SECTION 6 MAINTENANCE STANDARD

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SECTION 6 MAINTENANCE STANDARD

GROUP 1 OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST

1. PURPOSE

Performance tests are used to check:

1) OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE OF A NEW MACHINE

Whenever a new machine is delivered in parts and reassembled at a customer's site, it must be tested to confirm that the operational performance of the machine meets Hyundai spec.

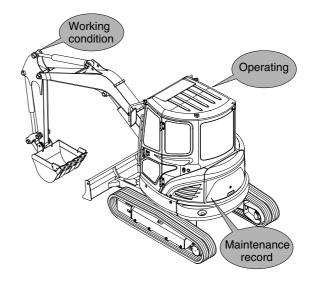
2) OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE OF A WORKING MACHINE

With the passage of time, the machine's operational performance deteriorates, so that the machine needs to be serviced periodically to restore it to its original performance level.

Before servicing the machine, conduct performance tests to check the extent of deterioration, and to decide what kind of service needs to be done (by referring to the "Service Limits" in this manual).

3) OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE OF A REPAIRED MACHINE

After the machine is repaired or serviced, it must be tested to confirm that its operational performance was restored by the repair and/or service work done.

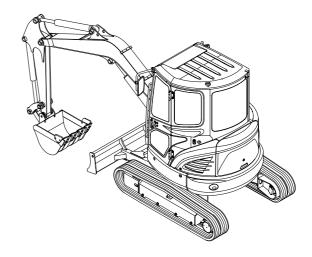


R35Z76MC01

2. TERMINOLOGY

1) STANDARD

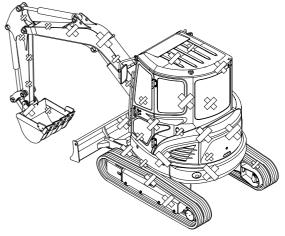
Specifications applied to the brand-new machine, components and parts.



R35Z76MC02

2) SERVICE LIMIT

The lowest acceptable performance level. When the performance level of the machine falls below this level, the machine must be removed from work and repaired. Necessary parts and components must be replaced.



R35Z76MC03

3. OPERATION FOR PERFORMANCE TESTS

 Observe the following rules in order to carry out performance tests accurately and safely.

(1) The machine

Repair any defects and damage found, such as oil or water leaks, loose bolts, cracks and so on, before starting to test.

(2) Test area

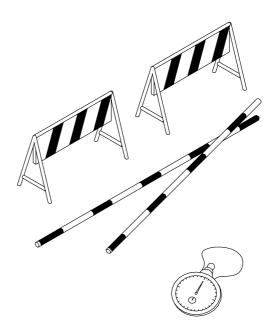
- ① Select a hard, flat surface.
- ② Secure enough space to allow the machine to run straight more than 20m, and to make a full swing with the front attachment extended.
- ③ If required, rope off the test area and provide signboards to keep unauthorized personnel away.

(3) Precautions

- ① Before starting to test, agree upon the signals to be employed for communication among coworkers. Once the test is started, be sure to communicate with each other using these signals, and to follow them without fail.
- ② Operate the machine carefully and always give first priority to safety.
- ③ While testing, always take care to avoid accidents due to landslides or contact with high voltage power lines. Always confirm that there is sufficient space for full swings.
- Avoid polluting the machine and the ground with leaking oil. Use oil pans to catch escaping oil. Pay special attention to this when removing hydraulic pipings.

(4) Make precise measurements

- ① Accurately calibrate test instruments in advance to obtain correct data.
- ② Carry out tests under the exact test conditions prescribed for each test item.
- ③ Repeat the same test and confirm that the test data obtained can be procured repeatedly. Use mean values of measurements if necessary.



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2) ENGINE SPEED

- (1) Measure the engine speed at the maximum RPM.
- * The engine speed must meet standard RPM; if not, all other operational performance data will be unreliable. It is essential to perform this test first.

(2) Preparation and measurement

- ① Warm up the machine, until the engine coolant temperature reaches 50° C or more, and the hydraulic oil is $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.
- ② Set the accel lever at the maximum stroke.
- ③ Measure the engine RPM.

(3) Evaluation

The measured speeds should meet the following specifications.

Unit: rpm

Model	Engine speed	Standard	Remarks
D257.0	Low idle	1100±100	
R35Z-9	High idle	2350±50	

3) TRAVEL SPEED

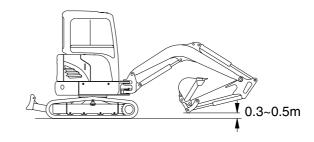
(1) Measure the time required for the excavator to travel a 20 m test track.

(2) Preparation

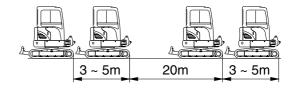
- ① Adjust the tension of both tracks to be equal.
- ② Prepare a flat and solid test track 20 m in length, with extra length of 3 to 5 m on both ends for machine acceleration and deceleration.
- ③ Hold the bucket 0.3 to 0.5 m above the ground with the arm and bucket rolled in.
- 4 Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}\text{C}$.



- ① Measure both the low and high speeds of the machine.
- ② Before starting either the low or high speed tests, adjust the travel mode switch to the speed to be tested.
- 3 Start traveling the machine in the acceleration zone with the travel levers at full stroke.
- Measure the time required to travel 20 m.
- S After measuring the forward travel speed, turn the upperstructure 180° and measure the reverse travel speed.
- ⑥ Repeat steps ④ and ⑤ three times in each direction and calculate the average values.



R35Z76MC04



R35Z76MC05

Unit: Seconds / 20 m

(4) Evaluation

The average measured time should meet the following specifications.

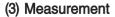
Model	Travel speed	Standard	Maximum allowable	Remarks
R35Z-9	1 Speed	28.8±2.0	36	
N35Z-9	2 Speed	16.0±1.0	20	

4) TRACK REVOLUTION SPEED

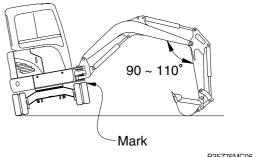
(1) Measure the track revolution cycle time with the track raised off ground.

