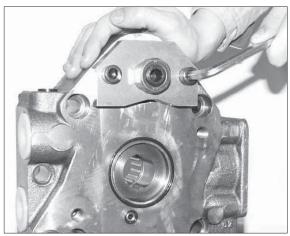
- 4 Remove the spring seat assembly.
- * Only when it is necessary

(The setting changes if the hexagonal nut is loosened.)

Remove the hexagon socket head cap screws.

 $(M10 \times 30, 2 \text{ pieces})$ Hexagon socket screw key (Hexagon side distance : 8 mm)

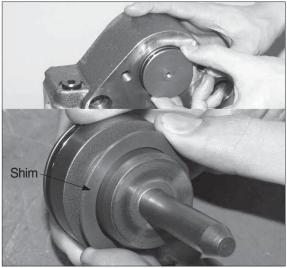
Only when it is necessary



80CR8MP19

 $\ensuremath{\textcircled{5}}$ Remove the spring seat.

Be careful because shim might attach to the spring seat.



4) MAINTENANCE AND SERVICE STANDARD FOR THE MAIN PUMP

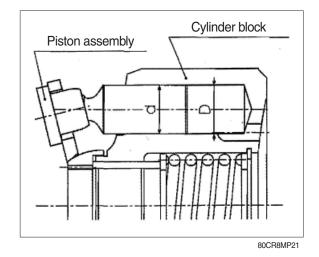
Before inspection wash the parts well and dry them completely.

Inspect the principal parts with care and replace them with new parts when any abnormal wear exceeding the allowable limit or damage considered harmful is found.

Replace the seal also when any remarkable deformation and damage are found.

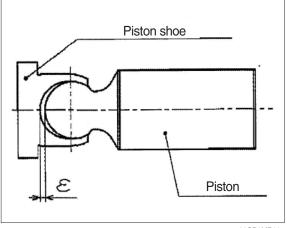
- (1) Piston assembly and cylinder block
 - Check the appearance visualy.
 No damage souring abnormal wear (particularly in the side potion) should be found.
 - Check the clearance between the piston outside dia and the cylinder block inside dia.

 $D\text{-}d \leq 0.06 \text{ mm}$

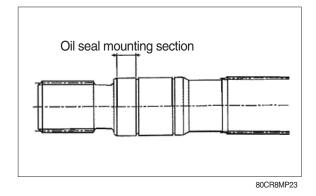


(2) Piston shoe and piston

- Check the piston shoe. $\varepsilon \leq 0.2 \text{ mm}$

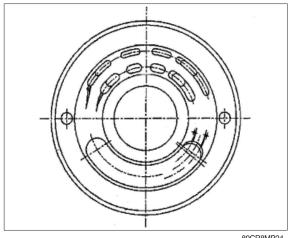


- (3) Shaft
 - Check the wear amount of the oil seal mounting section. Wear amount ≤ 0.025 mm



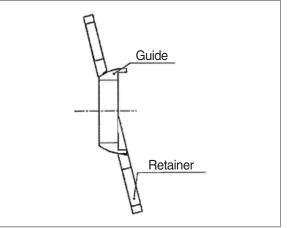
- (4) Control plate
 - Check the slide surface for any damage.

When the damage is large replace the control plate with new one.



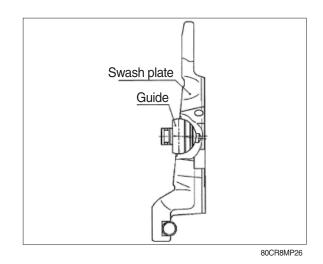
80CR8MP24

- (5) Guide and retainer
 - Check for scouring or stepped wear. If this can not be corrected replace the guide and the retainer as a set.
 - Fine scouring or damage can be corrected with lapping. Carry out through washing after lapping.



80CR8MP25

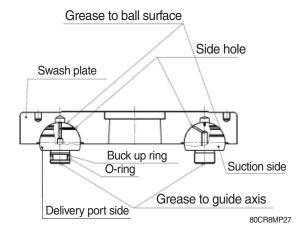
- (6) Guide and swash plate
 - Check for scouring or stepped wear. If this can not be corrected replace the guide and the swash plate as a set.



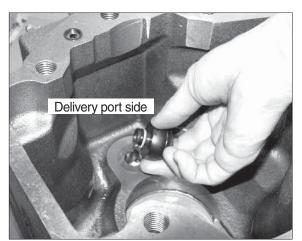
5) ASSEMBLING PROCEDURE (main pump)

- (1) Assemble the swash plate
- Assemble the ball guides to housing. Check the position of O-ring and backup ring.

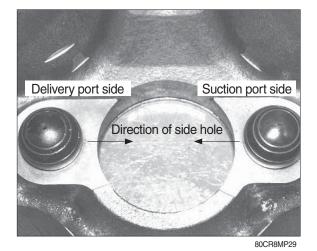
Apply the grease to the guide axis for the dropout prevention.



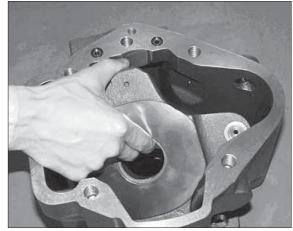
② Fix the position of side holes and apply grease to the whole of ball surfaces.



80CR8MP28



③ Install the swash plate.

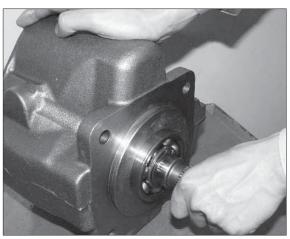


(2) Assemble the shaft

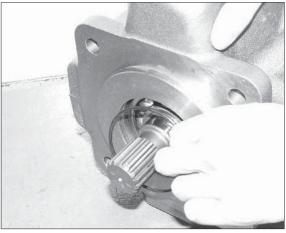
① Install the shaft into the housing with taking care not to drop swash plate out. Fix the bearing outer ring firmly into the housing hole.

When the shaft doesn't build in easily, you can use a plastic hammer and hit a shaft end of front side lightly.

② Apply the grease to O-ring and assemble it.



80CR8MP31



80CR8MP32

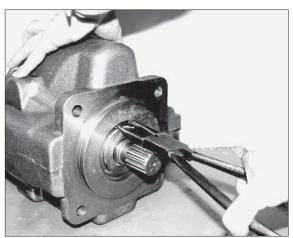
③ Install the oil seal case into the shaft. Apply grease to the oil seal lip beforehand.

Be careful not to damage shaft seal with spline.



④ Assemble the retaining ring. (For bore use ; 80)

Pliers for retaining rings (For bore use ; retaining ring for 80)



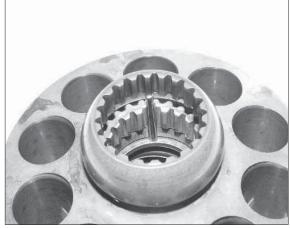
80CR8MP34

- (3) Assemble the rotary group.
- Apply the grease to the parallel pins (ø 3×30, 3 pieces) and install them to the ditch part of spline.



80CR8MP35

② Apply the grease to the surface of retaining ball and assemble it on the pins.

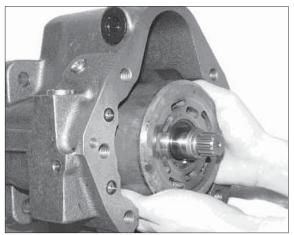


80CR8MP36

③ Apply the grease to the end part of the shoes and assemble the piston assembly into the hole of retaining plate and cylinder block.



80CR8MP37

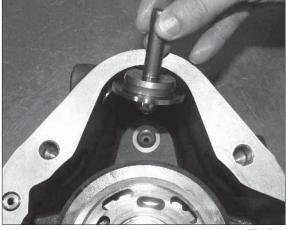


80CR8MP38

(5) Assemble the spring seat assembly.

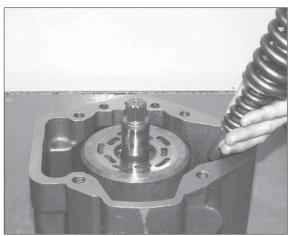
(4) Install the rotary group. (Along the shaft spline)

 Apply the grease to the ball surface of spring seat and assemble it.



80CR8MP39

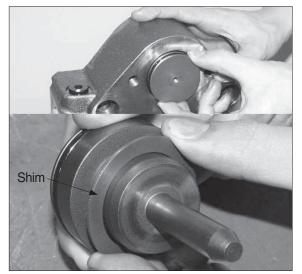
② Assemble the springs (inner and outer) and the guide.



80CR8MP40

③ Install the spring seat into the port plate.

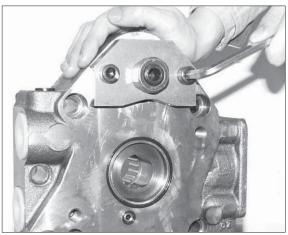
Apply grease to the shim for dropout prevention when shim has attached to the spring seat.



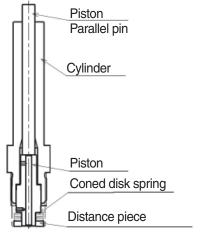
80CR8MP20

④ Assemble the cover.
 Fix the hexagon socket head cap screws.
 (M10×30, 2 pieces)

Hexagon socket screw key (Hexagon side distance : 8 mm) Tightening torque : 6.3 ± 0.7 kgf \cdot m (45.6 ± 5.2 lbf \cdot ft)



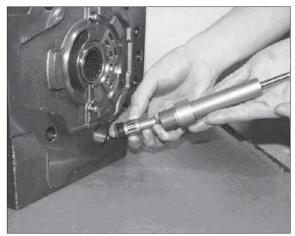
(6) Assemble the control piston assembly.



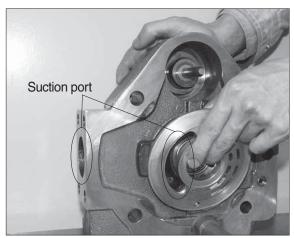
80CR8MP43

Apply three bond #1305 to the thread of the cylinder. Spanner (27 mm) Tightening torque : 14.5 ± 1.4 kgf \cdot m (105 ± 10.3 lbf \cdot ft)

- (7) Assemble the control plate.
- Apply the grease between port plate and control plate for dropout prevention and assemble the control plate to the port plate.
- ② Apply the grease to the operating surface of control plate.



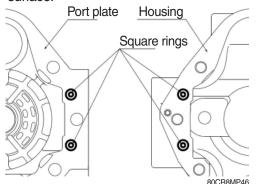
80CR8MP42

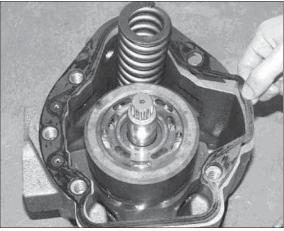


80CR8MP44

(8) Assemble the port plate assembly.

- Assemble the square rings to the housing side and port plate side (each 2 pieces).
- ② Assemble the gasket on the housing surface.



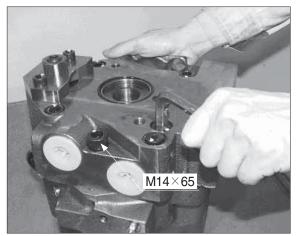


③ Fix the port plate with the hexagon socket head cap screw. (M14×70, 4 pieces) (M14×65, 1 pieces)

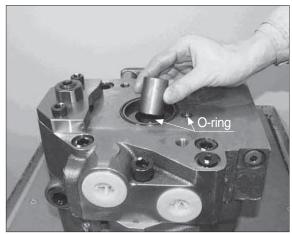
Hexagon socket screw key (Hexagon side distance : 12 mm) Tightening torque : $16.8 \pm 1.5 \text{ kgf} \cdot \text{m}$ $(122 \pm 11.1 \text{ lbf} \cdot \text{ft})$

(9) Assemble the rear pump. Install the coupling.

Confirm the O-rings.



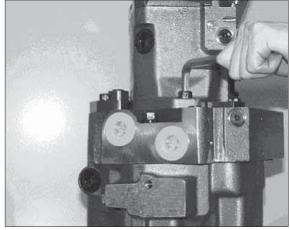
80CR8MP47



80CR8MP48

 Fix the rear pump with the hexagon socket head cap screws. (M12×30, 2 pieces)

Hexagon socket screw key (Hexagon side distance : 10 mm) Tightening torque : 11.2 ± 1.2 kgf \cdot m (81.1 ± 8.9 lbf \cdot ft)



80CR8MP49

7-28

6) DISASSEMBLING PROCEDURE (rear pump)

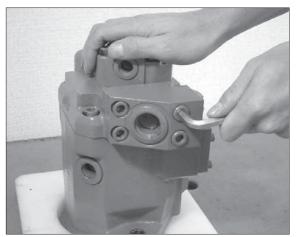
(1) Remove the flange.

Remove the hexagon socket head cap screws.

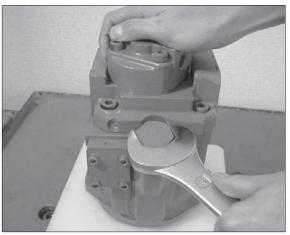
(M10 \times 45, 2 pieces, M10 \times 20, 2 pieces)

Hexagon socket screw key (Hexagon side distance : 8 mm)

(2) Remove the plug. Spanner (32 mm)



80CR8MP50

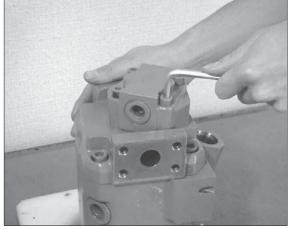


80CR8MP51

(3) Remove the gear pump.

Remove the hexagon socket head cap screws. (M8 \times 50, 4 pieces)

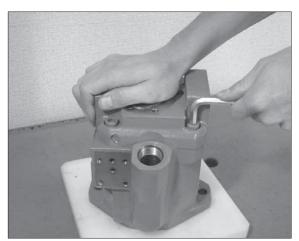
Hexagon socket screw key (Hexagon side distance : 6 mm)



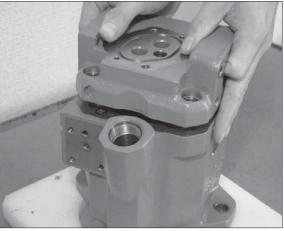
- (4) Remove the port plate.
- Remove the hexagon socket head cap screws. (M10×30, 4 pieces)

Hexagon socket screw key (Hexagon side distance : 8 mm)

2 Remove the port plate.

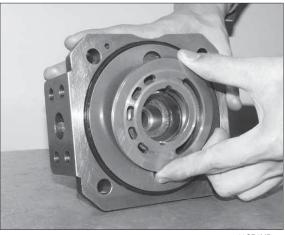


80CR8MP53



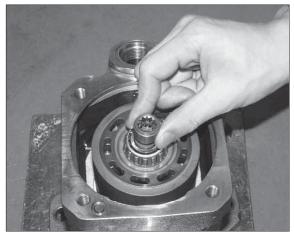
80CR8MP54

③ Remove the control plate from the port plate.



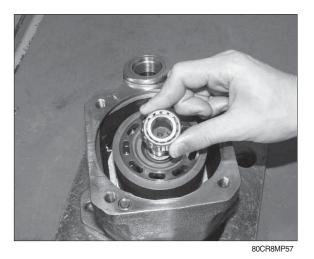
80CR8MP55

- (5) Remove the parts from the pump housing.
- 1 Remove the coupling.

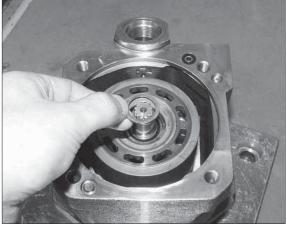


80CR8MP56

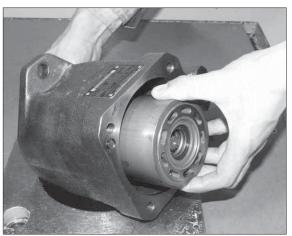
2 Remove the bearing.



③ Remove the shim.



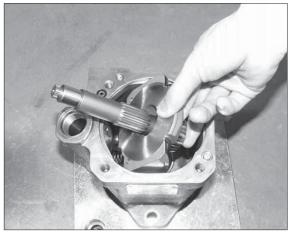
4 Remove the rotary group.



80CR8MP59

⑤ Remove the swash plate and the drive shaft.

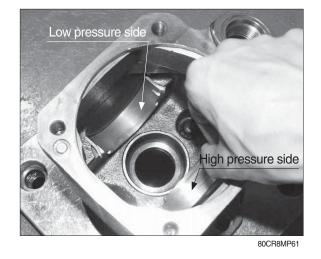
Note the spring that is on the back side of the swash plate.



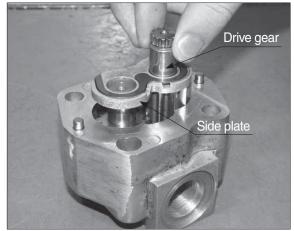
80CR8MP60

6 Remove the cradle shells.

Mark the cradle shells so that it should not make a mistake in the position of a low-pressure side and a high-pressure side.

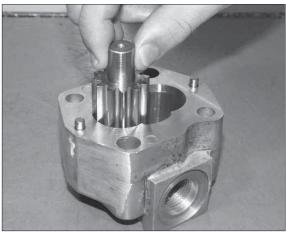


- (4) Disassemble the gear pump.
- ① Remove the drive gear and the side plate.



80CR8MP62

2 Remove the idle gear.



7) MAINTENANCE AND SERVICE STANDARD FOR THE REAR PUMP

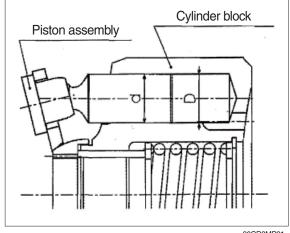
Before inspection wash the parts well and dry them completely.

Inspect the principal parts with care and replace them with new parts when any abnormal wear exceeding the allowable limit or damage considered harmful is found.

Replace the seal also when any remarkable deformation and damage are found.

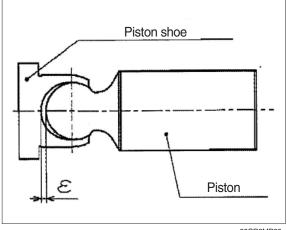
- (1) Piston assembly and cylinder block
 - Check the appearance visualy.
 No damage souring abnormal wear (particularly in the side potion) should be found.
 - Check the clearance between the piston outside dia and the cylinder block inside dia.

 $D\text{-}d \leq 0.06 \text{ mm}$



80CR8MP21

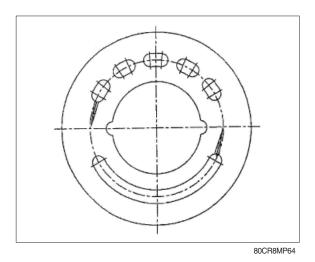
- (2) Piston shoe and piston
 - Check the piston shoe. $\varepsilon \leq 0.2 \text{ mm}$



80CR8MP22

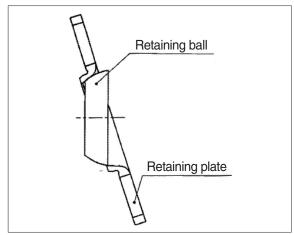
- (3) Control plate
 - Check the slide surface for any damage.

When the damage is large replace the control plate with new one.



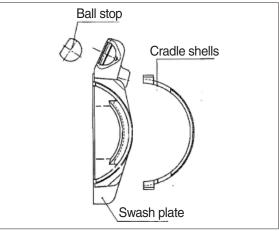
- (4) Retaining ball and retaining plate
 - Check for scouring or stepped wear. If this can not be corrected replace the retaining ball and the retaining plate as a set.
 - Fine scouring or damage can be corrected with lapping.

Carry out through washing after lapping.



80CR8MP65

- (5) Swash plate and ball stop and cradle shells
 - Check for scouring or stepped wear. If this can not be corrected replace the swash plate and the ball stop and the cradle shells as a set.

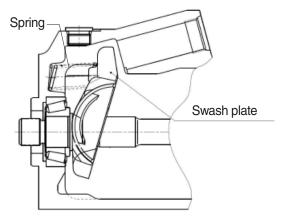


8) ASSEMBLING PROCEDURE (rear pump)

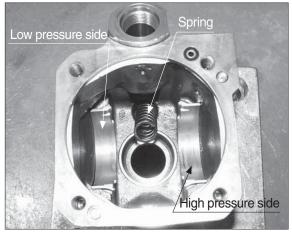
- (1) Assemble the swash plate and the drive shaft.
- 1 Assemble the cradle shells.

Note the mark of the low-pressure side and the high-pressure side if you use the disassembled parts again.

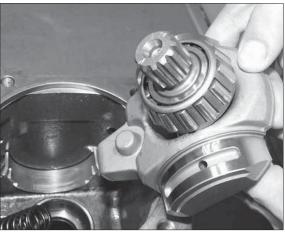
- 2 Assemble the spring.
- ③ Assemble the swash plate with the drive shaft.



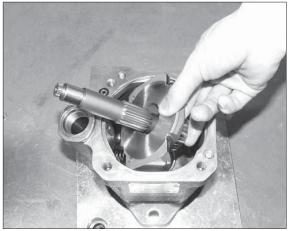
80CR8MP69



80CR8MP67

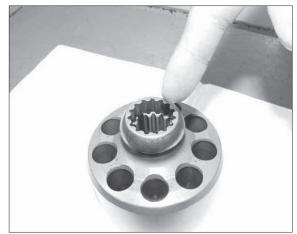


80CR8MP68



80CR8MP70

- (2) Assemble the rotary group.
- Apply the grease to the surface of retaining ball and assemble it along the cylinder block spline.



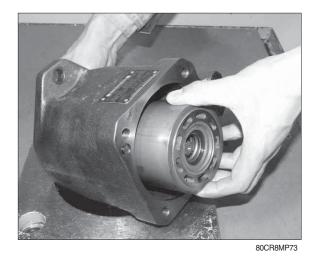
80CR8MP71

② Apply the grease to the end part of the shoes and assemble the piston complete into the hole of retaining plate and cylinder block.

