SERVICE MANUAL



SER. NO. HY36N0001~



INTRODUCTION

To insure a long life for the machine and the engine and to prevent failure and problems, proper operation, maintenance and repairs are imperative.

This service manual includes an "outline," "structure and operation," "inspection and adjustment," "disassembly and assembly," "standard maintenance," and "repair and replacement of parts" of the machine which are necessary to carry out the inspections and repairs in the repair shop.

We trust that this manual will help you to effectively carry out the necessary. Repairs should they arise, also provide a accurate description of the product, and the correct repair procedures.

CONTENTS

- 1. Precautions on Maintenance
- 2. Outline
- 3. Attachment
- 4. Engine
- 5. Main Pump
- 6. Hydraulic Oil Filter
- 7. Control Valve
- 8. Joystick (Pilot Valve)
- 9. Pilot Valve (1) (Travel)
- 10. Pilot Valve (2) (Dozer)
- 11. Slew Motor
- 12. Travel Motor
- 13. Hydraulic Cylinder
- 14. Swivel Joint
- 15. Crawler
- 16. Spring Case and Grease Cylinder
- 17. Idler
- 18. Sprocket
- 19. Track Roller
- 20. Carrier Roller
- 21. Electrical Equipment
- 22. Troubleshooting

1

PRECAUTIONS ON MAINTENANCE

1. Correct operation

Correct operation means to follow the correct "procedure" and "method."

Procedure focuses on speed and accuracy of each job.

In the method, are addressed what type of facility, tools, instruments, materials, oil should be used, how and which part should be checked, adjusted or disassembled, and what matters to attend to.

2. Precautions on operation

1. Safety check

Check that stoppers and sleepers are correctly installed for the vehicle jack-up operation.

2. Preparation

Prepare all of the tools and inspect and adjust the instruments.

3. For efficiency

1) Understand the state before disassembly.

What is the problem? Is disassembly absolutely necessary?

2) Before disassembly

Determine whether match marks are necessary. For the electrical system, disconnect the cable from the battery terminal.

3) Precautions for disassembly

In stead of checking all of the disassembled parts at once, check each part individually as it is disassembled. When removing the hydraulic unit or the hoses, mount a dust cap on the connection.

4) Repair of disassembled parts

Keep the disassembled parts in order. Clearly distinguish the parts to be replaced with new parts from those to be reused. Packings, seals, rings, split pins must be replaced.

NOTE:

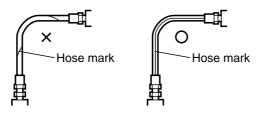
Electrical equipment, rubbers and V belts (which are easily affected by water and oil) must be handled carefully in order to prevent soiling them.

5) Clean disassembled parts

Thoroughly clean the disassembled parts.

6) Assembly

Perform the assembly correctly (tightening torque, application of Three Bond, screw lock, grease, use of seal tape, etc.). Also install the hose correctly.

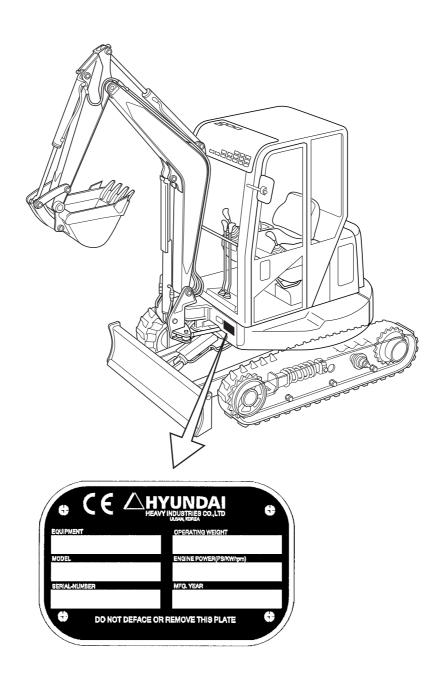


2 OUTLINE

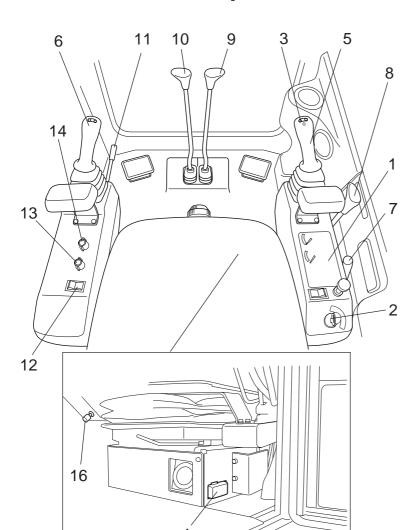
CONTENTS

- 2-1 Location of serial No.
- 2-2 Name of each part
- 2-3 Dimensions and specification 2-3-1 PTO flow
- 2-4 Weight list
- 2-5 Oil and grease supply points
- 2-6 List of supply oil and grease
- 2-7 When to repair
- 2-8 Hydraulic circuit diagram

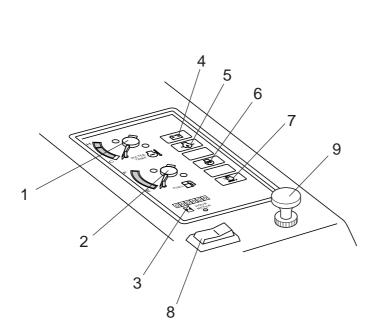
2-1 Location of Serial Number

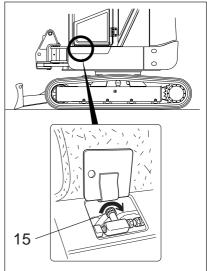


2-2 Name of each part



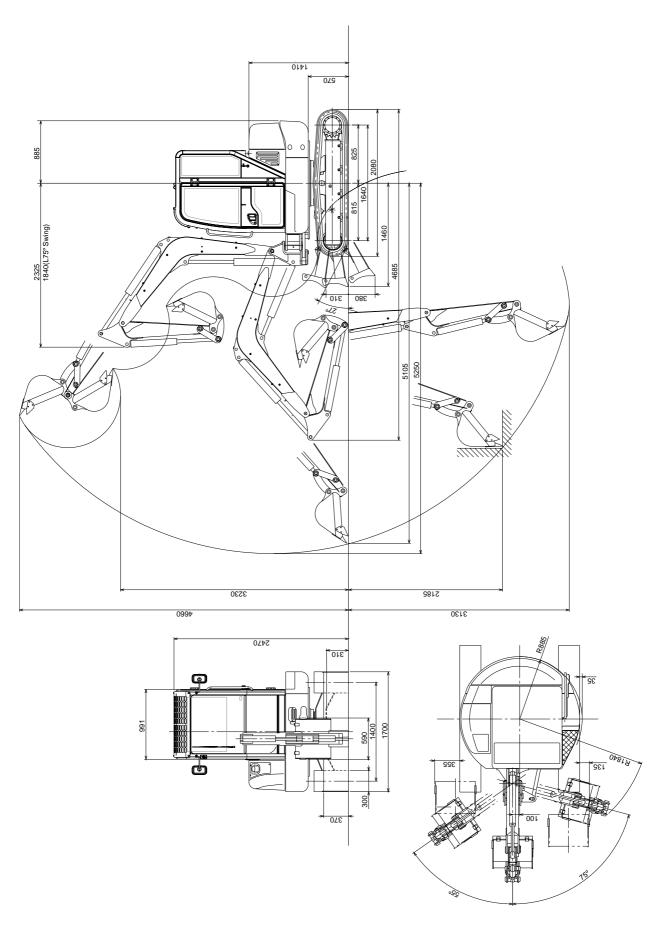
- 1. Meter unit
- 2. Starter switch
- 3. Horn switch
- 4. Fuse box
- 5. Right operation lever
- 6. Left operation lever
- 7. Accelerator lever
- 8. Dozer lever
- 9. Right travel lever
- 10. Left travel lever
- 11. Safety lock lever
- 12. Over drive switch
- 13. Hearter switch
- 14. Wiper switch
- 15. Manual boom lower lever
- 16. Cigarette lighter



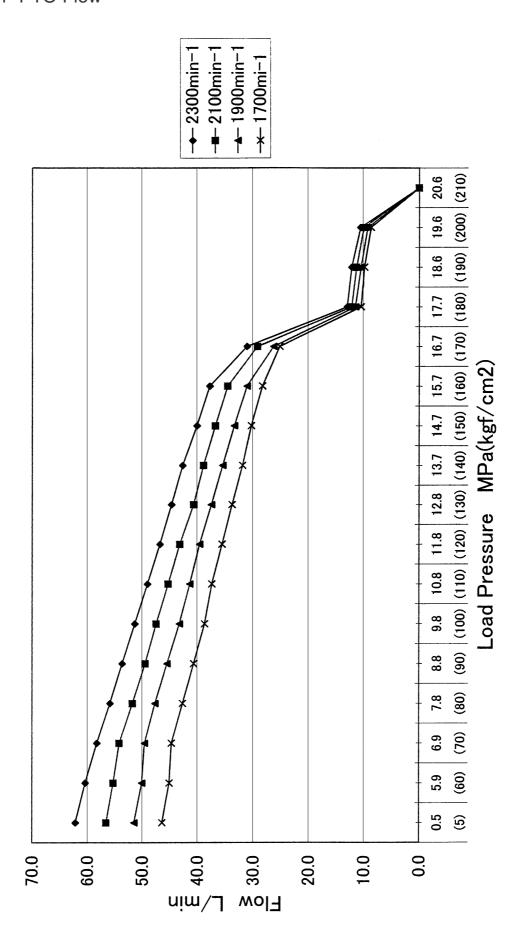


- 1. Water temperature meter
- 2. Fuel gauge
- 3. Hour meter
- 4. Charge lamp
- 5. Engine oil pressure lamp
- 6. Glow lamp
- 7. Air filter lamp
- 8. Head light switch
- Heater change lever (cold → warm)

2-3 Dimensions and Specifications



	Model		Robex36N-7		
	Canopy rubber			_	
Machine	Canopy steel			_	
weight	Cabin rubber		- Kg	3,620	
	Cabin steel			3,700	
Standard bu	cket capacity / widt	h	m³ / mm	0.11 / 590	
	Туре			MITSUBISHI S3L2	
Engine	Displacement		CC	1,318	
	Rated output		kW(PS) / min ⁻¹	19.9 (27.0) / 2400	
	Overall length			4,685	
Dimensions	Overall width		mm	1,700	
	Overall height			2,470	
	Max.digging depth	1		3,130	
	Max.vertical diggir	ng depth		2,185	
	Max.digging heigh	t		4,660	
	Max.dumping heig	jht		3,230	
Working	Max.digging radiu	S	mm	5,250	
range	Reach at ground			5,105	
	NAin to make a marking	Front		2,325	
	Min.turning radius	Swing		1,840	
	Rear turning radius			885	
	Boom swing angle L/R		deg	75 / 55	
	May discipate	Bucket		30.1	
	Max.digging force	Arm	kN	18.7	
	Traction force			32.1	
Performance	Travelling speed (low) / (high)		km / h	2.5 / 4.5	
	Slew speed		min ⁻¹	8.0	
	Gradeability		Angle	30°	
	Pump	Туре		Piston 2 + Gear 1	
Hydraulic	Pullip	Oil flow	lit. / min	42.0 / 42.0 / 25.2	
system	PTO	Oil flow	lit. / min	67.2	
	Main relief pressu	re	MPa	20.6 / 20.6 / 17.2	
	Doze blade width	× height	mm	1,700 × 370	
	Shoe width × tumb	oler center	- mm	300 × 1,640	
l III de de de d	Ground	Cabin rubber	kPa	32.8	
Underbody	pressure	Cabin steel	KFa	33.7	
	Type of travel mot	or		Piston shoe-in type	
	Crawler tension sy	/stem		Grease cylinder	
	Hyd. tank capacity	1		42.0	
0.000.000	Fuel tank capacity	r	lit.	41.0	
Capacity	Engine oil capacity	У	1 "".	4.5	
	Cooling water cap	acity	1 –	5.5	
Noise level L	wa / Lpa		dB	94 / 79	

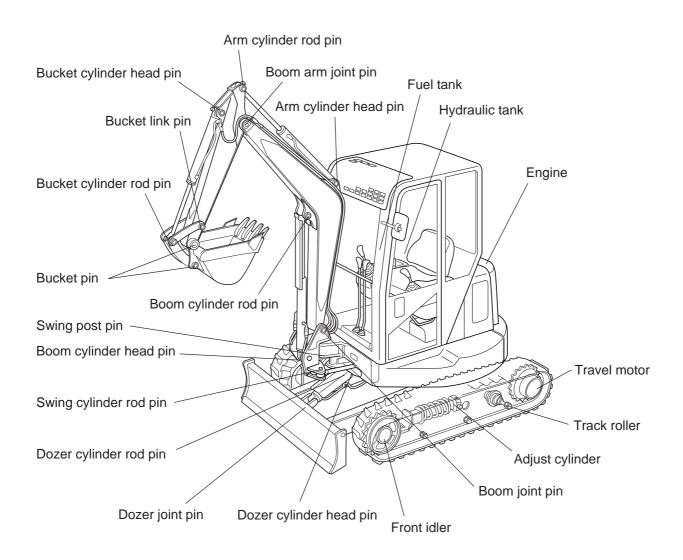


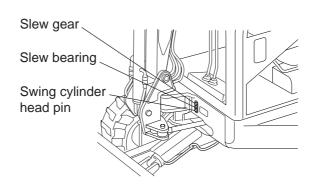
2-4 Weight list

Unit: kgf

Part name		Part name	
Boom	142	Turning bearing	42
Arm	77	Track frame	346
Bucket	75	Dozer	160
Dump link	12	Steel crawler	182×2
Bucket link	4×2	Rubber crawler	125×2
Boom joint pin	3.6	Idler	19.6×2
Arm joint pin	2.4	Adjust cylinder	17.5×2
Bucket pin	2.3×2	Track roller	6.8×6
Swing post	78	Carrier roller	2.5×2
Swing post pin	7.9	Sprocket	6.5×2
Swing frame	418	Turning motor	32
Hydraulic oil tank	42	Drive motor	43×2
Fuel tank	21	Console box	9×2
Engine cover(A)	34	Engine	135
Engine cover(C)	8	Radiator	5
Counter weight	580	Battery	22
Operator cabin	210	Battery cover	3
Boom cylinder	33	Swivel joint	20
Arm cylinder	33	Control valve	31
Bucket cylinder	27	Pump	23
Swing cylinder	33	Seat plate	7.9
Dozer cylinder	21		

2-5 Oil and grease supply points





2-6 List of lubrication

Name	Quantity of oil/water	Type of oil according	g to ambient condition
Name	Quantity of oil, water	-10°C~40°C	-20°C~0°C
Engine cooling water	5.5 ใ	Soft water (antifreez	ze is mixed in water)
Fuel tank (effective capacity)	42 ℓ	Diesel fuel with free	zing point below -7°C
Engine lubricating oil	4.5 ℓ	SAE 10W-30	
Travel motor (reduction gear)	750 cc	SAI	E 30
Hydraulic tank	50.5 ℓ	ISO	VG 46
Track roller (1 piece)	100 cc	SAI	E 30
Front idler (1 piece)	80 cc	SAI	E 30

Genuine oil

Be sure to use Castrol Hyspin 46.

Table of recommended Lubricants

No.	LUBRICANT	SHELL	MOBIL
1	Engine Oil	Myrina oil 10W-30	Delvac Super 10W-30
2	Gear Oil	Spirax Heavy Duty 140	Mobilub HD 85W-140
3	Hydraulic Oil	ISO VG 46 (equivalent)	ISO VG46 (equivalent)
4	Cup Grease	Alvinia 2	Mobilux 2
5	Anti Freeze	Anti Freeze	Anti Freeze
6	Diesel Fuel	_	_

^{*}Use class CD engine oil(API Service Classification).

Cooling water (antifreeze)

*To prevent the cooling system from freezing, add antifreeze to the cooling water. Replace the cooling water after 1 year from its delivery, because the effect will decrease.

^{*}Mixing ratio of antifreeze.

Temperature	-5°C	-10°C	-15°C	-20°C	-25°C	-30°C
antifreeze ratio	1.7	2.2	2.7	3.1	3.5	3.8

Engine inside capacity	Radiator capacity	Reserve tank capacity	Total
2.5ℓ	2.4 ℓ	0.6 ℓ	5.5ℓ

^{*}Use "Long-life coolant" for the antifreeze.

2-7 When to repair

It is difficult to judge when to perform periodic inspections, maintenance and repairs. Although the wearing rate of each component differs depending on the grade of daily inspection, the skill in machine operation, the working conditions, the quality of used lubricating oil, the frequency of oil replacement, the quality of land to be dug, the digging rate, the schedule for maintenance and repairs should be decided considering the state of engine, the indication of the hour meter, the degree of wear in each part, the state of hydraulic system, your experience and data.

2-7-1 Category of maintenance

Prestart-up inspection	Execute every day before beginning operation
Maintenance after the first 25 service hours	Execute every 25 hours by the hour meter
Maintenance after the first 50 service hours	Execute once a week (every 50 hours by the hour meter)
Maintenance after the first 100 service hours	Execute every 100 hours by the hour meter
Maintenance after the first 250 service hours	Execute every 250 hours by the hour meter
Maintenance after the first 300 service hours	Execute every 300 hours by the hour meter
Maintenance after the first 500 service hours	Execute every 500 hours by the hour meter
Maintenance after the first 1,000 service hours	Execute every 1,000 hours by the hour meter
Maintenance after the first 2,000 service hours	Execute every 2,000 hours by the hour meter

2-7-2 Maintenance procedure

	Inspection and		Inspection	on and mainter	nance interval (h	nours)	
	maintenance item	7	50	100	250	500	1,000
1	Engine oil pan	Check oil level	Replace the engine oil (New machine only)		Replace the engine oil		Clean
	Engine oil filter		Replace the cartridge (New machine only)		Replace the cartridge		
2	Fuel filter			Check and clean		Replace the element	
3	Engine valve clearance		Inspect and adjust (New machine only)			Inspect and adjust	
4	Fan belt	Check and adjust					
5	Fuel tank	Check oil level	Drain water and sediment, clean strainer				
6	Radiator (sub-tank)	Check water level				Replace and clean	
0	Radiator fin		Check and clean				
7	Air cleaner			Check and clean		Replace the element	
8	Hydraulic oil tank	Check oil level			Drain water and sediment		Replace oil
9	Hydraulic line filter			Replace the cartridge (New machine only)		Replace the cartridge	
10	Hydraulic suction filter			Clean the element (New machine only)		Replace the element	
11	Bucket teeth and others	Inspect					
12	Slew bearing		Inspect and grease				
13	Inspect crawler tension(grease cylinder) and grease the crawler	Check and adjust					
14	Battery liquid amount and specific gravity		Inspect, clean and supply distilled water				
15	Inspect each body part for loosening and damage	Check and tighten					
16	Each lever and instrument	Inspect					
17	Lubricating oil of slew/travelling reduction gear					Replace oil (after the first 500 service hours only for a new machine)	Replace oil
18	Electrical wiring	Inspect					
19	Water and oil leakage in each body part	Inspect					
20	Inspect and grease attachment	Inspect attachment					
21	PTO filter element				Replace the element		

2-7-3 Prestart inspections

(1)Prestart inspections

	Item	Content	Remarks
1	Engine oil pan	Check oil level	Before starting operation
2	Fuel tank	Check fuel level	Check that the fuel level is above the center of level gauge.
3	Radiator	Check water level	Check that the amount of water in sub-tank is within a specified level.
4	Each oil/grease supply point	Oil and grease	Refer to page 2-6
5	Inspect each body part for looseness and damage	Looseness, removal, water and oil leakage	Refer to tightening torque list.
6	Each lever and instrument	Operation check	Whether abnormal operation exists or not
7	Hydraulic oil tank	Check oil level	Add oil if its level falls below the specified level. (Be careful of the position of machine.)
8	Bucket teeth and others	Wear	Check whether the replacement of parts is necessary or not.
9	Electrical wiring	Looseness and tears	Loosened terminal, torn covering, etc.
10	Fan belt	Check and adjust	10mm(0.4") to 12mm(0.5") sag at the center

(2)Post opertaion inspections

	Item	Content	Remarks
1	Each body part	Clean, check for water and oil leaks. Looseness, failure, etc.	Treatment of the part where cleaning was not sufficient such as dirt sticking to the body or muddy water remaining on the body.
2	Fuel tank	Fuel supply	Add fuel
3	Cooling water	Drain	Only when the danger of freezing exists

Tightening torque list:

In the present inspection, always check for loosened bolts or nuts and correctly tighten them according to the following tightening torque list.