(2) Preparation

- ① Adjust the tension of both side tracks to be equal.
- ② On the track to be measured, mark one shoe with chalk.
- 3 Swing the upperstructure 90° and lower the bucket to raise the track off ground. Keep the boom-arm angle between 90 to 110° as shown. Place blocks under machine frame.
- 4 Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at 50 ± 5 °C.



- ① Select the following switch positions.
- · Travel mode switch: 1 or 2 speed
- ② Operate the travel control lever of the raised track in full forward and reverse.
- 3 Rotate 1 turn, then measure time taken for next 3 revolutions.
- 4 Raise the other side of machine and repeat the procedure.
- ⑤ Repeat steps ③ and ④ three times and calculate the average values.



R35Z76MC06

(4) Evaluation

The revolution cycle time of each track should meet the following specifications.

Unit: Seconds / 3 revolutions

Model	Travel speed	Standard	Maximum allowable
D257.0	1 Speed	19.3±1.5	24.0
R35Z-9	2 Speed	10.7±1.5	13.2

5) TRAVEL DEVIATION

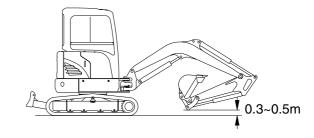
(1) Measure the deviation by the tracks from a 20m straight line.

(2) Preparation

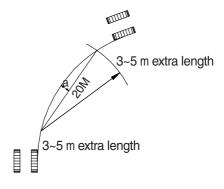
- ① Adjust the tension of both tracks to be equal.
- ② Provide a flat, solid test yard 20 m in length, with extra length of 3 to 5 m on both ends for machine acceleration and deceleration.
- ③ Hold the bucket 0.3 to 0.5 m above the ground with the arm and bucket rolled in.
- 4 Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}\text{C}$.



- ① Measure the amount of mistracking at high and low travel speeds.
- ② Start traveling the machine in the acceleration zone with the travel levers at full stroke.
- ③ Measure the distance between a straight 20m line and the track made by the machine. (Dimension a)
- After measuring the tracking in forward travel, turn the upperstructure 180° and measure that in reverse travel.
- ⑤ Repeat steps ③ and ④ three times and calculate the average values.



R35Z76MC04



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(4) Evaluation

Mistrack should be within the following specifications.

Unit: mm/20 m

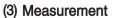
Model	Standard	Maximum allowable	Remarks
R35Z-9	200 below	240	

6) SWING SPEED

(1) Measure the time required to swing three complete turns.

(2) Preparation

- ① Check the lubrication of the swing gear and swing bearing.
- ② Place the machine on flat, solid ground with ample space for swinging. Do not conduct this test on slopes.
- ③ With the arm rolled out and bucket rolled in, hold the bucket so that the height of the bucket pin is the same as the boom foot pin. The bucket must be empty.
- 4 Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}\text{C}$.



- ① Operate swing control lever fully.
- ② Swing 1 turn and measure time taken to swing next 2 revolutions.
- ③ Repeat steps ① and ② three time and calculate the average values.



(4) Evaluation

The time required for 2 swings should meet the following specifications.

Unit: Seconds / 2 revolutions

Model	Standard	Maximum allowable	Remarks
R35Z-9	12.6±0.8	15.8	

7) SWING FUNCTION DRIFT CHECK

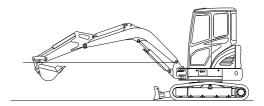
 Measure the swing drift on the bearing outer circumference when stopping after a 360° full speed swing.

(2) Preparation

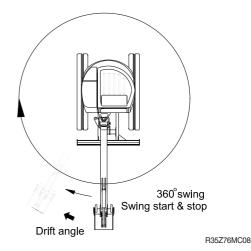
- Check the lubrication of the swing gear and swing bearing.
- ② Place the machine on flat, solid ground with ample space for swinging. Do not conduct this test on slopes.
- With the arm rolled out and bucket rolled in, hold the bucket so that the height of the bucket pin is the same as the boom foot pin. The bucket must be empty.
- Make two chalk marks: one on the swing bearing and one directly below it on the track frame.
- 5 Swing the upperstructure 360°.
- $^{\circ}$ Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at 50 \pm 5 $^{\circ}$ C.

(3) Measurement

- ① Operate the swing control lever fully and return it to the neutral position when the mark on the upperstructure aligns with that on track frame after swinging 360°
- ② Measure the distance between the two marks.
- 3 Align the marks again, swing 360°, then test the opposite direction.
- ④ Repeat steps ② and ③ three times each and calculate the average values.



R35Z76MC07



(4) Evaluation

The measured drift angle should be within the following specifications.

Unit: Degree

Model	Standard	Maximum allowable	Remarks
R35Z-9	40 below	50	

8) SWING BEARING PLAY

(1) Measure the swing bearing play using a dial gauge to check the wear of bearing races and balls.

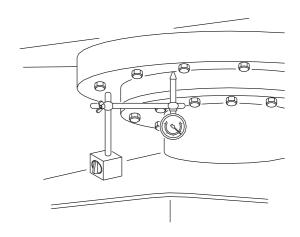
(2) Preparation

- ① Check swing bearing mounting cap screws for loosening.
- ② Check the Iubrication of the swing bearing. Confirm that bearing rotation is smooth and without noise.
- ③ Install a dial gauge on the track frame as shown, using a magnetic base.
- ④ Position the upperstructure so that the boom aligns with the tracks facing towards the front idlers.
- S Position the dial gauge so that its needle point comes into contact with the bottom face of the bearing outer race.
- 6 Bucket should be empty.

(3) Measurement

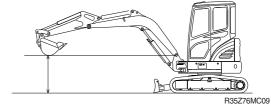
- ① With the arm rolled out and bucket rolled in, hold the bottom face of the bucket to the same height of the boom foot pin.