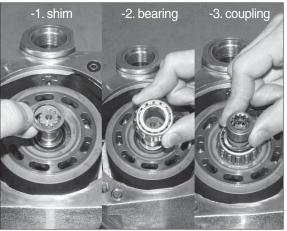


80CR8MP72

(3) Install the rotary group. (Along the shaft spline)



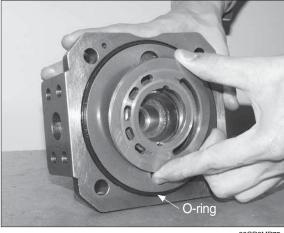
- (4) Assemble the shim and the bearing and the coupling
- ① Assemble the shim to the drive shaft.
- 2 Assemble the bearing on the shim.
- ③ Assemble the coupling to the drive shaft.



80CR8MP74

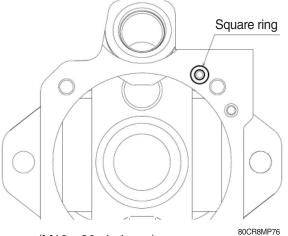
(5) Apply the grease between port plate and control plate for dropout prevention and assemble the control plate to the port plate.

Confirm the O-ring.



80CR8MP75

(6) Assemble the port plate. Confirm the square ring.





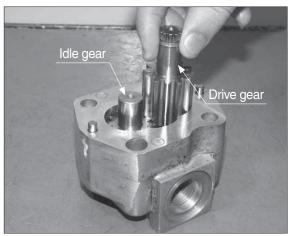
80CR8MP77

(M10×30, 4 pieces)

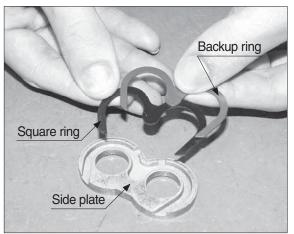
Hexagon socket screw key (Hexagon side distance : 8 mm)

Tightening torque : 6.3 ± 0.71 kgf \cdot m $(45.7\pm5.2 \text{ lbf} \cdot \text{ft})$

- (7) Assemble the gear pump.
- 1 Install the drive gear and the idle gear.



80CR8MP78

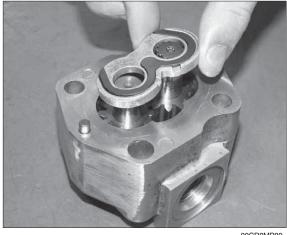


80CR8MP79

③ Apply the grease to the side plate for dropout prevention and assemble it.

② Apply the grease to the square ring and the backup ring for dropout prevention

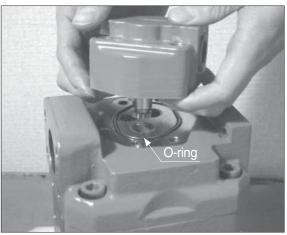
and install the rings into the side plate.



80CR8MP80

(8) Assemble the gear pump on the port plate.

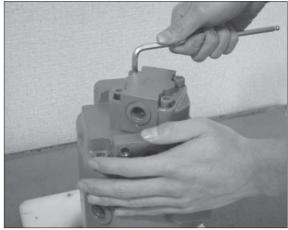
Confirm the O-ring.



80CR8MP81

Hexagon socket head cap screws (M8 \times 50, 4 pieces)

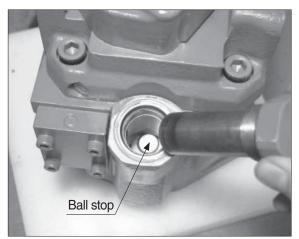
Hexagon socket screw key (Hexagon side distance : 6 mm) Tightening torque : 3.26 ± 0.31 kgf \cdot m (23.6 ± 2.2 lbf \cdot ft)



80CR8MP82

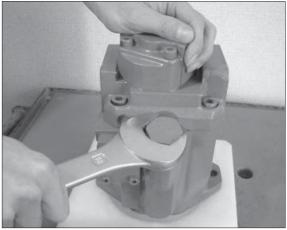
(9) Assemble the plug.

Confirm that the planar section of the ball stop is upward.



80CR8MP83

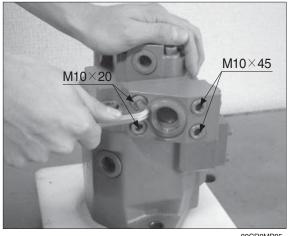
Spanner (32 mm) Tightening torque : 15.3 kgf \cdot m (111 lbf \cdot ft)



80CR8MP84

(10) Assemble the flange. Hexagon socket head cap screws (M10 \times 45, 2 pieces, M10 \times 20, 2 pieces)

Hexagon socket screw key (Hexagon side distance : 8 mm) Tightening torque : 6.3 \pm 0.7 kgf \cdot m (45.6±5.2 lbf ⋅ ft)



80CR8MP85

GROUP 4 MAIN CONTROL VALVE

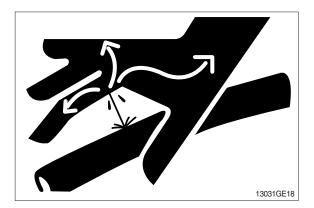
1. REMOVAL AND INSTALL OF MOTOR

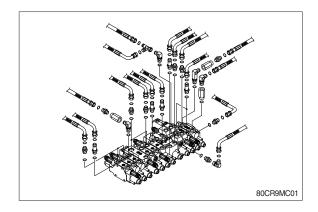
1) REMOVAL

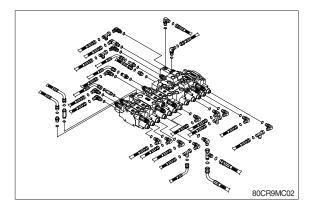
- (1) Lower the work equipment to the ground and stop the engine.
- (2) Operate the control levers and pedals several times to release the remaining pressure in the hydraulic piping.
- (3) Loosen the breather slowly to release the pressure inside the hydraulic tank.
- ▲ Escaping fluid under pressure can penetrate the skin causing serious injury.
- When pipes and hoses are disconnected, the oil inside the piping will flow out, so catch it in oil pan.
- (4) Disconnect hydraulic hose.
- (5) Disconnect pilot line hoses.
- (6) Remove links.
- (7) Sling the control valve assembly and remove the control valve mounting bolt.
 Weight : 40 kg (90 lb)
- (8) Remove the control valve assembly. When removing the control valve assembly, check that all the piping have been disconnected.

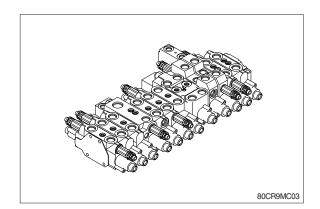
2) INSTALL

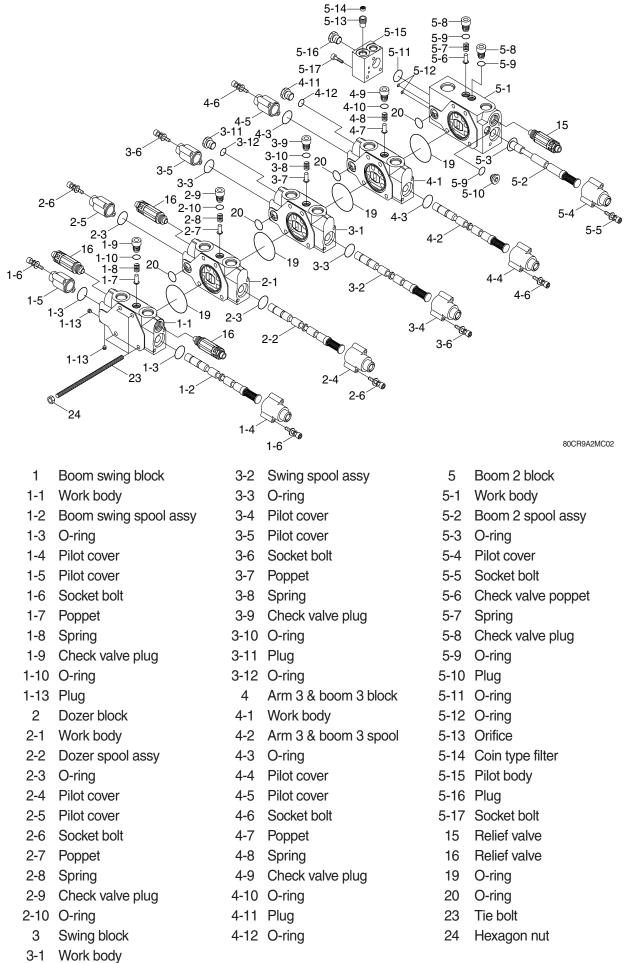
- (1) Carry out installation in the reverse order to removal.
- (2) Bleed the air from below items.
- ① Cylinder (boom, arm, bucket)
- 2 Swing motor
- ③ Travel motor
- * See each item removal and install.
- (3) Confirm the hydraulic oil level and recheck the hydraulic oil leak or not.

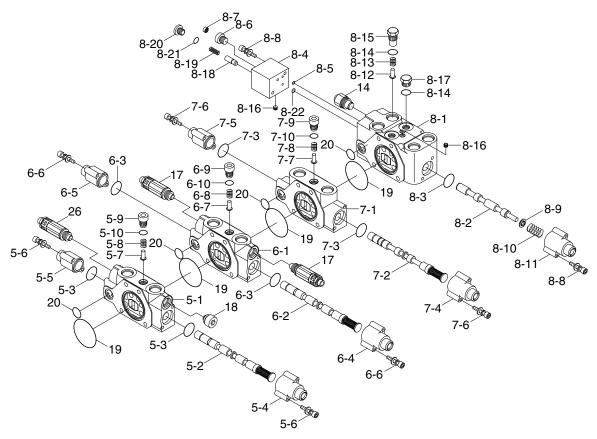












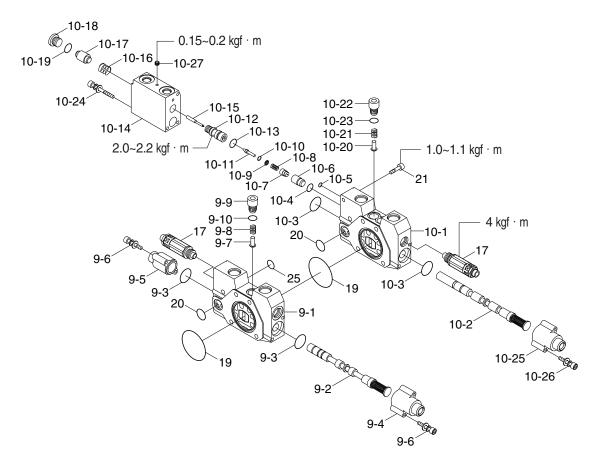
80CR92MC03

- 5 Service block
- 5-1 Work body
- 5-2 Service spool assy
- 5-3 O-ring
- 5-4 Pilot cover
- 5-5 Pilot cover
- 5-6 Socket bolt
- 5-7 Poppet
- 5-8 Spring
- 5-9 Check valve plug
- 5-10 O-ring
- 6 Arm block
- 6-1 Work body
- 6-2 Arm spool assy
- 6-3 O-ring
- 6-4 Pilot cover
- 6-5 Pilot cover
- 6-6 Socket bolt
- 6-7 Poppet
- 6-8 Spring
- 6-9 Check valve plug

- 6-10 O-ring
- 7 Left travel block
- 7-1 Work body
- 7-2 Travel spool assy
- 7-3 O-ring
- 7-4 Pilot cover
- 7-5 Pilot cover
- 7-6 Socket bolt
- 7-7 Check valve poppet
- 7-8 Spring
- 7-9 Check valve plug
- 7-10 O-ring
 - 8 Straight travel block
- 8-1 Work body
- 8-2 Travel spool assy
- 8-3 O-ring
- 8-4 Pilot body
- 8-5 O-ring
- 8-6 Orifice
- 8-7 Coin type filter
- 8-8 Socket bolt

- 8-9 Spring seat
- 8-10 Spring
- 8-11 Pilot cover
- 8-12 Check valve poppet
- 8-13 Check valve spring
- 8-14 O-ring
- 8-15 Check valve plug
- 8-16 Plug
- 8-17 Plug
- 8-18 Check valve
- 8-19 Check valve spring
- 8-20 Plug
- 8-21 O-ring
- 8-22 O-ring
- 14 Main relief valve
- 17 Relief valve
- 18 Plug
- 19 O-ring
- 20 O-ring
- 26 Relief valve

STRUCTURE (3/4)



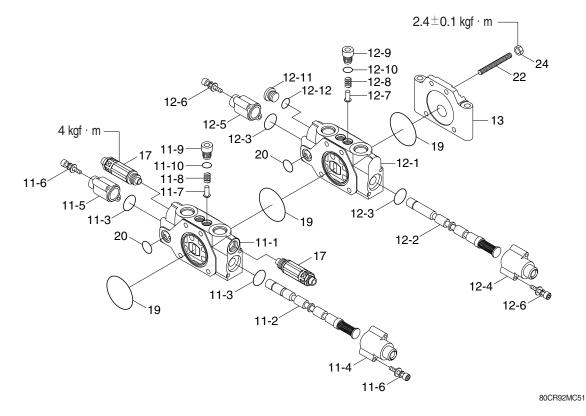
80CR92MC41

- 9 Right travel block
- 9-1 Work body
- 9-2 Travel spool assy
- 9-3 O-ring
- 9-4 Pilot cover
- 9-5 Pilot cover
- 9-6 Socket bolt
- 9-7 Check valve plug
- 9-8 Spring
- 9-9 Check valve plug
- 9-10 O-ring
- 10 Boom block
- 10-1 Work body
- 10-2 Boom spool assy
- 10-3 O-ring

- 10-4 O-ring
- 10-5 O-ring
- 10-6 Lock valve
- 10-7 Lock restrictor
- 10-8 Holder spring
- 10-9 Holder spring
- 10-10 Retaining ring
- 10-11 Poppet
- 10-12 Piston guide
- 10-13 O-ring
- 10-14 Pilot cover
- 10-15 Piston
- 10-16 Lock valve spring
- 10-17 Piston
- 10-18 Plug

- 10-19 O-ring 10-20 Poppet
- 10-20 T Opp
- 10-21 Spring
 - 10-22 Check valve plug
 - 10-23 O-ring
 - 10-24 Socket bolt
 - 10-25 Pilot cover
 - 10-26 Socket bolt
- 10-27 Plug
 - 17 Relief valve
 - 19 O-ring
 - 20 O-ring
- 21 Socket bolt
- 25 O-ring

STRUCTURE (4/4)



11 Bucket block11-1 Work body

11-3 O-ring

11-4 Pilot cover

11-5 Pilot cover

11-6 Socket bolt

11-9 Check valve plug

11-7 Poppet

11-8 Spring

11-2 Bucket spool assy

11-10 O-ring

- 12 Arm 2 block
 - 12-1 Work body
 - 12-2 Arm 2 spool assy
 - 12-3 O-ring
 - 12-4 Pilot cover
 - 12-5 Pilot cover
 - 12-6 Socket bolt
 - 12-7 Poppet
 - 12-8 Spring

- 12-9 Check valve plug
- 12-10 O-ring
- 12-11 Plug
- 12-12 O-ring
- 13 End cover
- 17 Relief valve
- 19 O-ring
- 20 O-ring
- 22 Tie bolt
- 24 Hexagon nut

3. DISASSEMBLY

1) PRECAUTIONS FOR DISASSEMBLY

- (1) Since hydraulic devices are all machined precisely with clearances being very little, carry out the disassembly and assembly work at a clean place and make sure to prevent the device from being entered with dust, sand, and the like.
- (2) Before disassembly work, prepare necessary material such as the structural drawing for control valve to fully understand the structure and others.
- (3) When removing the control valve from the machine, put a dustproof cap on each port and then clean the outside of assembly after checking the installation of caps. Furthermore, prepare a suitable workbench with clean paper or rubber mat on it for the work.
- (4) Since there is a possibility of rust when the disassembled parts are left, apply anti-corrosive oil to the parts and seal them.
- (5) Hold the control valve body when carrying or moving. Especially, do not hold the exposed spool after removing a pilot cover from the control valve.
- (6) Do not hit the control valve even if it does not move smoothly.
- (7) It is recommend carrying out various tests (relief valve setting, leak test, internal pressure loss check, etc.) after the disassembly and assembly of the control valve, which requires a hydraulic test device.

Accordingly, when the disassembly might be possible technically but the test and/or adjustment might be impossible, do not carry out the work.

- ▲ Before removing the pipes, attach suitable indications on them to be able to locate their positions later. If there is a mistake in piping between the ports, unintentional movement could result in an accident.
- A Falling or hitting the control valve could bend the spool, which could result in an accident.
- ▲ If foreign matter enters each port, there could be a control valve malfunction, resulting in an accident.
- ▲ Since the load side port could hold an empty weight or enclosed pressure, release the inside pressure before loosening the piping.

There could be a fall of attachments or a jet of high-temperature hydraulic fluid.

▲ The control valve becomes high temperature after operating the machine; after checking that the temperature becomes low, start the work.

The control valve has complicated connections and seals through the internal passages, which means that there could be enclosed pressure, resulting in an oil jet after disassembly. Ware safety goggles during disassembly work because there could be a blow off of parts if they are caught.

2) NECESSARY TOOLS AND OTHERS

(1) Before disassembling the control valve, prepare the following tools.

The tools below are used to disassemble this control valve only; tools for disassembling the port fittings are not included.

| Name of tool | Quantity | Size (mm) |
|---------------------|----------|---|
| Hexagonal wrench | Each 1 | 4, 5, 6, 8 and 10 |
| Socket wrench | Each 1 | 13, 19, 21, 22 and 30 |
| Socket wrench | Each 1 | 13, 19, 21, 22 and 30 |
| Torque wrench | 1 | $0.2 \sim 2.0 \text{ kgf} \cdot \text{m} (1.4 \sim 14.5 \text{ lbf} \cdot \text{ft})$ |
| Torque wrench | 1 | 2.0 ~ 12.0 kgf · m (14.5 ~ 86.8 lbf · ft) |
| Magnet | 1 | - |
| Pliers | 1 | - |
| Slotted screwdriver | 1 | - |
| Tweezers | 1 | - |

Prepare clean wash oil, hydraulic fluid, grease, tag paper, marker pen and others before work.

3) DISASSEMBLY OF EACH PART

Before disassembly work, check that there is no dust on the outside of the control valve and then place it on a workbench with actuator ports facing upward.

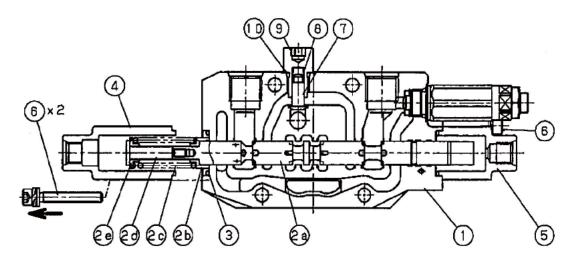
The numbers in () in the explanation and in \bigcirc in the figures show reference numbers in the parts table in the specifications and drawings.

(1) Spool draw-out procedures

Except P1, P2 inlet & straight travel block

Taking the dozer spool as an example, the draw-out procedures are as follows.

- 1 Remove 2 hex socket head bolt with washer (6) with 5 mm hexagonal wrench.
- 2 Remove pilot cover (④).
- ③ With a spring in the dozer spool exposed, pull out spool assy from the control valve slowly and horizontally (parallel to spool sleeve) by holding spring.
- ④ The other spools can also be pulled out in the same manner.
 At this time, check O-ring (③) is on the bottom of body side flange.

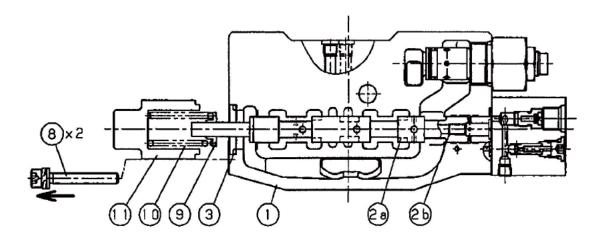


- 1 Work body
- 2 Dozer spool assy
- 2a Dozer spool
- 2b Spring seat
- 2c Spring
- 2d End spool
- 2e Spring seat
- 3 O-ring
- 4 Pilot cover
- 5 Pilot cover
- 6 Hex socket head bolt with washer
- 7 Check valve poppet
- 8 Check valve spring
- 9 Check valve plug
- 10 O-ring

P1, P2 inlet & straight travel block

The draw-out procedures for the straight travel spool are as follows.

- ① Remove 2 hex socket head bolt with washer (⑧) with 5 mm hexagonal wrench.
- ② Remove pilot cover (11).
- ③ With spring and the end of straight travel spool exposed from spool sleeve, pull out spring at first, and pull out spool from the control valve slowly and horizontally (parallel to spool sleeve) by holding spring.
 - \cdot At this time, check O-ring (③) is on the bottom of body side flange.



- 1 Work body
- 2 Straight travel spool assy
- 2a Straight travel spool
- 2b Plug
- 3 O-ring

- 8 Hex socket head bolt with washer
- 9 Spring seat
- 10 Spring
- 11 Pilot cover

(2) Check valve disassembly procedures

Standard type check valve (see figure 4)

- ① Hold the control valve body at workbench or hold it by two or more people.
- ② Loosen and remove check valve plug (⑨) at the center of the control valve upper surface with 8 mm hexagonal wrench.

When it is hard to loosen the plug because O-ring (10) bites the screw, do not loosen forcibly, refasten it once and then try to loosen again.

- ③ From the hole where check valve plug has been removed, remove check valve spring (⑧) and check valve (⑦) with tweezers or magnet.
- The numbers in figure 4 are the same as those in the P1, P2 inlet & straight travel block in the specifications and drawings.
- Except for the P1, P2 inlet & straight travel block the shape of check valve is different, however, they can be disassembled in the same manner.
- The numbers in figure 5 are the same as those in the P3 inlet & boom 2 block in the specifications and drawings.
- The numbers in figure 6 are the same as those in the dozer block in the specifications and drawings.