N-m Tightening torque of the bolt and nut (Body)

Material 8.8		10.9	12.9
Size	N⋅m	N⋅m	N⋅m
M6	12.5	16	20
M8	30	39	45
M10	62	72	80
M12	100	120	130
M14	160	195	220
M16 250		305	340

N-m Tightening torque of the hydraulic pipings

PT screw

Torque Size	N·m
1/4	36
3 8	55
1/2	86
3 4	130
1	195
1 1 4	300
1 1 2	400

PF screw

Torque Size	N∙m
$\frac{1}{4}$	27-30
3 8	47-52
1/2	57-63
$\frac{3}{4}$	108-120
1	126-140

2-7-4 Maintenance every 50 service hours

	Item	Content	Remarks
1	Engine oil pan	Replace engine oil and filter	Only for a new machine. After this, every 250 service hours
3	Engine valve clearance	Inspect and adjust	Only for a new machine. After this, every 500 service hours
	Fuel tank	Drain sediment and water	Remove the drain plug on the lower part of the tank
5		Clean the strainer	Wash strainer with diesel fuel
	Radiator fin	Clean the fins	Dust sticking to the fin affects the cooling effect and causes overheating
6	Slew bearing Inspect and grease		Always grease the machine after it is used in water
12	Battery	Liquid quantity	Whether the liquid level is proper or not. If short, add distilled water
14	Pattony	Specific gravity	1.26 when fully charged; 1.20 when discharged (Recharge the battery when 1.20.)
14	Battery	Clean	Clean each part, brush and connect terminal and apply grease
20	Each oil/grease Supply point Oil and grease		Refer to page 2-7

2-7-5 Maintenance every 100 service hours

	Item	Content	Remarks
2	Fuel filter	Clean the element	After cleaning, open the cock to vent air
7	Air cleaner	Clean the dust cover, clean or replace the element	Check also for a loosened band
9	Hydraulic line filter	Replace the cartridge	Only for a new machine. After this, every 500 service hours
10	Hydraulic suction filter	Clean the element	Only for a new machine. After this, every 500 service hours

2-7-6 Maintenance every 250 service hours

	Item	Content	Remarks
1	Engine oil	Replace the engine oil	Remove the drain plug on the lower part of the tank. (After 50 service hours for a new machine)
	Engine oil filter	Replace the cartridge	After 50 service hours for a new machine
8	Hydraulic oil tank Drain water and sediment		After air is vent, loosen the drain plug
17	Lubricating oil of slew and travelling reduction gears	Replace lubricating oil	Replace oil after the first 200 service hours. Every 1,000 service hours after this (Refer to Table of Oil/Grease Supply Points)

2-7-7 Maintenance every 500 service hours

	Item	Content	Remarks
2	Fuel filter	Replace the element	Clean the inside of bowl
3	Engine valve clearance	Check valve clearance	Clearance between the valve and the rocker
6	Radiator	Replace cooling water and clean the radiator	Remove the drain plug, clean the radiator and add water to the sub-tank up to the specified level.
7	Air cleaner	Replace the element	
9	Hydraulic line filter	Replace the cartridge	After 100 service hours for a new machine
10	Hydraulic suction filter	Clean the element	

2-7-8 Maintenance every 1,000 service hours

	Item Content		Remarks
1	Engine oil pan	Clean engine oil pan	
8	Hydraulic oil tank	Replace the hydraulic oil and clean the oil tank	Clean the inside of the tank
12	Lubricating oil of slew and travelling reduction gears	Replace the lubricating oil	Refer to Table of Oil/Grease Supply Points. (For new machine, every 200 service hours)

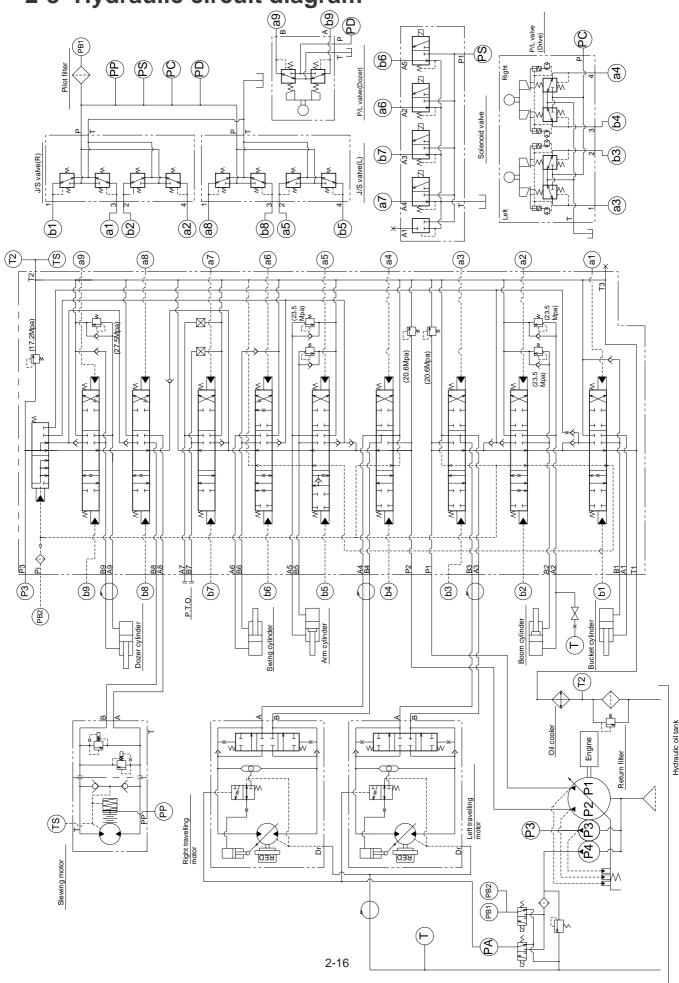
2-7-9 Maintenance every 2,000 service hours

	Item	Content	Remarks
15	Track roller	Replace	

Table of Oil/Grease Supply Points

No.	Oil/Grease Supply Point	Specified oil (genuine part)	Quantity	Time
1	Travel motor	Gear oil 85W	750 cc	Every 1,000 service hours (At first, replace after the first 500 service hours)
2	Track roller		100 cc	Every 2,000 hours
3	Front idler		80 cc	Every 2,000 hours

2-8 Hydraulic circuit diagram



Item	
Boom cylinder	ø80×ø45×609 st
Arm cylinder	ø80×ø45×600 st
Bucket cylinder	ø75×ø45×500 st
Swing cylinder	ø80×ø45×652 st
Dozer cylinder	ø90×ø50×125 st
Slew motor	45PC39A0335-C
Travel motor	GM04VA

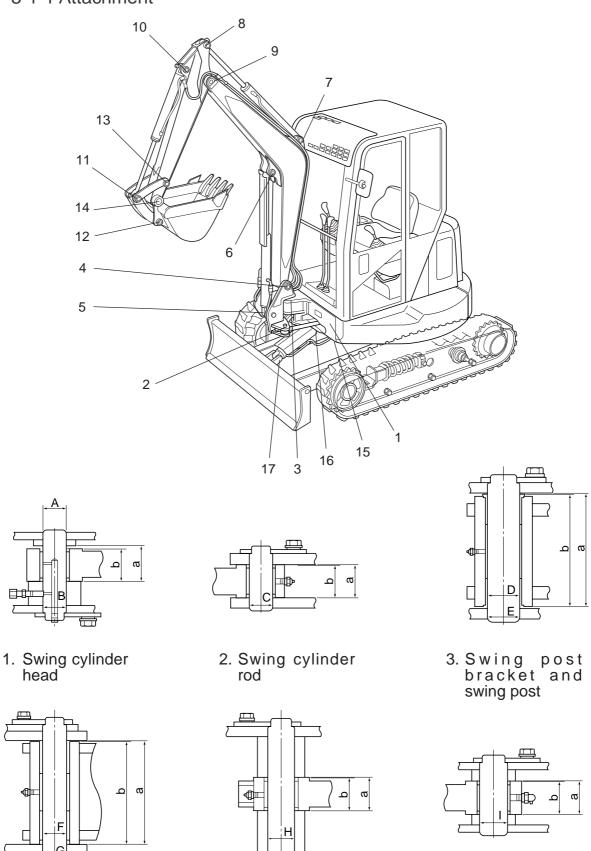
	ı		
	Item		
	P1		17.5 cc/rev
Scity	P2		17.5 cc/rev
Pump capacity		P3	10.5 cc/rev
П		P4	4.5 cc/rev
		P1	20.6 MPa
	Main relief	P2	20.6 MPa
	Tellel	P3	17.2 MPa
ress	P3 Port relief		23.5 MPa
Δ.	Unload (pump)		2.9 MPa
	Slew		15.7 MPa
ite	Q1		42 ℓ /min
Pump flow rate		Q2	42 ℓ /min
PO for	Q3		25.2 ℓ /min
	Type		S3L2
ine	Cor	nstant output	19.9 kW (27 ps)
Engine		Speed	2,400 min ⁻¹
_		Torque	85 N·m/1,800 min ⁻¹
L			1

3 ATTACHMENT CONTENTS

- 3-1 Standard of maintenance
 - 3-1-1 Attachment
- 3-2 Inspection and adjustment
 - 3-2-1 Measuring the fall of the attachment of its own weight
 - 3-2-2 Measuring the speed of the attachment cylinder

3-1 Standard of maintenance

3-1-1 Attachment

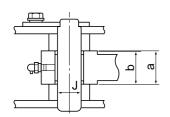


4. Boom joint

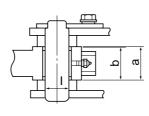
head

5. Boom cylinder head

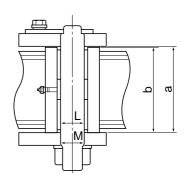
6. Boom cylinder rod



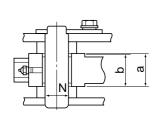
7. Arm cylinder head



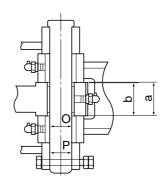
8. Arm cylinder rod



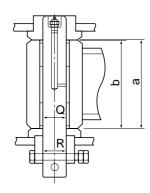
9. Boom/arm joint



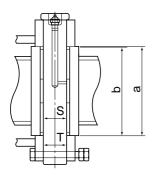
10. Bucket cylinder head



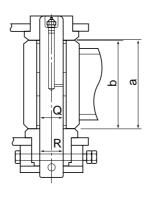
11. Bucket cylinder rod



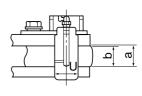
12. Bucket/dump link joint



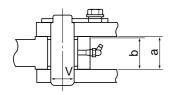
13. Arm/bucket link joint



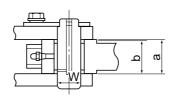
14. Arm/bucket joint



15. Dozer joint



16. Dozer cylinder rod



17. Dozer cylinder head

No.	Item	Basic Dimension	Allowable Clearance
А	Swing cylinder head pin and head bracket	ø35	1.0
В	Swing cylinder head pin and the boss of head bracket	ø35	1.0
С	Swing cylinder rod pin and swing post	ø35	1.0
D	Swing post pin and bush	ø60	1.0
Е	Swing post pin and swing post bracket	ø60	1.0
F	Boom joint pin and bush	ø45	1.0
G	Boom joint pin and swing post	ø45	1.0
Н	Boom cylinder head pin and swing post	ø40	1.0
I	Boom cylinder rod pin and boom	ø40	1.0
J	Arm cylinder head pin and boom	ø40	1.0
K	Arm cylinder rod pin and arm	ø40	1.0
L	Boom/ arm joint pin and bush	ø40	1.0
М	Boom/ arm joint pin and boom	ø40	1.0
N	Bucket cylinder head pin and arm	ø40	1.0
0	Bucket cylinder rod pin and dump link	ø40	1.0
Р	Bucket cylinder rod pin and bucket link	ø40	1.0
Q	Bucket pin and bush	ø40	1.0
R	Bucket pin and bucket	ø40	1.0
S	Bucket link pin and bush	ø40	1.0
Т	Bucket link pin and bucket link	ø40	1.0
U	Dozer joint pin and frame	ø34.8	1.0
V	Dozer cylinder rod pin and frame	ø40	1.0
W	Dozer cylinder head pin and dozer	ø40	1.0

Unit: mm

Na	Item	Criterion			Spacer		
No.	Rolli	а	b	Standard clearance	Part Number	Dimension	
1	Clearance between swing cylinder head and swing post	53	50	2.5~4.0	NBU3-00020 NBU3-00021	ø36×t0.5 ø36×t1.0	
2	Clearance between swing cylinder rod and head bracket	51	50	1.0~2.5	"	"	
3	Clearance between swing post and frame	254	253	1.0~1.8	"	"	
4	Clearance between boom and swing post	195	193.5	0.5~2.5	MBU3-00024 MBU3-00025	ø46×t0.5 ø46×t1.0	
5	Clearance between boom cylinder head and swing post	51	50	1.0~2.5	MBU3-00022 MBU3-00023	ø41×t0.5 ø41×t1.0	
6	Clearance between boom cylinder rod and boom	51	50	1.0~2.5	"	"	
7	Clearance between arm cylinder head and boom	51	50	1.0~2.5	"	"	
8	Clearance between arm cylinder rod and arm	51	50	1.0~2.5	"	"	
9	Clearance between boom and arm	150	149.5	0.5~2.5	"	"	
10	Clearance between bucket cylinder head and arm	51	50	1.0~2.5	"	"	
11	Clearance between bucket cylinder rod and dump link	51	50	1.0~2.5	"	"	
12	Clearance between dump link and bracket	135	134.5	1.0~2.5	"	"	
13	Clearance between arm and bucket link	135	134.5	0.5~1.0	"	"	
14	Clearance between arm and bucket	135	134.5	0.5~1.0	"	"	
15	Clearance between dozer and frame	53	50	2.5~5.0	NBU3-00020 NBU3-00021	ø36×t0.5 ø36×t1.0	
16	Clearance between dozer cylinder rod and frame	57	55	2.0~3.5	MBU3-00022 MBU3-00023	ø41×t0.5 ø41×t1.0	
17	Clearance between dozer cylinder head and dozer	57	55	2.0~3.5	"	"	

3-2 Inspection and adjustment

3-2-1 Measuring the natural fall of the attachment

1. Measuring the location of the attachment

Set the temperature of the hydraulic oil to $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C. Adjust the height of arm/bucket joint so that it equals that of the boom joint. Then, retract the dozer cylinder to the minimum length and stop the engine.

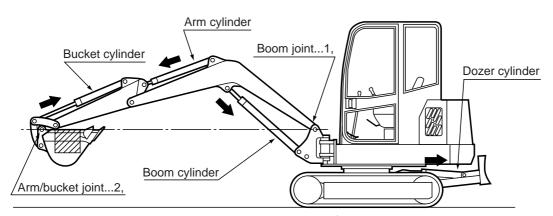
2. Measurement

Draw a reference line on the cylinder head with a Magic Marker and measure the length from the line to the cylinder tube. Measure the length again 3 minutes later. Then record the difference in the length

Unit: mm (or less)

Cylinder name	Standard value	Allowance
Boom cylinder	10	20
Arm cylinder	10	20
Bucket cylinder	5	10
Dozer cylinder	5	10

Make 1 and 2 the same height.



■ Mark: Direction of cylinder movement

3-2-2 Measuring the speed of attachment cylinder (at full engine speed and oil temperature 50±5°C)

Condition	Machine position		Unit	New standard value	Allowable limit
Boom Make bucket teeth touch the ground		dh		2.7±0.5	3.6
Extend cylinder to the Maximum length		Down		2.5±0.5	3.5
Arm Retract cylinder to the minimum length		Dig		3.4±0.6	4.7
Extend cylinder to the maximum length		Dump		3.3±0.5	4.5
Bucket Retract cylinder to the minimum length		Dig	sec	3.4±0.5	4.6
Extend cylinder to the maximum length		Dump	360	2.4±0.4	3.0
Dozer Make dozer contact the ground		Пр		1.2±0.3	1.5
Lift dozer to the maximum height		Down		1.2±0.3	1.5
Swing Retract cylinder to the minimum length		Right swing		7.0±0.5	8.4
Extend cylinder to the maximum ground		Left swing		7.2±0.6	8.5

4 ENGINE

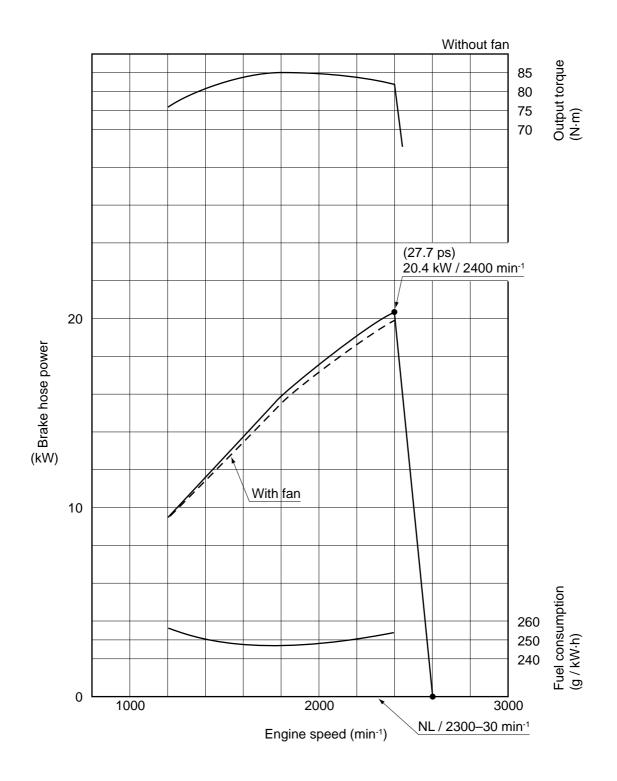
CONTENTS

- 4-1 Specification
- 4-2 Performance curve
- 4-3 Location of serial number
 - 4-3-1 Engine
 - 4-3-2 Standard engine speed
- 4-4 Inspection and maintenance procedures for engine parts

4-1 Specification

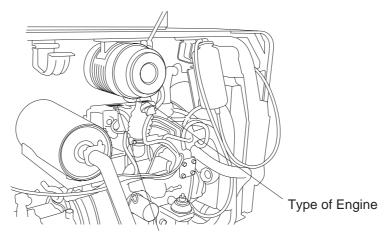
Eng	ine	S3L2	
Тур	e	In-line 3 cylinder 4cycle overhead valve typ	
Nun	nber of cylinders-bore × stroke	3–78 mm × 92 mm	
Displacement		1,318 cc	
Ignit	tion order	1–3–2	
suc	Overall length	556 mm	
Oimensions	Overall width	440 mm	
Dim	Overall height	615 mm	
	Rated output	19.9 kW(27 ps) / 2,100 min ⁻¹	
ınce	Maximum torque	85 N·m / 1,800 min ⁻¹	
Performance	Maximum idling speed	2,600 ± 30 min ⁻¹	
Perf	Minimum idling speed	1,200 ± 25 min ⁻¹	
	Fuel consumption	247 g / kW.h	
Dry	weight	135 kg	
Fuel oil		Diesel fuel	
Fuel pump		Bosh type	
Governor		Centrifugal type	
Generator		12V × 50A	
Starter		12V × 1.7 kW	
Battery		12V × 60 AH	

4-2 Performance curve



4-3 Location of serial number

4-3-1 Engine



Engine No. (identification plate)

4-3-2 Standard engine speed (at new machine delivery)

Conditions	Idling speed
Maximum idling speed	2,600 ± 30 min ⁻¹
Speed when 1P relief is used	2,450 ± 70 min ⁻¹
Speed when 2P relief is used	2,450 ± 70 min ⁻¹

4-4 Inspection and maintenance procedure for engine parts

Inspecting and Adjusting Valve Clearance

NOTE

Make an adjustment to the valve clearance when the engine is cold.