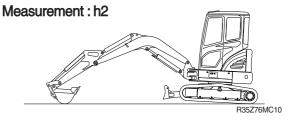
 Record the dial gauge reading (h1).
- ② Lower the bucket to the ground and use it to raise the front idler 50 cm. Record the dial gauge reading (h2).
- ③ Calculate bearing play (H) from this data (h1 and h2) as follows.
 H=h2-h1



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(4) Evaluation

The measured drift should be within the following specifications.

Unit: mm

Model	Standard	Maximum allowable	Remarks
R35Z-9	0.5 ~ 1.2	2.4	

9) HYDRAULIC CYLINDER CYCLE TIME

(1) Measure the cycle time of the boom, standard arm, and standard bucket cylinders.

(2) Preparation

- ① To measure the cycle time of the boom cylinders:
 - With the arm rolled out and the empty bucket rolled out, lower the bucket to the ground, as shown.
- ② To measure the cycle time of the arm cylinder.
 - With the empty bucket rolled in, position the arm so that it is vertical to the ground. Lower the boom until the bucket is 0.5 m above the ground.
- ③ To measure the cycle time of the bucket cylinder.
 - The empty bucket should be positioned at midstroke between roll-in and roll-out, so that the sideplate edges are vertical to the ground.
- 4 Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}\text{C}$.

(3) Measurement

① To measure cylinder cycle times.

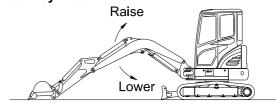
-Boom cylinders

Measure the time it takes to raise the boom, and the time it takes to lower the boom. To do so, position the boom at one stroke end then move the control lever to the other stroke end as quickly as possible.

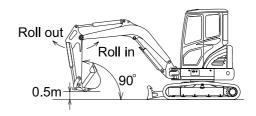
-Arm cylinder

Measure the time it takes to roll in the arm, and the time it takes to roll out the arm. To do so, position the bucket at one stroke end, then move the control lever to the other stroke end as quickly as possible.

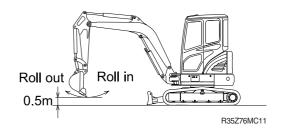
Boom cylinder



Arm cylinder



Bucket cylinder



-Bucket cylinders

Measure the time it takes to roll in the bucket, and the time it takes to roll out the bucket. To do so, position the bucket at one stroke end, then move the control lever to the other stroke end as quickly as possible.

-Repeat each measurement 3 times and calculate the average values.

(4) Evaluation

The average measured time should meet the following specifications.

Unit: Seconds

Model	Function	Standard	Maximum allowable	Remarks
	Boom raise	2.8±0.4	3.4	
	Boom lower	2.3±0.4	2.8	
	Arm in	3.4±0.4	4.0	
	Arm out	2.6±0.3	3.2	
R35Z-9	Bucket load	3.2±0.4	3.9	
N35Z-9	Bucket dump	2.1±0.3	2.7	
	Boom swing (LH)	5.3±0.3	6.4	
	Boom swing (RH)	4.0±0.3	4.8	
	Dozer up (raise)	1.3±0.3	1.6	
	Dozer down (lower)	1.3±0.3	1.6	

10) DIG FUNCTION DRIFT CHECK

(1) Measure dig function drift, which can be caused by oil leakage in the control valve and boom, standard arm, and standard bucket cylinders, with the loaded bucket. When testing the dig function drift just after cylinder replacement, slowly operate each cylinder to its stroke end to purge air.

(2) Preparation

- ① Load bucket fully. Instead of loading the bucket, weight (W) of the following specification can be used.
 - W = $M^3 \times 1.5$ Where:

M³ = Bucket heaped capacity(m³)

1.5= Soil specific gravity

- ② Position the arm cylinder with the rod 20 to 30 mm extended from the fully retracted position.
- ③ Position the bucket cylinder with the rod 20 to 30 mm retracted from the fully extended position.
- With the arm rolled out and bucket rolled in, hold the bucket so that the height of the bucket pin is the same as the boom foot pin.
- ⑤ Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

(3) Measurement

- ① Stop the engine.
- ② Five minutes after the engine has been stopped, measure the changes in the positions of the boom, arm and bucket cylinders.
- ③ Repeat step ② three times and calculate the average values.

(4) Evaluation

The measured drift should be within the following specifications.

R35Z76MC12

Unit: mm / 5 min

Model	Drift to be measured	Standard	Maximum allowable	Remarks
	Boom cylinder	10 below	20	
R35Z-9	Arm cylinder	20 below	30	
H35Z-9	Bucket cylinder	20 below	30	
	Dozer cylinder	30 below	40	

11) CONTROL LEVER OPERATING FORCE

(1) Use a spring scale to measure the maximum resistance of each control lever at the middle of the grip.

(2) Preparation

① Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

(3) Measurement

- ① Start the engine.
- ② Operate each boom, arm, bucket and swing lever at full stroke and measure the maximum operating force for each.
- ③ Lower the bucket to the ground to raise one track off the ground. Operate the travel lever at full stroke and measure the maximum operating force required. When finished, lower the track and then jack-up the other track.
- ④ Repeat steps ② and ③ three times and calculate the average values.

(4) Evaluation

The measured operating force should be within the following specifications.

Unit: kgf

Model	Kind of lever	Standard	Maximum allowable	Remarks
	Boom lever	1.4 or below	1.9	
	Arm lever	1.4 or below	1.9	
R35Z-9	Bucket lever	1.4 or below	1.9	
	Swing lever	1.4 or below	1.9	
	Travel lever	2.0 or below	2.5	

12) CONTROL LEVER STROKE

- (1) Measure each lever stroke at the lever top using a ruler.
- When the lever has play, take a half of this value and add it to the measured stroke.

(2) Preparation

Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}\text{C}$.

(3) Measurement

- ① Stop the engine.
- ② Measure each lever stroke at the lever top from neutral to the stroke end using a ruler.
- ③ Repeat step ② three times and calculate the average values.

(4) Evaluation

The measured drift should be within the following specifications.

