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SECTION 7 MAINTENANCE STANDARD

GROUP 1 OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST

1. PURPOSE

Performance tests are used to check:

1) OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE OF A NEW MACHINE

Whenever a new machine is delivered in parts and reassembled at a customer's site, it must be tested to confirm that the operational performance of the machine meets Hyundai spec.

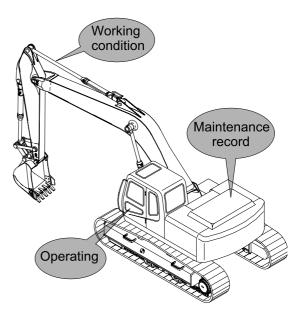
2) OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE OF A WORKING MACHINE

With the passage of time, the machine's operational performance deteriorates, so that the machine needs to be serviced periodically to restore it to its original performance level.

Before servicing the machine, conduct performance tests to check the extent of deterioration, and to decide what kind of service needs to be done(by referring to the "Service Limits" in this manual).

3) OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE OF A REPAIRED MACHINE

After the machine is repaired or serviced, it must be tested to confirm that its operational performance was restored by the repair and/or service work done.

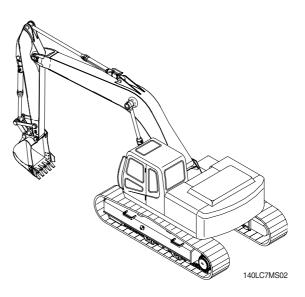


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2. TERMINOLOGY

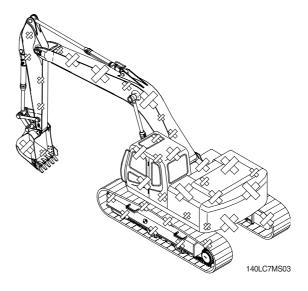
1) STANDARD

Specifications applied to the brand-new machine, components and parts.



2) SERVICE LIMIT

The lowest acceptable performance level. When the performance level of the machine falls below this level, the machine must be removed from work and repaired. Necessary parts and components must be replaced.



3. OPERATION FOR PERFORMANCE TESTS

1) Observe the following rules in order to carry out performance tests accurately and safely.

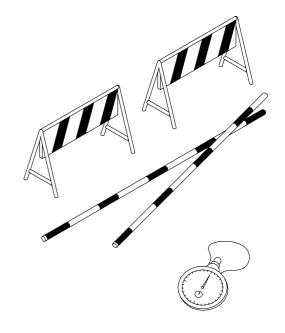
(1) The machine

Repair any defects and damage found, such as oil or water leaks, loose bolts, cracks and so on, before starting to test.

- (2) Test area
- 1 Select a hard, flat surface.
- ② Secure enough space to allow the machine to run straight more than 20m, and to make a full swing with the front attachment extended.
- ③ If required, rope off the test area and provide signboards to keep unauthorized personnel away.
- (3) Precautions
- Before starting to test, agree upon the signals to be employed for communication among coworkers. Once the test is started, be sure to communicate with each other using these signals, and to follow them without fail.
- ② Operate the machine carefully and always give first priority to safety.
- ③ While testing, always take care to avoid accidents due to landslides or contact with high voltage power lines. Always confirm that there is sufficient space for full swings.
- ④ Avoid polluting the machine and the ground with leaking oil. Use oil pans to catch escaping oil. Pay special attention to this when removing hydraulic pipings.

(4) Make precise measurements

- ① Accurately calibrate test instruments in advance to obtain correct data.
- ② Carry out tests under the exact test conditions prescribed for each test item.
- ③ Repeat the same test and confirm that the test data obtained can be procured repeatedly.Use mean values of measurements if necessary.



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2) ENGINE SPEED

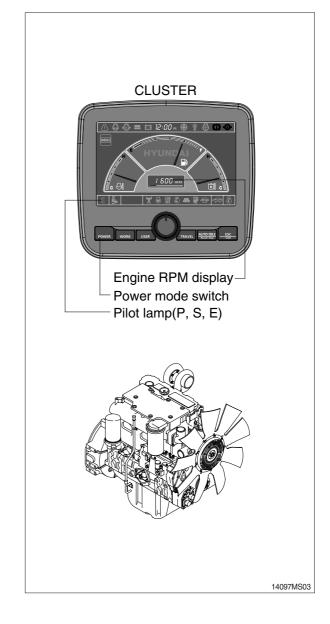
- (1) Measure the engine speed at each power mode
- ** The engine speed at each power mode must meet standard RPM; if not, all other operational performance data will be unreliable. It is essential to perform this test first.