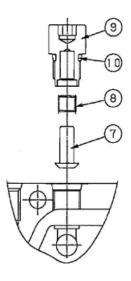


Figure 4. Check valve (P1, P2 inlet & straight travel)

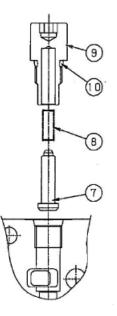


Figure 5. Check valve (P3 inlet & boom 2, travel)

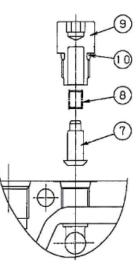


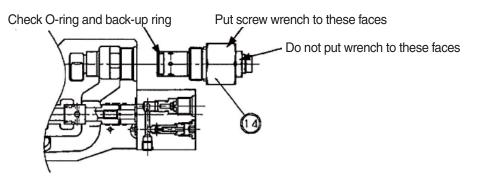
Figure 6. Check valve (Swing & boom swing, dozer, arm 3 & boom 3, service, arm, boom, bucket, arm 2)

(3) Accessory valve removal procedures

* Accessory valves are the most important parts for performance and safety; in particular, the relief valve is very difficult to readjust the setting so that replace the accessory valve as assy if any malfunction occurs.

Removing main relief valve (MRV1) : see page 2-9 and 7-44

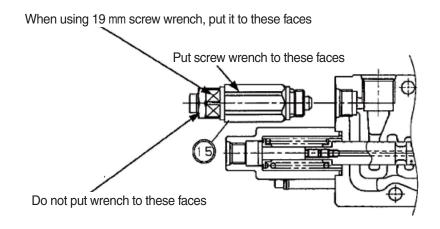
- ① Loosen and remove main relief valve (④) with 30 mm screw wrench or socket wrench.
- · Put screw wrench (or socket wrench) to 30 mm hexagonal part of pressure regulating body.
- · Check O-ring and back-up ring are on the part of main relief valve seat.
- * Do not put 19 mm screw wrench to the lock nut part when removing. Only lock nut is loosened to change the main relief valve setting, which could result in the degradation in performance or damage.



Removing relief valve (MRV2, ORV) : see page 2-9

Taking relief valve in the P3 inlet & boom 2 block as an example, the removal procedures are as follows.

- ① Loosen and remove relief valve (15) with 22 mm screw wrench or socket wrench.
- · Put screw wrench (or socket wrench) to 22 mm hexagonal part of pressure regulating body.
- If there is no 22 mm screw wrench (or socket wrench), it is also possible to loosen and remove by putting 19 mm screw wrench to the hexagonal part as shown in the below.
- If using 19 mm screw wrench to remove, do not put it to the lock nut part. Only lock nut is loosened to change the relief valve setting, which could result in the degradation in performance or damage.

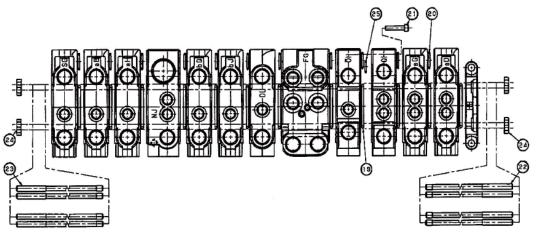


80CR97MCV05

Removing accessoory valve causes the seat to be exposed.
 Flaws of the seat causes leakage from the inside cylinder port, which makes the holding capacity of attachment worse.
 When storing it, be careful not to damage the seat.

(4) Block disassembly procedures

- ① Loosen and remove hexagonal socket head bolt (②) assembled in the body QH with 5 mm hexagonal wrench.
- ② Loosen and remove 8 M8 hexagonal nut () for assembling block on the both side of control valve with 13 mm screw wrench or socket wrench.
- ③ When 8 tie bolt (②,③) are loosen and pulled out from the control valve side, each block can be removed.
- Be careful not to drop or lose various O-ring (((), (∅), (∅), (∅))) installed on the matching surfaces for each block.
- Do not disassemble 2 plugs installed in the body SG except in cases of absolute necessity since they are used as drill holes for making passages.



80CR97MCV06

(5) Precautions after disassembly

* For the parts already removed in the work, store and/or transport them with attention on flaws and dirt.

When carrying out another work, storage, or transportation with the parts removed condition, apply caps or plastic tape to the holes from which the parts have been taken out, protecting the holes from being entered with dust or the like.

4. ASSEMBLY

1) PRECAUTIONS FOR ASSEMBLY

(1) Be careful that the unevenness of fastening torque and the contamination of dust during assembly work could result in malfunction.

In addition, observe fastening torque values specified in the specifications and drawings.

- (2) During assembly work, compare valves with control valve structural drawing and check the number of parts whether there is any improper assembly and/or the omission of parts.
- (3) For the parts to be used in assembly, dip in fluid oil as need arises to reassemble after washing well in washing oil and being dried.
- (4) After cleaning and degreasing the surface sufficiently, apply loctite to 2 threads of the screw from the tip. (Too much loctite could result in malfunction after squeezing out)
- (5) For the part to be attached or assembled with two or more bolts and nuts, fastening them evenly and alternately for several times, not once with the specified torque. The unevenness of fastening torque could result in the leakage of hydraulic fluid too the outside and/or malfunctions.

2) PRECAUTIONS FOR ASSEMBLING SEAL PARTS

- (1) All seals are to be renewed at assembly.
- (2) Check seals for defects in molding and flaws in handling. Do not use the seal with defect and/or flaw.
- (3) The seals used on sliding surfaces and the places to be installed with seals are to be applied with grease or hydraulic fluid for sufficient lubrication where not specially noted.
- (4) Do not make seals longer up to permanent deformation.
- (5) O-ring is not to be twisted during assembly. Kinked O-ring could cause oil leakage after installation because kinks are hard to restored.

3) NECESSARY TOOLS AND OTHERS

Before assembling the control valve, prepare the following tools.

The tools below are used to assemble this control valve only; tools for assembling the port fittings are not included.

| Name of tool | Quantity | Size (mm) |
|---------------------|----------|---|
| Hexagonal wrench | Each 1 | 4, 5, 6, 8 and 10 |
| Socket wrench | Each 1 | 13, 19, 21, 22 and 30 |
| Socket wrench | Each 1 | 13, 19, 21, 22 and 30 |
| Torque wrench | 1 | $0.2 \sim 2.0 \text{ kgf} \cdot \text{m} (1.4 \sim 14.5 \text{ lbf} \cdot \text{ft})$ |
| Torque wrench | 1 | $2.0 \sim 12.0 \text{ kgf} \cdot \text{m} (14.5 \sim 86.8 \text{ lbf} \cdot \text{ft})$ |
| Magnet | 1 | - |
| Pliers | 1 | - |
| Slotted screwdriver | 1 | - |
| Tweezers | 1 | - |

Prepare clean wash oil, hydraulic fluid, grease, loctite #242 and others before work.

4) ASSEMBLING WORK

- ※ The numbers in () in the explanation and in in the figures show reference numbers in the parts table in the specifications and drawings.
- * For the fastening torque values for screws, see the 2-9 and 7-43~46.

(1) Assembling block (see figure 10 and 11)

- ① On a surface plate with clean rubber plates on it, place blocks with actuator port surface facing upward in the order shown in "Orders of assembling bodies" on the next page.
- Check the matching surfaces in each block for dust or the like, and check whether O-ring shown in the specifications and drawings are surely put in each groove for O-ring. Kinked O-ring could cause the leakage of hydraulic fluid to the outside due to the malfunction of sealing performance.

If O-ring are not installed surely in O-ring grooves, there would be the nip of O-ring, resulting in the leakage of hydraulic fluid to the outside when assembling the bodies.

- Put and fasten 8 tie bolt (2, 3) through the bodies from the side of control valve, and fasten 8
 M8 hexagon nut (2) to the bolts by hand.
- ③ Check that all the body surfaces are in alignment in this condition. If not, make all the body surfaces in alignment by hitting them with plastic hammers or the like. Before aligning the bottom surfaces, remove the rubber plates and others that have been laid at ①.

However, check that there is no dust or no unevenness on the surface from which the above rubber plates have been removed.

* Do not hit hard when using a plastic hammer.

Hard hitting could cause displacements in the portion that has been ailgned.

Check the alignment with a flat plate or the like after aligning.

If there is large displacement in any block, bad connection between internal passages could cause a malfunction.

If any seal position overlaps the passage, there could be the leakage of hydraulic fluid to the outside.

- ④ After checking that the surfaces are in alignment, fasten 8 M8 hexagon nut (④) that have been put on in ② with the torque specified in the specifications and drawings with 13 mm socket wrench.
- Fasten 8 M8 hexagon nut evenly and little by little in several times.
 Uneven fastening makes the body assy curve easily, which could result in leakage or malfunction after installation on the machine.
 If you find any curve in the body assy, it is necessary to reassemble or to correct it by pressing machine or the like.
- (5) Finally, fasten hex socket head bolt (2) located between the body QH and body OH with a specified torque with 5 mm hexagonal wrench.

Orders of assembling blocks

| No. | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 |
|-----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| ID | SG | aВ | аH | NJ | bQ | bJ | DL | FG | ОН | QH | aG | aD | HB |

* Identifications (ID) are engraved on the top (actuator port side) of the block.

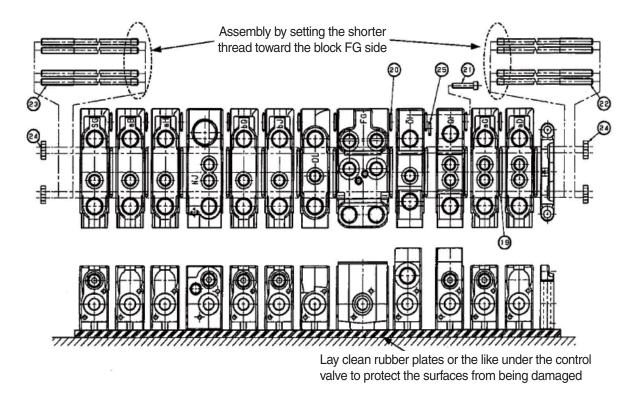


Figure 10. Block assy

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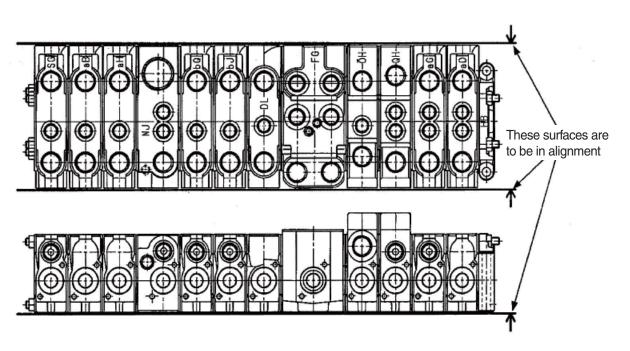


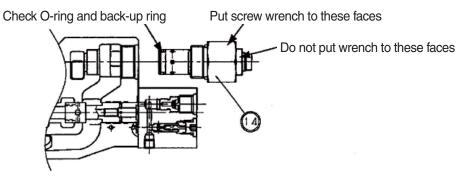
Figure 11. Block assy (after assembly)

(2) Accessory valve installing procedures

* Accessory valves are the most important parts for performance and safety; in particular, the relief valve is very difficult to readjust the setting so that replace in assy if any malfunction occurs.

■ Installing main relief valve (MRV1) : see page 2-9 and 7-44

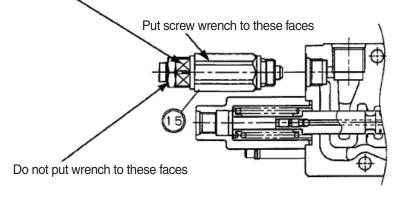
- ① Fasten main relief valve (④) with specified torque with 30 mm screw wrench (or socket wrench).
- · Put screw wrench (or socket wrench) to 30 mm hexagonal part of pressure regulating body.
- · Check O-ring and back-up ring are on the part of main relief valve seat.



■ Installing relief valve (MRV2, ORV) : see page 2-9

- ① Fasten relief valve (15) with specified torque with 22 mm screw wrench (or socket wrench).
- · Put screw wrench (or socket wrench) to 22 mm hexagonal part of pressure regulating body.
- · If there is no 22 mm screw wrench (or socket wrench), it is also possible to fasten with 19 mm screw wrench to the hexagonal part as shown in the below.

When using 19 mm screw wrench, put it to these faces



80CR97MCV10

* Be careful not to damage the seat of socket that sticks out above the tip when installing relief valve to the body.

If the seat is damaged, there could be internal leakage, resulting in the malfunction of holding attachment.

Do not put 19 mm screw wrench to the lock nut part when installing.

Lock nut truns with adjustable screw free turning, resulting in the degradation in performance or damage.

(3) Check valve assembly procedures

Standard type check valve (see figure 14)

- ① Hold the control valve body at workbench or hold it by two or more people.
- (2) Assemble check valve (7) and check valve spring (8) in sequence at the center of control valve top surface.

Then, set check value (\bigcirc) vertically. (Check that the check value is in nearly at the center of hole)

- (3) Check that O-ring (10) is securely installed with check valve plug (9) and then screw it into the part where check valve has been assembled.
- ④ Fasten check valve plug (⑨) with specified torque with 8 mm hexagonal wrench.
- The other check valves can be assembled in the same manner, use suitable parts in the drawing. (see figure 15 and 16)

If assembly is mistaken, check valve could not function or there could be damage.

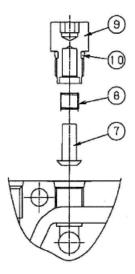


Figure 14. Check valve (P1, P2 inlet & straight travel)

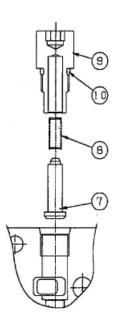


Figure 15. Check valve (P3 inlet & boom 2, travel)

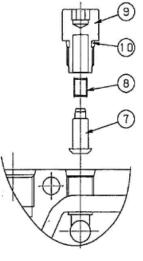


Figure 16. Check valve (Swing & boom swing, dozer, arm 3 & boom 3, service, arm, boom, bucket, arm 2)

(4) Spool installing procedures

Except P1, P2 inlet & straight travel block

Taking the dozer spool as an example, the installing procedures are as follows.

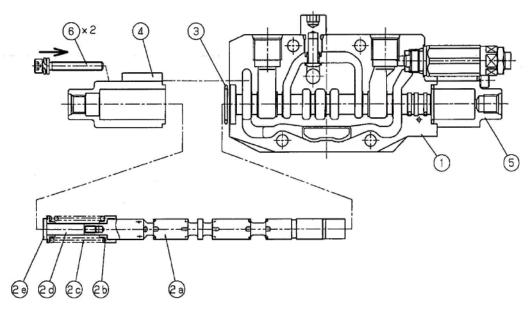
- ① After checking whether there is no dust or the like in the spool sleeves of the body and/or spool assy and O-ring (③) is securely installed with that the flange bottom of the body, insert the dozer spool assy into spool sleeve of the body with attention on the position and direction.
- · Then, apply little hydraulic fluid to spool before the insertion.
- * Carefully insert spool assy into the spool sleeve horizontally.

If it is hard to insert, forcible insertion could cause impressions on spool sleeves and/or spools, resulting in malfunction.

If you feel any feeling of wrongness such as catches or strong resistance, pull it out once to check whether there is the adhesion of dust or the development of flaw or burr.

If there are flaws or burns, there could be malfunction so that replace body and spool in set.

- When there is no feeling of wrongness, move it slowly several times to check the movement and no feeling of wrongness again.
- ② Press pilot cover (④) in a direction from the spring side of spool assy to the flange of the body. Fasten 2 hex socket head bolt with washer (⑥) with specified torque with 5 mm hexagonal wrench.
- ③ The other spools can be assembled in the same manner.



P1, P2 inlet & straight travel block

The installing procedures for the staight travel spool is as follows.

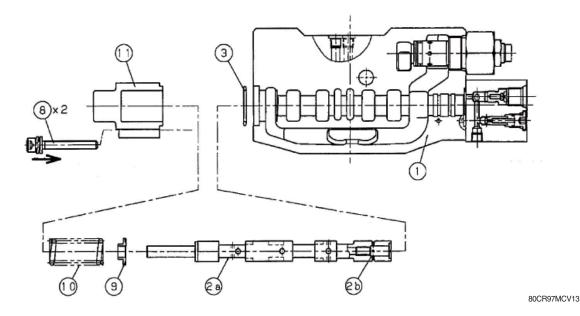
- 1 Assemble spring seat 9 and spring 0 at the end of spool.
- ② After checking whether there is no dust or the like in the spool sleeves of the body any/or spool and O-ring (③) is securely installed with that the flange bottm of the body, insert the straight travel spool with spring into spool sleeves of the body with attention on the position and direction.
- $\cdot\,$ Then, apply little hydraulic fluid to spool before the insertion.
- A Carefully insert the straight travel spool into the spool sleeve horizontally.

If it is hard to insert, forcible insertion could cause impressions on spool sleeves and/or spools, resulting in internal leakage.

If you feel any feeling of wrongness such as catches or strong resistance, pull it out once to check whether there is the adhesion of dust or the development of flaw or burr.

If there are flaws or burns, there could be internal leakage so that replace body and spool in set.

③ Press pilot cover (①) in a direction from the spring side of spool assy to the flange of the body. Fasten 2 hexagon socket head bolt with washer (⑧) with specified torque with 5 mm hexagonal wrench.



5. MAINTENANCE STANDARD

1) PARTS CHECK

| Name | Inspection item | Criterion and treatment |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|
| Work body | Presence of scratch, rust, corrosion | Replace it if any of the followings is damaged Sliding parts for spool, especially lands with holding pressure Body flanges receiving spool Seal parts contacting with O-ring in ports Seats in relief and overload relief valves Damage spoiling normal functions |
| Spool | Presence of scratch, scuff, rust, corrosion Insert spool into body and stroke it with turning | Replace it if scratch is on outer sliding part Replace or correct it if spool does not move smoothly |
| Check valve (Load check valve) | Damage to check valve or check valve spring Insert check valve into check valve plug to operate | Replace or correct it if flaw or dent is on seat Smooth moving without scratch is normal Replace it if not |
| Spring and related parts | Rust, corrosion, deformation, breakage in | Replace it if there is non-smooth operation or heavy damage |
| Sealing of spools | Hardened, deformed, or damaged O-ring | Replace it |
| Relief valve | Rust in appearance Matching surface of valve seat Abnormality in spring O-ring, back-up ring | Replace it Replace it if there is flaw or dent Replace it 100% replacement in principle |

6. PROBLEM CAUSES AND MEASURES

- If any abnormal condition is found, check whether control valve itself fails or there is problem in pump, cylinder, motor, or hydraulic circuit. For this check, it is necessary to measure pilot pressure, pump discharge pressure, and load pressure. Observe the above disassembly and assembly procedures even if any part is disassembled or inspected.
- * Be careful of dust proofing. Dust is very harmful to hydraulic devices.
- % Carefully handle moving movable parts. Correct it with oilstone or replace it even if there is a minor flaw. Clean it sufficiently after correction.
- * Protect the seal surface of O-ring from being damaged. The damage could cause oil leakage.

| Phenomenon | Possible causes | Treatment |
|--------------------------------------|---|---|
| No movement in | Operation failure in relief valve | Measure relief valve pressure |
| each attachment. | \cdot Dust between regulating valve and seat $\!\star$ | · Replacement in assy* |
| Slow operation | \cdot Dust between regulating valve seats* | · Replacement in assy* |
| (Power shortage) | Stick of regulating valve* | · Replacement in assy* |
| or slow response | Breakage or fatigue of spring* Loosened adjustable screw | Replacement in assy* Readjust and fasten lock nut with specified torque Disassemble and clean it |
| | Dust between body and spool, or stick | Replace body and spool if damage is big |
| Cylinder's empty | Execssive gap between block and spool | Replace spool |
| weight falling in neutral is big | Spool is not returned to neutral completely Dust storage between body and spool, or stick Breakage or fatigue of spring | Measure pilot secondary pressure Disassemble and clean, or replace body and spool in set for stick Replace spring |
| | Operation failure in relief valve (ORV) (see 5. Maintenance standard) | Measure relief valve pressure (ORV) (see 5. Maintenance standard) |
| | Operation failure in lock valve Dust between lock valves or needle valve seats Stick of lock valve or needle valve | Replace lock valve assy (including lock valve body) |
| | · Orifice clogging in lock valve | |
| When operating to | Operation failure in load check valve | |
| rise cylinder at starting operation, | Dust between load check valve and body | Disassemble and clean Replace body and load check valve if |
| it lowers | Stick in load check valve | damage is big Disassemble and clean Replace body and load check valve if damage is big |
| | · Breakage or fatigue of spring | · Replace spring |

1) CONTROL VALVE

For problem with \star mark, must replace relief value in assy.

2) RELIEF VALVE

Relief valve is the most important part for performance and safety, and is very difficult to readjust the setting at a place except maintenance shops with adequate equipment.

Replace in assy if any of the following malfunctions occurs.

Treatments here are only for reference, and the replacement in assy is in principle.

| Phenomenon | Possible causes | Treatment |
|--------------------|--|--|
| Pressure cannot | Any pressure regulating valve, regulating | · Check whether foreign matter has been |
| rise | valve, or piston in relief valves has stuck to | stored in matching parts in relief valves |
| | keep opening, or dust presents on any seat | · Each part is to be slid freely |
| | in relief valves | · Clean all parts completely |
| Relief pressure is | Each regulating valve in relief valves is | Replace damaged parts |
| unstable | damaged | · Clean all parts completely |
| | Piston has stuck in pressure regulating | Remove flaws from surface |
| | valve | |
| Relief pressure is | Attrition by dust | Disassemble and clean |
| out of setting | Lock nut and adjustable screw are | Regurate pressure |
| range | loosened | |
| | Breakage or fatigue of spring | Replace spring |
| | Operation failure in relief valve | Measure pressures of relief valve |
| | (MRV and ORV) | (MRV and ORV) |
| Oil leakage | Damage in each seat | Replace damaged or attrition part |
| | Attrition in O-ring | Check each part moves smoothly, and |
| | | reassemble |
| | Stick of each part due to dust | Check that there is no scratch, dent, or foreign |
| | | matter, and reassemble |

GROUP 5 SWING DEVICE

1. REMOVAL AND INSTALL

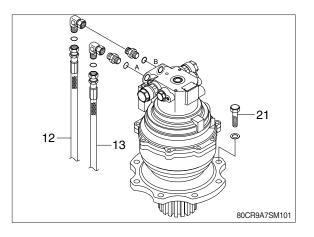
1) REMOVAL

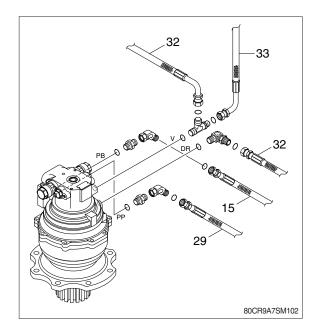
- Lower the work equipment to the ground and stop the engine.
- (2) Operate the control levers and pedals several times to release the remaining pressure in the hydraulic piping.
- (3) Loosen the breather slowly to release the pressure inside the hydraulic tank.
- ▲ Escaping fluid under pressure can penetrate the skin causing serious injury.
- When pipes and hoses are disconnected, the oil inside the piping will flow out, so catch it in oil pan.
- (4) Disconnect hose assembly (12, 13).
- (5) Disconnect pilot line hoses (15, 29, 32, 33).
- (6) Sling the swing motor assembly (1) and remove the swing motor mounting bolts (21).
- Motor device weight : 80 kg (176 lb)
- (7) Remove the swing motor assembly.
- When removing the swing motor assembly, check that all the piping have been disconnected.