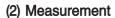
Unit: kgf

Model	Kind of lever	Standard	Maximum allowable	Remarks
	Boom lever	87±10	109	
	Arm lever	87±10	109	
R35Z-9	Bucket lever	87±10	109	
	Swing lever	87±10	109	
	Travel lever	86±10	105	

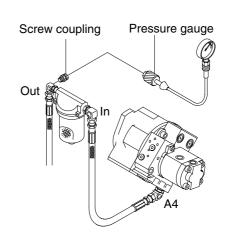
13) PILOT PRIMARY PRESSURE

(1) Preparation

- ① Stop the engine.
- ② Push the pressure release button to bleed air.
- ③ Loosen the cap of screw coupling at the fitting near pilot filter and connect pressure gauge.
- ④ Start the engine and check for oil leakage from the port.



① Measure the primary pilot pressure in the H mode.



(3) Evaluation

The average measured pressure should meet the following specifications:

Model	Standard	Remarks
R35Z-9	30±4	

14) FOR TRAVEL SPEED SELECTING PRESSURE

(1) Preparation

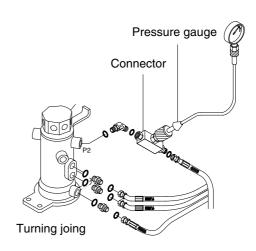
- ① Stop the engine.
- ② Push the pressure release button to bleed air.
- ③ To measure the speed selecting pressure: Install a connector and pressure gauge assembly to turning joint P2 port as shown.
- ④ Start the engine and check for on leakage from the adapter.
- $\$ Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at 50 \pm 5°C.

(2) Measurement

Select the following switch positions.Travel mode switch: 1 speed

2 speed

- ② Measure the travel speed selecting pressure in the Hi or Lo mode.
- ③ Lower the bucket to the ground to raise the track off the ground. Operate the travel lever at full stroke and measure the fast speed pressure.
- ④ Repeat steps ② and ③ three times and calculate the average values.



R35Z76MC15

(3) Evaluation

The average measured pressure should be within the following specifications.

Model	Travel speed mode	Standard	Maximum allowable	Remarks
R35Z-9	1 Speed	0	-	
	2 Speed	30±5	-	

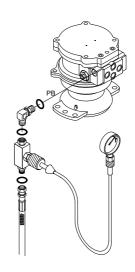
15) SWING PARKING BRAKE RELEASING PRESSURE

(1) Preparation

- ① Stop the engine.
- ② Push the pressure release button to bleed air.
- ③ Install a connector and pressure gauge assembly to swing motor PP port, as shown.
- ④ Start the engine and check for oil leakage from the adapter.
- ⑤ Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

(2) Measurement

- ① Operate the swing function or arm roll in function and measure the swing brake control pressure with the brake disengaged. Release the control lever to return to neutral and measure the control pressure when the brake is applied.
- ② Repeat three times and calculate the average values.



R35Z76MC16

(3) Evaluation

The average measured pressure should be within the following specifications.

Model	Engine speed	Standard	Remarks
D057.0	Brake disengaged	30±5	
R35Z-9	Brake applied	0	

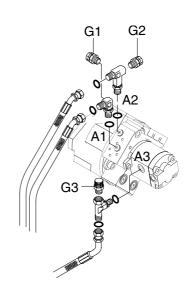
16) MAIN PUMP DELIVERY PRESSURE

(1) Preparation

- ① Stop the engine.
- ② Push the pressure release button to bleed air.
- ③ To measure the main pump pressure. Loosen the cap of screw coupling and connect pressure gauge to the main pump gauge port (G1, G2, G3) as shown.
- ④ Start the engine and check for oil leakage from the port.



① Measure the main pump delivery pressure at high idle.



R35Z76MC17

(3) Evaluation

The average measured pressure should meet the following specifications.

Model	Engine speed	Standard	Allowable limits	Remarks
R35Z-9	High idle	20±5	-	

17) SYSTEM PRESSURE REGULATOR RELIEF SETTING

(1) Preparation

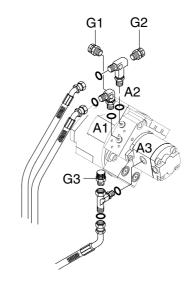
- ① Stop the engine.
- ② Push the pressure release button to bleed air.
- ③ To measure the system relief pressure. Loosen the cap of screw coupling and connect pressure gauge to the main pump gauge port (G1, G2, G3) as
- 4 shown.

Start the engine and check for oil

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(2) Measurement

- Slowly operate each control lever of boom, arm and bucket functions at full stroke over relief and measure the pressure.
- ② In the swing function, place bucket against an immovable object and measure the relief pressure.
- ③ In the travel function, lock undercarriage with an immovable object and measure the relief pressure.



R35Z76MC17

(3) Evaluation

The average measured pressure should be within the following specifications.

Unit: kgf/cm²

Model	Function to be tested	Standard
	Boom, Arm, Bucket	260±10
R35Z-9	Travel	230±10
	Swing	230±10

GROUP 2 MAJOR COMPONENT

1. MAIN PUMP

Before inspection, wash the parts well and dry them completely.

Inspect the principal parts with care and replace them with new parts when any abnormal wear exceeding the allowable limit or damage considered harmful is found.

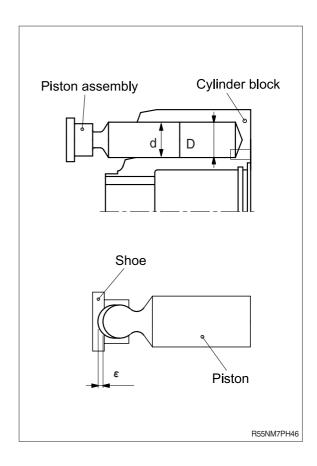
Replace the seal also when any remarkable deformation and damage are found.