(2) Preparation

- Warm up the machine, until the engine coolant temperature reaches 50°C or more, and the hydraulic oil is 50±5°C.
- ② Set the accel dial at 10 (Max) position.
- ③ Measure the engine RPM.

(3) Measurement

- Start the engine. The engine will run at start idle speed. Measure engine speed with a engine rpm display.
- ② Measure and record the engine speed at each mode (P, S, E).
- ③ Select the P-mode.
- ④ Lightly operate the bucket control lever a few times, then return the control lever to neutral; The engine will automatically enter the auto-idle speed after 4 seconds.
- ⑤ Measure and record the auto deceleration speed.



(4) Evaluation

The measured speeds should meet the following specifications.

Unit : rpm

Model	Engine speed Standard		Remarks
	Start idle	950±100	
	P mode	2100±50	
R160LC-9	S mode	1900±50	
R180LC-9	E mode	1750±50	
	Auto decel	$1000\!\pm\!100$	
	One touch decel	950±100	

Condition : Set the accel dial at 10 (Max) position.

3) TRAVEL SPEED

(1) Measure the time required for the excavator to travel a 20 m test track.

(2) Preparation

- ① Adjust the tension of both tracks to be equal.
- ② Prepare a flat and solid test track 20m in length, with extra length of 3 to 5 m on both ends for machine acceleration and deceleration.
- ③ Hold the bucket 0.3 to 0.5 m above the ground with the arm and bucket rolled in.
- (4) Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

(3) Measurement

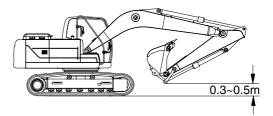
- ① Measure both the low and high speeds of the machine.
- ② Before starting either the low or high speed tests, adjust the travel mode switch to the speed to be tested, then select the following switch positions.
- · Power mode switch : P mode
- ③ Start traveling the machine in the acceleration zone with the travel levers at full stroke.
- ④ Measure the time required to travel 20 m.
- ⑤ After measuring the forward travel speed, turn the upperstructure 180° and measure the reverse travel speed.
- 6 Repeat steps ④ and ⑤ three times in each direction and calculate the average values.

(4) Evaluation

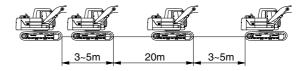
The average measured time should meet the following specifications.

Unit : Seconds / 20 m

Model	Travel speed	Standard	Maximum allowable	Remarks
R160LC-9	1 Speed	19.5±2.0	24.3	
RIOULC-9	2 Speed	12.9±1.0	16.1	
	1 Speed	21.8±1.0	27.3	
R180LC-9	2 Speed	13.8±1.0	17.3	



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4) TRACK REVOLUTION SPEED

(1) Measure the track revolution cycle time with the track raised off ground.

(2) Preparation

- Adjust the tension of both side tracks to be equal.
- ② On the track to be measured, mark one shoe with chalk.
- ③ Swing the upperstructure 90° and lower the bucket to raise the track off ground. Keep the boom-arm angle between 90 to 110° as shown. Place blocks under machine frame.
- (4) Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

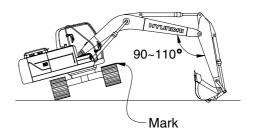
(3) Measurement

- ① Select the following switch positions.
- · Travel mode switch : 1 or 2 speed
- · Power mode switch : P mode
- · Auto idle switch : OFF
- ② Operate the travel control lever of the raised track in full forward and reverse.
- ③ Rotate 1 turn, then measure time taken for next 3 revolutions.
- ④ Raise the other side of machine and repeat the procedure.
- ⑤ Repeat steps ③ and ④ three times and calculate the average values.

(4) Evaluation

The revolution cycle time of each track should meet the following specifications.

		ι	Jnit : Seconds / 3 revolutions
Model	Travel speed	Standard	Maximum allowable
R160LC-9	1 Speed	25.0±2.0	30.0
RIOULC-9	2 Speed	16.0±2.0	19.2
R180LC-9	1 Speed	28.0±2.0	33.6
n IOULC-9	2 Speed	18.0±2.0	21.6



5) TRAVEL DEVIATION

 Measure the deviation by the tracks from a 20m straight line.