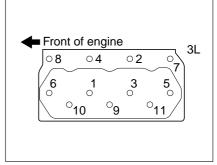
(1) Slightly loosen the cylinder head bolts and retighten them to the specified torque in number sequence.

Tightening torque	9 ± 0.5 kgf·m (88 ± 5 N·m)
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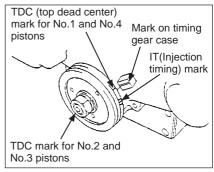
- (2) Find top dead center compression position for No.1 piston by using the procedure that follows:
 - (a) Turn the crankshaft until TDC mark on the crankshaft pulley is aligned with the mark on the timing gear case.
 - (b) With No.1 piston at top dead center on the compression stroke, the rocker arms will not be moved when the crankshaft is turned approximately 20° in both directions.
 - (c) With No.1 piston at top dead center on the compression stroke, the rocker arms will not be moved when the crankshaft is turned approximately 20° in both directions.
- (3) Loosen the lock nut for the adjusting screw. With a feeler gauge inserted between the rocker arm and valve cap, adjust the valve clearance by turning the adjusting screw.

Unit: mm(in.)

	\ /
Item	Standard
Valve clearance (both inlet and exhaust valves)	0.25(0.0098)



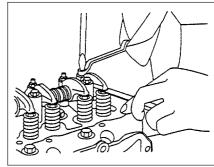
Cylinder head bolt tightening sequence



Timing mark

- (4) Hold the adjusting screw and tighten the lock nut.
- (5) After the valve clearance of the valves for No.1 cylinder has been adjusted, turn the crankshaft 180° in the direction of engine rotation and adjust the valve clearance on the valves for the remainder of the cylinders in firing order (injection sequence).

Firing order (injection sequence)		Crankshaft rotation angle
S3L	1–3–2	240°



Adjusting valve clearance

A CAUTION

After the valve clearance on the valves for all cylinders has been adjusted, turn the vrankshaft two or three times and make sure the valve clearance is correct.

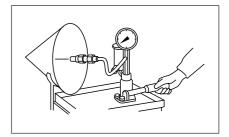
Inspecting and Adjusting Injection Nozzles

1.Inspection

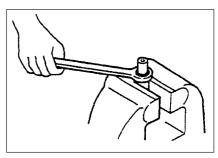
- (1) Injection pressure (valve opening pressure test)
 - (a) Install the injection nozzle on the tester. Slowly operate the tester handle to bleed (remove) air from the tester.
 - (b) Operate the tester handle at a speed of one stroke per second to make a slow increase in pressure until the valve in the injection nozzle starts to open. Read the maximum gauge pressure at the instant fluid flows from the tip.
 - (c) If the injection pressure is incorrect, disassemble the nozzle and change the thickness of the washer.

Injection pressure (valve	140 ⁺⁵ kgf/cm ²
opening pressure)	(1991 ₀ ⁺⁷¹ psi)
Standard	[13729 ₀ ⁺⁴⁹⁰ kPa]





Fuel injection nozzle ready for test



Removing tip from injection nozzle

NOTE

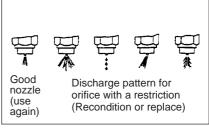
An increase or decrease of washer thickness by 0.1 mm(0.004 in.) will vary the injection pressure by 10kgf/cm² (142 psi)[981 kPa]. 10 kinds of washer are available in thickness from 1.25 mm(0.049 2 in.) to 1.70 mm(0.066 9 in.) in increments of 0.05 mm (0.002 0 in.)

- WARNING-

When the injection nozzles are tested, be sure to wear eye protection. Fuel comes from the orifices in the nozzle tip with high pressure. The fuel can pierce (go through) the skin and cause serious injury to the operator. Keep the tip of the nozzle pointed away from the operator and into the fuel collector.

(2) Orifice restriction test

- (a) Look at the orifice discharge pattern (shape of discharge) when fluid begins to flow through the injection nozzle. The discharge must be straight. Any change is an indication of a bad nozzle.
- (b) Operate the tester handle at a speed of one stroke per second to make sure the discharge is straight.



Orifice restriction test

Needle valve

Body

Washing nozzle tip

(3) Nozzle tip washing and replacement

(a) loosen the retaining nut and remove the tip from the injection nozzle. Wash the needle valve and body in clean diesel fuel. After washing, put the needle valve in the body in clean diesel fuel.

• CAUTION

Don not hit the tip when removing it from the injection nozzle.

NOTE

Keep the needle valves with their respective bodies. Do not use needle valves or bodies with other bodies or needle valves.

(b) After cleaning the tip, install it in the nozzle and tighten the retaining nut to the specified torque.

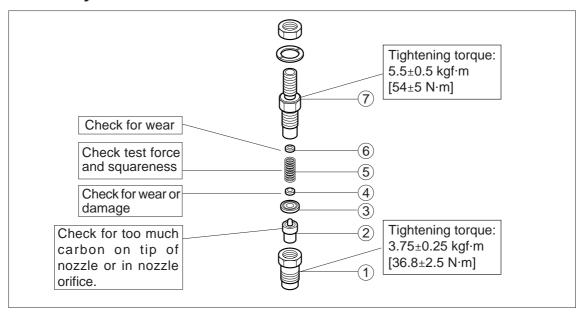
Tightening torque	3.75 ± 0.25 kgf·m (36.8 ± 2.5 N·m)
-------------------	---------------------------------------

(c) If the injection nozzle is still bad after the tip has been washed, replace the tip.

NOTE

- a) Do not touch the sliding surface of the needle valve.
- b) When installing the new nozzle tip, remove synthetic resin film from the tip and slide the needle valve in the body in clean diesel fuel to wash off inhibitor completely.

Disassembly



Disassembly sequence and inspection points

- ① Retaining nut
- 2 Nozzle tip asse
- 3 Piece
- 4 Pin

- ⑤ Spring
- 6 Washer
- 7 Body

Measuring Compression Pressure

1. Inspection

Check to make sure-

- (1) The crankcase oil level is correct, and the air cleaner, starter and battery are all in normal condition.
- (2) The enigne is at the normal operating temperature.

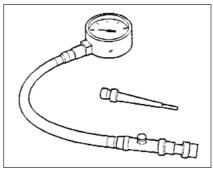
2. Measurement

- (1) Move the control lever to a position for shutting off fuel supply.
- (2) Remove all glow plugs from the engine. Install the compression gauge and adapter(ST332270) combination to a cylinder on which the compression pressure is to be measured.
- (3) Turn the engine with the starter and read the gauge pressure at the instant the gauge pointer comes to stop.
- (4) If the gauge reading is below the limit, overhaul the engine.

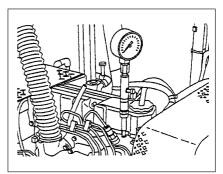
▲ CAUTION —

- (a) Be sure to measure the compression pressure on all cylinders.
- (b) The compression pressure varies with change of engine rpm. This makes it necessary to check engine rpm at the time of measuring the compression pressure.

Item	5	Standard	Limit
Engine speed, rpm		290	_
Compression pressure kgf/cm²(psi)[kPa]	SL SL2	30 (427) [2942] 32 (455) [3138]	30 (427) [2942] 32 (455) [3138]
Maximum permissible difference between average compression pressure of all cylinders in the engine. kgf/cm²(psi)[kPa]	3 (42.7) [294]		_



Compression gauge and adapter



Measuring compression pressure

A CAUTION

- (a) It is important to measure the compression pressure at regular intervals to obtain the data on the gradual change of the compression pressure.
- (b) The compression pressure would be slightly higher than the standard in a new or overhauled engine owing to breaking-in of the piston rings, valve seats, etc. It drops as the engine components wear down.

	Thread, mm				
Bolt or nut	Diameter	Pitch	Width across flats	Clamp length	Torque, kgf·m(lb·ft)[N·m]
Cylinder head bolt	M10	1.25	14	87	9±0.5(65±4)[88±5]
Rocker cover bolt	M8	1.25	12	40	1.15±0.15(8.3±1.1)[11.3±1.5]
Rocker shaft bracket bolt	M8	1.25	12	58	1.5±0.15(8.3±1.1)[11.3±1.5]
Thermoswitch	M16	1.5	17	31.5	2.3±0.4(16.6±3)[22.6±4]
Crankshaft pulley nut	M18	1.5	27	_	17.5±2.5(127±18)[172±25]
Main bearing cap bolt	M10	1.25	17	81	5.25±0.25(38±2)[51.5±2.5]
Connecting rod cap nut	M9	1.0	14	_	3.55±0.25(25.7±2)[34.8±2.5]
Rear plate bolt (for tractor engine)	M12	1.25	17	28	9.5±1(69±7)[93±10]
Rear plate bolt(standard)	M12	1.25	17	28	6.5±1(47±7)[64±10]
Rear plate bolt(stamping)	M8	1.25	12	16	1.15±0.15(8.3±1.1)[11.3±1.5]
Flywheel bolt	M12	1.25	19	29	13.5±0.5(98±4)[132±5]
Oil pan bolt (for tractor engine)	M8	1.25	12	25	2.8±0.3(20.3±2.2)[27.5±3]
Oil pan drain plug	M14	1.5	22	10	4±0.5(29±4)[39±5]
Pressure relief valve	M22	1.5	22	33	5±0.5(36±4)[49±5]
Oil filter	M20	1.5	_	_	1.2±0.1(8.7±0.7)[12±1]
Oil pressure switch	PT1/8	_	26	11	1±0.2(7.2±1.4)[10±2]
Fuel injection pipe nut	M12	1.5	_	_	3±0.5(22±4)[29±5]
Fuel leak0off pipe nut	M12	1.5	18	_	2.75±0.25(20±2)[27±2.5]
Delivery valve holder	_	_	19	_	4.5±0.5(32.5±4)[44±5]
Fuel injection nozzle holder	M20	1.5	21	_	5.5±0.5(40±4)[54±5]
Retaining nut for delivery valve holder body	M16	0.75	19	_	3.75±0.25(27±2)[37±2.5]
Sliding sleeve shaft	M10	1.25	14	29.5	3.6±0.6(26±4)[35±6]
Special nut for torque spring set	M12	1.0	17	_	2±0.5(14±4)[20±5]
Glow plug	M10	1.25	12	60	1.75±0.25(12.7±2)[17.2±2.5]
Glow plug connection plate	M4	0.7	8	_	0.125±0.025(0.9±0.2)[1.2±0.2]
Stop solenoid nut	M30	1.5	36	_	4.5±0.5(32.5±4)[44±5]
Starter B terminal	M8	1.25	12		1.1±0.1(8±0.7)[10.8±1]

Tightening Torques for Standard Bolts and Nuts

Unit:N-m{kgf-m}(lbf-ft)

Bolt Sise	4T	7T
M6		7.85-9.80{0.8-1.0}(5.8-7.2)
M8	9.80-12.7{1.0-1.3}(7.2-9.4)	14.7-21.6{1.5-2.2}(10.8-15.9
M10	17.7-24.5{1.8-2.5}(13.0-18.1)	29.4-41.2{3.0-4.2}(21.7-30.4)
M12	9.4-41.2{3.0-4.2}(21.7-30.4)	53.9-73.5{5.5-7.5}(39.8-54.2)

Note:

- The table above applies only to standardized bolts and nuts.
 All torques shown assume use of spring washer together with bolts and nuts.
 All bolts and nuts appearing in this manual should be tighrened according to this table unless otherwise indicated.
- d. Standard bolts and nuts should be tightened in "dry" condition, without lubricaring threads with oils.

Tightening Torques for Standard Eye Bolts(for Dry Condition)

			Torque		
Nominal Diaerer x Thread Pitch		Strength Class: 4r			
mm	mm(in)	N-m	kgf-m	lbf-ft	
M8x1.25	12(0.47)	8±1	8±0.1	5.8±0.7	
M10x1.25	14(0.55)	15±2	15±0.2	15±1.4	
M12x1.25	17(0.67)	25±3	25±0.3	18.0±2.2	
M14x1.5	22(0.87)	34±4	35±0.4	25.3±2.9	
M16x1.5	24(0.94)	44±5	4.5±0.5	32.5±3.6	
M18x1.5	27(1.06)	74±5	75±0.5	54.2±3.6	
M20x1.5	30(1.18)	98±10	10.0±10	72.3±7.2	
M24x1.5	36(1.42)	147±15	15.0±1.5	108.5±10.8	
M27x1.5	42(1.61)	226±20	23.0±2.0	166.3±14.5	

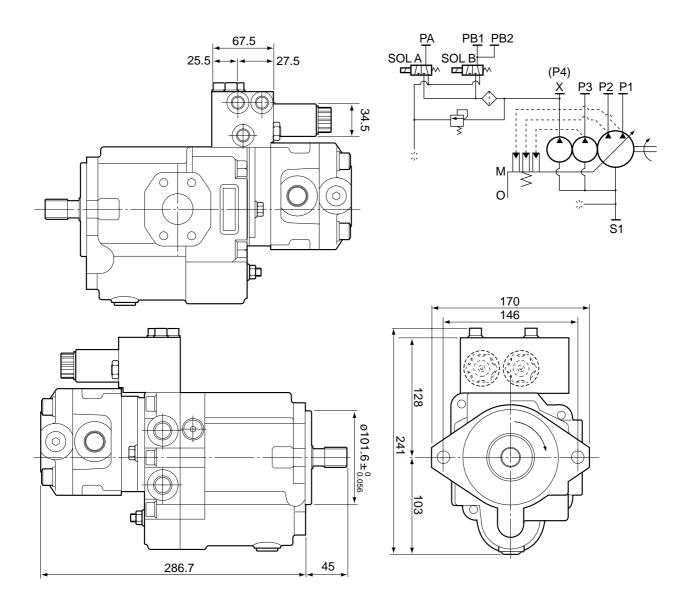
Tightening Torques for Standard Union Nuts(for Dry Condition)

Nominal Diamerer	Internal Nominal Diameter x Thread Pichmm	Width Across Flars mm(in)	N-m	kgf-m	lbf-ft
63	M14x1.5	19(0.7)	39	4	29
80	M16x1.5	22(0.9)	49	5	36
100	M20x1.5	27(1.1)	78	8	58
120	M22x1.5	30(1.2)	98	10	72
150	M27x1.5	32(1.3)	157	16	116
180	M30x1.5	36(1.4)	196	20	145
200	M30x1.5	36(1.4)	196	20	145
220	M33x1.5	41(1.6)	245	25	181
254	M36x1.5	41(1.6)	294	30	217

5 MAIN PUMP CONTENTS

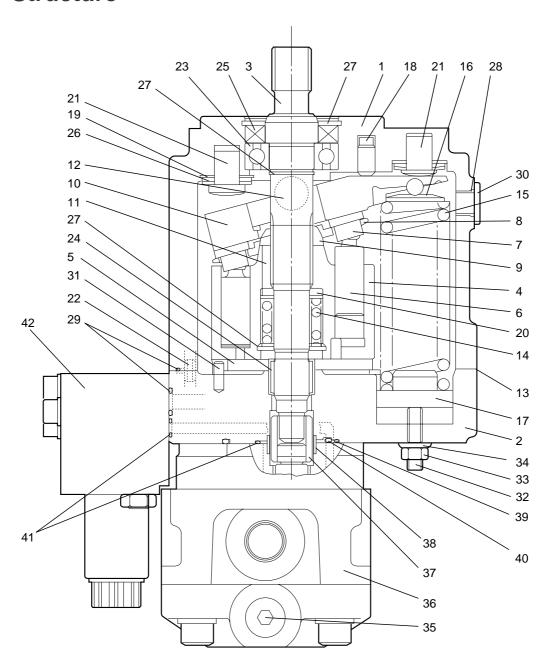
- 5-1 Specification
- 5-2 Structure
- 5-3 Removing and installing the pump
 - 5-3-1 Removing the pump
 - 5-3-2 Installing the pump
- 5-4 Performance test of the hydraulic pump
 - 5-4-1 Measuring instrument
 - 5-4-2 Preparation
 - 5-4-3 Connecting tester
 - 5-4-4 Measuring procedure
 - 5-4-5 P-Q characteristic curve

5-1 Specification



Pump typ	е		PVD-15B-35E	3P-11G5-462°	1J	
Displacement cc/rev		P1	P2	P3	PA,PB	
Displacen	icht concv	17.5	17.5	10.5	4.5	
Rated pre	ssure MPa	20.6 20.6 17.2 2.9			2.9	
S1			PF 1 ¹ / ₄			
Port size PA,PB1,PB2		PF ¹ / ₄				
	P1,P2,P3	PF 1/ ₂				
Direction of rotation		Clockwise seen from shaft side			de	
Weight (kg)		25				

5-2 Structure



- 1. Body
- 2. Body
- 3. Shaft
- 4. Cylinder
- 5. Valve plate
- 6. Piston
- 7. Shoe
- 8. Shoe holder
- 9. Barel holder
- 10. Swash plate
- 11. Needle
- 12. Pin
- 13. Packing
- 14. Spring C

- 15. Spring T1
- 16. Spring holder
- 17. Spring guide
- 18. Rod
- 19. Washer
- 20. Retainer
- 21. Stopper pin
- 22. Pin
- 23. Bearing
- 24. Bearing
- 25. Oil seal
- 26. Conical washer
- 27. Snap ring
- 28. O-ring

- 29. O-ring
- 30. Plug
- 31. Spring pin
- 32. Socket head bolt
- 33. Nut
- 34. Seal washer
- 35. Plug
- 36. Gear pump
- 37. Coupling
- 38. Collar
- 39. O-ring
- 40. O-ring
- 41. O-ring
- 42. Valve assembly

5-3 Removing and installing the pump

5-3-1 Removing the pump

- 1. Remove the nipple, TEE, elbow and hoses around the pump. Attach a cap to the removed hoses to keep dust off. Store the nipples and elbows in treated oil.
- 2. Remove the pump mounting bolts(1).
- 3. Remove the pump from the flange 2. If removal is difficult, insert a screwdriver and remove the pump little by little with equal force applied on the right and left sides.

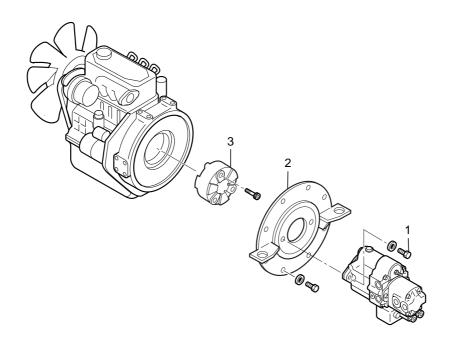
5-3-2 Installing the pump

1. Replace with a new pump and install it on the pump flange 2. Check that the spline of the shaft fits smoothly with the boss of the coupling.

When tightening the bolts 1, tighten the left and right side bolts slowly and evenly.

Bolt	Tightening torque
M12 × 30ℓ	90~115 N·m

- * Precautions on installing the pump
- 1. Make sure there is no misalignment.