1) PISTON ASSEMBLY AND CYLINDER BLOCK

- Check the appearance visually.
 No damage, scouring, abnormal wear (particularly, in the slide portion) should be found.
- (2) Check the clearance between the piston outside dia and cylinder block inside dia. $D-d \le 0.050 \text{ mm}$

2) PISTON SHOE AND PISTON

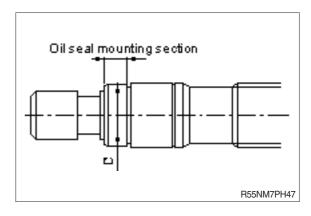
- (1) Check the axial play of the piston and piston shoe.
 - $\epsilon~\leq 0.2~\text{mm}$



3) SHAFT

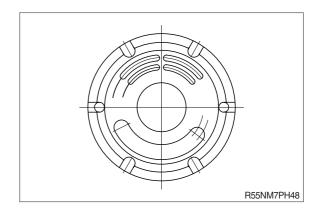
(1) Check the wear amount of the oil seal mounting section.

Wear mount $\leq 0.025 \, \text{mm}$



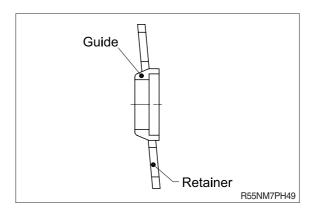
4) CONTROL PLATE

(1) Check the slide surface for any damage. When the damage is large, replace the plate with new one.



5) GUIDE AND RETAINER

- Check for scouring or stepped wear.
 If this can not be corrected, replace the guide and retainer with new full-set.
- (2) Fine scouring or damage can be corrected with lapping. Carry out thorough washing after lapping.



2. MAIN CONTROL VALVE

Part name	Inspection item	Criteria & measure
Block	Existence of scratch, rusting or corrosion.	In case of damage in following section, replace part.
		 Sliding sections of casing fore and spool, especially land sections applied with holded pressure. Seal pocket section where spool is inserted. Seal section of port where O-ring contacts. Seal section of each relief valve for main, travel, and port. Other damages that may damage normal functions.
Spool	Existence of scratch, gnawing, rusting or corrosion.	Replacement when its outside sliding section has scratch (especially on seals-contacting section).
	O-ring seal sections at both ends.	Replacement when its sliding section has scratch.
	Insert spool in casing hole, rotate and reciprocate it.	Correction or replacement when O-ring is damaged or when spool does not move smoothly.
Poppet	· Damage of poppet or spring	Correction or replacement when sealing is incomplete.
	Insert poppet into casing and function it.	Normal when it can function lightly without being caught.
Around spring	Rusting, corrosion, deformation or breaking of spring, spring seat, plug or cover.	Replacement for significant damage.
Around seal	· External oil leakage.	· Correction or replacement.
for spool	Rusting, corrosion or deformation of seal plate.	Correction or replacement.
Main relief valve &	External rusting or damage.	· Replacement.
port relief valve	Contacting face of valve seat.	· Replacement when damaged.
	Contacting face of poppet.	· Replacement when damaged.
	· Abnormal spring.	· Replacement.
	O-rings, back up rings and seals.	· 100% replacement in general.

3. SWING MOTOR

Replace the parts referring to the following table.

1) MOTOR

Part name	Service criteria
	The sliding parts are scratched deeply or the sliding surface has become rough.
Piston assembly (2-13)	The clearance between the piston and the cylinder block bore is too large. Upper limit of diameter clearance: 0.04 mm
	The piston shoe ball is loose excessively. Max. clearance (movement): 0.4 mm
Thrust plate (2-4) Retainer holder (2-11) Retainer plate (2-12) Brake piston (2-15) Valve plate (2-24)	The sliding parts are scratched deeply or the sliding surface has become rough.
Cylinder block (2-5)	The sliding parts are scratched deeply or the sliding surface has become rough.
	2. The meshing surface is worn excessively or cut.
Direc (0.44)	The disc (friction material) is scratched deeply or peeled.
Disc (2-14)	2. The meshing surface is worn excessively or cut.
	The rolling contact surface has been flaked or peeled.
Ball bearings (2-2) (2-22)	2. The rolling contact surface is dented.
Dan Soarings (2 2) (2 22)	3. Bearing rotation produces abnormality (abnormal noise, irregular rotation).
Spring (2-7)	The spring is broken or deformed excessively.
O-rings (2-16), (2-17), (2-20), (2-26), (2-42), (2-44), (2-46)	Damage that is likely to cause oil leak, damage that is likely to deteriorate the sealing or permanent deformation is noticed.

2) REDUCTION GEAR

Part name	Service criteria
Pinion shaft (1-2)	The gear tooth surface is damaged excessively, worn of flaked.
Plates (1-3), (1-8)	The plate is damaged or worn excessively.
	The roller or the race is damaged excessively, dented or flaked.
Taper roller bearings (1-5), (1-7)	2. The rotation produces abnormal noise or is not smooth.
	* To replace the bearing, replace the body assembly.
Oil seal (1-6)	The lip is damaged, deformed or worn excessively.
Oli Sedi (1-0)	2. The lip is hardened.
Housing (1-1) Holders (1-10), (1-18) Drive gear (1-24) Sun gear (1-17)	The gear tooth surface is damaged excessively, worn or flaked. To replace the housing, replace the body assembly.
Inner races (1-12), (1-20)	The surface of the needle bearings is damaged excessively or worn or flaked.
Needle bearings (1-13), (1-21)	The surface of the needle bearings is damaged excessively or worn or flaked.
	The gear tooth surface is excessively damaged, worn of flaked.
Planetary gears (1-14), (1-22)	2. The rolling contact surface in contact with the needle bearing is excessively damaged, worn or flaked.
Thrust plates (1-15), (1-23)	The sliding surface is excessively damaged, worn or seized.

3) VALVE

Part name	Service criteria
Piston (2-38-14) Case (2-1)	 The sliding surface is damaged deeply or rough. The clearance between the piston and the case hole is large. Upper limit of diameter clearance : 0.04 mm
Spring (2-40)	The spring is broken or deformed excessively.
Plugs (2-38-6), (2-41) Check valve (2-39) O-rings (2-38-8, 9, 10, 11), (2-42) Backup rings (2-38-12, 13)	Damage that is likely to cause oil leak, damage that is likely to deteriorate the sealing or permanent deformation is noticed.

4) OTHERS

Part name	Service criteria
Other plugs and O-rings	Damage that is likely to cause oil leak, damage that is likely to deteriorate the sealing or permanent deformation is noticed.