2) INSTALL

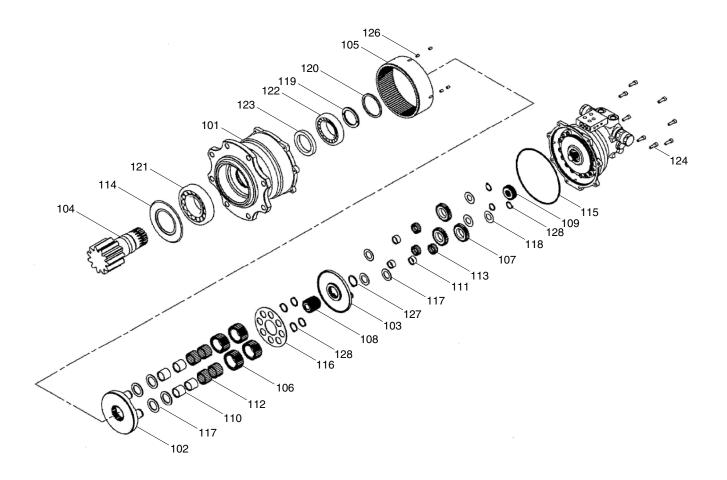
- (1) Carry out installation in the reverse order to removal.
- (2) Bleed the air from the swing motor.
- ① Remove the air vent plug.
- ② Pour in hydraulic oil until it overflows from the port.
- ③ Tighten plug lightly.
- ④ Start the engine, run at low idling and check oil come out from plug.
- 5 Tighten plug fully.
- (3) Confirm the hydraulic oil level and check the hydraulic oil leak or not.







2) COMPONENTS (1/3)



80CR9A2SM15

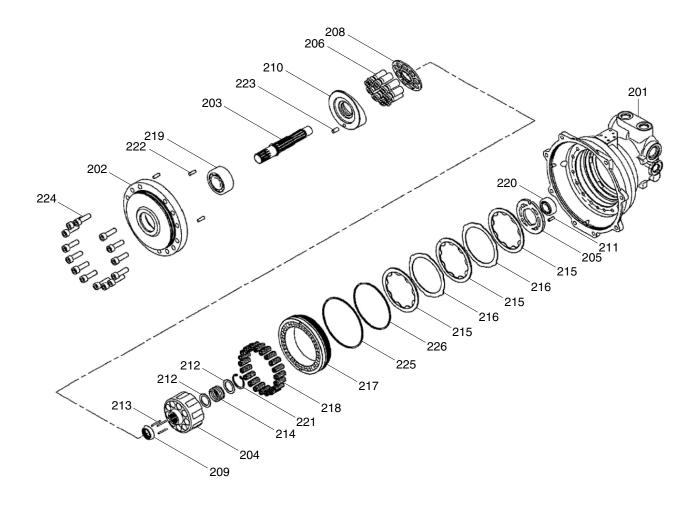
101 Body102 Carrier 1103 Carrier 2104 Pinion shaft105 Internal gear106 Gear B1

- 107 Gear B2
- 108 Gear S1
- 109 Gear S2

- 110 Ring 1
- 111 Ring 2
- 112 Needle
- 113 Needle
- 114 Ring seal
- 115 O-ring
- 116 Thrust plate
- 117 Thrust washer 1
- 118 Thrust washer 2

- 119 Preload collar
- 120 Ring
- 121 Bearing
- 122 Bearing
- 123 Oil seal
- 124 Screw
- 126 Bushing pin
- 127 Snap ring
- 128 Snap ring

COMPONENTS (2/3)

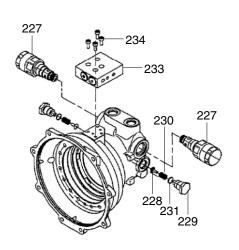


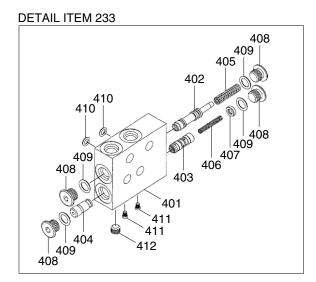
80CR9A2SM16

| 201 | Body H |
|-----|-----------------|
| 202 | Plate S |
| 203 | Shaft |
| 204 | Cylinder barrel |
| 205 | Valve plate |
| 206 | Piston assy |
| 208 | Shoe holder |
| 209 | Barrel holder |
| 210 | Swash plate |
| | |

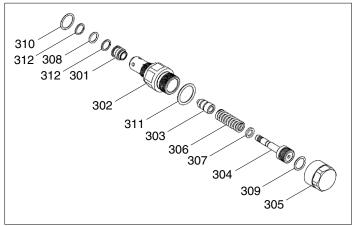
| 211 | Spring pin |
|-----|--------------|
| 212 | Retainer |
| 213 | Pin |
| 214 | Spring C |
| 215 | Disk plate |
| 216 | Steel plate |
| 217 | Brake piston |
| 218 | Spring B |
| 219 | Bearing |

220 Bearing
221 Snap ring
222 Pin
223 Pin
224 Screw
225 O-ring
226 O-ring





DETAIL ITEM 227



80CR9A2SM16-1

- 227 Relief valve
 228 Check valve
 229 Plug
 230 Spring
 231 O-ring
 233 P/brake timer valve
 234 Screw
 301 Seat
- 302 Retainer
- 303 Poppet
- 304 Piston

- 305 Cap
 306 Spring
 307 Spacer
 308 O-ring
 309 O-ring
 310 O-ring
 311 O-ring
 312 Back-up ring
 401 Body
 402 Spool
 403 Piston
- 404 Stopper
 405 Spring
 406 Spring
 407 Spring holder
 408 Plug
 409 O-ring
 410 O-ring
 411 Metal plug
 412 Plug

2) GENERAL ATTENTION

Please pay attention following points.

- (1) Working should be done at the clean place and pay attention not to attach dust, paint cake and water. And prepare the clean box to put into the disassembled parts.
- (2) Before disassembling, clean up the dust which is attached to the outside of the swing motor and take out paint which is attached to the binding parts by the wire brush.
- (3) To make the original position when assembling, make a marking before disassembling.
- (4) Give special care to protect parts from damage.
- (5) Wash parts with washing oil sufficiently.
- (6) Check parts whether there is friction loss or seize and take out burr with sand paper.
- (7) Change the seals and snap rings to new ones.

3) DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

As the swing motor composes 2 blocks (hydraulic motor and reduction gear), explain each block disassembly and assembly procedure.

And please refer to the page 7-67~69.

| 4) TOOLS FOR | DISASSEMBLY | AND | ASSEMBLY |
|--------------|-------------|-----|----------|
|--------------|-------------|-----|----------|

| No. | | Tool |
|----------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| 1 2 | Preset type hand torque wrench | 45 N (JIS B4650) 90 N (JIS B4650) |
| 3 4 5 | Hexagon bar bit for above wrench | Two-plane width 5 Two-plane width 6 Two-plane width 8 |
| 6 | Single purpose type hand torque | T = 12 ± 0.6 kgf \cdot m (86.8 \pm 4.4 lbf \cdot ft) Two-plane 27 T = 22.5 ± 2.5 kgf \cdot m (163 \pm 18.1 lbf \cdot ft) Two-plane 41 |
| 7 8 9 | Hexagon bar wrench | Two-plane width 5 Two-plane width 6 Two-plane width 8 |
| 10 | Spanner | Two-plane width 27 Two-plane width 41 |
| 11 | Minus driver | Width 6~10 |
| 12 13 14 | Snap ring pliers | Ø 35 for hole Ø 30 for shaft Ø 48 for shaft |
| 15 | Hammer | - |
| 16 | Plastic hammer | - |
| 17 18 19 20 21 | Other | Grease (oil designated hydraulic oil) Wire brush Sand paper Anti-loose adhesive (three bond #1305) |

3. DISASSEMBLY

1) HYDRAULIC MOTOR

- Loose the hexagon socket head cap bolts (124), and take out the hydraulic motor assembly from the reduction gear body.
 - Tools required : Hexagon bar wrench : 6 mm
- When taking out the hydraulic motor assembly from the reduction gear body, the drain port should be open. When it is difficult to take out, insert the minus driver into the binding face to the body. If a part of the binding the surface becomes convex by the driver, take out the burr completely.



- (2) Loose the hexagon socket head cap bolts(234), and take out the timer valve (233)from the hydraulic motor assembly.
 - Tools required : Hexagon bar wrench : 5 mm



- (3) Take out the relief valve assembly (227).
 - Tools required : Spanner : 41 mm
- * Do not disassemble the relief valve assembly, unless it is necessary.



(4) Loose the hexagon socket head cap bolts (224), and take out it.

 Tools required : Hexagon bar wrench : 8 mm



- (5) Take out the plate S (202).
- % Pay attention not to drop off swash plate (210).

- (6) Take out the swash plate (210) and the shaft kit from the plate S (202).
- When it is difficult to take out the shaft, hit the opposite side slightly by the plastic hammer.

As the bearing (216) is pressed into the shaft, do not disassemble unless it is necessary to change the bearing.



80CR9A7SM05

(7) Take out the spring B (218) from the brake piston (217).

· Spring B (218) : 20 pcs



- (8) Take out the parallel pin (222) from the plate S (202).
 - · Parallel pin (222) : 3 pcs

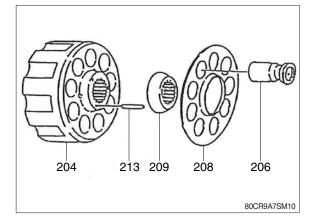


- (9) Take out the cylinder barrel kit.
- ※ Pay attention not to lose parts, which are scattered easily.

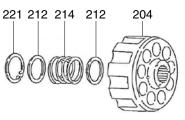
There is a possibility to stay valve plate (205) on bottom face of cylinder barrel. Pay attention not to drop off it.

(10) Take out the piston assemblies (206), the shoe (208), the barrel holder (209) and the pin (213).





- (11) Take out the snap ring (221), the retainer (212) and the spring C (214).
 - Tools required : Snap ring plier : Ø 35 for hole



80CR9A7SM11-1



- (12) Take out the brake piston (217) and the O-ring (225, 226) from body H (201).
- Blow in air from PP port little by little to remove brake piston.

Pay attention not to come off it suddenly.



80CR9A7SM12-1

- (13) Take out the disk plate (215), and the steel plate (216).
 - · Disk plate (215) : 3 pcs
 - · Steel plate (216) : 2 pcs









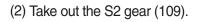
(14) Take out the valve plate (205).

- (15) Loose the plug (229), and take out the check valve (228) and the spring (230).(2 locations)
 - Tools required : Spanner : 27 mm

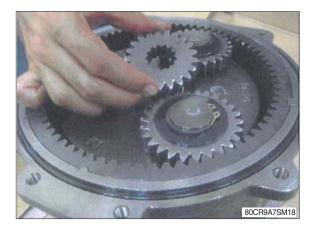


2) REDUCTION GEAR

(1) Take out the O-ring (115).



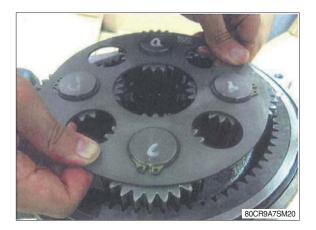




(3) Take out the carrier 2 kit.



(4) Take out the carrier 1 kit.



(5) Take out the snap ring (128), the thrust washer (118), the b2 gears (107) and the needles 2 (113) from the carrier 2 kit.



(6) Take out the snap ring (128), and the S1 gear (108) from the carrier 2 kit.



(7) Take out the ring 2 (111) and thrust washers (117) from the carrier 2 kit.



(8) Take out the snap ring (128) and the thrust plate 1 (116) from the carrier 1 kit.



BOCR9ATSM25



(9) Take out the b1 gears (106) and needles(112) from the carrier 1 kit.

(10) Take out the rings 1 (110) and the thrust washers (117) from the carrier 1 kit.

4. ASSEMBLY

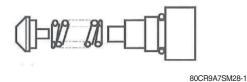
1) HYDRAULIC MOTOR SECTION

- Press-fit the bearing (220) and spring pin (211) into the body H (201).
- BOCR9ATSM27
- (2) Insert the 2 check valves (228) (1 pc/side), springs (230) (1pc/side) and plug (229) (1pc/side) with O-ring (231) in that order into the body H (201). (2 locations)

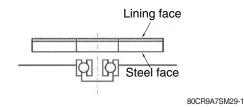
 Tools required : Spanner : 27 mm Torque wrench

- * Apply grease slightly to the O-ring and assemble to pay attention not biting the seals.
 - · Plug tightening torque :

12 \pm 0.6 kgf \cdot m (86.8 \pm 4.34 lbf \cdot ft)



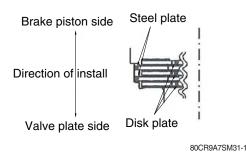
- (3) Place the valve plate (205) onto the body H (201).
- * The steel face of the valve plate should be downside and assemble.







- (4) Assemble the disk plate (215) and steel plate (216).
- * Number of parts count on installing
 - \cdot Disc plate : three
 - · Steel plate : two
- * Please assemble exact number of parts and exact order. (refer the below drawing)
- Please install disc plate ditch wih accuracy in order to install cylinder barrel assy into it on (9), see the page 7-81.







(5) Make the brake piston assembly which placed O-rings (225, 226) on brake piston (217), and place it onto the body H (201).

Place the brake piston assembly onto plate S placed 3 pins, then place it onto the body H as matched pin hole position. After that, press-fit it by tightening hexagon bolts little by little.

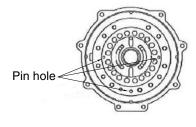
Check no pushed out, scratches and dust on O-ring at this time.

To preven the brake piston assembly falling off, apply grease on plate S.

Take out the plate S after placed brake piston assembly.

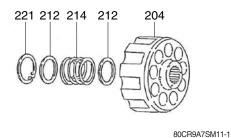
* Pay attention to jam seal parts, install them applying grease on O-rings.





80CR9A7SM32-1

- (6) Place the retainer (212), spring C (214) and retainer (212) in that order into the cylinder barrel (204), and then secure them with the snap ring (221).
 - Tools required : Snap ring plier : Ø 28 for hole

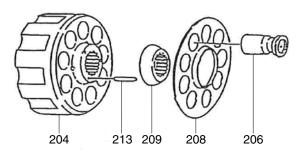




(7) Make the shoe holder assembly which has the 9 piston assemblies (206) placed on the shoe holder (208).



(8) Place the 3 pins (213), barrel holder (209) and the shoe holder assembly onto the cylinder barrel (204) to make up a cylinder barrel assembly.





80CR9A7SM10

(9) Insert cylinder barrel assembly along ditch of disk plate into body H (201).



- (10) Place the parallel pins (222) into the plate S (202).
 - · Parallel pin (222) : 3 pcs



(11) Insert the spring B (218) into the brake piston (217).Spring B (218) : 20 pcs



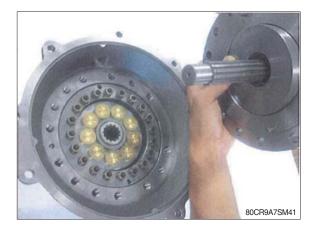


(12) Press-fit bearing (219) with shaft (203).

(13) Place the shaft kit and the swash plate (210) into the plate S (202).



(14) Join the body H (201) and the plate S (202).

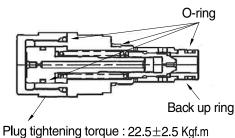


- (15) Bolt the plate S (202) together with the 14 hexagon socket head cap bolts (224).
 - Tools required : Hexagon bar wrench : 8 mm Torque wrench
 - \cdot Bolt tightening torque : $6{\pm}0.3\,\text{kgf}\cdot\text{m}~(43.4{\pm}2.17\,\text{lbf}\cdot\text{ft})$



- (16) Screw up the relief valve assembly. (both side)
 - Tools required : Spanner : 41 mm Torque wrench
 - \cdot Plug tightening torque : 22.5 \pm 2.5 kgf \cdot m (163 \pm 18.1 lbf \cdot ft)
- Once the relief valve is disassembled, replace the O-ring and the back up ring in the below, and screw the cap with the following torque.





Plug tightening torque : 22.5 ± 2.5 Kgf.m (163 \pm 18.1 lbf.ft)

80CR9A7SM43-1

(17) Screw up the timer valve.

- Tools required : Hexagon bar wrench : 5 mm Torque wrench
- \cdot Plug tightening torque : $1.2\!\pm\!0.1\,\text{kgf}\cdot\text{m}~(8.7\!\pm\!0.72\,\text{lbf}\cdot\text{ft})$



2) REDUCTION GEAR SECTION

 (1) Place the ring (110) (1 pc/pin) and the thrust washer (117) (1 pc/pin) in that order onto the pins of the carrier 1 (102). (4 locations)

(2) Place the b1 gear (106) (1 pc/pin) and the 92 needles 1 (112) (24 pcs/pin) in that order onto the 4 pins of the carrier 1 (102). (4 locations)

- (3) Place the thrust plate (116) and the 4 snap rings (128) (1 pc/pin) to make up a carrier 1 kit.
 - Tools required : Snap ring plier : Ø 30 for shaft
- Pay attention to the direction of the snap ring. The edge side should be uppermost. Pay attention not to open the snap ring too much.

The snap ring which was opened too much should lose tension and be replaced.







(4) Place the thrust washer (117) (1 pc/pin) and the ring 2 (111) (1 pc/pin) in that order onto the pin of the carrier 2 (103). (3 locations)



- (5) Place the S1 gear (108) onto the carrer 2 (103) to make up a carrier 2 kit.
 - Tools required :

Snap ring plier : \emptyset 48 for shaft

 Pay attention to the direction of the snap ring. The edge side should be uppermost.
 Pay attention not to open the snap ring too much.

The snap ring which was opened too much should lose tension and be replaced.

- (6) Place the b2 gears (107) (1 pc/pin), the 72 needle (113) (24 pcs/pin), and the snap ring (128) in that order onto the pin of the carrier 2 (103). (3 locations)
 - Tools required : Snap ring plier : Ø 30 for shaft
- Pay attention to the direction of the snap ring. The edge side should be uppermost.
 Pay attention not to open the snap ring too much.

The snap ring which was opened too much should lose tension and be replaced.

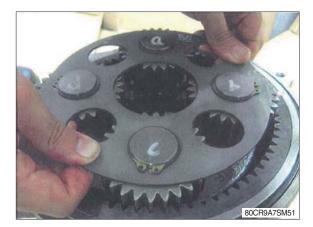




(7) Place the carrier 1 assembly into the body (101) align spline of carrier to the pinion shaft (104).

(8) Place the carrier 2 assembly into the body (101) align spline of S1 gear (108) to the b1 gear (106).

- (9) Place the S2 gear (109) into the carrier 2 assembly.
- (10) Place the O-ring (115) onto the body (101).











- (11) Fill body (101) with hydraulic oil.
- Oil : ISO VG 46 or equivalent
 Oil amount : 2 to 3 mm below top of the B2 gear.
 Wipe oil off flange surface if it is spilled.



- (12) Join the hydraulic motor and the body, and then bolt them together with the hexagon socket head cap bolts (124).
 - Tools required : Hexagon bar wrench : 6 mm Torque wrench
- Align the shaft of the motor to the S2 gear.
 Apply anti-loose adhesive to the screws.
 - \cdot Plug tightening torque : $3\pm0.3\,\text{kgf}\cdot\text{m}\,(21.7\pm2.17\,\text{lbf}\cdot\text{ft})$



GROUP 6 TRAVEL DEVICE

1. REMOVAL AND INSTALL

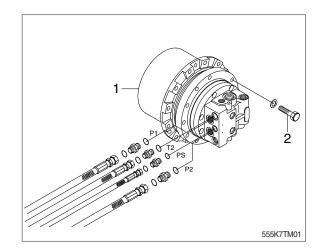
1) REMOVAL

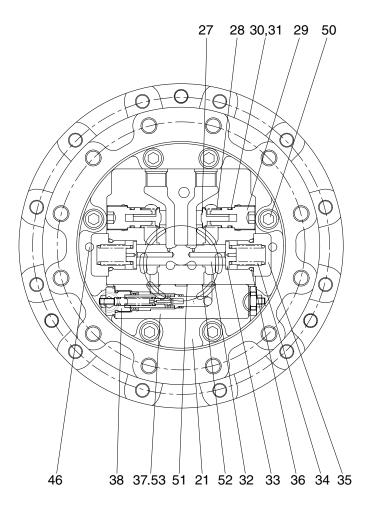
- (1) Swing the work equipment 90° and lower it completely to the ground.
- (2) Operate the control levers and pedals several times to release the remaining pressure in the hydraulic piping.
- (3) Loosen the breather slowly to release the pressure inside the hydraulic tank.
- A Escaping fluid under pressure can penetrate the skin causing serious injury.
- When pipes and hoses are disconnected, the oil inside the piping will flow out, so catch it in oil pan.
- (4) Remove the track shoe assembly.For details, see removal of track shoe assembly.
- (5) Remove the cover.
- (6) Remove the hose.
- * Fit blind plugs to the disconnected hoses.
- (7) Remove the bolts and the sprocket.
- (8) Sling travel device assembly(1).
- (9) Remove the mounting bolts(2), then remove the travel device assembly.
 Weight : 85 kg (190 lb)

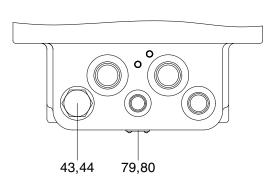
2) INSTALL

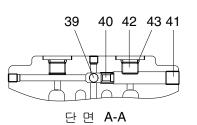
- (1) Carry out installation in the reverse order to removal.
- (2) Bleed the air from the travel motor.
- ① Remove the air vent plug.
- ② Pour in hydraulic oil until it overflows from the port.
- ③ Tighten plug lightly.
- ④ Start the engine, run at low idling, and check oil come out from plug.
- 5 Tighten plug fully.
- (3) Confirm the hydraulic oil level and check the hydraulic oil leak or not.