5-4 Performance test of the hydraulic pump

5-4-1 Measuring instrument

Hydraulic pressure tester	Measuring range of flow rate (∕min)	7 &		
	Measuring range of pressure (MPa)	0 ~ 34.3		
	Measuring range of temperature (°C)	0 ~ 150		
pre	Port size	PF1 O ring type		
Pressure gauge		49 MPa, 4.9 MPa		
Tachometer		Diesel tachometer (digital type)		
Hose for testing		Equivalent to the hose of 20.6 MPa high pressure (Nominal size PF1/ 2-PF1/ 2×1m)		

5-4-2 Preparation

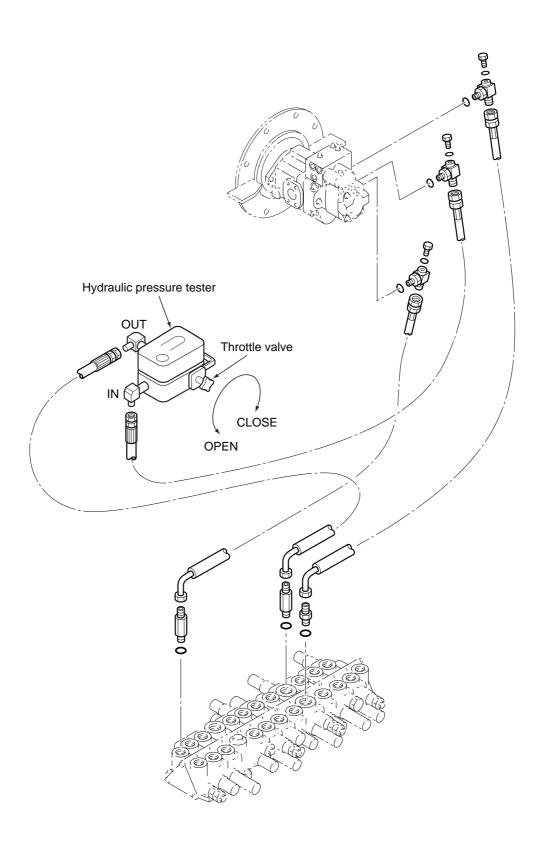
1. Park machine on flat ground and stop engine.

5-4-3 Connecting tester

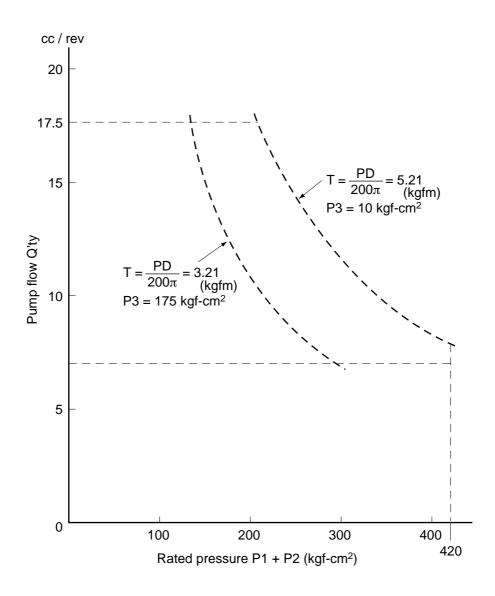
- 1. Remove the hose on the pump port of the control valve.
- 2. Connect the removed hose to the outlet of the tester.
- 3. Connect the hose on the discharge of the pump to the inlet of the tester.
- 4. Connect pressure gauge to port measuring port.

5-4-4 Measuring procedure

Open the throttle valve of the tester and start the engine. Read the pressures on the pressure gauge and measure the flow at that time. At the same time, record the engine speed.



5-4-5 Pump Performance P-Q Characteristics

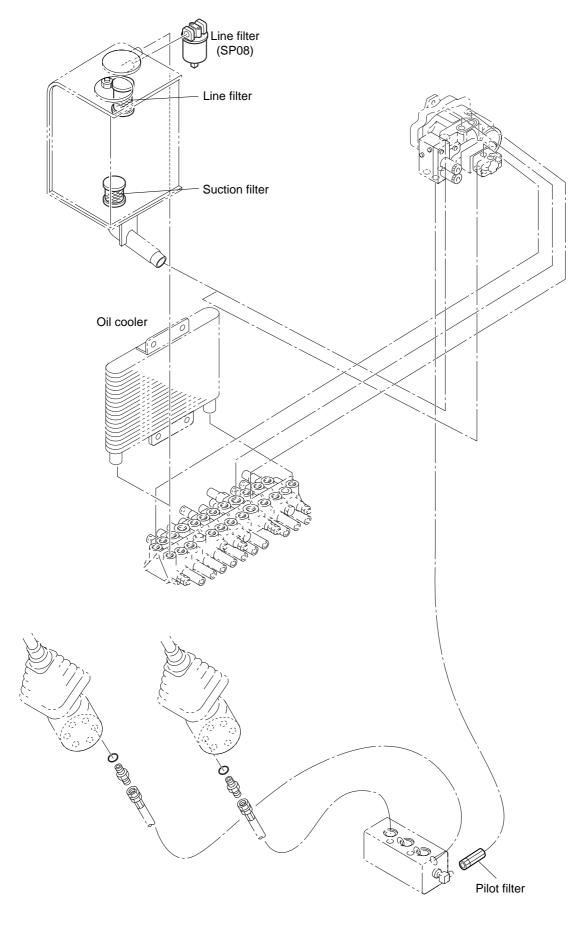


6 HYDRAULIC OIL FILTER

CONTENTS

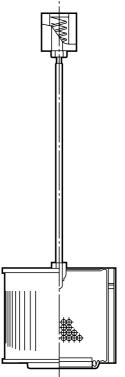
- 6-1 Installation
- 6-2 Hydraulic oil filter
 - 6-2-1 Line filter (SP10)
 - 6-2-2 Suction filter
 - 6-2-3 Pilot filter
 - 6-2-4 Line filter(SP08)
- 6-3 Maintenance procedure
 - 6-3-1 Replacing the line filter
 - 6-3-2 Replacing the suction filter
 - 6-3-3 Replacing the pilot filter
 - 6-3-4 How to clean the suction filter

6-1 Installation

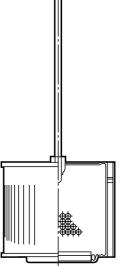


6-2 Hydraulic oil filter

6-2-1 Suction filter



6-2-2 Line filter



Filtration accuracy	10μ		
Filtration capacity	125 ℓ /min (Max.)		
Proof pressure	0.7 MPa		
Oil temperature	-20°C~120°C		

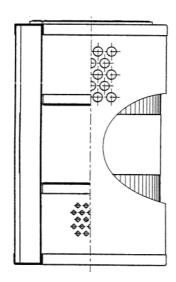
150 mesh

330ℓ /min(Max) -20°C~120°C

Grain size

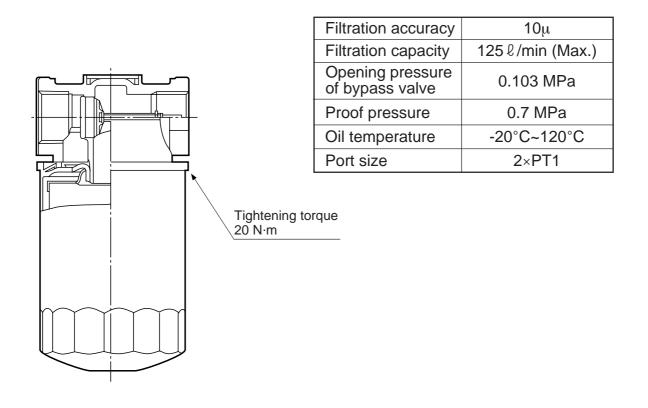
Filtration capacity

Oil temperature

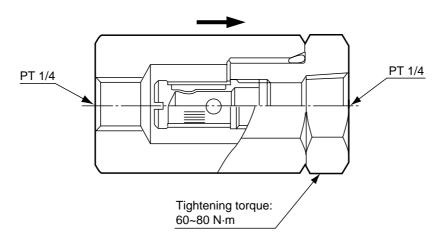


Opening pressure of bypass valve (other part) 0.15Mpa

6-2-3 Line filter(only P.T.O return)



6-2-4 Pilot filter



Filtration capacity	2ℓ/min.(Max.)
Proof pressure	3.9 MPa
Filtration accuracy	31 μ
Filtration area	5 cm ²
Oil temperature	-20°C~120°C

6-3 Maintenance procedure

6-3-1 Replacing the line filter

- 1. Stop the engine.
- 2. Remove the line filter 6-2-1 with a filter wrench.
- 3. Check whether any foreign matter is sticking inside the element. If necessary, replace the cartridge assembly.
 - * In general, inspect and maintain line filters after the first 100 service hours, then every 500 service hours.

6-3-2 Replacing the suction filter

- 1. Stop the engine.
- 2. Remove the bolts and spring washers which retain the filter to the hydraulic oil tank, and pull off the filter.
- 3. Remove the suction filter to check whether the net of the element is damaged.
 - * Replace with a new one if the net is damaged or the mesh is widened.

6-3-3 Replacing the pilot filter

- 1. Stop the engine.
- 2. Remove the pilot filter 6-2-3 with a spanner (27 mm width).
- 3. Remove the filter to check whether the net of the element is damaged.
 - * Replace with a new one if the net is damaged or the mesh is widened.

6-3-4 How to clean the suction filter

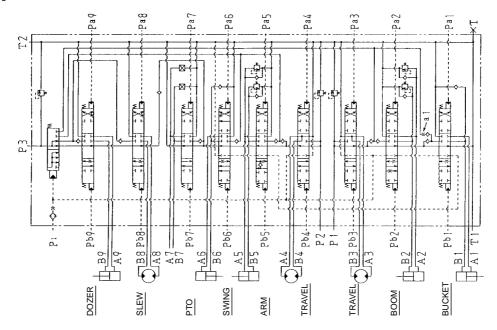
- 1. Prepare a can with clean treated oil. Immerse the element in it.
- 2. Using a brush, wash out foreign matter sticking to the element. Use a hard brush if the element is heavily stained.
- 3. After cleaning, blow compressed air inside the strainer to blow off the treated oil.
- 4. While cleaning the element, check the hydraulic oil tank at the same time, remove any sediment inside the tank and rinse out the tank.
- 5. Attach pipes to install the filter to the tank. When installing the filter, fit the O ring in the flange side groove firmly so that hydraulic oil does not leak.
- 6. Add new hydraulic oil through the hydraulic oil intake.

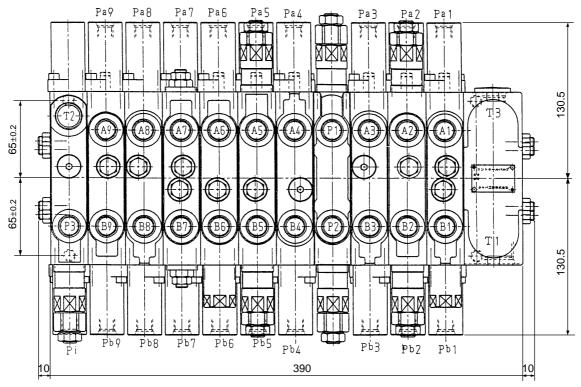
Total amount of hydraulic oil: 42 ℓ

7 CONTROL VALVE CONTENTS

- 7-1 Specification
- 7-2 Disassembly and assembly
 - 7-2-1 Replacing the O ring on the contact surface and each block assembly
 - 7-2-2 Replacing the O ring on the Spool
 - 7-2-3 Removing the load check valve
 - 7-2-4 Replacing the relief valve assembly and the O ring
- 7-3 Structure of the relief valve
 - 7-3-1 Main relief valve
 - 7-3-2 Port relief valve
- 7-4 Precautions for handling
 - 7-4-1 Handling
 - 7-4-2 Installation
 - 7-4-3 Operation

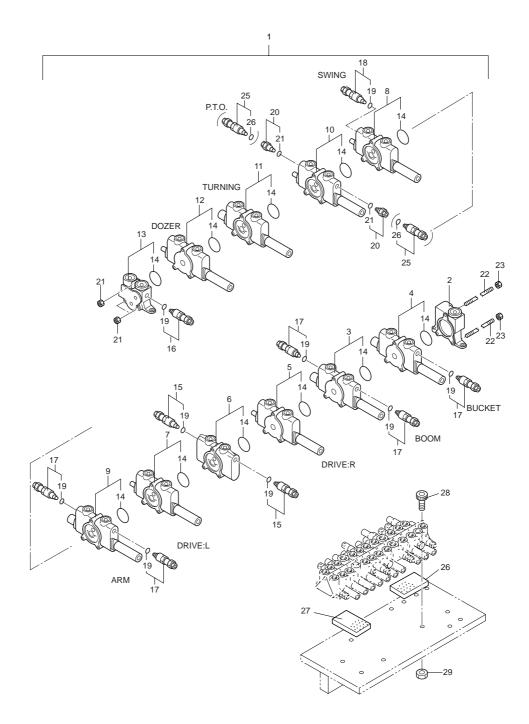
7-1 Specification





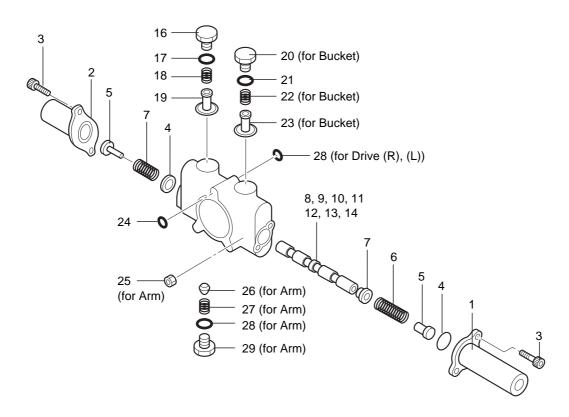
Port size	
P1, P2, P3, T1	PF 1 / 2
T2	PF 3 / 4
A1~A9, B1~B9	PF 3 / 8

P1 and P2 Main relief pressure	20.6 MPa at 42 ℓ/min		
P3 Main relief pressure	17.2 MPa at 25 ℓ /min		
A2, B2, A5, B5 Port relief pressure	23.5 MPa at 5 ℓ/min		



- 1. CONTROL VALVE ASS'Y
- 2. OUTLET SECTION ASS'Y
- 3. BLOCK ASS'Y
- 4. BLOCK ASS'Y
- 5. BLOCK ASS'Y
- 6. SPACER SECTION ASS'Y
- 7. BLOCK ASS'Y
- 8. BLOCK ASS'Y
- 9. BLOCK ASS'Y
- 10. BLOCK ASS'Y
- 11. BLOCK ASS'Y
- 12. BLOCK ASS'Y
- 13. INLET SECTION ASS'Y
- 14. O-RING
- 15. RELIEF VALVE ASS'Y

- 16. RELIEF VALVE ASS'Y
- 17. RELIEF VALVE ASS'Y
- 18. ANTI-VOID VALVE ASS'Y
- 19. O-RING
- 20. SHUT OFF VALVE ASS'Y
- 21. NUT
- 22. O-RING
- 23. NUT
- 24. RELIEF VALVE ASS'Y
- 25. O-RING
- 26. MAT(A)
- 27. MAT(B)
- 28. BOLT
- 29. NUT



FOR BOOM/BUCKET/SLEW DRIVE(R)(L)/SWING P.T.O./DOZER/ARM

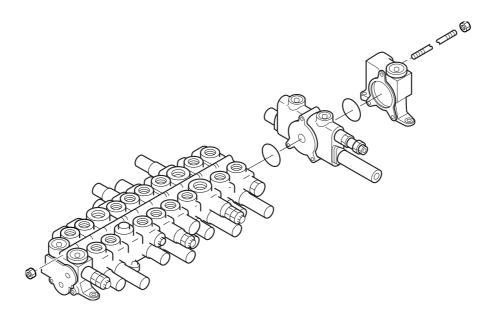
1. CAP 2. CAP 3. BOLT, SOCKET HEAD 4. O-RING 5. END, SPOOL 6. SPRING 7. SEAT, SPRING 8. SPOOL 9. SPOOL 10. SPOOL 11. SPOOL 12. SPOOL 13. SPOOL 14. SPOOL 15. SPOOL	17. O-RING 18. SPRING 19. POPPET 20. PLUG 21. O-RING 22. SPRING 23. POPPET 24. O-RING 25. ORIFICE 26. POPPET 27. SPRING 28. O-RING 29. SPRING 30. PLUG 31. SEAT, SPRING
16. PLUG	32. SPOOL

7-2 Disassembly and assembly

7-2-1 Replacing the O ring on the contact surface and each block assembly

- 1. Loosen the nut of tie rod.
- 2. Remove each block. Be careful not to damage the machine contact surface.
- 3. When disassembled, it is recommended to replace the O rings on the contact surface.
- 4. When assembling, clean the contact surface so that no dust sticks to the surface. Then attach the O ring and reassemble in the reverse order of the above procedure. When attaching the O ring, give grease to it.
- 5. Tighten nut temporarily.
- 6. After tightening, place them on their side. Pressing the inlet cover and end cover from above, check the level of the mounting legs and tighten the nut.

 The tightening torque of the tie rod nut is 24 N⋅m. While tightening them, check that the Spool of each block operates smoothly.



7-2-2 Replacing the O ring on the Spool

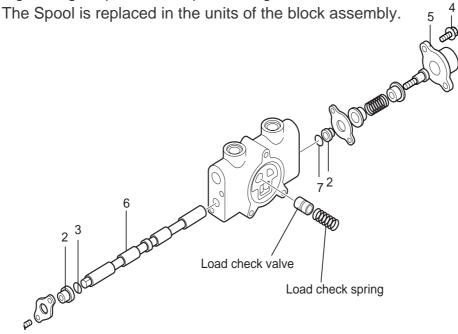
1. On the lever side

- 1) Remove the mounting screws (1) of the O-ring presser from the block.
- 2) Replace the backup ring (2) and O-ring (3).
- 3) When mounting the O-ring presser, be sure not to damage the O-ring.

2. On the cap side

- 1) Loosen the cap mounting screws (4) and remove the cap (5). Take out Spool (6) and replace O-ring (7)
- 2) Rinse the Spool and insert it in the body.
- 3) When installing the spring cap, be careful not to damage the O-ring. Tightening torque of the cap mounting screw is 9 N·m.

 The Spool is replaced in the units of the block assembly



7-2-3 Removing the load check valve (For Drive (R), (L))

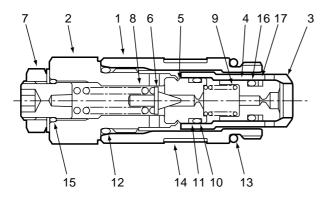
- 1. Remove the load check spring and load check valve from the valve block.
- 2. Keep each load check valve in order so as not to confuse it with other valve block.
- 2. Clean the parts sufficiently before assembling them.

7-2-4 Replacing the relief valve assembly and the O-ring.

- 1. Remove the inlet section assembly and the relief valve.
- 2. If necessary, replace the O-ring or the relief valve assembly.
- 3. During installation, give grease to the O-ring.
- 4. When the relief set, cap nut of adjusting screw and hexagon nut are loosened, always check relief set pressure using the pressure gauge.
 - At this time, the relief set pressure and flow rate shall be conformed to the specification indicated on the page of external drawing.
- 5. When the relief valve assembly is removed, check whether the small hole on the center of relief piston is clogged with foreign matter.

7-3 Structure of the relief valve

7-3-1 Main relief valve



Part	Tightening torque
Cap nut	30 N·m
Installation of the relief valve	70 N·m

- 1. Cap
- 2. Plug
- 3. Sleeve
- 4. Main poppet
- 5. Pilot sheet
- 6. Pilot poppet
- 7. Adjuster kit
- 8. Pilot spring
- 9. Spring
- 10. O-ring
- 11. Backup ring
- 12. O-ring

13.O-ring

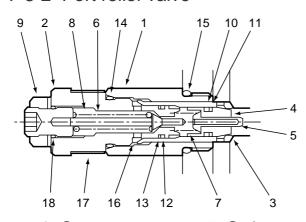
14.Name plate

15.O-ring (1B-P10)

16.O-ring

17.Backup ring

7-3-2 Port relief valve



Part Tightening torque

Cap nut 30 N·m

Installation of the relief valve 70 N·m

- 1. Cap
- 2. Plug
- 3. Poppet
- 4. poppet
- 5. Piston
- 6. Pilot poppet
- 7. Spring
- 8. Pilot spring
- 9. Adjuster kit
- 10. O-ring
- 11. Backup ring
- 12. O-ring

- 13. Backup ring
- 14. O-ring
- 15. O-ring
- 16. Wave washer
- 17. Name plate
- 18. O-ring (1B-P10)

7-4 Precautions for handling (Installation and operation should conform to the following items.)