4. TRAVEL MOTOR

Wash all parts disassembly in treated oil and dry in the compressed air.

Perform maintenance including replacement or corrections in accordance with the following criterion.

No.	Part name	Check Points	Criterion (recommended standards for replacement)	Measures
1	Floating seal (1-2)	Sliding surface	No remarkable flaws, wear, or seizure are noted.	Replacement
2	Angular bearing (1-3)	Rolling surface	No remarkable flaws, wear, or flaking are noted on balls and race.	Replacement
3	Housing (1-6)	Gear tooth surface	No remarkable flaws, wear, or flaking are noted on gear tooth surface. (note 1)	Replacement
4	Planetary gear A (1-18), B (1-9)	Gear tooth surface and rolling surface of inner side	No remarkable flaws, wear, or flaking are noted as same as No.3	Replacement
5	Needle bearing (1-10), (1-19)	Rolling surface of needle bearing	No remarkable flaws, wear, or flaking are noted.	Replacement
6	Inner race (1-11), (1-20)	Rolling surface of inner race	No remarkable flaws, wear, or flaking are noted.	Replacement
7	Thrust washer (1-12)	Sliding surface	No remarkable flaws, wear, or seizure are noted.	Replacement
8	Thrust plate (1-13), (1-23)	Sliding surface	No remarkable flaws, wear, or seizure are noted.	Replacement
9	Sun gear (1-15)	Gear tooth surface	Same as No. 3	Replacement
10	Holder (1-17)	Sliding surface of planetary gear A	No remarkable flaws, wear, or seizure are noted.	Replace planetary A and holder.
11	Drive gear (1-22)	Gear tooth surface	Same as No. 3	Replacement
13	O-ring (1-25), (28), (29), (39), (31-5), (44), (50-6), (50-7)	Surface and hardness	No flaws and deflection are noted. Not hardened.	Recommend that seals be replaced with new ones at time of reassembly, since rubber materials normally deteriorate with age.
14	Shaft (2)	Sliding surface of oil seal	No remarkable flaws, wear.	Replacement
15	Ball bearing (3), (27)	Same as No. 2.	Same as No. 2.	Replacement
16	Oil seal (4)	Surface and hardness of seal lip	No flaw, wear or deflection are noted. Not hardened.	Replacement

Note 1 : Pitching in this instance refers to a case where pitching occurs in more than 10% of engagement area per tooth surface.

No.	Part name	Check Points	Criterion (recommended standards for replacement)	Measures
17	Swash plate (5)	Sliding surface and roughness between piston sub assembly and swash plate	No remarkable flaws (over 0.02 [mm] in thickness), wear, or seizure are noted. 0.4a (0.8a)	Correct lapping (#1000) if sliding surface is rough. Replace if proper correction cannot be made.
		Clearance between piston sub assembly and cylinder block.	0.02 [mm] (0.04 [mm])	Replace both cylinder block and piston sub assembly concurrently.
18	Cylinder block (7)	Sliding surface and roughness between valve plate and cylinder block.	No remarkable flaws (over 0.02[mm] in thickness), wear, or seizure are noted. 0.4a (0.8a)	Correct lapping (#1000) if sliding surface is rough. Replace both cylinder block and piston sub assembly with new, if sliding surfaces cannot be properly corrected.
19	Spring (9), (20), (37) (42), (31-3), (50-3)	Breakage or deflection is big.	-	Replacement
		Clearance between piston sub assembly and cylinder block.	Same as No. 18.	Same as No. 18.
20	20 Piston sub assembly (15) 21 Piston (19)	Sliding surface and roughness between piston sub assembly and swash plate.	Same as No. 17. 0.2a (0.8a)	Same as No. 17.
		Loosen between piston and shoe is big.	0.15 [mm] (0.4 [mm])	Replacement
		Clearance between piston sub assembly and flange holder.	Same as No. 18.	Same as No. 18.
21		Sliding surface and roughness between piston sub assembly and swash plate.	Same as No. 17.	Same as No. 17.
22	Valve plate (25)	Sliding surface and roughness between valve plate cylinder block.	Same as No. 18.	Same as. No. 18.
		Thickness; 5 [mm]	4.8 [mm]	Replacement
23	Rase plate (30)	Sliding surface between plunger and base plate.	No remarkable flaws, wear, or seizure are noted.	Replace both base plate and plunger.
	Base plate (30)	Sliding surface between spool and base plate.	No remarkable flaws, wear, or seizure are noted.	Replace both base plate and spool.

No.	Part name	Check Points	Criterion (recommended standards for replacement)	Measures
04	Dlunger (21.1)	Sliding surface between plunger and base plate.	No remarkable flaws, wear, or seizure are noted.	Replace both base plate and plunger.
24	Plunger (31-1)	Sliding surface between plunger and check valve.	No remarkable flaws, wear, or seizure are noted.	Replace both check valve and plunger.
	Detween bilinger and		No remarkable flaws, wear, or seizure are noted.	Replace plunger assy.
25	Check valve (31-2)	Seat surface between plunger and check valve.	No remarkable flaws, wear, or seizure are noted. Entire surface of seats are rubbing.	Replace both check valve and plunger.
26	Spool (41)	Sliding surface between plunger and check valve.	Same as No. 23	Same as No. 23
27	Valve body (50-1)	Sliding surface between spool and valve body.	No remarkable flaws, wear, or seizure are noted.	Replace valve assy.
00	Without parking brake check valve (50-2)	Sliding surface between plunger and check valve.	No remarkable flaws, wear, or seizure are noted.	Replace valve assy.
28	With parking brake spool (50-2)	Sliding surface between spool and valve body.	No remarkable flaws, wear, or seizure are noted.	Replace valve assy.