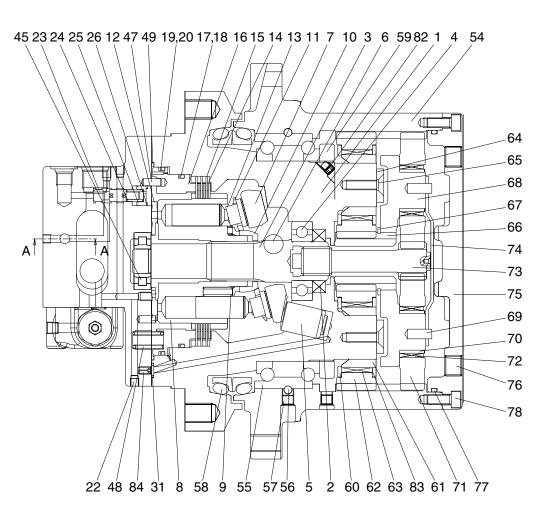












- 1 Shaft casing
- 2 Oil seal
- 3 Shaft
- 4 Bearing
- 5 Swash piston
- 6 Swash steel ball
- 7 Swash plate
- 8 Cylinder block
- 9 Spring
- 10 Ball guide
- 11 Set plate
- 12 Valve plate
- 13 Piston
- 14 Friction plate

| 16 | Parking piston |
|----|----------------|
| 17 | O-ring |
| 18 | Back up ring |
| 19 | O-ring |
| 20 | Back up ring |
| 21 | Rear cover |
| 22 | Plug |
| 23 | Spool |
| 24 | Spring |
| 25 | Stopper |
| 26 | Snap ring |
| 27 | Check |

15 Parking plate

27 Check 28 Spring

| 29 | Plug |
|----|-------------------|
| 30 | O-ring |
| 31 | Back up ring |
| 32 | Main spool |
| 33 | Spring seat |
| 34 | Spring |
| 35 | Plug |
| 36 | O-ring |
| 37 | Relief valve assy |
| 38 | Relief valve assy |
| 39 | Steel ball |
| 40 | Check seat |
| 41 | Plug |
| | |

42 Plug

| 43 | O-ring |
|----|-----------------|
| 44 | Plug |
| 45 | Ball bearing |
| 46 | Parallel pin |
| 47 | Parallel pin |
| 48 | Spring |
| 50 | Wrench bolt |
| 51 | O-ring |
| 52 | O-ring |
| 53 | Wrench bolt |
| 54 | Ring gear |
| 55 | Angular bearing |
| 56 | Steel ball |
| 57 | Plug |
| | |

| 58 | Floating | seal |
|----|----------|------|

- 59 Nut
- 60 Washer
- 61 Collar
- 62 Planetary gear
- 63 Needle bearing
- 64 Plate
- 65 Bolt
- 66 Sun gear67 Snap ring
- 68 Carrier
- 69 Spring pin
- 70 Collar
- 70 Collar
- 71 Planetary gear

80CR92TM03

- 72 Needle bearing
- 73 Drive gear
- 74 Thrust plate
- 75 Ring gear cover
- 76 Plug
- 77 O-ring
- 78 Wrench bolt
- 79 Name plate
- 80 Rivet
- 82 Set screw
- 83 Washer
- 84 Plug

3) TOOLS AND TIGHTENING TORQUE

(1) Tools

| Name of tools | Size | Name of applied parts | |
|---|------|---|--|
| Hexagonal L-wrench | 2.5 | Orifice (84) | |
| | 4 | Plug (22) | |
| | 6 | Plug (41), wrench bolt (65, 78) | |
| | 8 | Plug (76) | |
| | - | Plug (29, 42, 44) | |
| Socket wrench / spanner | 27 | Plug (35), Relief valve assembly (38) | |
| Snap-ring plier (for holes, axis) | | Snap ring (26, 67) | |
| Solder hammer | | Bearing (4), Pin (46, 47), Oil seal (2) | |
| Torque wrench | | Size : 500, 3000 | |
| Jig for assembling oil seal | | Oil seal (2) | |
| Induction heating apparatus for bearing | | Bearing (4) | |

(2) Tightening torque

| No. | Name | Size | Torque |
|--------|-------------|----------|---------|
| | Name | | kgf ⋅ m |
| 22 | Plug | NPT 1/16 | 0.7~1.1 |
| 29 | Plug | M24 | 5 |
| 41 | Plug | PT 1/4 | 5 |
| 50 | Wrench bolt | M12×35L | 10 |
| 76 | Plug | PT 3/8 | 8.5 |
| 65, 78 | Wrench bolt | M8×20L | 10 |

2. DISASSEMBLY

1) GENERAL PRECAUTIONS

- Select a clean place for disassembling.
 Spread a rubber plate on a working table in order to prohibit the damage of parts.
- (2) Clean a deceleration equipment and a motor part, washing out dirt and unnecessary substances.
- (3) Without any damage of O-ring, oil seal, the adhered surface of other seals, a gear, a pin, the adhered surface of other bearings, and the surface of moisturized copper, treat each parts.
- (4) Numbers written in the parenthesis, (), next to the name of a part represent the part numbers of a previous page.
- (5) The side of a pipe in a motor can be written as a rear side ; the side of out-put as a front side.
- (6) In case of bonding bolts, combine a standard torque by torque wrench after spraying loctite 262 on the tab parts. (It can be dealt as assembling NPTF screws and an acceleration equipment.)

2) DISASSEMBLING

(1) Motor unit

① Put the motor assembly on the assemble table.

Using L-Wrench, disassemble wrench bolt (50)-8EA and so respectively disassemble shaft casing assembly and rear cover assembly.



7078TM01/01A

② Disassemble spring (48)-8EA From shaft casing (1).



7078TM02

③ Using jig, disassemble parking piston (16) from shaft casing (1).

④ Disassemble O-ring (17, 19) and back up ring (18, 20) from parking piston (16)



7078TM03



7078TM04/04A

⑤ Respectively in order friction plate (14), parking plate (15) disassemble from shaft casing (1).



 ⑥ Disassemble cylinder block assembly (8) from shaft casing (1).



7078TM06

(2) Cylinder block

 Disassemble set plate (11), piston assembly (13) from cylinder block assembly.

② Disassembling in order cylinder block (8), ball guide (10) and spring (9).

③ Disassembling swash plate (7) and shaft(3) from shaft casing (1).







7078TM09/09A

④ Disassembling swash piston (5) from shaft casing (1).



⑤ Disassembling steel ball (6) from shaft casing (1).



7078TM11/11A

(3) Rear cover

① Disassembling valve plate (12) from rear cover (21).

⁽²⁾ Using plier jig, disassembling in order snap ring (26), stopper (25), spring (24),

spool (23) from rear cover (21).



7078TM12



7078TM13

⁽³⁾ Using L-wrench, disassembling relief valve assembly (38) from rear cover (21).



④ Using torque wrench, disassembling plug (35) in order O-ring (36), spring 34), spring seat (33), main spool (32) from rear cover (21).



7078TM15/15A

⁽⁵⁾ Using L-wrench, disassembling plug (29) in order O-ring (30), back up ring (31), spring (28) and check (27) from rear cover (21).



7078TM16/16A

(4) Reduction gear

 Using L-wrench, disassembling wrench bolt (78) and then ring gear cover (75), O-ring (77) from ring gear (54).



7078TM17/17A

② Disassembling thrust plate (74) from ring gear (54).



7078TM18/18A

③ Disassembling in order planetary gear (71), drive gear (73) from ring gear (54).

④ Disassembling needle bearing (72) from

5 Disassembling in order collar (70), carrier

(68) from ring gear (54).

ring gear (54).



7078TM19/19A



7078TM20/20A



7078TM21/21A

⁶ Disassembling sun gear (66) from ring gear (54) and then disassembling snap ring (67) with plier jig.



7-96

 $\ensuremath{\overline{\mathbb{O}}}$ Using L-wrench, disassembling plate head bolt (65)-4EA from ring gear (54) and then disassembling plate (64).



7078TM23/23A

8 Disassembling planetary gear (62)-4EA from ring gear (54).



7078TM24/24A

(9) Disassembling needle bearing (63)-4EA from ring gear (54).

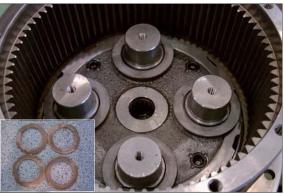


7078TM25/25A

1 Disassembling collar (61)-4EA from ring gear (54).



① Disassembling washer (60)-4EA from ring gear (54).



7078TM27/27A

⁽²⁾ Using jig, disassembling nut (59) when inner pressed state with L-wrench bolt from ring gear (54).



7078TM28/28A/B

⁽³⁾ Put the reduction gear on the assembling jig and then disassembling ring gear (54).



7078TM29/29A

3. ASSEMBLY

1) GENERAL SUGGESTIONS

- (1) After washing each parts cleanly, dry it with compressed air. Provided that you do not wash friction plate with treated oil.
- (2) In bonding each part, fasten bond torque.
- (3) When using a hammer, do not forget to use a plastic hammer.

2) ASSEMBLING

(1) Sub of turning axis

 Using a jig, insert the steel ball (56) to the shaft casing (1) and then assemble plug (57).

⁽²⁾ Using a jig, assemble oil seal (2) to the shaft casing (1) and then inserting with solid hammer.



7078TM51



7078TM52

③ Assemble swash steel ball (6) to the shaft casing (1) with grease.



④ Assemble swash piston (5) to the shaft casing (1).

⁽⁵⁾ Heat pressing bearing to the shaft (3).



7078TM54

- ⑥ Assemble bearing and heat pressed shaft (3) to the shaft casing (1).



(2) Cylinder block sub assembly

① Assemble piston assembly (13) to the set plate (11, 9 set).



② Assemble spring (9) to the cylinder block (8, 6 set).

 ${}^{\textcircled{3}}$ Assemble ball guide (10) to the cylinder

block (8).

7078TM58



- ④ Assemble sub-assembled piston (11, 13) to the cylinder block (8).
- ΤΟΥΤΗΘΟ
- ⑤ Assemble cylinder block (8) to the shaft casing (1).



7078TM06

 6 Assembling friction plate (14), parking plate (15) (respectively 3EA assembling) to the shaft casing (1).



7078TM05

Assembling back up ring (18), O-ring (17, 19), back up ring (20) to the parking piston (16).

- ⁽⁸⁾ Using a jig, insert the parking piston to the shaft casing (1) and assemble.

7078TM04/04A



7078TM64/64A

Assemble spring (48) to the shaft casing (1) and then assemble O-ring (49).



7078TM02

(3) Rear cover assembly

① Using a L-Wrench, assemble plug (22) 10EA to the rear cover (21).



② Assemble in order steel ball (39), checkseat (40) and plug (41) to the rear cover (21).



7078TM67

③ Assemble plug (42, 44), O-ring (43) to the rear cover (21).



7078TM68

Assemble check (27), spring (28) to rear cover (21) and assemble back up ring (31), O-ring (30) to the plug (29) after then using L-Wrench.



7078TM16/16A

⑤ Insert main spool (32), spring-seat (33), spring (34) to the rear cover (21) and assemble plug (35) with L-wrench.



7078TM15/15A

6 Assemble relief valve assembly (38) (with left-right symmetry) to the rear cover (21) and then tighten with a torque wrench.

- Using a plier jig, assemble snap ring (26), stopper (25), spring (24), spool (23) to the rear cover.
- Image: Constraint of the second of the se

7078TM13

8 Assemble roller bearing (45), pin (46) and valve plate (12) to the rear cover (21).



7078TM12/73/73A

③ Combine rear cover assembly and shaft casing assembly with bolt (50).



7078TM74

(4) Travel reduction gear

 Before assembling nut (59) to the motor. Eliminate burr and alien substances ready for assembling.

② Insert ring gear (54) to the spray washing M/C and heat 69°C ~70°C one minute.



7078TM77/28A



7078TM78

⁽³⁾ Assembling angular bearing (55) to the ring gear (54).



7078TM79/79A

7-105

 Insert steel ball (56) 105EA to the ring gear (54) with a jig after assembling plug (57) 2EA with L-Wrench.



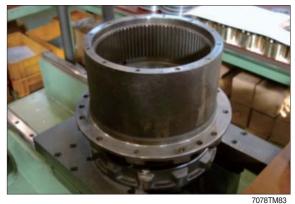
7078TM80/80A

(5) Assemble floating seal (58) to ring gear(54) and motor part with a jig.



7078TM81/81A/82

⁽⁶⁾ Upset the ring gear (54) and assemble with motor.



.....

⑦ Combine nut (59) to the ring gear (54) and pressing use a jig and then assembling with torque-wrench.



⑧ Using a L-wrench, assembling plug-4EA to the ring gear (54) and then cocking by a jig.

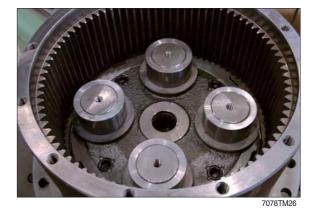


7078TM84/84A/85

(9) Assemble washer (60)-4EA the ring gear (54).



7078TM27



① Assemble needle bearing (63)-4EA to the ring gear (54).



7078TM25

② Assemble planetary gear (62)-4EA to the ring gear (54).

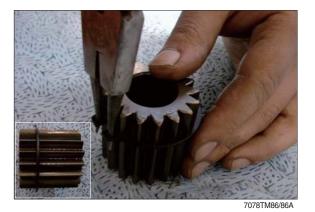


7078TM24

Assemble plate (64)-1EA to the ring gear (54) and then combine plate head bolt (65)-4EA with L-wrench.
 (after paste loctite and then combine the plate head bolt).

- Assembling snap ring (67) to the sun gear (66) with a plier jig.

7078TM23



Is Assemble sun gear with snap ring assembly to the ring gear (54).



7078TM22

(6) (69) to the carrier (68).



7078TM21

⑦ Assemble carrier sub assembly to the ring gear (54).



7078TM87

(B) Assemble needle bearing (72)-3EA to the ring gear (54).



7078TM20

(9) Assemble in order planetary gear (71), drive gear (73) to the ring gear (54).



7078TM19

② Assemble thrust plate (74) to the ring gear (54).



7078TM18

② Assemble in order ring gear cover (75) with O-ring (77) and then assemble wrench bolt (78) with torque-wrench.



7078TM17/17A

Roll the tarpon tape to the ring gear (54) and then combine with L-wrench(after test of drain part water pressure and capacity and then assemble plug PT3/8 form).



(5) Test

① Motor water pressure test

-Check the oil leak for one minute by appearance test at air pressure 5 kgf/cm².



7078TM89

Performance test Pour the gear oil (80W-90) by beaker at the reduction gear.



7078TM90

③ Test bench mounting

-Partially performance test by mounting motor test bench.



7078TM91

GROUP 7 RCV LEVER

1. REMOVAL AND INSTALL

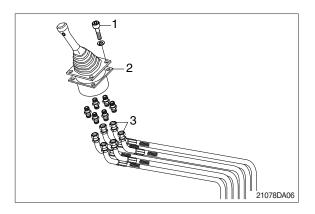
1) REMOVAL

- (1) Lower the work equipment to the ground and stop the engine.
- (2) Operate the control levers and pedals several times to release the remaining pressure in the hydraulic piping.
- (3) Loosen the breather slowly to release the pressure inside the hydraulic tank.
- A Escaping fluid under pressure can penetrate the skin causing serious injury.
- (4) Loosen the socket bolt (1).
- (5) Remove the cover of the console box.
- (6) Disconnect pilot line hoses (3).
- (7) Remove the pilot valve assembly (2).
- When removing the pilot valve assembly, check that all the hoses have been disconnected.

2) INSTALL

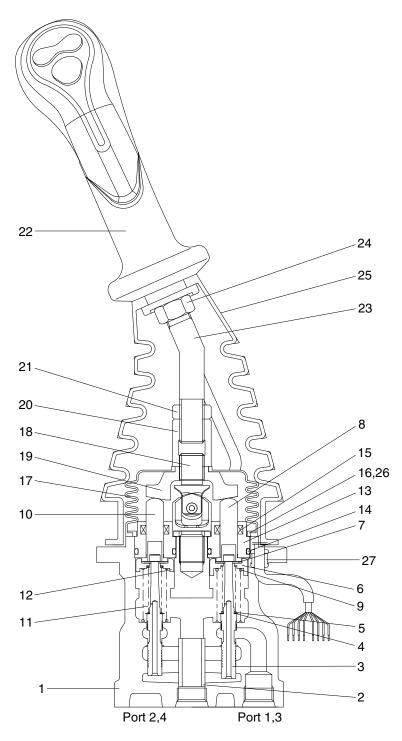
- (1) Carry out installation in the reverse order to removal.
- (2) Confirm the hydraulic oil level and check the hydraulic oil leak or not.





2. DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY

1) STRUCTURE



60W9S2RL02

- Case 1
- Bushing 2
- 3 Spool
- 4 Shim Spring 5
- 6
- Spring seat 7 Stopper
- 9 Spring 10 Push rod Spring 11

8

Push rod

Spring seat 12

O-ring

- 13 Plug
- 14

| 15 | Rod seal |
|----|----------------|
| 16 | Plate |
| 17 | Boot |
| 18 | Joint assembly |
| 19 | Swash plate |
| 20 | Adjusting nut |
| 21 | Lock nut |

- Handle assembly
- Handle bar 23
- 24 Nut

22

- 25 Boot
- Spring pin 26
- 27 Bushing

2) TOOLS AND TIGHTENING TORQUE

(1) Tools

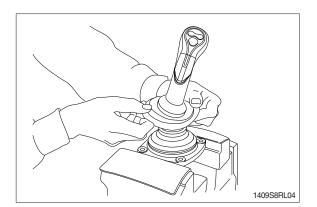
| Tool name | | Remark | | |
|---------------|--|-----------|--|--|
| Allen wrench | 6 | B | | |
| Spanner | 22 | | | |
| Spanner | 27 | \bigvee | | |
| (+) Driver | Length 150 | | | |
| (-) Driver | Width 4~5 | | | |
| Torque wrench | Capable of tightening with the specified torques | | | |

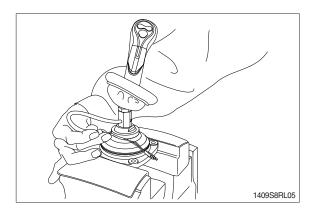
(2) Tightening torque

| Part name | ltem | Size | Torque | | |
|---------------|------|------|--------|----------|--|
| | | | kgf∙m | lbf·ft | |
| Joint | 18 | M14 | 3±0.2 | 14.5±1.4 | |
| Adjusting nut | 20 | M14 | 6±0.6 | 43.4±4.3 | |
| Lock nut | 21 | M14 | 6±0.6 | 43.4±4.3 | |

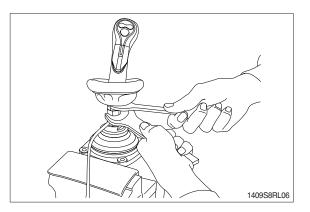
3) DISASSEMBLY

- (1) Clean pilot valve with kerosene.
- % Put blind plugs into all ports
- (2) Fix pilot valve in a vise with copper (or lead) sheets.
- (3) Remove end of boot (25) from case (1) and take it out upwards.
- * For valve with switch, remove cord also through hole of casing.

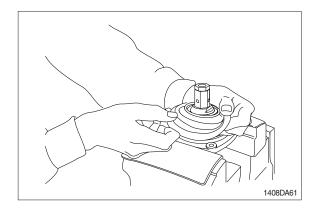




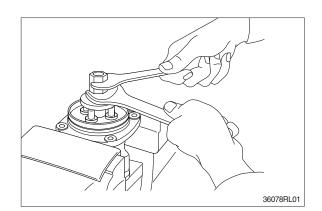
(4) Loosen lock nut (21) and adjusting nut(20) with spanners on them respectively, and take out handle section as one body.

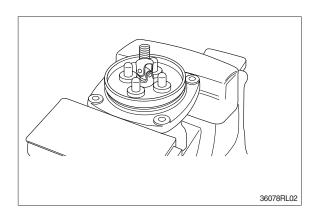


(5) Remove the boot (17).

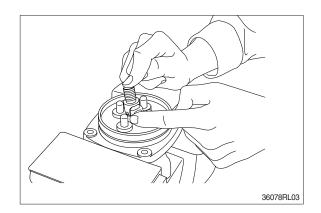


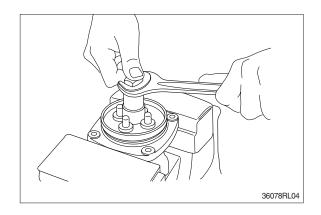
(6) Loosen adjusting nut (20) and swash plate (19) with spanners on them respectively, and remove them.



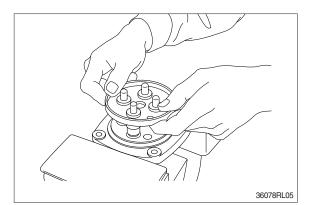


- (7) Turn joint anticlockwise to loosen it, utilizing jig (Special tool).
- When return spring (9) is strong in force, plate (16), plug (13) and push rod (10) will come up on loosening joint.
 Pay attention to this.