7-4-1 Handling

When handling and carrying valves, be careful neither to drop them nor bang the spool end and cap.

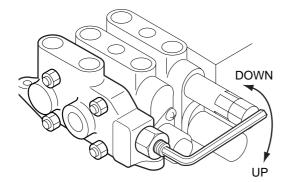
When stocking a valve for a long time, plug each port to prevent dust and water from entering it.

7-4-2 Installation

- 1. Tighten the valve joints with the specified tightening torque. Be careful so that no unnecessary force acts on the valve through the piping.
- 2. Install the operation link so that the spool moves correct in the direction of shaft.
- 3. Be careful when welding near a valve, because the high temperature and spatter may damage the O ring of the spool and the dust seal.
- 4. Do not paint the spool.
- 5. Never remove the plug on each port to prevent dust from entering until piping work begins.

7-4-3 Operation

- 1. Before operation, check that the hydraulic circuit and the oil are both clean (cleanliness of hydraulic oil must be higher than the NAS12 class).
- 2. Keep the oil temperature between -20°C and 80°C. If the temperature falls below 0°C, warm up the machine.
- 3. Never raise the set pressure of the main relief valve and port relief valve beyond the specified set pressure. If the set pressure differs from the specified value, adjust it in the following manner.
 - 1) Procedure for adjusting the main relief valve:
 - a. Install a pressure gauge between the pump and control valve in the measuring position. If there is a mounting hole for the pressure gauge, use it.
 - b. Raise the temperature of the hydraulic oil to 50 to 60°C and set the engine speed to the rated value.
 - c. Operate the control lever to read the indication of the pressure gauge when cylinder reaches the stroke end.
 - d. When raising the pressure, remove the cap nut and turn adjusting screw of the relief valve installed on the inlet section clockwise with an Allen wrench.



Relief valve pressure adjustment				
Main relief valve	Approx. 17.7 MPa per rotation			
Port relief valve	Approx. 15.7 MPa per rotation			

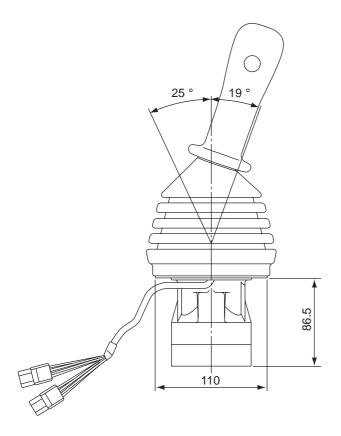
e. Always lock the valve when it is set to the specified pressure.

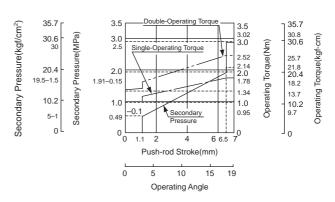
8 JOYSTICK (PILOT VALVE)

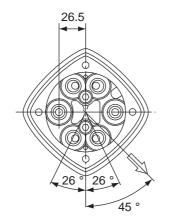
CONTENTS

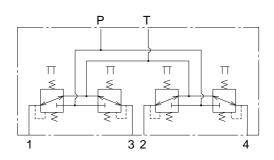
- 8-1 Specification
- 8-2 Structure

8-1 Specification

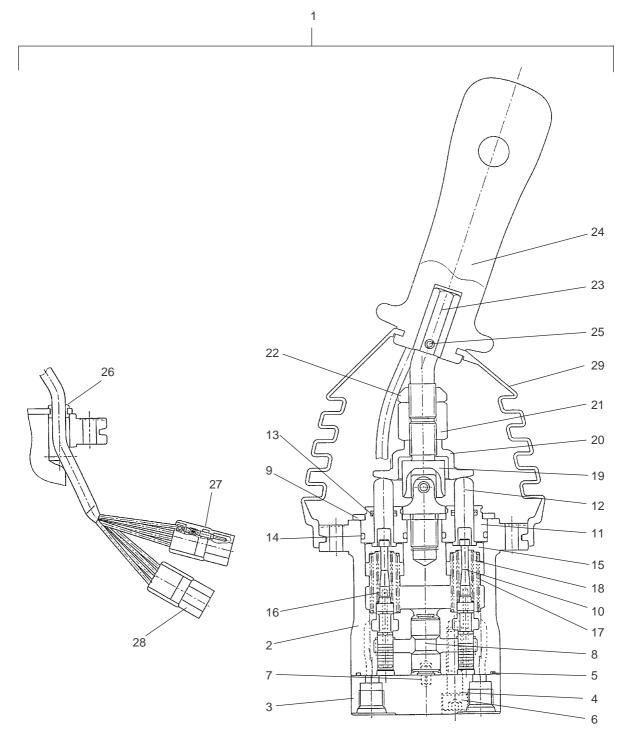








8-2 Structure



1.	JO	YSI	ICK	VALV	E A	455	Y

2. CASING

3. PORT PLATE

4. SEAL WASHER

5. O-RING

6. HEX. BOLT

7. SPRING PIN

8. BUSH

9. PLATE

10. SPOOL

11. PLUG

12. PUSH ROD

13. SEAL

14. O-RING

15. SPRING SEAT

16. WASHER 2

17. SPRING

18. SPRING

19. JOINT

20. CIRCULAR PLATE

21. ADJUSTING NUT

22. LOCK NUT

23. LEVER

24. KNOB

25. SPRING PIN

26. BUSH

27. CONNECTOR

28. HOUSING(4P)

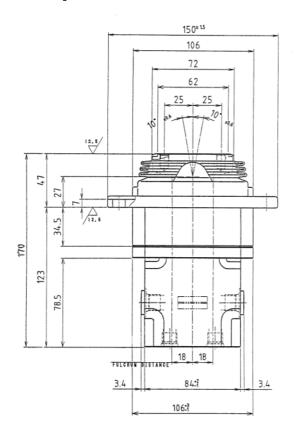
29. BELLOWS

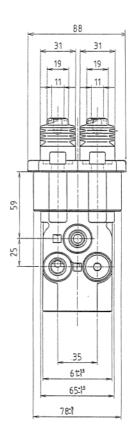
9 PILOT VALVE(1) (TRAVEL)

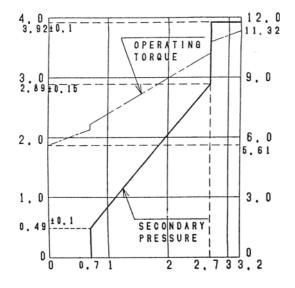
CONTENTS

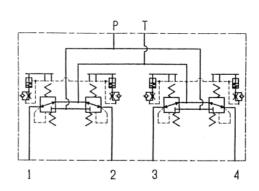
- 9-1 Specification
- 9-2 Structure

9-1 Specification

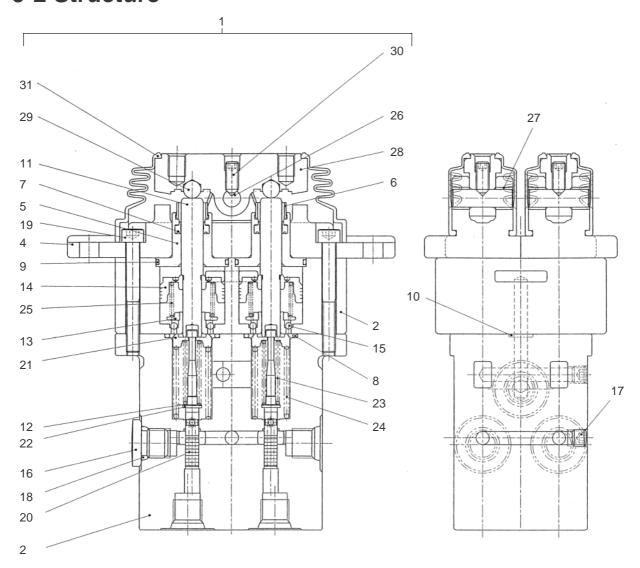








9-2 Structure



- 1 PILOT VALVE ASS'Y
- 2 CASING
- 3 CASING(DAMPER)
- 4 COVER
- 5 PLUG
- 6 GREASE CAP
- 7 PACKING
- 8 O-RING
- 9 O-RING
- 10 O-RING
- 11 ROD, PUSH
- 12 SHIM
- 13 SEAT, SPRING
- 14 PISTON
- 15 BALL, STEEL
- 16 RO PLUG
- 17 PLUG

- 18 O-RING
- 19 SCREW, HEX., S.H.C
- 20 SPOOL
- 21 SEAT, SPRING
- 22 WASHER
- 23 SPRING
- 24 SPRING
- 25 SPRING
- 26 CAM SHAFT
- 27 BUSH
- 28 CAM
- 29 BALL, STEEL
- 30 SET SCREW
- 31 BELLOWS

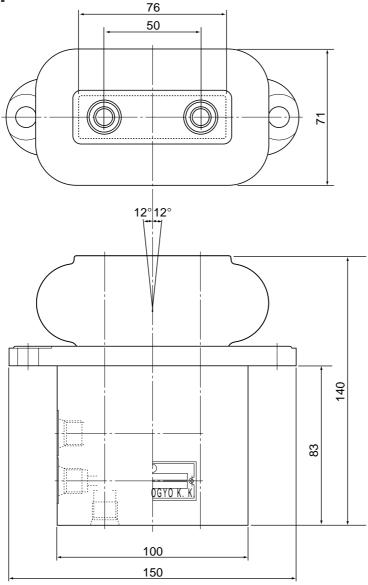
10 PILOT VALVE(2) (DOZER)

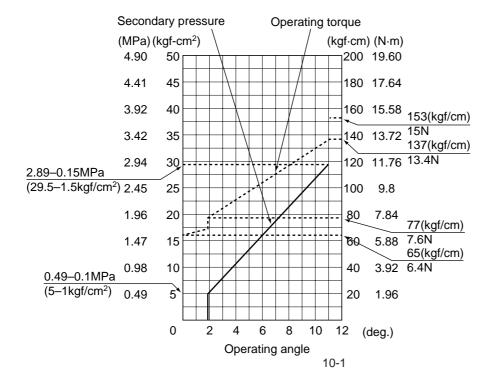
CONTENTS

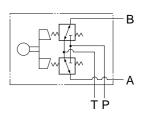
10-1 Specification

10-2 Structure

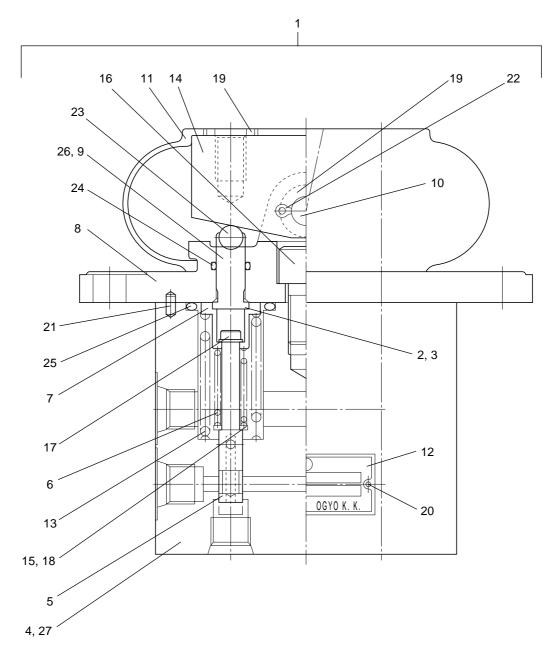
10-1 Specification







10-2 Structure



1	DOZER PILOT VALVE
2	SHIM

- 3 SHIM
- 4 BODY
- 5 SPOOL
- 6 SPRING COMP
- 7 SLEEVE
- 8 COVER
- 9 PUSHER
- 10 PIN
- 11 BOOT
- 12 PLATE, NAME
- 13 SPRING COMP
- 14 CAM

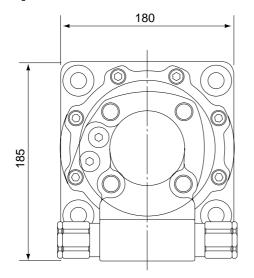
- 15 SHIM
- 16 BOLT
- 17 BOLT
- 18 WASHER
- 19 WASHER
- 20 SCREW
- 21 SPRING PIN
- 22 PIN
- 23 STEEL BALL
- 24 O-RING
- 25 O-RING
- 26 PUSHER ASS'Y
- 27 BODY ASS'Y

11 SLEW MOTOR

CONTENTS

- 11-1 Specification
- 11-2 Structure
- 11-3 Standard of maintenance
 - 11-3-1 Slew bearing & slew case
- 11-4 Inspection and adjustment
 - 11-4-1 Measuring the natural slew distance
 - 11-4-2 Measuring the over slew distance after stopping
 - 11-4-3 Measuring the required time for slewing

11-1 Specification

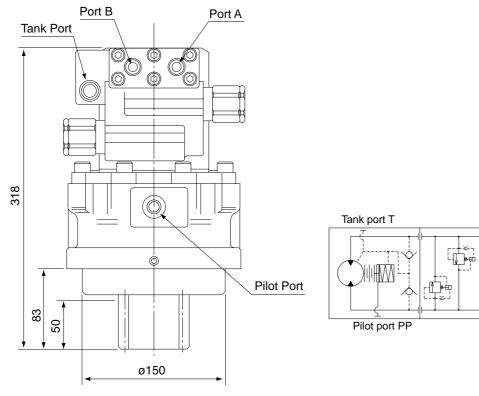


Direction of rotation (seen from the output shaft)

Direction of rotation	Oil inlet	Oil outlet
Clockwise	А	В
Counterclockwise	В	Α

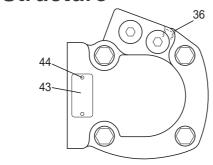
Port	Port size
Α	PF 3/8
В	PF 3/8
Т	PF 3/8
Р	PF 1/4

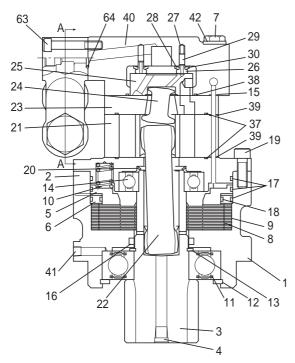
Bv

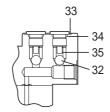


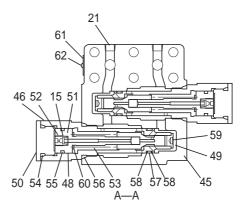
	Туре	45PC39CO335-C
Reduction Output torque		981N-m
	Output speed	85 min ⁻¹
	Reduction ratio	1 / 1
Hydraulic motor	Capacity	393 cc / rev
	Maximum speed	85 min ⁻¹
	Flow rate	24 ℓ / min
Overload relief set pressure		15.7MPa at 24 ℓ
Pinion gear	Module	5
No. of threads Z		12
Weight		33kg

11-2Structure









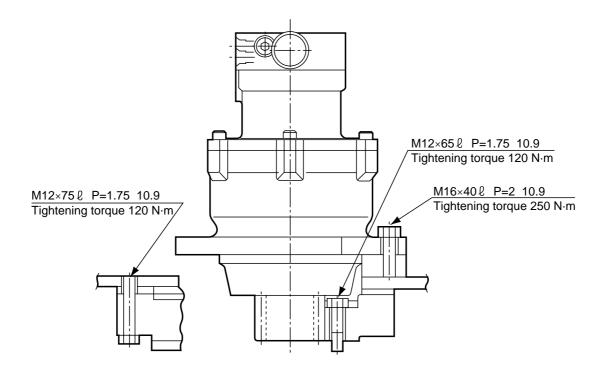
- 1. Bearing housing
- 2. Flange mounting
- 3. Pinion gear
- 4. Plug
- 5. Piston ring
- 6. Ring
- 7. Socket head bolt
- 8. Friction plate
- 9. Crutch plate
- 10. Coil spring
- 11. Front bearing
- 12. Snap ring C
- 13. Snap ring
- 14. Rear bearing
- 15. O-ring
- 16. X-ring
- 17. O-ring
- 18. O-ring
- 19. Socket head bolt
- 20. Shaft face seal
- 21.
- 22. Drive

- 23. Valve plate
- 24. Valve drive
- 25. Valve
- 26. Balancing ring
- 27. Spring
- 28. Inner face seal
- 29. Pin
- 30. Outer face seal
- 31. Valve housing Ass'y
- 32. Steel ball
- 33. Plug
- 34. O-ring
- 35. Spring
- 36. Plug
- 37. O-ring
- 38. O-ring
- 39. O-ring
- 40. Valve housing
- 41. Plug
- 42. Plain washer
- 43. Name plate
- 44. Rivet

- 45. Valve body
- 46. Cartridge
- 47. Plunger
- 48. Piston
- 49. Orifice plug
- 50. M28 Plug
- 51. Collar
- 52. Orifice plug
- 53. Spring
- 54. O-ring
- 55. Cap seal
- 56. O-ring
- 57. O-ring
- 58. Back up ring
- 59. Filter element
- 60. Shim
- 61. Name plate
- 62. Rivet
- 63. Socket head bolt
- 64. O-ring

11-3 Standard of maintenance

11-3-1 Slew bearing and slew case

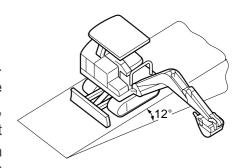


11-4 Inspection and adjustment

11-4-1 Measuring the natural slew distance

1. Position of the machine

Maintain the hydraulic oil temperature at 50±5°C. Make a slope or use a sleeper to incline the machine by 12°. Set the attachment diagonally, put a weight (W) in the bucket (filling the bucket with soil), retract the arm cylinder to the minimum length, make the boom parallel to the slope and stop engine.



2. Measurement

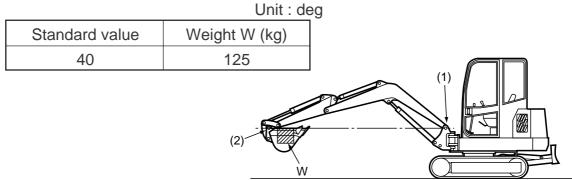
Put a mark on the slew bearing outer race and the truck frame and measure the flow rate (deviation rate) of 3 minutes. (Moving distance of slew bearing outer race) Valid gear length

Unit mm or less

Standard value	Allowance	Weight Wkg
30	60	125

11-4-2 Measuring the over slew distance after stopping

Maintain the oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C while the engine is running at full speed. Stretch the arm to the maximum length on a flat place. Make the boom joint pin (1) and arm bucket pin (2) put on a horizontal line, put a weight(W) in the bucket (filling the bucket with soil), slew the Machine by one turn and measure the over slew length (at bucket edge) after stopping.



11-4-3 Measuring the required time for slewing

Extend the bucket cylinder to maximum length, empty the bucket and measure the required time for slewing 5 turns following the first turn.