5. TURNING JOINT

	Parts Name	Check Points	Measures
_	Sliding surface with sealing sections.	Plating worn or peeled due to seizure or contamination.	Replace
Body, Stem	Sliding surface between body and	Worn abnormality or damaged more than 0.1 mm (0.0039 in) in depth due to seizure contamination.	Replace
	stem other than sealing section.	Damaged more than 0.1 mm (0.0039 in) in depth.	Smooth with oilstone.
	Sliding surface with	· Worn more than 0.5 mm (0.02 in) or abnormality.	Replace
	thrust plate.	· Worn less than 0.5 mm (0.02 in).	Smooth
		Damage due to seizure or contamination remediable within wear limit (0.5 mm) (0.02 in).	Smooth
	Sliding surface with	· Worn more than 0.5 mm (0.02 in) or abnormality.	Replace
Cover	thrust plate.	· Worn less than 0.5 mm (0.02 in).	Smooth
00101		Damage due to seizure or contamination remediable within wear limit (0.5 mm) (0.02 in).	Replace
Seal set	-	Extruded excessively from seal groove square ring. Square ring Extrusion	Replace
	-	Slipper ring 1.5 mm (0.059 in) narrower than seal groove, or narrower than back ring. 1.5 mm (max.) (0.059 in)	Replace
	-	• Worn more than 0.5 mm (0.02 in) ~ 1.5 mm (MAX.) (0.059 in)	Replace

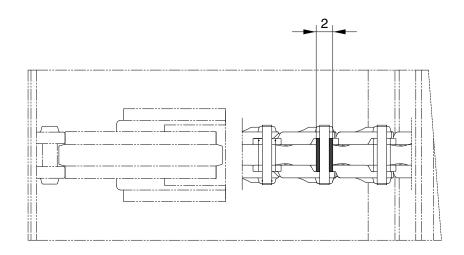
6. CYLINDER

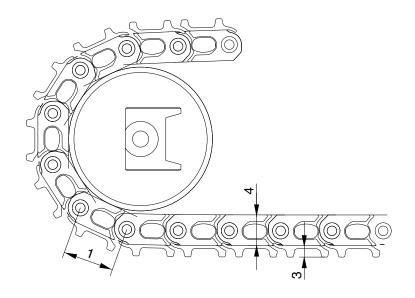
Part name	Inspecting section	Inspection item	Remedy	
Piston rod	Neck of rod pin	· Presence of crack	· Replace	
	· Weld on rod hub	· Presence of crack	· Replace	
	Stepped part to which piston is attached.	· Presence of crack	· Replace	
	· Threads	· Presence of crack	· Recondition or replace	
	· Plated surface	Plating is not worn off to base metal.	· Replace or replate	
		· Rust is not present on plating.	· Replace or replate	
		· Scratches are not present.	· Recondition, replate or replace	
	· Rod	· Wear of O.D.	· Recondition, replate or replace	
	· Bushing at mounting part	· Wear of I.D.	· Replace	
Cylinder tube	· Weld on bottom	· Presence of crack	· Replace	
	· Weld on head	· Presence of crack	· Replace	
	· Weld on hub	· Presence of crack	· Replace	
	· Tube interior	· Presence of faults	· Replace if oil leak is seen	
	· Bushing at mounting part	· Wear on inner surface	· Replace	
Gland	· Bushing	· Flaw on inner surface	Replace if flaw is deeper than coating	

GROUP 3 TRACK AND WORK EQUIPMENT

1. TRACK SHOE

1) STEEL SHOE SPEC



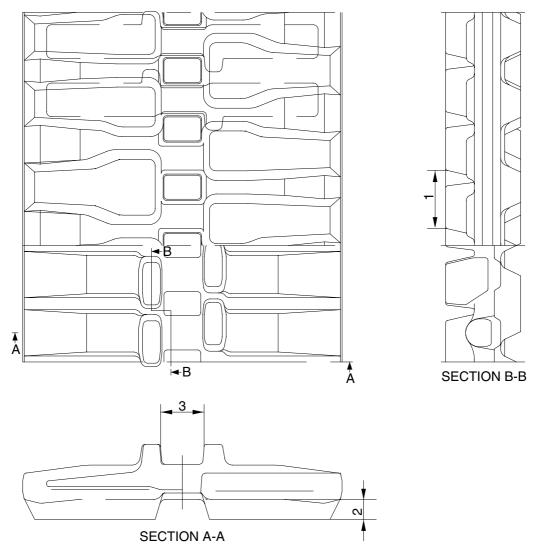


R35Z76MC18

Unit: mm

No	Charle itam	Crit	Domadu	
	Check item	Standard size	Repair limit	Remedy
1	Link pitch	101.6	105.0	Replace bushing and
2	Outside diameter of bushing	32.17	28.77	pin and link assembly
3	Height of grouser	16.5	12.5	Lug welding, rebuild or
4	Height of link	61	56	replace

2) RUBBER SHOE SPEC

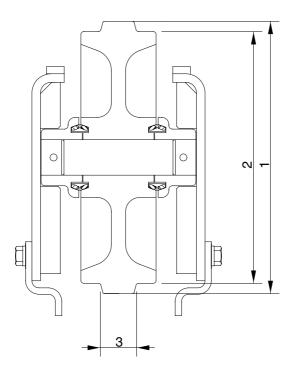


R5576MC17

Unit: mm

No	Check item	Crit	Pomody	
INO	Offect Refff	Standard size	Repair limit	Remedy
1	Link pitch	52.5	54.5	
2	Height of grouser	22	5	Replace
3	Width of link	34	46	

2. IDLER

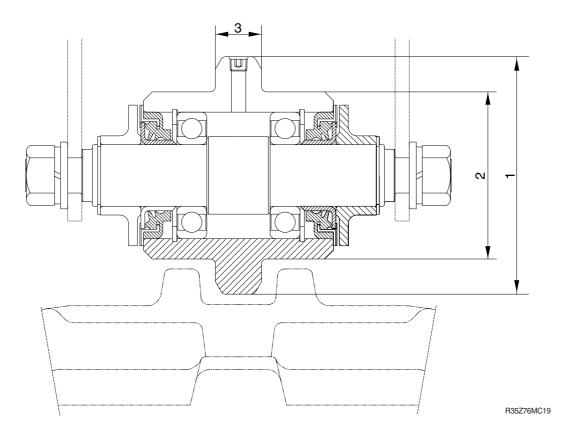


R5576MC18

Unit: mm

Na	No Check item		Crit	Domody	
INO					Repair limit
1	Outside diameter of flance	Steel	293	-	
'	1 Outside diameter of flange	Rubber	327	-	
2		Steel	269	263	Rebuild or replace
2	Outside diameter of thread	Rubber		279	
3	Width of flange		26.2	20.2	