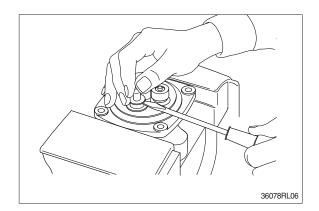


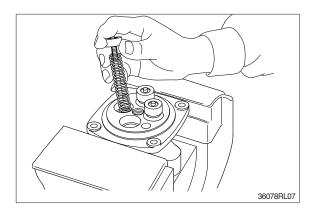


(8) Remove plate (16).

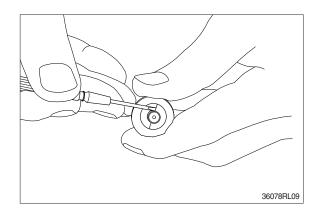


- (9) When return spring (9) is weak in force, plug (13) stays in casing because of sliding resistance of O-ring.
- * Take it out with minus screwdriver. Take it out, utilizing external periphery groove of plug and paying attention not to damage it by partial loading.
- During taking out, plug may jump up due to return spring (9) force.
 Pay attention to this.
- (10) Remove reducing valve subassembly and return spring (9) out of casing.
- Record relative position of reducing valve subassembly and return springs.

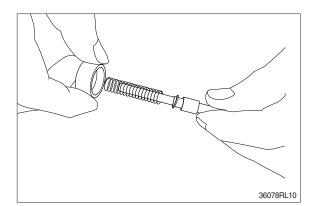




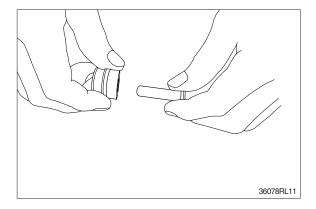
- (11) For disassembling reducing valve section, stand it vertically with spool (3) bottom placed on flat workbench. Push down spring seat (6) and remove two pieces of semicircular stopper (7) with tip of small minus screwdriver.
- * Pay attention not to damage spool surface.
- * Record original position of spring seat (6).
- Do not push down spring seat more than 6 mm.



- (12) Separate spool (3), spring seat (6), spring(5) and shim (4) individually.
- W Until being assembled, they should be handled as one subassembly group.

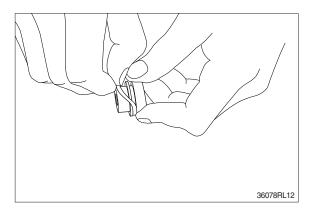


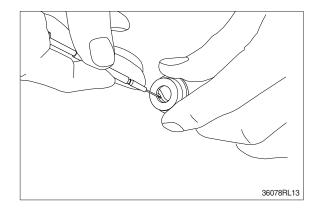
(13) Take push rod (10) out of plug (13).



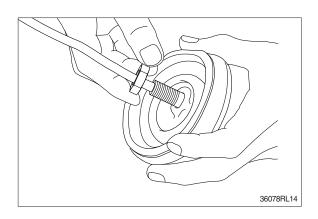
(14) Remove O-ring (14) and seal (15) from plug (13).

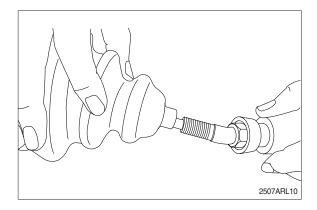
Use small minus screwdriver or so on to remove this seal.





 $(15)\, Remove \ lock \ nut \ (21) \ and \ then \ boot \ (25).$





(17) Cleaning of parts

- ① Put all parts in rough cleaning vessel filled with kerosene and clean them (rough cleaning).
- If dirty part is cleaned with kerosene just after putting it in vessel, it may be damaged. Leave it in kerosene for a while to loosen dust and dirty oil.
- If this kerosene is polluted, parts will be damaged and functions of reassembled valve will be degraded.

Therefore, control cleanliness of kerosene fully.

- ② Put parts in final cleaning vessel filled with kerosene, turning it slowly to clean them even to their insides (finish cleaning).
- Do not dry parts with compressed air, since they will be damaged and/or rusted by dust and moisture in air.

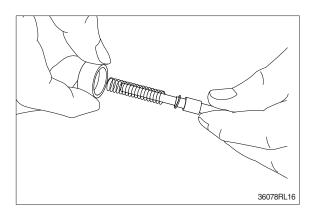
(18) Rust prevention of parts.

Apply rust-preventives to all parts.

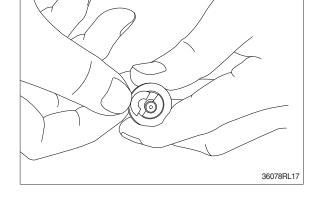
If left as they after being cleaned, they will be rusted and will not display their functions fully after being reassembled.

4) ASSEMBLY

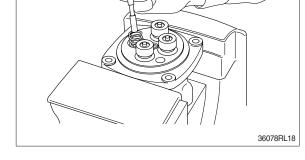
(1) Put shim (4), springs (5) and spring seat(6) onto spool (4) in this order.



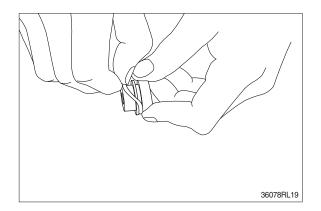
- (2) Stand spool vertically with its bottom placed on flat workbench, and with spring seat pushed down, put two pieces of semicircular stopper (7) on spring seat without piling them on.
- Assemble stopper (7) so that its sharp edge side will be caught by head of spool. Do not push down spring seat more than 6 mm.



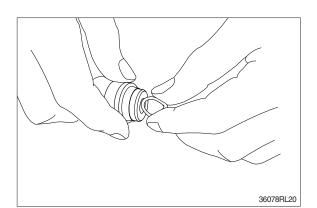
- (3) Assemble spring (9) into casing (1).Assemble reducing valve subassembly into casing.
- * Assemble them to their original positions.



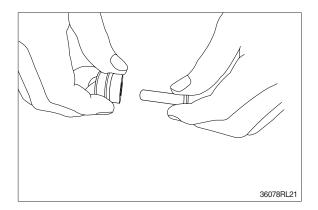
(4) Assemble O-ring (14) onto plug (13).



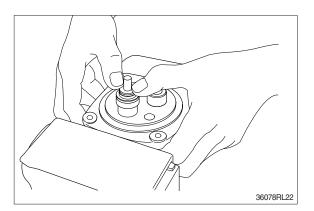
- (5) Assemble seal (15) to plug (13).
- * Assemble seal in such lip direction as shown below.



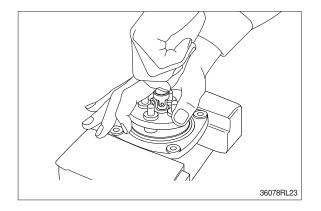
- (6) Assemble push rod (10) to plug (13).
- * Apply working oil on push-rod surface.



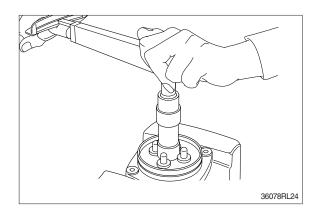
- (7) Assemble plug subassembly to casing.
- When return spring is weak in force, subassembly stops due to resistance of O-ring.



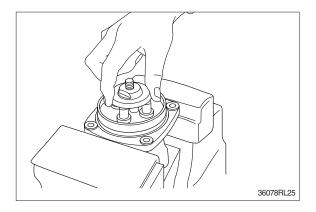
(8) When return spring is strong in force, assemble 4 sets at the same time, utilizing plate (16), and tighten joint (18) temporarily.



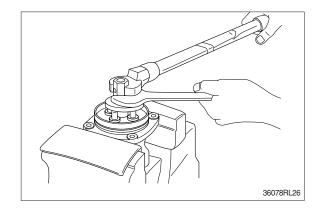
- (9) Fit plate (16).
- (10) Tighten joint (18) with the specified torque to casing, utilizing jig.



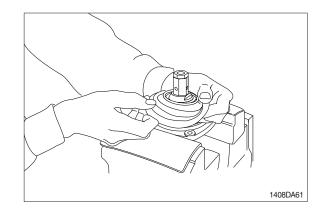
- (11) Assemble swash plate (19) to joint (18).
- Screw it to position that it contacts with 4 push rods evenly.
- * Do not screw it over.



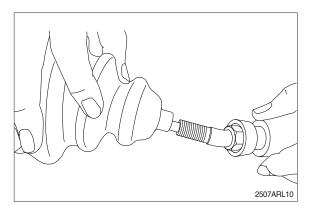
- (12) Assemble adjusting nut (20), apply spanner to width across flat of plate (19) to fix it, and tighten adjusting nut to the specified torque.
- * During tightening, do not change position of disk.

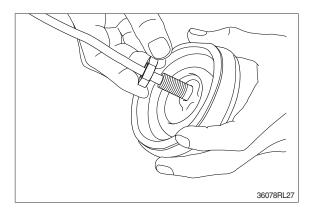


(13) Fit boot (17) to plate.

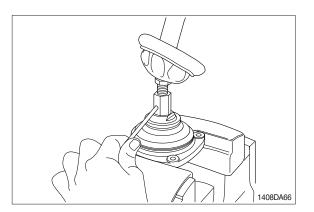


(14) Fit boot (25) and lock nut (21), and handle subassembly is assembled completely.

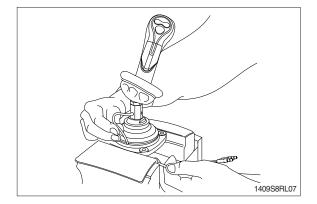




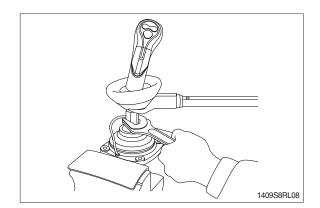
(15) Pull out cord and tube through adjusting nut hole provided in direction 60° to 120° from casing hole.



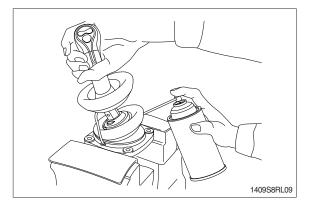
- (16) Assemble bushing (27) to plate and pass cord and tube through it.
- * Provide margin necessary to operation.



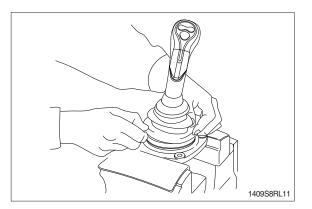
(17) Determine handle direction, tighten lock nut (21) to specified torque to fix handle.



(18) Apply grease to rotating section of joint and contacting faces of disk and push rod.



- (19) Assemble lower end of bellows to casing.
- (20) Inject volatile rust-preventives through all ports and then put blind plugs in ports.



GROUP 8 TURNING JOINT

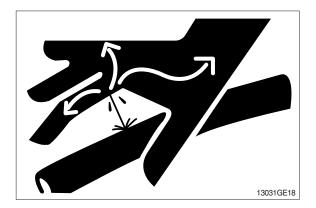
1. REMOVAL AND INSTALL

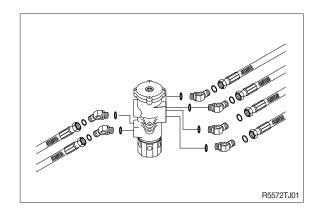
1) REMOVAL

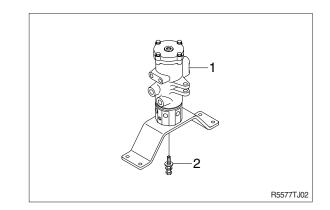
- (1) Lower the work equipment to the ground and stop the engine.
- (2) Operate the control levers and pedals several times to release the remaining pressure in the hydraulic piping.
- (3) Loosen the breather slowly to release the pressure inside the hydraulic tank.
- A Escaping fluid under pressure can penetrate the skin causing serious injury.
- When pipes and hoses are disconnected, the oil inside the piping will flow out, so catch it in oil pan.
- (4) Disconnect all hoses.
- (5) Sling the turning joint assembly (1) and remove the mounting bolt (2).
 - · Weight : 30 kg (70 lb)
 - $\label{eq:constraint} \begin{array}{l} \cdot \mbox{ Tightening torque : } 12.3 \pm 1.3 \mbox{ kgf} \cdot \mbox{ m} \\ (88.9 \pm 9.4 \mbox{ lbf} \cdot \mbox{ ft}) \end{array}$
- (6) Remove the turning joint assembly.
- * When removing the turning joint, check that all the hoses have been disconnected.

2) INSTALL

- (1) Carry out installation in the reverse order to removal.
- * Take care of turning joint direction.
- * Assemble hoses to their original positions.
- * Confirm the hydraulic oil level and check the hydraulic oil leak or not.

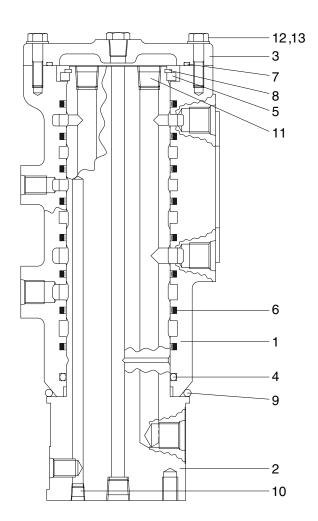






2. DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY

1) STRUCTURE



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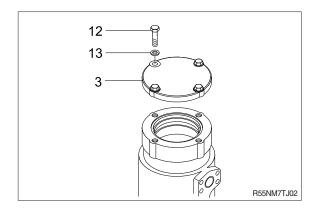
- 1 Hub
- 2 Shaft
- 3 Cover
- 4 O-ring
- 5 Ring

- 6 Slipper seal
- 7 O-ring
- 8 Retainer ring
- 9 O-ring

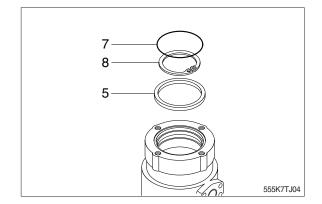
- 10 Plug
- 11 Plug
- 12 Hexagon bolt
- 13 Spring washer

2) DISASSEMBLY

- * Before the disassembly, clean the turning joint.
- Remove bolts (12), washer (13) and cover (3).



- (2) Remove O-ring (7).
- (3) Remove retainer ring (8) and ring (5).



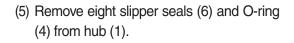
Wooden block

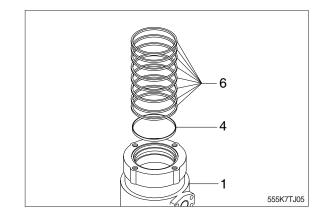
V block

Secure with hand

8-141(3) 210-7

- (4) Place hub (1) on a V-block and by using a wood buffer at the shaft end, hit out shaft(2) to about 1/2 from the body with a hammer.
- * Take care not to damage the shaft (2) when remove hub (1) or rest it sideway.
- * Put a fitting mark on hub (1) and shaft (2).

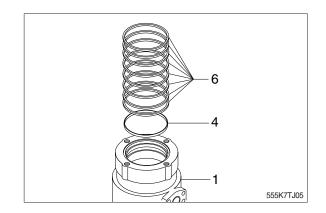




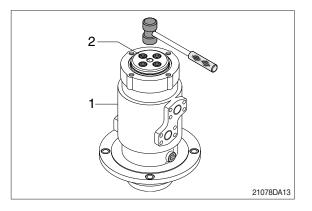
Work bench

3) ASSEMBLY

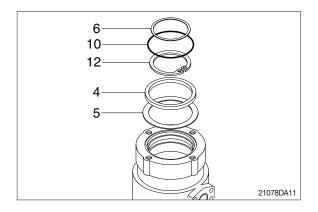
- * Clean all parts.
- * As a general rule, replace oil seals and O-ring.
- * Coat the sliding surfaces of all parts with engine oil or grease before installing.
- (1) Fix eight slipper seal (6) and O-ring (4) to hub (1).



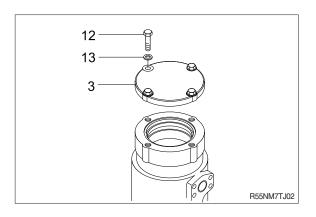
(2) Set shaft (2) on block, tap hub (1) with a plastic hammer to install.



- (3) Ring (5) and retainer ring (8) to shaft (2).
- (4) Fit O-ring (7) to hub (1).



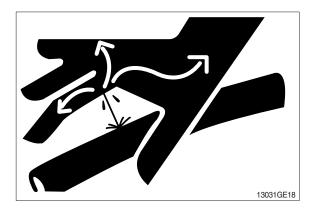
(5) Install cover (3) to body (1) and tighten bolts (12) with washer (13).

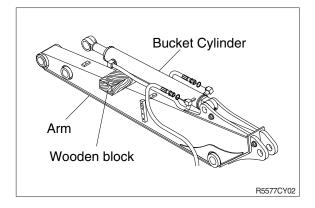


GROUP 9 BOOM, ARM AND BUCKET CYLINDERS

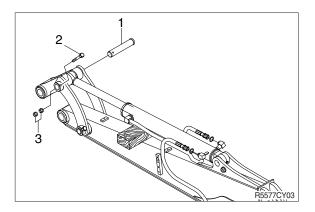
1. REMOVAL AND INSTALL

- 1) BUCKET CYLINDER
- (1) Removal
- Expand the arm and bucket fully, lower the work equipment to the ground and stop the engine.
- * Operate the control levers and pedals several times to release the remaining pressure in the hydraulic piping.
- ▲ Loosen the breather slowly to release the pressure inside the hydraulic tank. Escaping fluid under pressure can penetrate the skin causing serious injury.
- Fit blind plugs in the hoses after disconnecting them, to prevent dirt or dust from entering.
- ① Set block between bucket cylinder and arm.

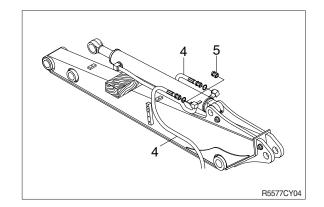




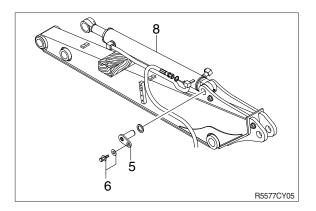
- 2 Remove bolt (2), nut (3) and pull out pin (1).
- * Tie the rod with wire to prevent it from coming out.



③ Disconnect bucket cylinder hoses (4) and put plugs (5) on cylinder pipe.



- ④ Sling bucket cylinder assembly (8) and remove bolt (6) then pull out pin (5).
- (5) Remove bucket cylinder assembly (8).
 - Weight : 60 kg (130 lb)



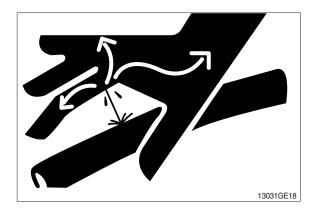
(2) Install

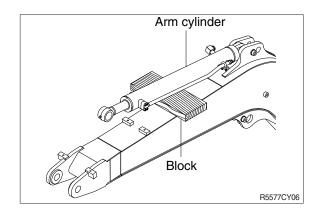
- ① Carry out installation in the reverse order to removal.
- ▲ When aligning the mounting position of the pin, do not insert your fingers in the pin hole.
- * Bleed the air from the bucket cylinder.
- * Confirm the hydraulic oil level and check the hydraulic oil leak or not.

2) ARM CYLINDER

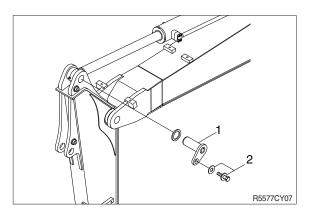
(1) Removal

- Expand the arm and bucket fully, lower the work equipment to the ground and stop the engine.
- * Operate the control levers and pedals several times to release the remaining pressure in the hydraulic piping.
- ▲ Loosen the breather slowly to release the pressure inside the hydraulic tank.
- A Escaping fluid under pressure can penetrate the skin causing serious injury.
- Fit blind plugs in the hoses after disconnecting them, to prevent dirt or dust from entering.
- ① Set block between arm cylinder and boom.

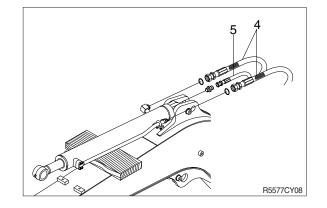




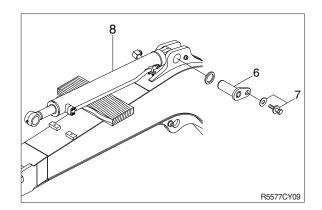
- 2 Remove bolt (2) and pull out pin (1).
- * Tie the rod with wire to prevent it from coming out.



- ③ Disconnect arm cylinder hoses (4) and put plugs on cylinder pipe.
- 4 Disconnect greasing pipings (5).



- (5) Sling arm assembly (8) and remove bolt(7) then pull out pin (6).
- 6 Remove arm cylinder assembly (8).
 - Weight : 90 kg (200 lb)



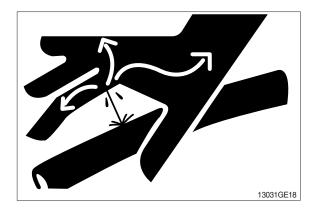
(2) Install

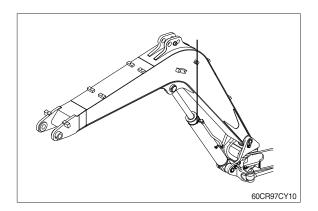
- ① Carry out installation in the reverse order to removal.
- A When aligning the mounting position of the pin, do not insert your fingers in the pin hole.
- * Bleed the air from the arm cylinder.
- * Confirm the hydraulic oil level and check the hydraulic oil leak or not.