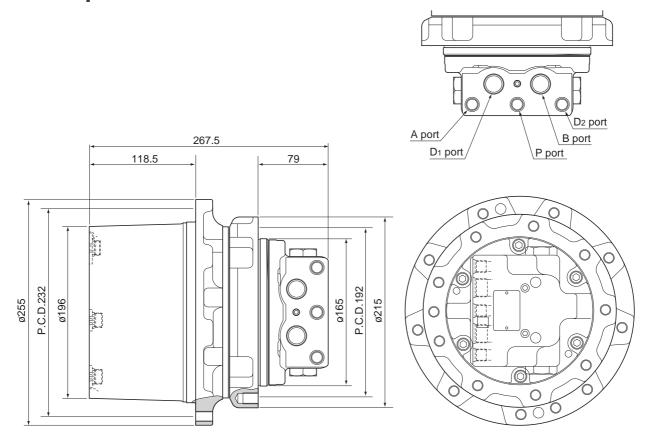
U	nit	:	sec

Standard value	Allowance
33±4	47

12 TRAVEL MOTOR CONTENTS

- 12-1 Specification
- 12-2 Structure
- 12-3 Handling the travel motor
- 12-4 Measuring travel motor idling and travelling time
- 12-5 Inspection and adjustment

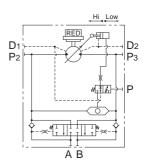
12-1 Specification



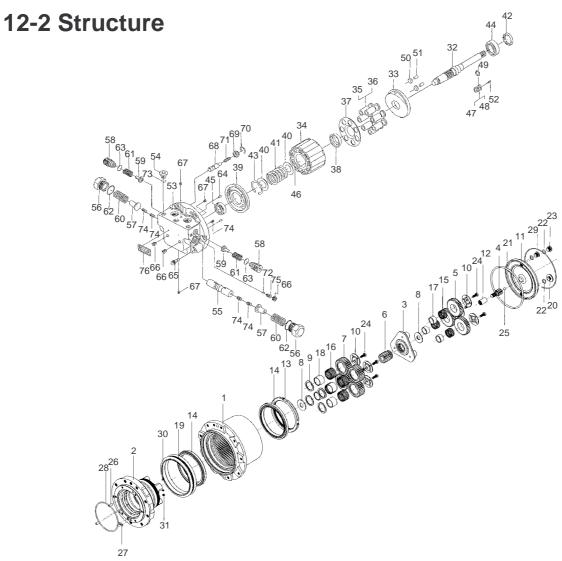
Direction of rotation (viewing from output axis)

Direction of rotation	Oil pouring port	Oil discharging port
Clockwise	Α	В
Counterclockwise	В	А

Port	Port size
A,B	PF1/2
Pilot	PF1/4
Dr	PF1/4



	Item			Item	
tion	Output torque N·m Output speed (min ⁻¹) Reduction ratio	3180		Equivalent capacity cc / rev	958.2 / 637.4
ar	Output speed (min ⁻¹)	36.5 / 62.6		Oil	ISO-VG46
Re	Reduction ratio	1 / 53.7		Oil temperature(°C)	-20~100
	Capacity cc / rev	21.0 / 12.0	Others	Filtering (μM)	10
ulic	Working pressure MPa Output speed of hydraulic motor (min ⁻¹)	20.6	₹	Lubricating oil	SAE-30-CD
/dra	Output speed of	1960		Lubricating oil	750cc
ΞĒ	hydraulic motor (min-1)	3360		Weight kg	43
	Flow rate ℓ/min	42			



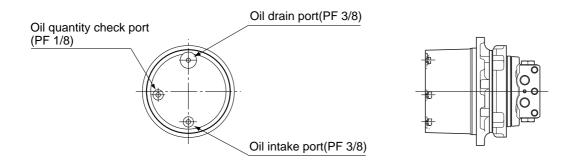
2. I 3. (4. 5) 4. 5 5. I 6. 7 10. 7 11. (6. I 15. I 16. I 17. I 19. I 20. I 22. (6. 2) 23. I 24. I	O-ring O-ring Plug Bolt Steel ball
--	--

28. 29. 30. 31. 32. 33. 34. 35. 36. 37. 38. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50.	O-ring O-ring Ring Screw socket head Plug Shaft Swash plate Block cylinder Piston Shoe Retainer Thrust ball Valve plate Washer Spring Oil seal Snap ring Bearing Bearing Roller Piston Shoe Seal ring Pivot
50. 51.	

12-3 Handling the travel motor

Add lubricating oil according to the following procedure.

1. The cover has three plugs. Turn the motor so the plugs are at right angle to the floor. Use them as the oil intake port, oil quantity check and oil drain ports, starting from the top in that order.



- 2. First, remove the plugs from the oil intake and oil quantity check port with an Allen wrench.
- 3. Add lubricating oil through the oil intake until the oil comes out of the intake port.
- 4. Plug the oil intake and oil quantity check port, then wind seal tape around the plug before tightening.

Amount of lubricating oil	750cc
---------------------------	-------

Schedule for replacing lubricating oil:

First: After the first 200 service hours or 2 months

Second and later times: Every 1,000 service hours or 1 year

Standard maintenance

Tightening torque

Sprocket tightening torque	110 N·m	
Motor tightening torque	110 N·m	

12-4 Measuring travel motor idling and travelling time

1. Idle crawler for ten turns and measure the required time.

Unit: sec

Standard value			
Low	14.2±0.8		
High	9.5±0.8		

(Engine running at full speed and oil temperature of 50±5°C)

2. After travelling 3m on ground level, measure the required time to travel 20m.

Standard value			
Low 22.6±2			
High	15.2±2		

(Engine running at full speed and oil temperature of 50±5°C)

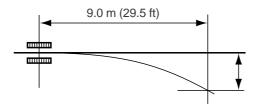
12-5 Inspection and adjustment

1. Measuring meander distance in travelling
Measure the meandering distance by travelling on hard ground.

Unit: mm or less

Standard value	Max.	
170	450	

(Engine running at full speed and oil temperature of $50 \pm 5^{\circ}$ C)

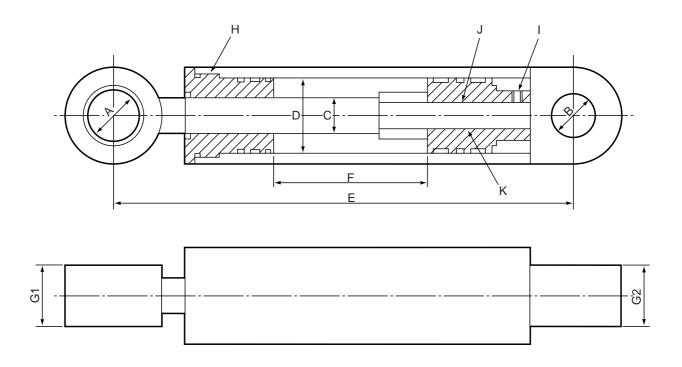


13 HYDRAULIC CYLINDER

CONTENTS

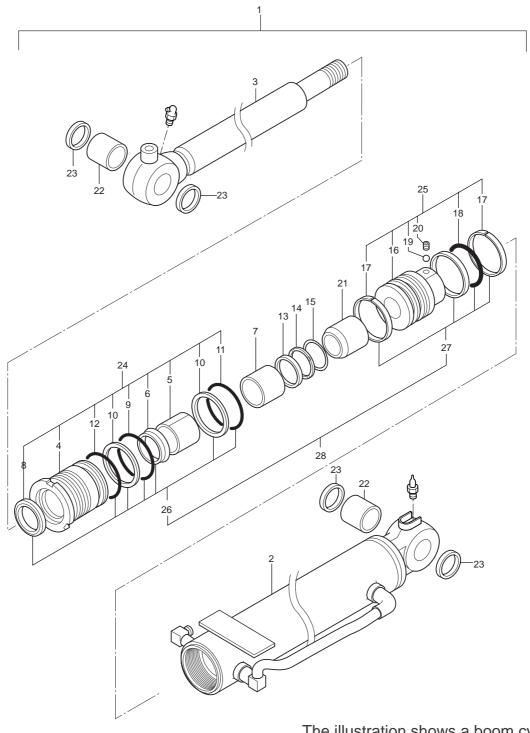
- 13-1 Structure
- 13-2 Disassembly and assembly
 - 13-2-1 Disassembly procedure
 - 13-2-2 Procedure for disassembling inner parts
- 13-3 Assembly
 - 13-3-1 Assembly procedure
 - 13-3-2 Inspection procedure
 - 13-3-3 Precautions for assembly

13-1 Structure



	Cv	inder	Boom	Arm	Bucket	Swing	Dozer
Item						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Weigh	ıt kg		32	32	27	31	21
Trust	Pushing	ton	10.5	10.5	9.2	10.5	13.3
force*	Pulling	ton	7.2	7.2	5.9	7.2	9.2
Α	Pin diameter (rod)	mm	ø40	ø40	ø40	ø35	ø40
В	Pin diameter (head)	mm	ø40	ø40	ø40	ø35	ø40
С	Rod diameter	mm	ø45	ø45	ø45	ø45	ø50
D	Cylinder bore	mm	ø80	ø80	ø75	ø80	ø90
E	Maximum extended length	mm	1529	1520	1295	1609	620
-	Maximum contracted length	d mm	920	920	795	957	470
F	Stroke	mm	609	600	500	652	150
G1	Clevis width	mm-	50	50	50	50	55
G2	Cievis widti	111111	50	50	50	50	55
Н	Tightening torque	N·m	460	460	430	460	529
I	Tightening torque	N·m	10	10	10	10	16.7
J	Tightening torque	N·m	900	900	780	900	1176
K	Size of piston screw (size × pitch)		M30 × 1.5	M30 × 1.5	M30 × 1.5	M30 × 1.5	M33 × 1.5
*Main	relief pressure	MPa	20.6	20.6	20.6	20.6	17.2

13-2 Disassembly and assembly



The illustration shows a boom cylinder.

- 1. Cylinder assembly
- 2. Tube
- 3. Rod
- 4. Rod cover
- 5. Rod bush
- 6. U-ring
- 7. Retainer
- 8. Wiper ring
- 9. O-ring
- 10. Backup ring

- 11. O-ring
- 12. O-ring13. Cushion ring
- 14. Spacer15. Stopper16. Piston

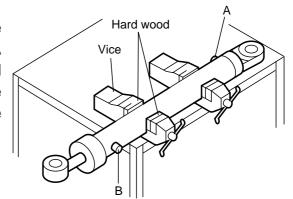
- 17. Slide ring
- 18. Seal ring assembly19. Steel ball
- 20. Set screw

- 21. Cushion bearing
- 22. Pin bush
- 23. Dust seal
- 24. Cylinder head assembly
- 25. Piston assembly
- 26. Rod packing assembly
- 27. Piston packing assembly
- 28. Packing assembly

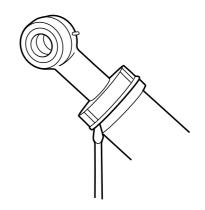
13-2-1 Disassembly procedure

1. Hold the cylinder with the vice.

Tighten the vice carefully; do not deform the cylinder. Blow air alternately from ports A and B and operate the piston rod to drain oil from the cylinder inside. To remove the piston, pull the piston rod about a third of the length.



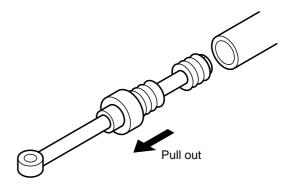
2. Loosen and remove the rod cover from the cylinder tube assembly with a hook wrench.



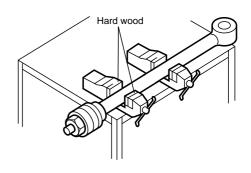
Counterclockwise

Rubber or waist

3. Disassembling the piston rod assembly Slowly turn the piston rod assembly to remove it from the cylinder tube assembly. Place the removed piston rod assembly on a wooden bench or a waste to prevent damage.



- 4. Disassembling the piston assembly Hold the piston rod assembly with a vice.
- Put the waste between hard wood and the piston to prevent the surface sliding from being damaged.
- Set the piston rod assembly on a level block so that it becomes parallel to the level block.
 Be careful because the piston rod assembly may come out of the vice and be damaged if it is set diagonally.



13-2-2 Procedure for disassembling inner parts

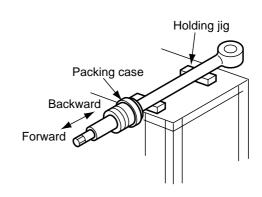
 Remove the piston assembly from the piston rod assembly (after removing the set bolts).
 Then remove the cushion bearing in the direction of the arrow.

2. Disassembling rod cover

Put piston rod assembly on a holding jig on the work bench.

Make a working face for the rod cover assembly on the workbench and move the rod cover to and fro to remove it.

Remove the backup ring then the O ring with a screwdriver. If they are to be reused, be careful not to damage them.

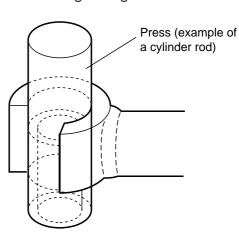


3. Disassembling the packing assembly

Remove the packing by prying it with an eyeleteer or a screwdriver. Be careful not to damage the groove of the cover and piston. Because it is difficult to remove the dust seal and rod packing without damaging them, remove them by inserting a eyeleteer or a similar tool and prying them out. Be careful not to damage the groove on the cover and piston.

 Disassembling the piston rod and cylinder tube assembly

As the bushes are pressed fit to the rod head, press them out with a pressing machine to remove them. For a spherical bearing, the snap ring must be removed first.



13-3 Assembly

13-3-1 Assembly procedure

- 1. The assembly procedure is the reverse of disassembly.
- 2. Before assembly, check whether metallic powder or other foreign matter is not sticking to any of the parts and whether the parts can be reused.
- 3. Coat hydraulic oil on each part before assembling them.
- 4. Assemble beforehand the parts into the following assemblies.
 - Cylinder tube assembly
 - Rod cover assembly
 - Piston rod
 - Piston assembly

13-3-2 Inspection procedure

Clean each disassembled part with light oil or treated oil except for the packings.

Packings are cleaned with petroleum hydraulic oil.

Other types of oil will remarkably shorten the life of the packing.

Thoroughly clean the sliding surface, oil hole, O ring, packing groove, etc. If the part is not used for a long time after being cleaned, execute a rust proof treatment.

(Coating hydraulic oil is effective for rust prevention to a certain degree.)

- 1. Check all parts for flaws, cracks, deformation, rust, or burrs which may affect the operation. (Inside of the tube, rod, etc.)
- 2. Check each part for metallic powder or other foreign matter sticking to it.
- 3. Check the sliding surface of piston rod for damage, uneven abrasion, discoloring, or any defect which may affect its operation.
- 4. Packings and seals are usually replaced with new one. If you must reuse them, check that there are no tears, cuts or foreign matter sticking to the packing.

13-3-3 Precautions for assembly

Assemble the cylinder while paying attention to the following matters.

- 1. Replace the packings with new ones before assembly.
- 2. Execute assembly work paying attention to the direction of cushion bearings (boom, arm, bucket and swing) and seal rings (arm and swing).
- 3. Replace the set bolts with new ones.
 In assembling, after tightening the set bolts, further tighten and firmly fix them by hitting with punch at two points on the periphery.
- 4. Tighten the rod cover, piston and nuts with a specified tightening torque shown in the attached table (page 13-1).
- 5. Check fully before starting assembly work.

14 SWIVEL JOINT CONTENTS

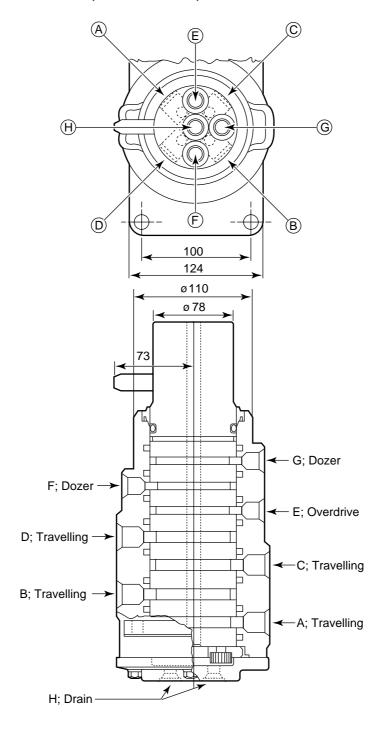
14-1 Specification and Structure

14-2 Structure, disassembly and assembly

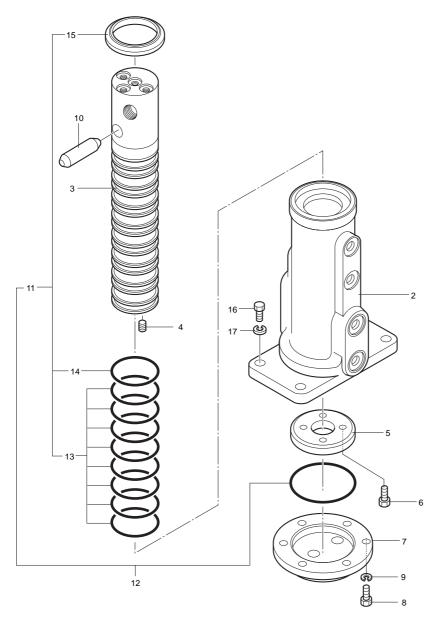
14-1 Specification and Structure

	Н	0.15 MPa
Working pressure	Е	0.98 MPa
	A~D, F, G	20.6 MPa
Port size	E~H	PF 1/4
	A~D	PF 1/2
Working speed		10 min ⁻¹

^{*}A to H and D rain denote the position of the port.



14-2 Structure, disassembly and assembly



- 1. Swivel joint assembly
- 2. Cylinder
- 3. Roter
- 4. Plug
- 5. Thrust washer
- 6. Socket head bolt
- 7. Cap
- 8. Bolt
- 9. Spring washer
- 10. Knock pin
- 11. Packing assembly
- 12. O-ring
- 13. Slipper seal
- 14. O-ring
- 15. Dust seal

Disassembly:

- 1. Remove bolt (8) and cap(7).
- 2. Remove the bolts (6) and thrust washer (5).
- 3. Remove the shaft (3) from the hub (2) upward. Because the shaft is tightened by the tension of the O ring, tap a hammer on the shaft by rotating it and pull it up.
 - * Be careful so that O ring does not become trapped.

Assembly:

- 1. Before assembly, check the O ring and sliding part for flaws and other defects.
- 2. Assembly is usually executed in the opposite order of disassembly. Coat a little hydraulic oil or grease on the O rings before assembly.

15 CRAWLER CONTENTS

15-1 Structure and operation

15-1-1 Crawler (Steel)

15-1-2 Track frame

15-2 Standard of maintenance

15-2-1 Crawler (Steel)

15-3 Disassembly and assembly

15-3-1 Installing the crawler

15-3-2 Removing the crawler

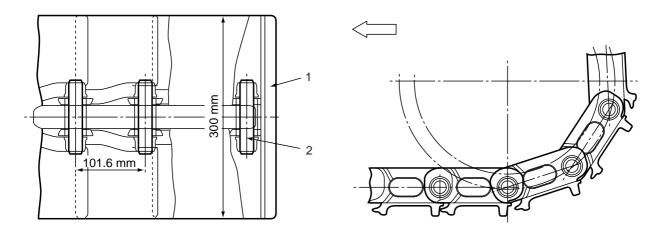
15-3-3 Track frame spring

15-3-4 Life of the rubber crawler

15-3-5 Handling the rubber crawler

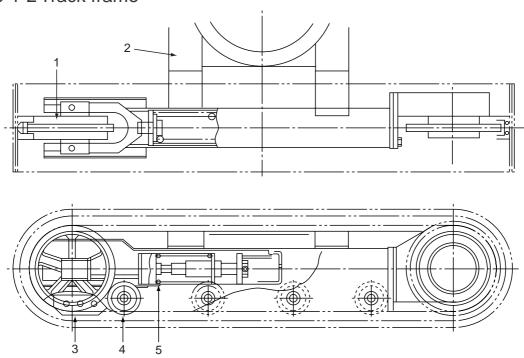
15-1 Structure and operation

15-1-1 Crawler (steel)



- 1. Shoe
- 2. Pin

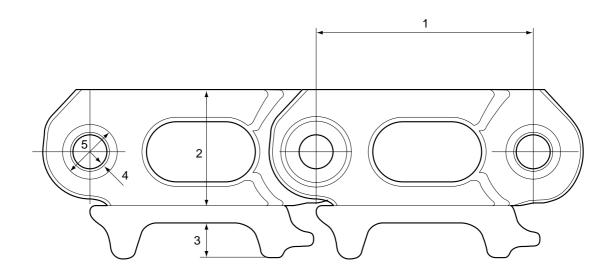
15-1-2 Track frame



- 1. Idler
- 2. Track frame
- 3. Guard (for steel crawler)
- 4. Track roller
- 5. Spring

15-2 Standard of maintenance

15-2-1 Crawler (steel)



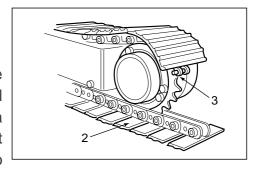
No.	Item	Unit	Standard value	Allowance	Remarks
1	Link pitch		101.6	104	Measure by stretching 5 links except for the master link
2	Link height	mm	61	58.5	Pad or replace
3	Grouser height	mm	16.5±1.5	7	Pad or replace
4	Pin clearance		0.33	2	Replace
5	Bush outer diameter		32.2	29	Replace

15-3 Disassembly and assembly

15-3-1 Installing the crawler

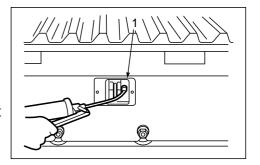
1. Crawler

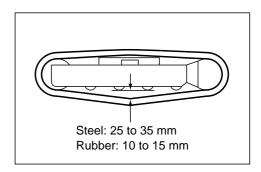
After the sprocket put on the crawler (2), drive motor to bring it above the idler and for steel crawler, fix the master pin (3) into the hole. For a rubber crawler, the crawler by using the idler as it is. Install steel bar and heavy duty hammer into the undercarriage.