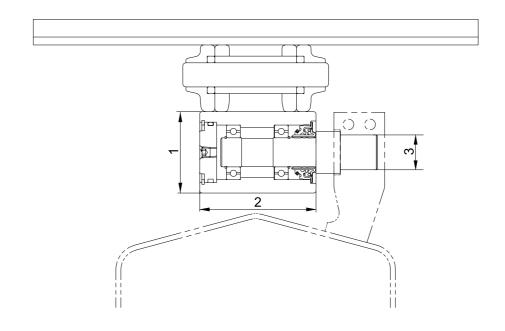
3. TRACK/CARRIER ROLLER



Unit: mm

No Check item			Crit	Domody		
INO	Check item		Standard size Repair limit		Remedy	
4	Outside diameter of flance	Steel	131	-		
'	1 Outside diameter of flange	Rubbi		135	-	
2	Outside diameter of thread	Steel	107	101	Rebuild or replace	
2	2 Outside diameter of thread	Rubber	95	89	or replace	
3	Width of flange		26.2	20.2		

4. CARRIER ROLLER

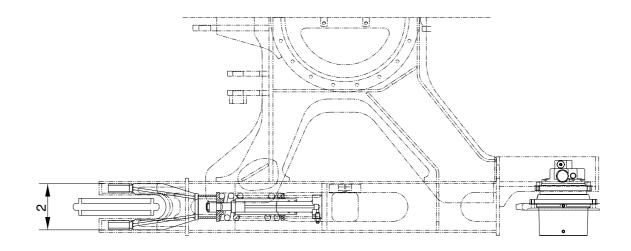


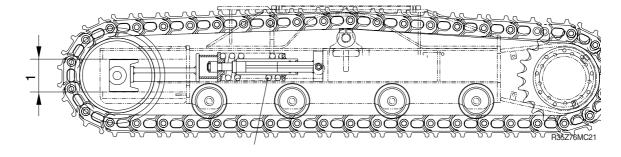
R35Z76MC20

Unit:mm

No	Check item	Crit	Pomody		
INO	Offeck item	Standard size	Repair limit	Remedy	
1	Outside diameter of flange	ø 70	ø 66		
2	Width of tread	ø 100	-	Replace	
3	Diameter of shaft	ø 30	-		

5. TENSION CYLINDER

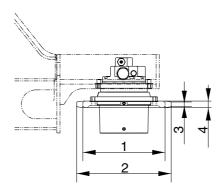


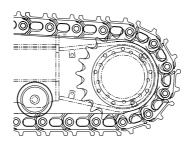


Unit: mm

No Check item			Criteria				Romody	
				Standard size		Rep	air limit	Remedy
4	Vartical width of idlar avida	Track frame		125			129	Rebuild
'	Vertical width of idler guide	Idler support			124		128	Rebuild or replace
0	O Hadaala Miladaa Ma		Track frame		178	182		Rebuild
2	2 Horizontal width of idler guide	Idler guide			174		178	Rebuild or replace
			Standar		ırd size		ir limit	
3	Recoil spring	Free length	Insta lenç		Installed load	Free length	Installed load	Replace
		286.5 233		3.5	2,698 kg	-	2,158 kg	

6. SPROCKET



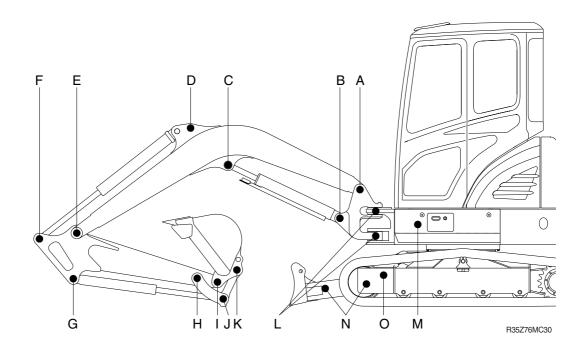


R35Z76MC22

Unit: mm

				01111111111	
No	Check item	Crit	Domadu		
INO	Offect Rem	Standard size	Repair limit	Remedy	
1	Wear out of sprocket tooth lower side diameter	313.72	304.72		
2	Wear out of sprocket tooth upper side diameter	359.75	-	Repair or	
3	Wear out of sprocket tooth upper side width	18	-	Replace	
4	Wear out of sprocket tooth lower side width	25	17		

7. WORK EQUIPMENT



Unit:mm

	Measuring point (Pin and Bushing)		Р	in	Busi	Domody	
Mark		Normal value	Recomm. service limit	Limit of use	Recomm. service limit	Limit of use	Remedy & Remark
Α	Boom Rear	50	49	48.5	50.5	51	Replace
В	Boom Cylinder Head	45	44	43.5	45.5	46	"
С	Boom Cylinder Rod	45	44	43.5	45.5	46	"
D	Arm Cylinder Head	45	44	43.5	45.5	46	"
Е	Boom Front	45	44	43.5	45.5	46	"
F	Arm Cylinder Rod	45	44	43.5	45.5	46	"
G	Bucket Cylinder Head	40	39	38.5	40.5	41	"
Н	Arm Link	40	39	38.5	40.5	41	"
I	Bucket and Arm Link	40	39	38.5	40.5	41	"
J	Bucket Cylinder Rod	40	39	38.5	40.5	41	"
K	Bucket Link	40	39	38.5	40.5	41	"
L	Boom swing post	70	69	68.5	70.5	71	"
М	Boom swing cylinder	45	44	43.5	45.5	46	"
N	Blade cylinder	45	44	43.5	45.5	46	"
0	Blade and frame link	40	39	38.5	40.5	41	"