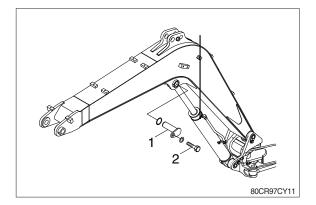
3) BOOM CYLINDER

(1) Removal

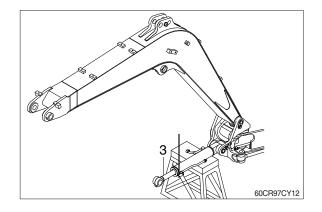
- Expand the arm and bucket fully, lower the work equipment to the ground and stop the engine.
- * Operate the control levers and pedals several times to release the remaining pressure in the hydraulic piping.
- ▲ Loosen the breather slowly to release the pressure inside the hydraulic tank.
- A Escaping fluid under pressure can penetrate the skin causing serious injury.
- Fit blind plugs in the hoses after disconnecting them, to prevent dirt or dust from entering.
- ① Disconnect greasing hoses.
- ② Sling boom cylinder assembly.
- ③ Remove bolt (2) and pull out pin (1).
- * Tie the rod with wire to prevent it from coming out.



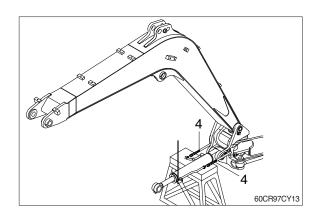




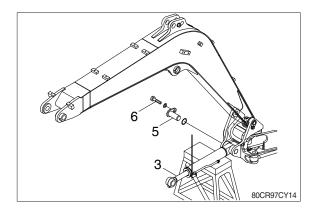
④ Lower the boom cylinder assembly (3) on a stand.



⑤ Disconnect boom cylinder hoses (4) and put plugs on cylinder pipe.



- 6 Remove bolt (6) and pull out pin (5).
- O Remove boom cylinder assembly (3).
 - · Weight : 110 kg (240 lb)

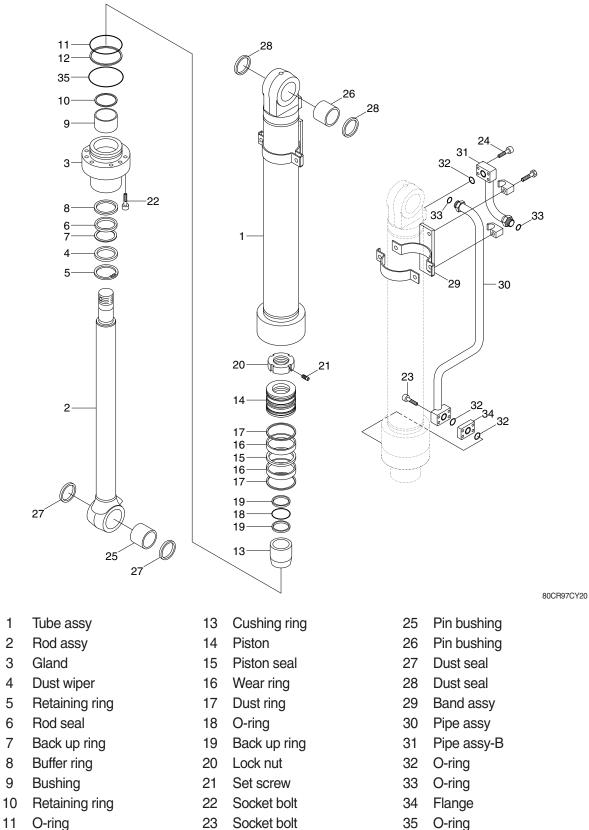


(2) Install

- ① Carry out installation in the reverse order to removal.
- A When aligning the mounting position of the pin, do not insert your fingers in the pin hole.
- * Bleed the air from the boom cylinder.
- * Conformed the hydraulic oil level and check the hydraulic oil leak or not.

2. DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY

- 1) STRUCTURE
- (1) Bucket cylinder

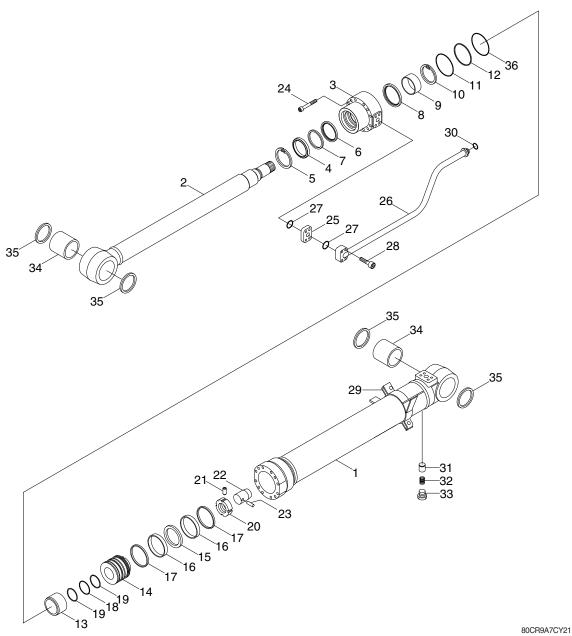


O-ring

Back up ring

7-137

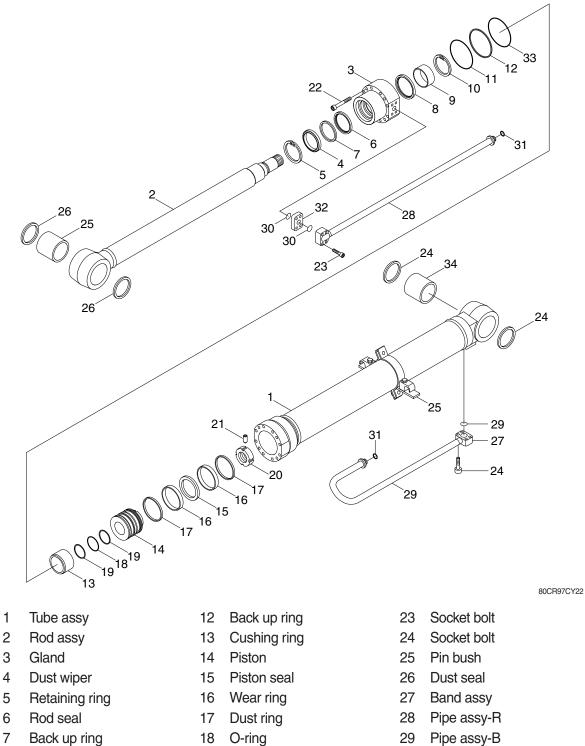
Socket bolt



- 1 Tube assy
- 2 Rod assy
- 3 Gland
- 4 Dust wiper
- 5 Retaining ring
- 6 Rod seal
- 7 Back up ring
- 8 Buffer ring
- 9 Dry bearing
- 10 Retaining ring
- 11 O-ring
- 12 Back up ring

- 13 Cushing ring
- 14 Piston
- 15 Piston seal
- 16 Wear ring
- 17 Dust ring
- 18 O-ring
- 19 Back up ring
- 20 Lock nut
- 21 Set screw
- 22 Plunger
- 23 Parallel pin
- 24 Socket bolt

- 25 Flange
- 26 Pipe assy-R
- 27 O-ring
- 28 Socket bolt
- 29 Band assy
- 30 O-ring
- 31 Check valve
- 32 Coil spring
- 33 Plug
- 34 Pin bushing
- 35 Dust seal
- 36 O-ring



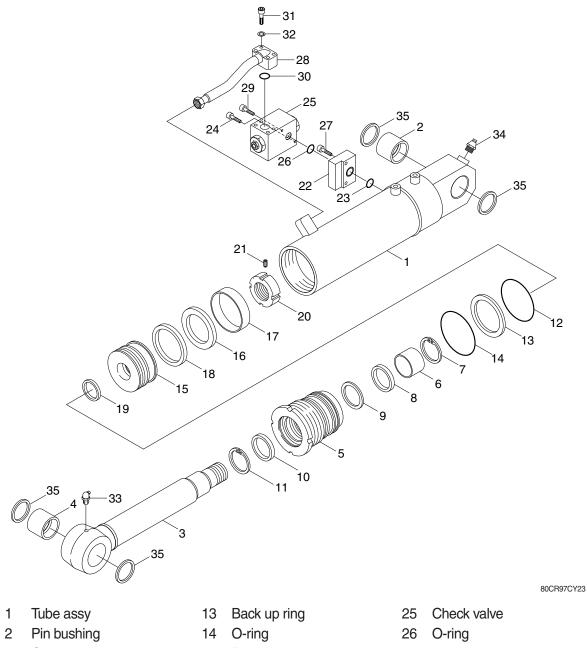
- Buffer ring
- 9 Bushing

8

- Retaining ring 10
- 11 O-ring

- Back up ring 19
- Lock nut 20
- 21 Set screw
- 22 Socket bolt
- O-ring 30
- 31 O-ring
- 32 Flange
- 33 O-ring

(4) Dozer cylinder

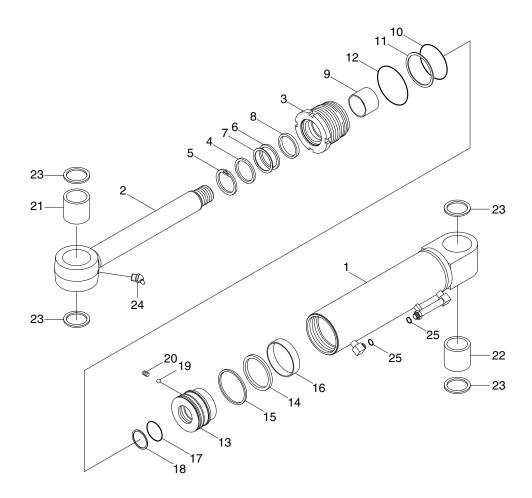


- 3 Gland
- 4 Pin bushing
- 5 Rod cover
- 6 Rod bush
- 7 Retaining ring
- 8 Buffer seal
- 9 U-packing
- 10 Dust wiper
- 11 Retaining ring
- 12 O-ring

- 15 Piston
- 16 Piston seal
- 17 Wear ring
- 18 Dust ring
- 19 O-ring
- 20 Piston nut
- 21 Set screw
- 22 Spacer
- 23 O-ring
- 24 Hex socket bolt

- 27 Hex socket bolt
- 28 Pipe assy
- 29 Hex socket bolt
- 30 O-ring
- 31 Hex socket bolt
- 32 Spring washer
- 33 Grease nipple
- 34 Grease nipple
- 35 Pin wiper

(5) Boom swing cylinder



- 1 Tube assy
- 2 Rod assy
- 3 Rod assy
- 4 Dust wiper
- 5 Retaining ring
- 6 Rod seal
- 7 Back up ring
- 8 Buffer ring
- 9 Du bushing

- 10 O-ring
- 11 Back up ring
- 12 O-ring
- 13 Piston
- 14 Piston seal
- 15 Dust ring
- 16 Wear ring
- 17 O-ring
- 18 Back up ring

- 19 Steel ball
- 20 Set screw
- 21 Pin bushing

80CR97CY24

- 22 Grease nipple
- 23 Dust seal
- 24 Grease nipple
- 25 O-ring

2) TOOLS AND TIGHTENING TORQUE

(1) Tools

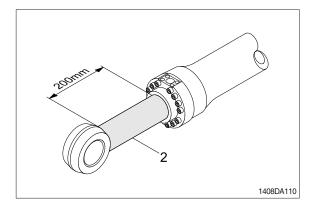
| Name | Specification | | |
|---------------|--|--|--|
| Allen uweneb | 8 B | | |
| Allen wrench | 10 | | |
| Spanner | M22 | | |
| Hook spanner | Suitable size | | |
| (-) Driver | Small and large sizes | | |
| Torque wrench | Capable of tightening with the specified torques | | |

(2) Tightening torque

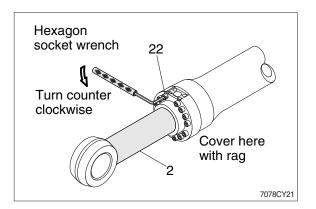
| Part name | | Item | Size | Torque | |
|---|---------------------|------|----------|----------------|----------|
| | | | | kgf∙m | lbf ∙ ft |
| Gland mounting bolt (socket head bolt) | Boom cylinder | 22 | M14×2.0 | 15±1.5 | 108±10.8 |
| | Arm cylinder | 24 | M14×2.0 | 15±1.5 | 108±10.8 |
| | Bucket cylinder | 22 | M12×1.75 | 9.4±1.0 | 68±7.2 |
| Gland | Dozer cylinder | 5 | M135×2.0 | 75±7.5 | 540±54 |
| | Boom swing cylinder | 3 | M115×2.0 | 92±9.2 | 665±66.5 |
| | Boom cylinder | 20 | M50×2.0 | 130±13 | 940±94 |
| | Arm cylinder | 20 | M42×2.0 | 75±7.5 | 540±54 |
| Lock nut | Bucket cylinder | 20 | M39×2.0 | 75±7.5 | 540±54 |
| | Dozer cylinder | 20 | M55×2.0 | 130±13 | 940±94 |
| Piston | Boom cylinder | 14 | M60×3.0 | 75±7.5 | 540±54 |
| | Arm cylinder | 14 | M55×2.0 | 60±6.0 | 434±43.4 |
| | Bucket cylinder | 14 | M48×2.0 | 50±5.0 | 362±36.2 |
| | Dozer cylinder | 15 | M65×3.0 | 75±7.5 | 540±54 |
| | Boom swing | 13 | M50×2.0 | 125 ± 12.5 | 904±90.4 |

3) DISASSEMBLY

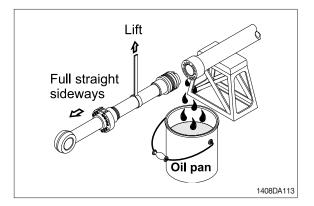
- (1) Remove cylinder head and piston rod
 - Procedures are based on the bucket cylinder.
- ① Hold the clevis section of the tube in a vise.
- * Use mouth pieces so as not to damage the machined surface of the cylinder tube. Do not make use of the outside piping as a locking means.
- ② Pull out rod assembly (2) about 200 mm (7.1 in). Because the rod assembly is rather heavy, finish extending it with air pressure after the oil draining operation.



- ③ Loosen and remove socket bolts (22) of the gland in sequence.
- * Cover the extracted rod assembly (2) with rag to prevent it from being accidentally damaged during operation.

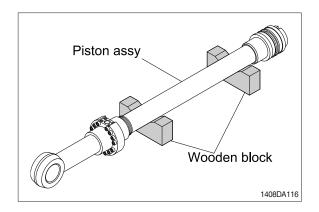


- ④ Draw out cylinder head and rod assembly together from tube assembly (1).
- Since the rod assembly is heavy in this case, lift the tip of the rod assembly (2) with a crane or some means and draw it out. However, when rod assembly (2) has been drawn out to approximately two thirds of its length, lift it in its center to draw it completely.



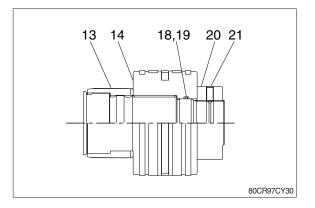
Note that the plated surface of rod assembly (2) is to be lifted. For this reason, do not use a wire sling and others that may damage it, but use a strong cloth belt or a rope.

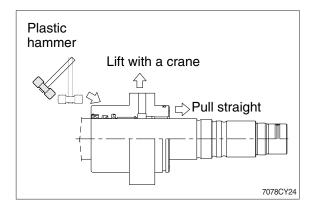
- ⑤ Place the removed rod assembly on a wooden V-block that is set level.
- * Cover a V-block with soft rag.



(2) Remove piston and rod cover

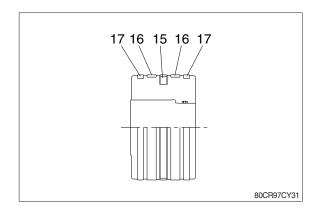
- Remove screw (21).
 Remove lock nut (20).
- Since lock nut (20) is tightened to a high torque, use a hydraulic and power wrench that utilizers a hydraulic cylinder, to remove the lock nut (20).
- ② Remove piston assembly (14), back up ring (19), and O-ring (18).
- ③ Remove the cylinder head assembly from rod assembly (2).
- If it is too heavy to move, move it by striking the flanged part of cylinder head with a plastic hammer.
- Pull it straight with cylinder head assembly lifted with a crane.
 Exercise care so as not to damage the lip of rod bushing (9) and packing (4, 5, 6, 7, 8) by the threads of rod assembly (2).





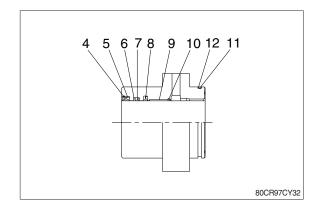
(3) Disassemble the piston assembly

- ① Remove wear ring (16).
- ② Remove dust ring (17) and piston seal (15).
- * Exercise care in this operation not to damage the grooves.



(4) Disassemble gland assembly

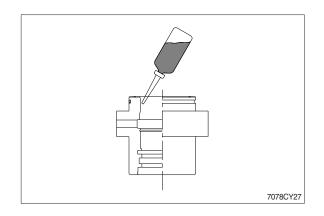
- Remove back up ring (12) and O-ring (11).
- ② Remove snap ring (5), dust wiper (4).
- ③ Remove back up ring (7), rod seal (6) and buffer ring (8).
- * Exercise care in this operation not to damage the grooves.
- * Do not remove seal and ring, if does not damaged.



4) ASSEMBLY

(1) Assemble cylinder head assembly

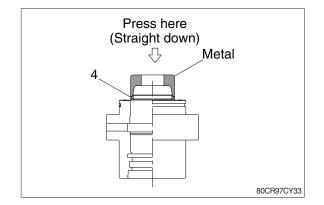
- * Check for scratches or rough surfaces if found smooth with an oil stone.
- ① Coat the inner face of gland (3) with hydraulic oil.



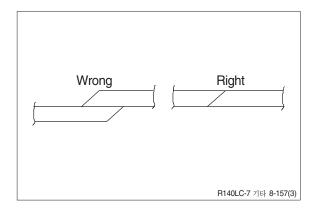
② Coat dust wiper (4) with grease and fit dust wiper (4) to the bottom of the hole of dust seal.

At this time, press a pad metal to the metal ring of dust seal.

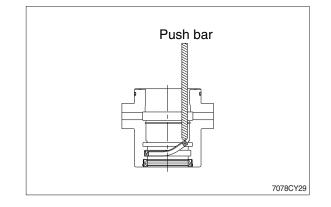
 \bigcirc Fit snap ring (5) to the stop face.



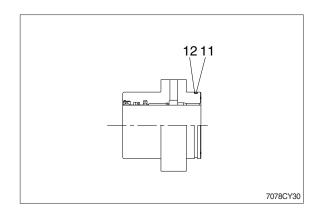
- Fit back up ring (7), rod seal (6) and buffer ring (8) to corresponding grooves, in that order.
- * Coat each packing with hydraulic oil before fitting it.
- Insert the backup ring until one side of it is inserted into groove.



- * Rod seal (6) has its own fitting direction. Therefore, confirm it before fitting them.
- Fitting rod seal (6) upside down may damage its lip. Therefore check the correct direction that is shown in fig.

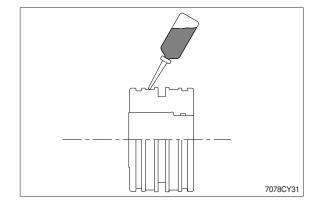


- 5 Fit back up ring (12) to gland (3).
- * Put the backup ring in the warm water of $30 \sim 50^{\circ}$ C.
- ⁶ Fit O-ring (11) to gland (3).

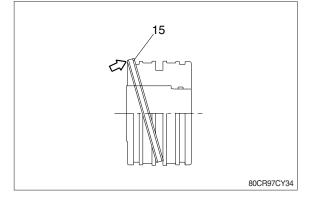


(2) Assemble piston assembly

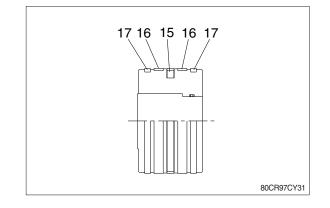
- * Check for scratches or rough surfaces. If found smooth with an oil stone.
- ① Coat the outer face of piston (14) with hydraulic oil.



- ② Fit piston seal (15) to piston.
- * Put the piston seal in the warm water of 60~100°C for more than 5 minutes.
- * After assembling the piston seal, press its outer diameter to fit in.

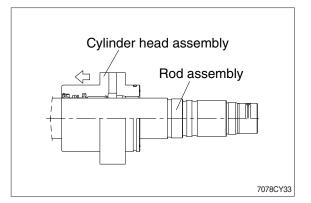


③ Fit wear ring (16) and dust ring (17) to piston (14).

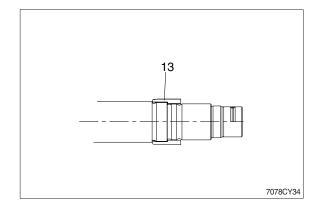


(3) Install piston and cylinder head

- 1 Fix the rod assembly to the work bench.
- ② Apply hydraulic oil to the outer surface of rod assembly (2), the inner surface of piston and cylinder head.
- ③ Insert cylinder head assembly to rod assembly.



④ Insert cushion ring (13) to rod assembly. Note that cushion ring (13) has a direction in which it should be fitted.



Piston assembly

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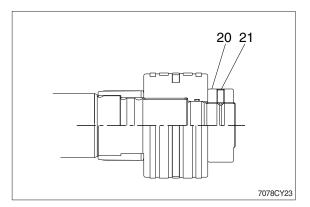
| 5 | Fit piston assembly to rod assembly. | |
|---|---|--|
| | Tightening torque : | |

| Item | | kgf ∙ m | lbf ∙ ft |
|------------|----|----------|----------|
| Boom | 14 | 75±7.5 | 540±54 |
| Arm | 14 | 60±6.0 | 434±43 |
| Bucket | 14 | 50±5.0 | 362±36 |
| Dozer | 15 | 75±7.5 | 540±54 |
| Boom swing | 13 | 125±12.5 | 904±90 |



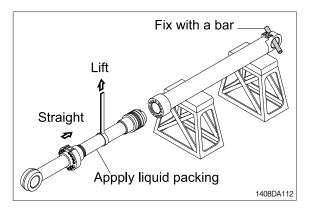
6 Fit lock nut (20) to piston and screw (21).