2. Tension the crawler

Tighten the cartridge valve (1) of the adjust cylinder, grease and adjust the tension.

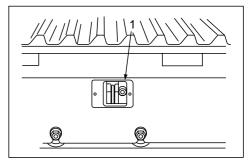




15-3-2 Removing the crawler

1. Loosen the crawler.

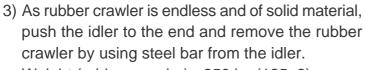
By loosen the cartridge valve (1) of the adjust cylinder, drain grease and loosen the crawler (2).



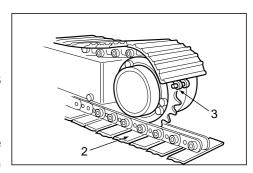
2. Crawler

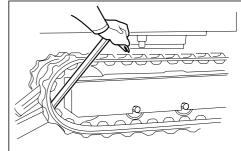
- 1) Lift the main frame with attachment and put blocks under to lift the machine.
- 2) Turning in the direction of the idler side, remove crawler master pin (3) and then the crawler (2) from track frame.

Weight (steel crawler): 364 kg (182×2)

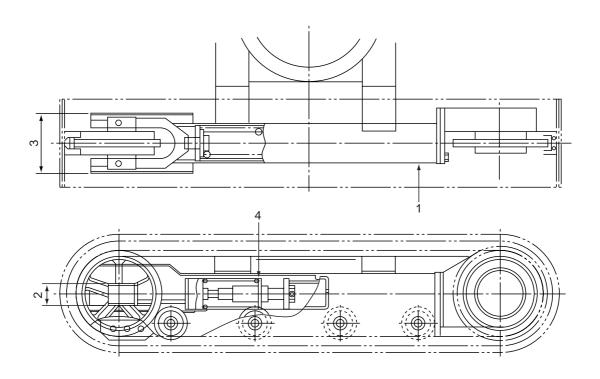


Weight (rubber crawler): 250 kg (125×2)





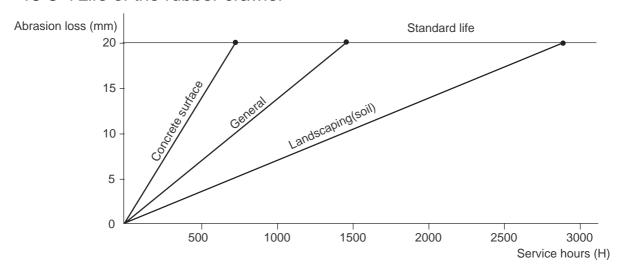
15-3-3 Track frame spring



Unit: mm

No.	Item	Standard			Remedy	
			Allowable limit			
4	Deformation of	Bend	5 (Overall length of track frame)		Correct	
'	frame	Twist	10 (Twist between left and right crawler frames)			
		Opening of idler	5	5		
	Distance between upper and lower faces of idler guide		Standard value	Allowable limit		
2		2-1 Track frame	126 ^{+1.0}	131	Pad or replace	
		2-2 Idler frame	124 ⁺⁰ _{-0.5}	119		
3	Distance between left and right faces	3-1 Track frame	166 ^{+1.0} _{-2.0}	171	Replace	
3	of idler guide	3-2 Idler support	162±1.0	157	Replace	
4	Spring	Standard value	Allowable limit		Replace	
4 (free length)		Set length	203.5		Τοριασσ	

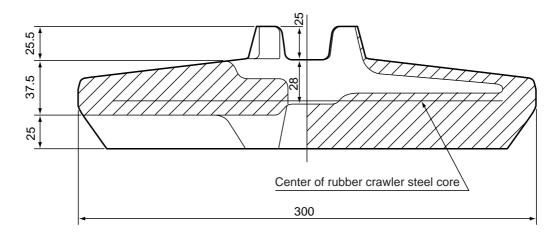
15-3-4 Life of the rubber crawler

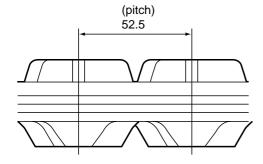


Check the remaining life of the rubber crawler by the abrasion loss in the rubber crawler height as shown in the figure below. Note that the life slightly differs depending on the conditions of site and the operation of the machine.

PRECAUTIONS:

- (1) Wipe immediately if fuel or hydraulic oil sticks to rubber crawler.
- (2) Check that there are no sharp edges protruding on the ground.
- (3) Avoid using on beach. (This may affect the adhesion of the core metal.)
- (4) If the machine is going to be stored for a long time, never store it where it will be directly exposed to sunlight.





Description		Value	
Total length of rubber crawler		4,510±12	
Steel cord	Tension	800 kg / piece	
Steel cord	No. of cords	40±4	
Range of wor	king temperature	-25°C~55°C	
Width × pito	ch	300×52.5	

15-3-5 Handling the rubber crawler

1. Do not run over or turn on a sharp edge

If you run over or turn on a projecting sharp edge or a stepped grade, the machine will partially load on the rubber crawler and split it or cut the threads of the rubber crawler and the inner steel cord.

2. Prevent foreign matter from entering the rubber crawler Foreign matter will strain the crawler and cut it.

3. No sharp turns

Do not turn sharply on a road with a high-friction factor (such as a concrete road).

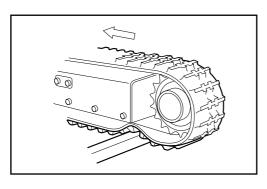
4. Keep oil products away from the rubber crawler If you spill fuel or hydraulic fluid on the rubber crawler, clean it promptly.

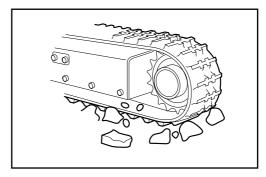
5. Protect from salt

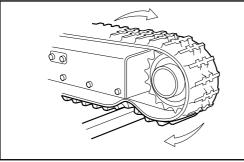
Do not operate on beach (Core metal will rust due to salt corrosion).

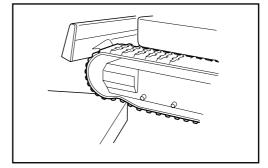
6. Store indoors

If the machine is not used for a long time, keep it indoors to prevent exposure to direct sunlight and rain.







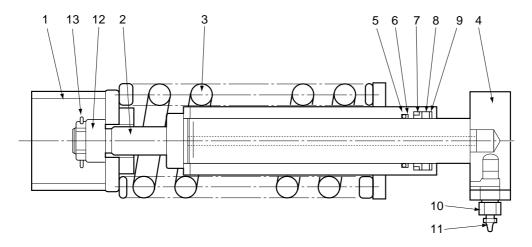


16 SPRING CASE AND GREASE CYLINDER

CONTENTS

- 16-1 Structure
- 16-2 Specification of spring
- 16-3 Disassembly and assembly
 - 16-3-1 How to disassemble and assemble the ad just cylinder
 - 16-3-2 How to disassemble and assemble the spring case

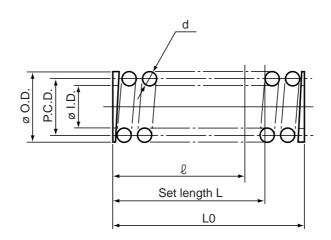
16-1 Structure



- 1. Plate
- 2. Cylinder
- 3. Spring
- 4. Rod
- 5. O-ring (IB-P40)
- 6. Backup ring (T2-P40)
- 7. Dust seal (DKR-40)

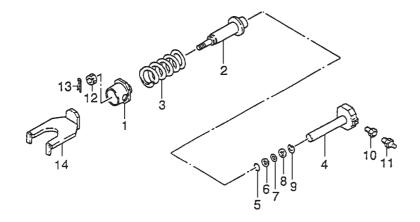
- 8. Spacer
- 9. Snap ring (H-52)
- 10. Cartridge valve
- 11. Grease nipple (PT1/8-A)
- 12. Castle nut
- 13. Split pin

16-2 Specification of spring



Name	Value	Name	Value
No. of active coils	7.5	ℓ Length at max. shrinkage (mm)	195.1
Total number of coils	9	ø O.D. (outer diameter)(mm)	107
Spring constant (kgf/mm)	50.9	P.C.D. (Center diameter) (mm)	85
Set force (kg)	2,698	øl.D. (Inner diameter) (mm)	63
Force at max. shrinkage (kg)	4,650	Wire diameter d (mm)	22
Lo Free length (mm)	286.5	L set length (mm)	233.5

16-3 Disassembly and assembly



- 1. O-ring (IB-P30)
- 2. Cylinder
- 3. Backup ring (T2-P40)
- 4. Rod
- 5. Scraper (DSI)
- 6. Backup ring (T2-P40)
- 7. Castle nut

- 8. Spacer
- 9. Split pin
- 10. Cartridge valve
- 11. Spring
- 12. Castle nut
- 13. Split pin
- 14. Idler yoke

Cylinder effective stroke: 150 mm

16-3-1 How to disassemble and assemble the adjust cylinder

1. Disassembly

- a. Remove the cartridge valve from the adjust cylinder rod.
- b. Remove the cylinder rod from the adjust cylinder tube.
- c. Remove the snap ring, spacer, dust seal, backup ring and O-ring.

2. Assembly

The assembly procedure is the reverse of the disassembly procedure.

- a. Attach the O-ring, backup ring and spacer to adjust cylinder tube.*Coat grease on the O-ring and dust seal before assembly.
 - "Coat grease on the O-ring and dust seal before assembly.
- b. Attach the adjust cylinder rod to adjust the cylinder tube carefully so that the seals are not damaged. Apply grease before hand in the adjust cylinder tube. Attach the cartridge valve to the adjust cylinder rod so that the screw on the second step reaches the tapped hole. When attaching the adjust cylinder rod, tighten the cartridge valve after checking that grease comes out of the grease drain hole.

Note:

- Adjust and assemble carefully so that air does not remain in the adjust cylinder tube.
- Coat grease on the piston of the cylinder tube rod before assembly.
 Tightening torque of the cartridge valve: 187 to 210 N·m

16-3-2 How to disassemble and assemble the spring case

1. Disassembly

Lower the spring force between the front idler and adjust cylinder tube using a pressing machine and the special purpose tool.

- a. Remove the castle nut for the mounting spring.
- b. Remove the spring from adjust cylinder tube.

Note:

 Be careful when using the tool when removing the spring. Also, be careful during assembly.

2. Assembly

The assembly procedure is the reverse of disassembly.

Attach the spring to adjust cylinder tube using the special tool and set the spring to the specified position with the castle nut.

After adjustment, completely bend the split pin.

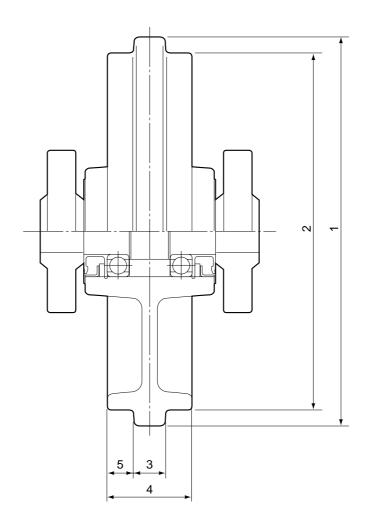
Spring set length: 233.5mm

17 IDLER CONTENTS

17-1 Standard of maintenance 17-1-1 Idler

17-1 Standard of maintenance

17-1-1 Idler



No.	Item	Unit	Standard value	Allowance	Remark
1	Outer diameter of projected part	mm	ø311	ø307	Pad or replace
2	Outer diameter of tread	mm	ø269	ø265	Pad or replace
3	Width of projected part	mm	25	21	Pad or replace
4	Overall width	mm	65	60	Pad or replace
5	Width of tread	mm	20	24	Pad or replace
6	Quality of lubricating oil	СС	80		Gear oil or engine oil

18 SPROCKET CONTENTS

18-1 Disassembly and assembly18-1-1 Removing the sprocket18-1-2 Installing the sprocket18-2 Standard of maintenance18-2-1 Sprocket

18-1 Disassembly and assembly

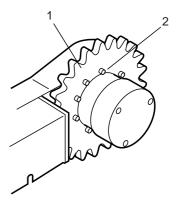
18-1-1 Removing the sprocket

1. Crawler

Refer to the explanation on crawler removal.

2. Sprocket

Remove sprocket mounting bolts (1) and then sprocket (2) from the travelling motor assembly.



18-1-2 Installing the sprocket

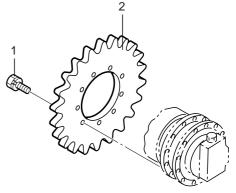
1. Sprocket

Attach the sprocket to travelling motor assembly and tighten the mounting bolts (1).

Tightening torque:100 N·m~110 N·m

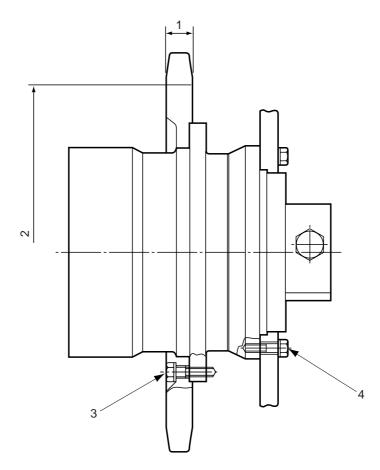
2. Crawler

Refer to the explanation of crawler installation.



18-2 Standard of maintenance

18-2-1 Sprocket



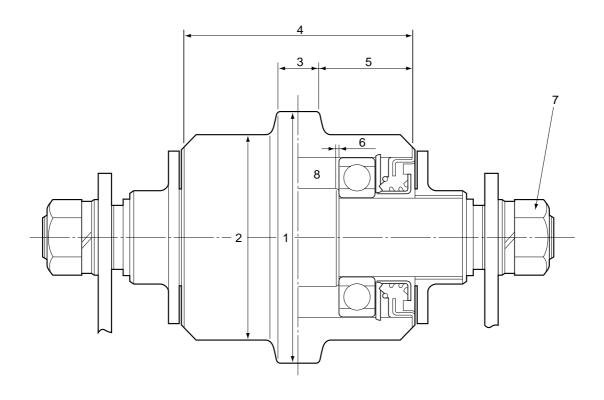
No.	Item	Unit	Standard value	Allowance	Remarks
1	Width of sprocket teeth	mm	25	19	Pad or replace
2	Minor diameter of sprocket	mm	ø313.8	ø305.8	Pad or replace
3	Tightening torque of sprocket mounting bolt	N⋅m	100~110		Tighten some more. (M10 P1.5)
4	Tightening torque of motor mounting bolt	N⋅m	100~110		Tighten some more. (M10 P1.5)

19 TRACK ROLLER **CONTENTS**

19-1 Standard of maintenance 19-1-1 Track roller

19-1 Standard of maintenance

19-1-1 Track roller



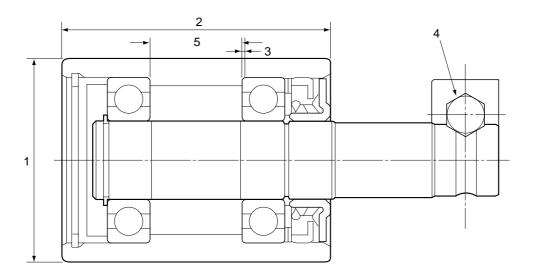
No.	Item	Unit	Standard value	Allowance	Remarks
1	Outer diameter of projected part	mm	ø115	_	Pad or replace
2	Outer diameter of tread	mm	ø95	ø92	Pad or replace
3	Width of projected part	mm	24	21	Pad or replace
4	Overall width	mm	108	_	Pad or replace
5	Width of tread	mm	42		Pad or replace
6	Roller side clearance	mm	0.2±0.1	1.5	Replace bush
7	Tightening torque for mounting roller	N·m	325		Tighten some more.(M24 P3)
8	Quantity of lubricating oil	CC	100		Gear oil or engine oil

20 CARRIER ROLLER CONTENTS

20-1 Standard of maintenance 20-1-1 Carrier roller

20-1 Standard of maintenance

20-1-1 Carrier roller



No.	Item	Unit	Standard value	Allowance	Remarks
1	Outer diameter of projected part	mm	ø76	ø73	Pad or replace
2	Overall width	mm	100		Pad or replace
3	Roller side clearance	mm	0.2±0.1	1.5	Replace bush
4	Tightening torque for mounting roller	N·m	22		Tighten some more. (M8 P1.25)
5	Quantity of lubricating oil	СС	70		Gear oil engine oil



CONTENTS

21-1 Structure and function

21-1-1 Electric circuit diagram

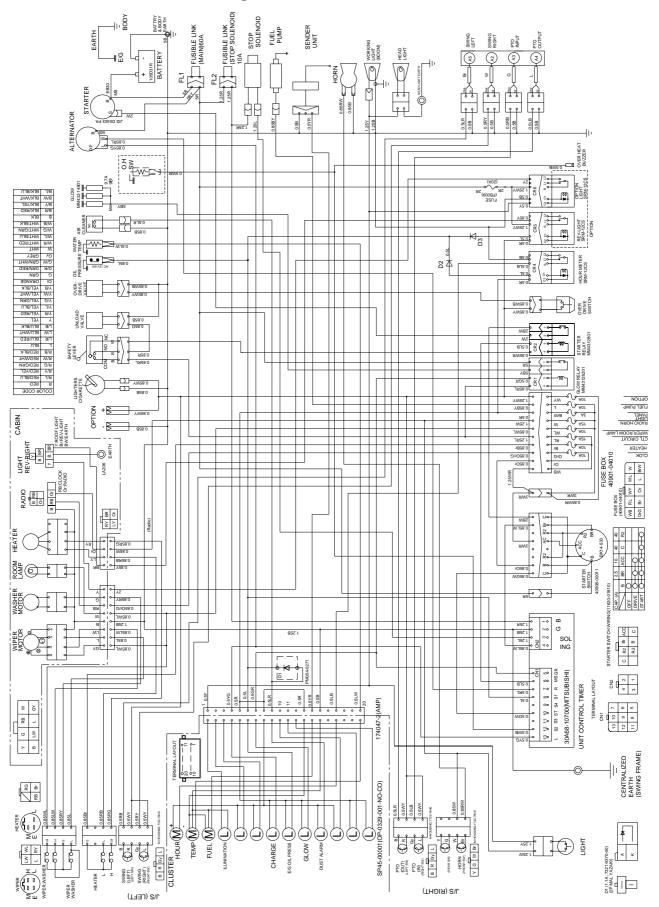
21-2 Failure and remedy

21-2-1 Starter system

21-2-2 Alter nator system

21-1 Structure and function

21-1-1 Electric circuit diagram



21-2 Failure and remedy

21-2-1 Starter system

Failure	Cause	Remedy
Pinion does not come out even when the starter switch is pressed.	 Disconnection of the wire harness, loose connection of the battery or switch terminal. Spline which engaged with the pinion of armature shaft is caught and the pinion cannot move. Malfunction of the plunger of magnetic switch, disconnection or the short-circuit of coil 	Reconnect and tighten connections. Free the spline Correct or replace
Starter does not rotate even when the pinion engages with the ring gear.	 Disconnection of the cable between the battery and the magnetic switch, loosening (bad earth) of the connecting wire between magnetic switch and motor terminals Improper engagement of pinion and ring gear Wrong installation Brush is worn out or brush spring is touching. Commutator is dirty. Malfunction of armature or field coil Loosening of field coil and brush Loose connection of contractor Contact surface of contractor is rough. 	Reconnect cable, tighten connections (make good earth). Correct the engagement. Reinstall Replace or adjust. Clean commutator. Correct or replace Tighten coil and brush. Tighten connections. Correct or replace
Starter rotates at its full speed before the pinion engages with the ring gear.	Wrong adjustment of plunger gap (distance I) Permanent set of pinion sleeve spring.	Adjust Replace
Engine does not start even when the pinion engages with the ring gear and the starter rotates.	- Malfunction of overrun clutch	Replace
Starter does not stop even when starter switch is turned off.	Short-circuit inside switch Contractor drops and is always connected.	Replace switch Replace

21-2-2 Alternator system

Failure	Cause	Remedy
Cannot be charged.	 Cords between terminals are disconnected or connectors are in loose connection. Improper earth conection Brush and slip ring do not contact. Coil is disconnected or burnt. Diode is damaged. 	Reconnect cord-tighten connections. Make good earth conections. Connect or replace Replace Replace
Insufficient charge	 Loose connection of cords between each terminal Fan belt slips. Improper contact or insufficient movement of brush and slip ring Short-circuit of coil Defective diode 	Tighten connections. Adjust. Clean slip ring and brush holder. Replace Replace
Overcharge	- Defective alternator	Replace
Noise	Wrong installationDefective fan beltDefective bearing	Connect. Replace. Replace.
Fuse melts.	 Diodes on (+) and (-) sides broke down. Capacitor broke down. Alternator internal short-circuited 	Replace.

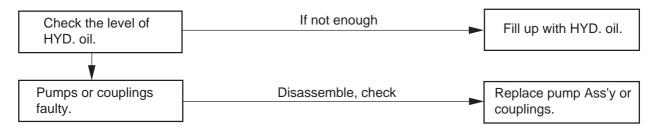
22 TROUBLESHOOT-ING

CONTENTS

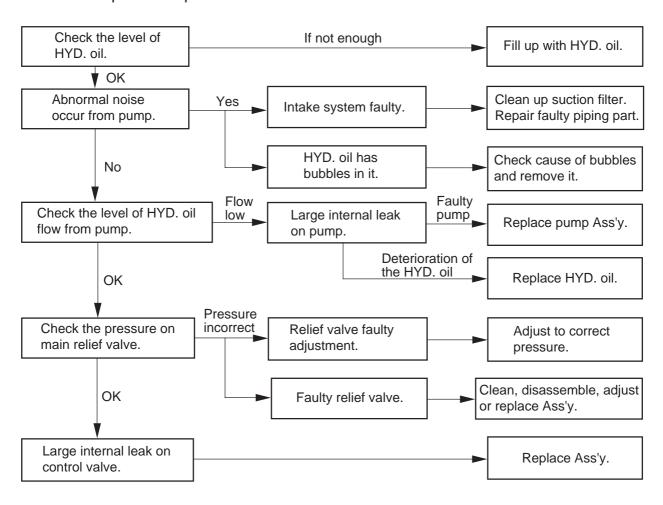
22-1 Troubleshooting

22-1 Troubleshooting

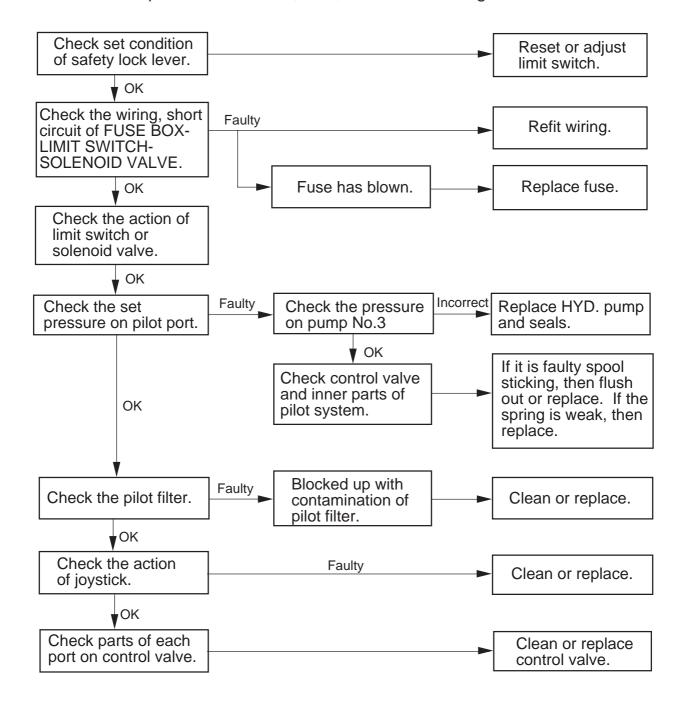
22-1-1 All functions not operational



22-1-2 Operation power is weak

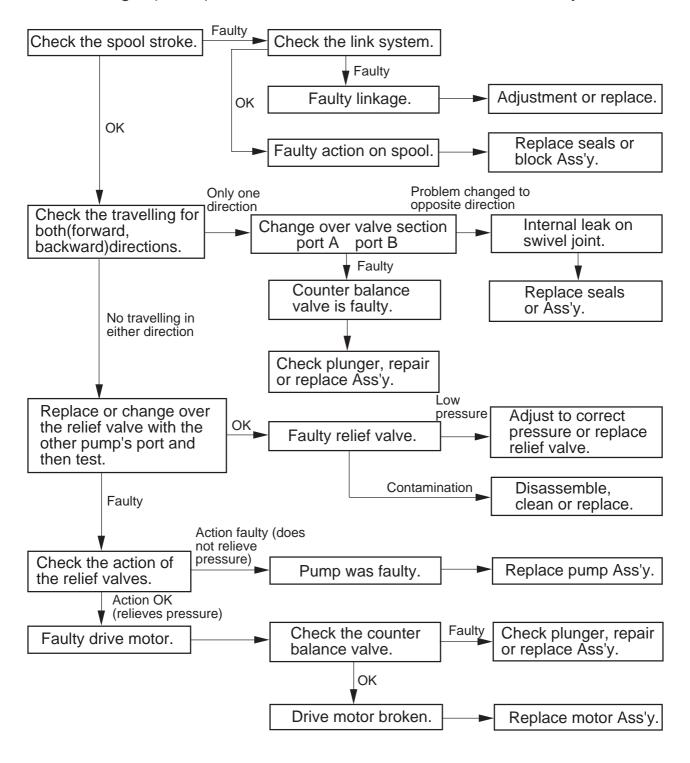


22-1-3 No operation on boom, arm, bucket & slewing

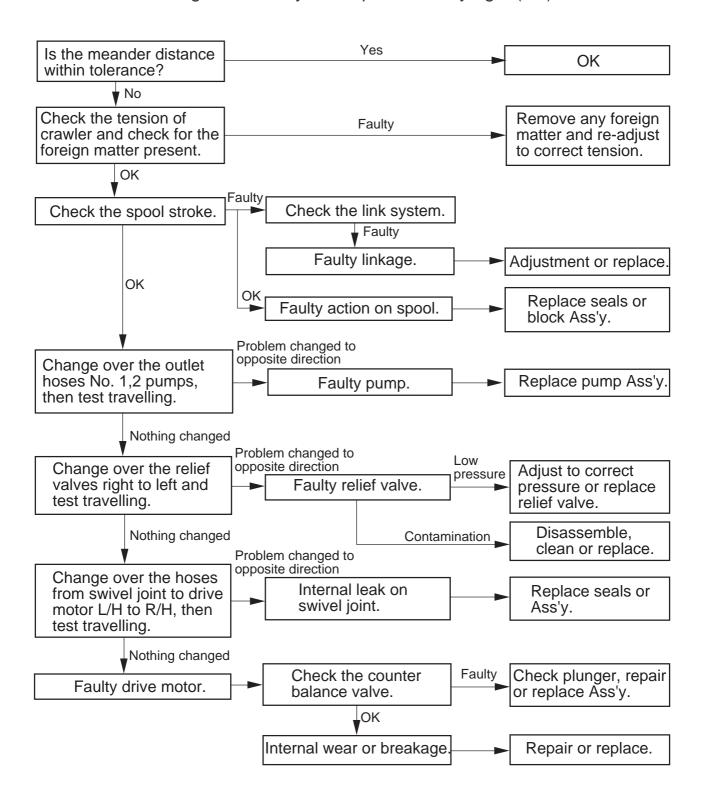


22-2 Travelling system

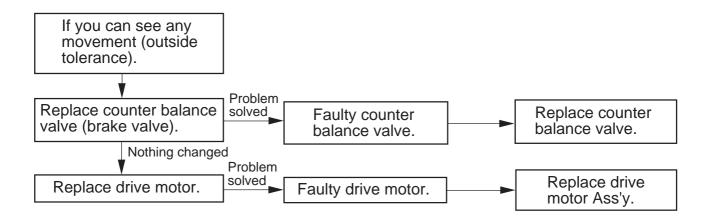
22-2-1 Right (or left) hand side of crawler does not work correctly



22-2-2 Travelling meander by slow speed on only right (left) hand side.

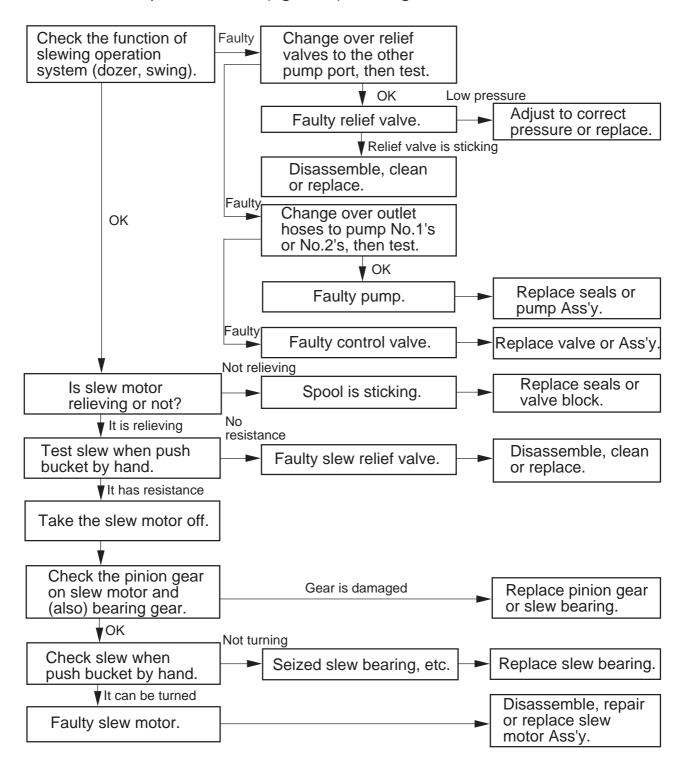


22-2-3 Machine fails to hold on incline

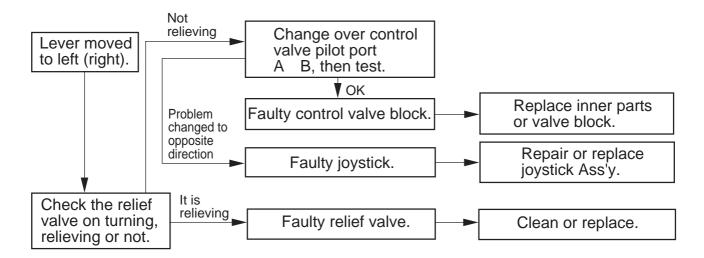


22-3 Slewing system

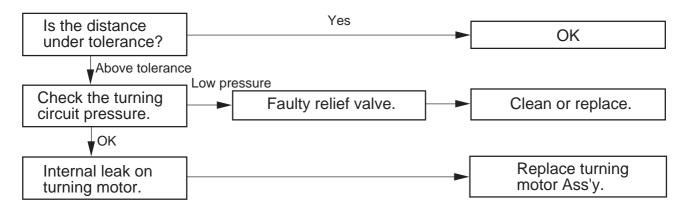
22-3-1 No operation both (right/left) slewing.



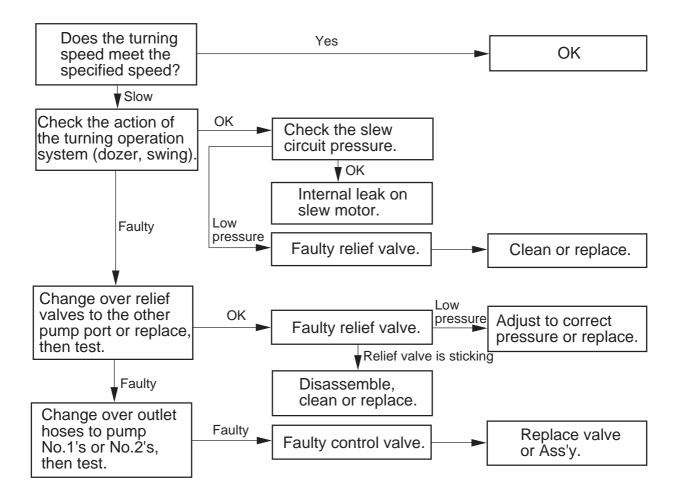
22-3-2 It is possible to turn right (left) but not left (right)



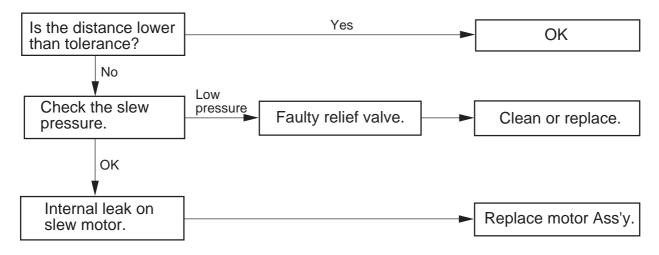
22-3-3 Turning acceleration slow, the overturn is higher than tolerance



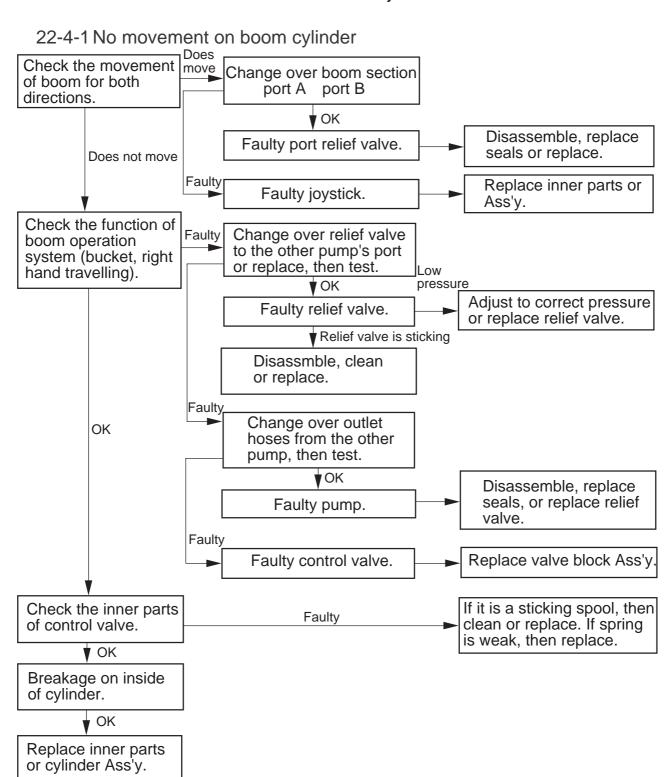
22-3-4 Extreme slow slew speed



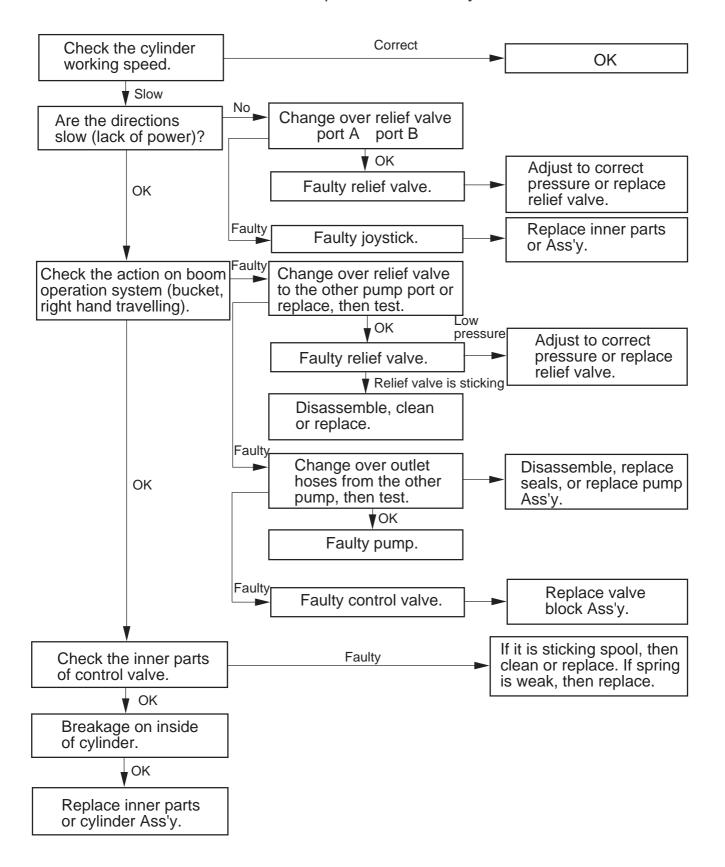
22-3-5 Turning movement when the machine is parked on a slope



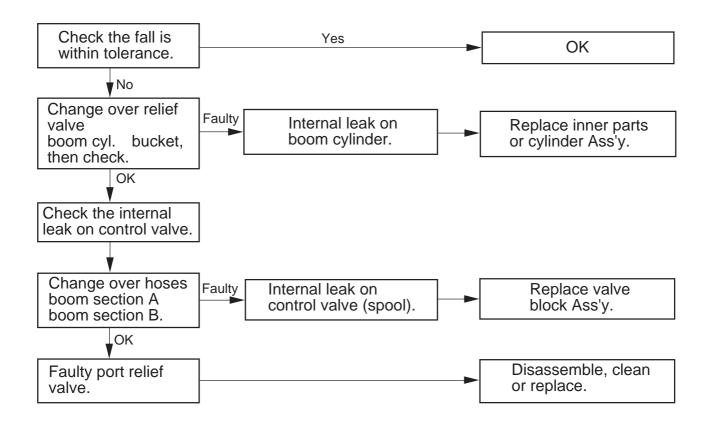
22-4 Boom system(for arm and bucket cylinders the same method as follows)



22-4-2 Slow action or lack of power on boom cylinder

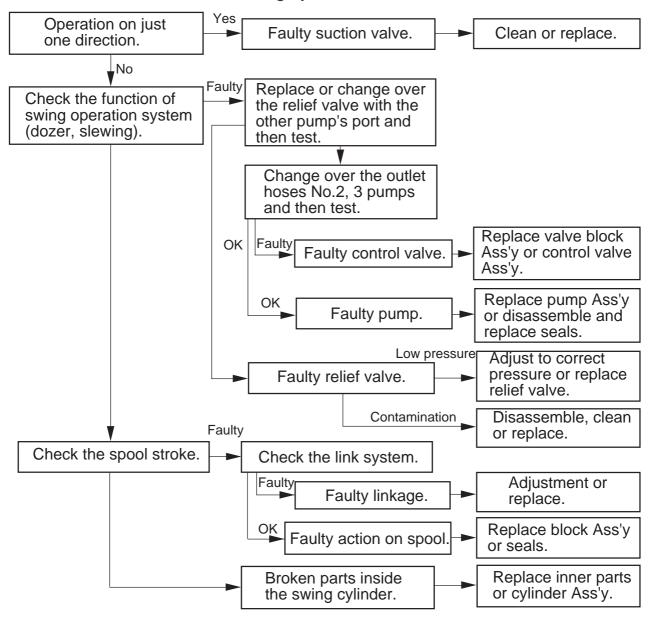


22-4-3 Natural fall of boom



22-5 Swing system

22-5-1 No movement on swing system



22-5-2 Drifting swing cylinder