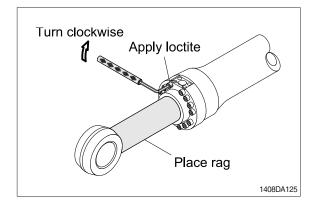
| | I igntening torque : | | | | | | | |
|--|----------------------|----|------------|----------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Item | | kgf ∙ m | lbf ∙ ft | | | | |
| | Boom | 20 | 130±13 | 940±94 | | | | |
| | Arm | 20 | 75±7.5 | $542\!\pm\!54$ | | | | |
| | Bucket | 20 | 75±7.5 | 542 ± 54 | | | | |
| | Dozer | 20 | 130 ± 13 | 940 ± 94 | | | | |



(3) Overall assemble

- Place a V-block on a rigid work bench. Mount the tube assembly (1) on it and fix the assembly by passing a bar through the clevis pin hole to lock the assembly.
- ② Insert the rod assembly in to the tube assembly, while lifting and moving the rod assembly with a crane.
- * Be careful not to damage piston seal by thread of tube assembly.
- ③ Match the bolt holes in the cylinder head flange to the tapped holes in the tube assembly and tighten socket bolts to a specified torque.
- * Refer to the table of tightening torque.





GROUP 10 UNDERCARRIAGE

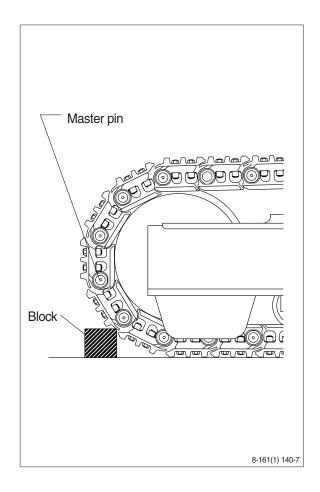
1. TRACK LINK

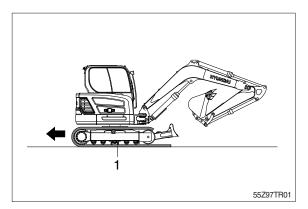
1) REMOVAL

- Move track link until master pin is over front idler in the position put wooden block as shown.
- (2) Loosen tension of the track link.
- If track tension is not relieved when the grease valve is loosened, move the machine backwards and forwards.
- We use the grease nipple after release the tension by pushing the poppet only when necessarily required.

Grease leaking hole is not existing. So, while unscrew the grease nipple, grease is not leaking until the grease nipple is completely coming out. If the tension is not released in advance, the grease nipple can be suddenly popped out by pressurized grease.

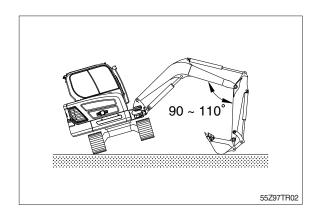
- (3) Push out master pin by using a suitable tool.
- (4) Move the machine slowly in reverse, and lay out track link assembly (1).
- * Jack up the machine and put wooden block under the machine.
- * Don't get close to the sprocket side as the track shoe plate may fall down on your feet.





2) INSTALL

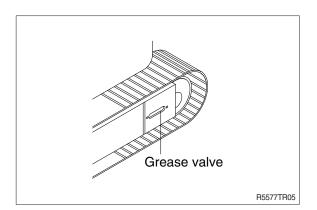
- (1) Carry out installation in the reverse order to removal.
- * Adjust the tension of the track link.



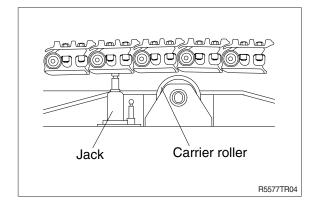
2. CARRIER ROLLER

1) REMOVAL

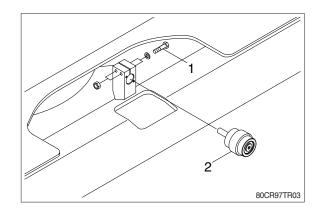
(1) Loosen tension of the track link.



(2) Jack up the track link height enough to permit carrier roller removal.



- (3) Remove bolt (1) at both side.
- (4) Remove carrier roller (2). • Weight : 8 kg (17.6 lb)



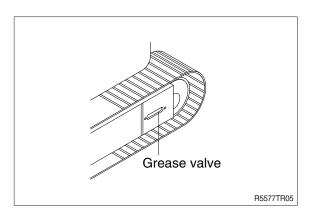
2) INSTALL

(1) Carry out installation in the reverse order to removal.

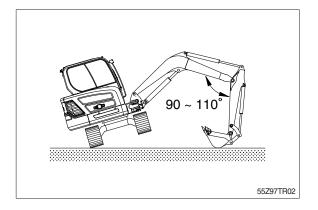
3. TRACK ROLLER

1) REMOVAL

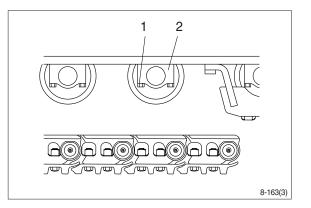
(1) Loosen tension of the track link.



- (2) Using the work equipment, push up track frame on side which is to be removed.
- * After jack up the machine, set a block under the unit.



(3) Remove the mounting bolt (1) and draw out the track roller (3).Weight : 16 kg (36 lb)



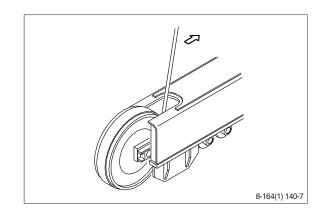
2) INSTALL

(1) Carry out installation in the reverse order to removal.

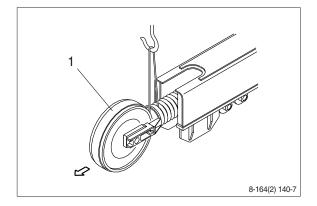
4. IDLER AND RECOIL SPRING

1) REMOVAL

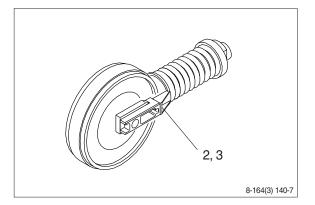
Remove the track link.
 For detail, see removal of track link.



- (2) Sling the recoil spring (1) and pull out idler and recoil spring assembly from track frame, using a pry.
 - · Weight : 110 kg (240 lb)

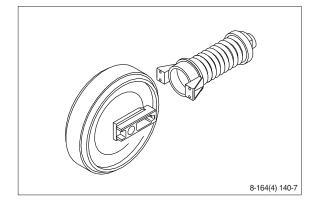


(3) Remove the bolts (2), washers (3) and separate idler from recoil spring.



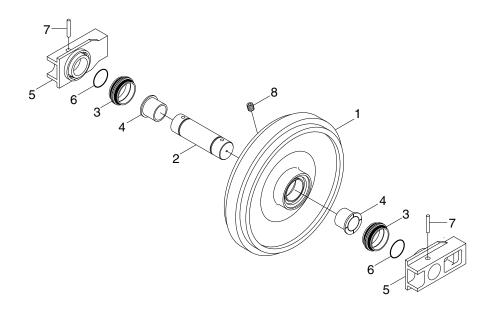
2) INSTALL

- (1) Carry out installation in the reverse order to removal.
- Make sure that the boss on the end face of the recoil cylinder rod is in the hole of the track frame.



3) DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY OF IDLER

(1) Structure



80CR97ID30

1 Shell

4 Bushing

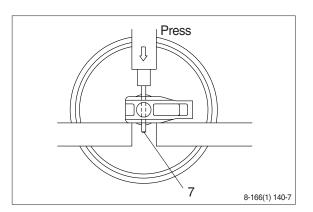
- 2 Shaft
- 3 Seal assembly
- 5 Bracket
- 6 O-ring

- 7 Spring pin
- 8 Plug

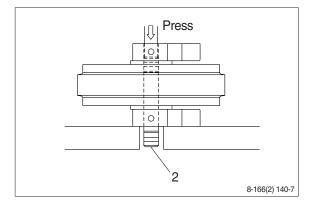
7-154

(2) Disassembly

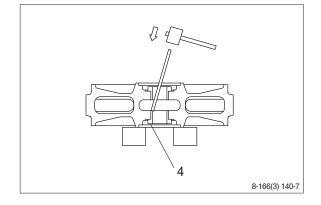
- 1 Remove plug and drain oil.
- ⁽²⁾ Draw out the spring pin (7), using a press.



- 3 Pull out the shaft (2) with a press.
- ④ Remove seal (3) from idler (1) and bracket (5).
- ⁽⁵⁾ Remove O-ring (6) from shaft.



- ⑥ Remove the bushing (4) from idler, using a special tool.
- * Only remove bushing if replacement is necessity.

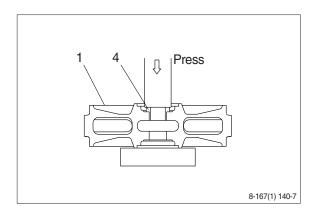


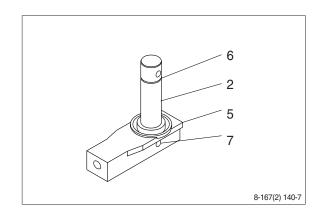
(3) Assembly

- * Before assembly, clean the parts.
- * Coat the sliding surfaces of all parts with oil.
- Cool up bushing (4) fully by some dry ice and press it into shell (1).

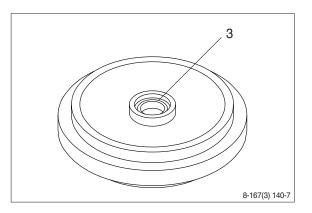
Do not press it at the normal temperature, or not knock in with a hammer even after the cooling.

- ② Coat O-ring (6) with grease thinly, and install it to shaft (2).
- ③ Insert shaft (2) into bracket (5) and drive in the spring pin (7).

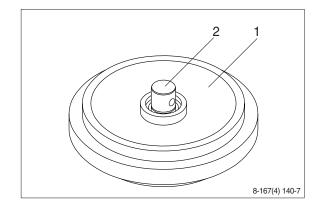




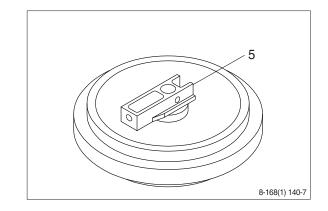
4 Install seal (3) to shell (1) and bracket (5).



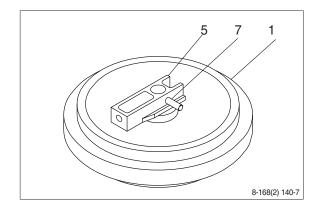
5 Install shaft (2) to shell (1).



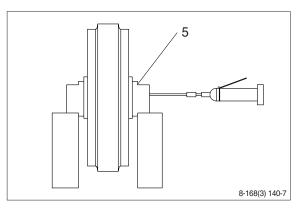
⑥ Install bracket (5) attached with seal (3).



⑦ Knock in the spring pin (7) with a hammer.

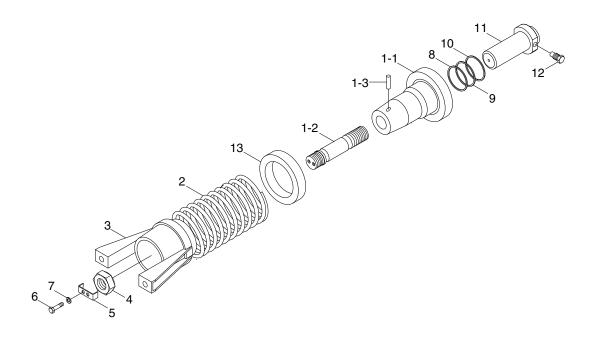


⑧ Lay bracket (5) on its side. Supply engine oil to the specified level, and tighten plug.



4) DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY OF RECOIL SPRING

(1) Structure



- 1-1 Body
- 1-2 Tie bar
- 1-3 Spring pin
- 2 Spring
- 3 Bracket

- 4 Lock nut
- 5 Lock plate
- 6 Bolt
- 7 Spring washer
- 8 Rod seal

9 Back up ring

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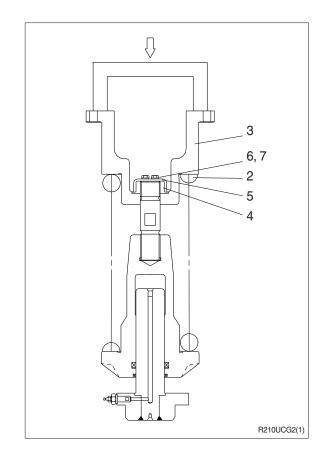
- 10 Dust seal
- 11 Rod assembly
- 12 Grease valve
- 13 Spacer

(2) Disassembly

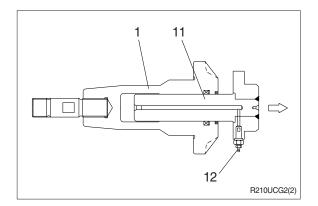
- ① Apply pressure on spring (2) with a press.
- * The spring is under a large installed load. This is dangerous, so be sure to set properly.
 - Spring set load : 5083 kg (11210 lb)
- ② Remove bolt (6), spring washer (7) and lock plate (5).
- ③ Remove lock nut (4).

Take enough notice so that the press which pushes down the spring, should not be slipped out in its operation.

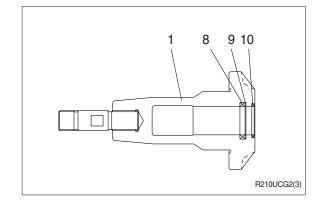
④ Lighten the press load slowly and remove bracket (3) and spring (2).



- 5 Remove rod (11) from body (1-1).
- 6 Remove grease value (12) from rod (11).



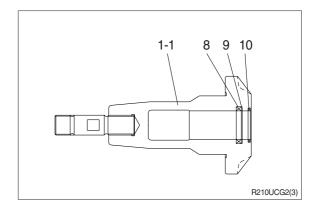
Remove rod seal (8), back up ring (9) and dust seal (10).



(3) Assembly

Install dust seal (10), back up ring (9) and rod seal (8) to body (1-1).

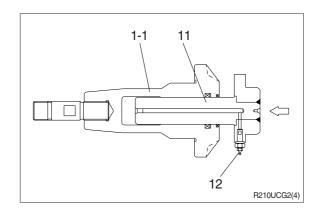
When installing dust seal (10) and rod seal (8), take full care so as not to damage the lip.

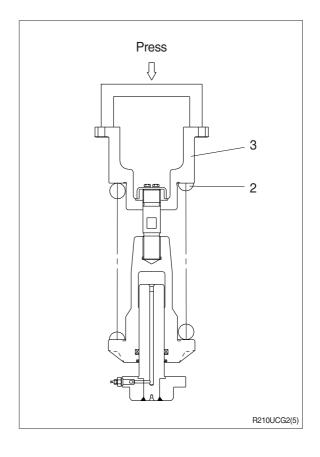


2 Pour grease into body (1-1), then push in rod (11) by hand.

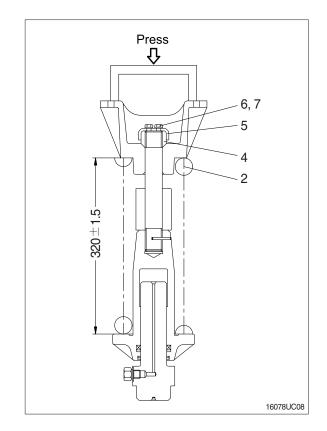
After take grease out of grease valve mounting hole, let air out.

- If air letting is not sufficient, it may be difficult to adjust the tension of crawler.
- ③ Fit grease valve (12) to rod (11).
 •Tightening torque : 13±1.0 kgf·m (94±7.2 lbf·ft)
- ④ Install spring (2) and bracket (3) to body (1-1).
- (5) Apply pressure to spring (2) with a press and tighten lock nut (4).
- $\,\, \ensuremath{\overset{\scriptstyle \ensuremath{\scriptstyle \ensurema$
- * During the operation, pay attention specially to prevent the press from slipping out.



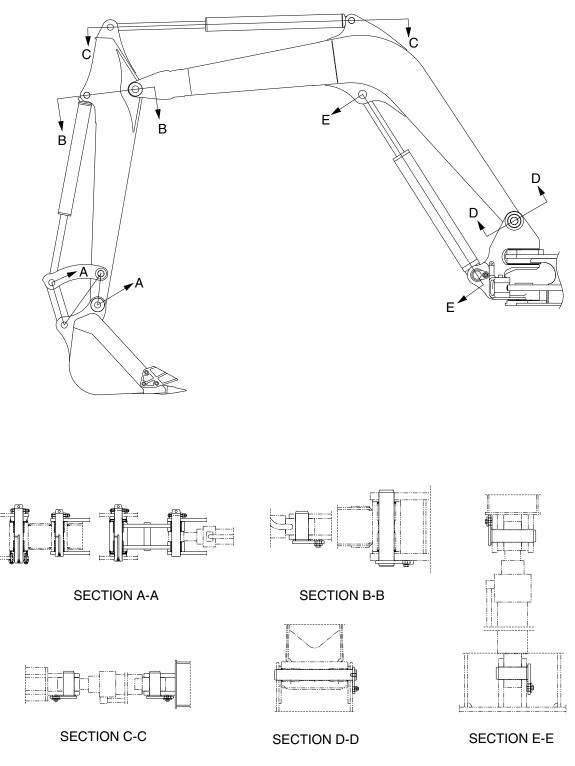


- ⑥ Lighten the press load and confirm the set length of spring (2).
- ⑦ After the setting of spring (2), install lock plate (5), spring washer (7) and bolt (6).



GROUP 11 WORK EQUIPMENT

1. STRUCTURE



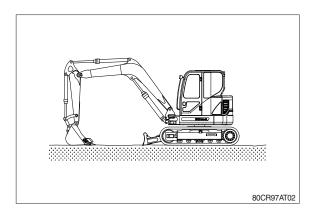
80CR97AT01

2. REMOVAL AND INSTALL

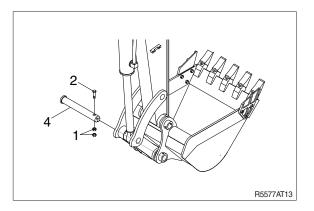
1) BUCKET ASSEMBLY

(1) Removal

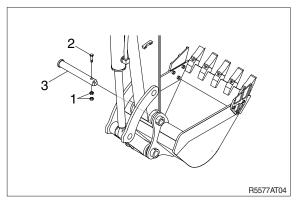
① Lower the work equipment completely to ground with back of bucket facing down.



⁽²⁾ Remove nut (1), bolt (2) and draw out the pin (4).

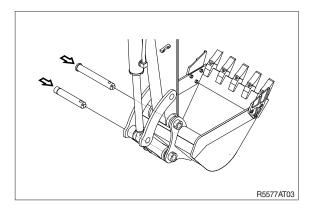


③ Remove nut (1), bolt (2) and draw out the pin (3) then remove the bucket assembly.
 · Weight : 230 kg (510 lb)



(2) Install

- Carry out installation in the reverse order to removal.
- A When aligning the mounting position of the pin, do not insert your fingers in the pin hole.
- Adjust the bucket clearance.
 For detail, see operation manual.



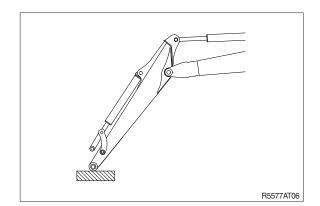
2) ARM ASSEMBLY

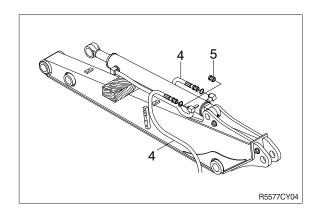
(1) Removal

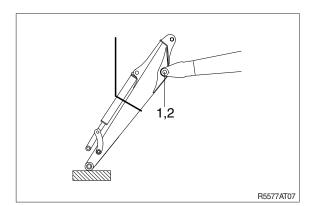
- * Loosen the breather slowly to release the pressure inside the hydraulic tank.
- A Escaping fluid under pressure can penetrated the skin causing serious injury.
- Remove bucket assembly.
 For details, see removal of bucket assembly.
- ② Disconnect bucket cylinder hose (4).
- ▲ Fit blind plugs (5) in the piping at the chassis end securely to prevent oil from spurting out when the engine is started.
- ③ Sling arm cylinder assembly, remove spring, pin stopper and pull out pin.
- * Tie the rod with wire to prevent it from coming out.
- ④ For details, see removal of arm cylinder assembly.

Place a wooden block under the cylinder and bring the cylinder down to it.

- ⑤ Remove bolt (1) and pull out the pin (2) then remove the arm assembly.
 - Weight : 180 kg (400 lb)
- When lifting the arm assembly, always lift the center of gravity.







(2) Install

- ① Carry out installation in the reverse order to removal.
- A When lifting the arm assembly, always lift the center of gravity.
- * Bleed the air from the cylinder.

3) BOOM CYLINDER

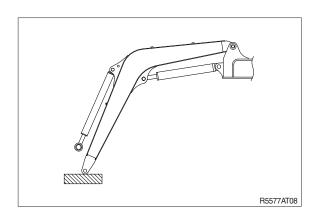
(1) Removal

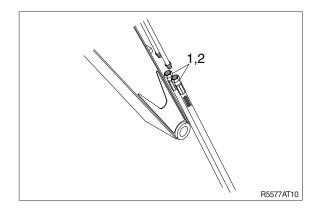
- ① Remove arm and bucket assembly.
- ② For details, see removal of arm and bucket assembly.

Remove boom cylinder assembly from boom.

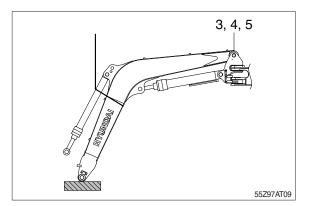
For details, see removal of arm cylinder assembly.

- ③ Disconnect head lamp wiring.
- ④ Disconnect bucket cylinder hose (2) and arm cylinder hos e(1).
- When the hose are disconnected, oil may spurt out.
- (5) Sling boom assembly (3).





- 6 Remove bolt (3), nut (4) and pull out the pin (5) then remove boom assembly.
 Weight : 420 kg (930 lb)
- * When lifting the boom assembly always lift the center of gravity.



(2) Install

- Carry out installation in the reverse order to removal.
- A When lifting the arm assembly, always lift the center of gravity.
- * Bleed the air from the cylinder.