(2) Preparation

- ① Adjust the tension of both tracks to be equal.
- ② Provide a flat, solid test yard 20 m in length, with extra length of 3 to 5 m on both ends for machine acceleration and deceleration.
- ③ Hold the bucket 0.3 to 0.5 m above the ground with the arm and bucket rolled in.
- (4) Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

(3) Measurement

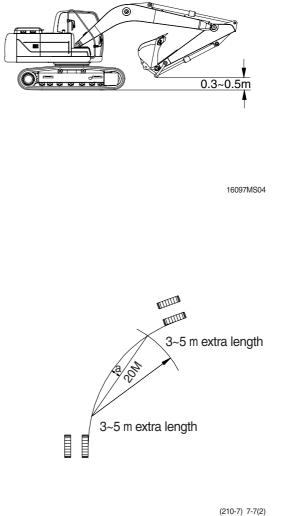
- ① Measure the amount of mistracking at high and low travel speeds.
- ② Before beginning each test, select the following switch positions.
- · Power mode switch : P mode
- ③ Start traveling the machine in the acceleration zone with the travel levers at full stroke.
- ④ Measure the distance between a straight
 20 m line and the track made by the machine. (Dimension a)
- ⑤ After measuring the tracking in forward travel, turn the upperstructure 180° and measure that in reverse travel.
- 6 Repeat steps ④ and ⑤ three times and calculate the average values.

(4) Evaluation

Mistrack should be within the following specifications.

Unit:mm/20m

Model	Standard	Maximum allowable	Remarks
R160LC-9 R180LC-9	200 below	240	



6) SWING SPEED

(1) Measure the time required to swing three complete turns.

(2) Preparation

- ① Check the lubrication of the swing gear and swing bearing.
- ② Place the machine on flat, solid ground with ample space for swinging. Do not conduct this test on slopes.
- ③ With the arm rolled out and bucket rolled in, hold the bucket so that the height of the bucket pin is the same as the boom foot pin. The bucket must be empty.
- (4) Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

(3) Measurement

- ① Select the following switch positions.
- · Power mode switch : P mode
- ② Operate swing control lever fully.
- ③ Swing 1 turn and measure time taken to swing next 3 revolutions.
- ④ Repeat steps ② and ③ three time and calculate the average values.

(4) Evaluation

The time required for 3 swings should meet the following specifications.

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Model	Power mode switch	Standard	Maximum allowable	
R160LC-9	P mode	15.9±1.5	18.6	
R180LC-9	P mode	15.9±1.5	18.8	

Unit : Seconds / 3 revolutions

7) SWING FUNCTION DRIFT CHECK

 Measure the swing drift on the bearing outer circumference when stopping after a 360° full speed swing.

(2) Preparation

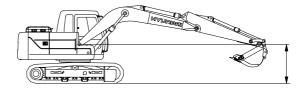
- ① Check the lubrication of the swing gear and swing bearing.
- ② Place the machine on flat, solid ground with ample space for swinging. Do not conduct this test on slopes.
- ③ With the arm rolled out and bucket rolled in, hold the bucket so that the height of the bucket pin is the same as the boom foot pin. The bucket must be empty.
- ④ Make two chalk marks: one on the swing bearing and one directly below it on the track frame.
- 5 Swing the upperstructure 360°.
- 6 Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

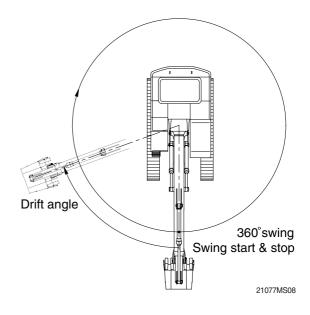
(3) Measurement

- 1 Conduct this test in the M mode.
- O Select the following switch positions.
- Power mode switch : P mode
- ③ Operate the swing control lever fully and return it to the neutral position when the mark on the upperstructure aligns with that on track frame after swinging 360°
- ④ Measure the distance between the two marks.
- ⑤ Align the marks again, swing 360°, then test the opposite direction.
- 6 Repeat steps ④ and ⑤ three times each and calculate the average values.

(4) Evaluation

The measured drift angle should be within the following specifications.





Unit	:	Degree

Model	Power mode switch	Standard	Maximum allowable	Remarks
R160LC-9 R180LC-9	P mode	90 below	157.5	

8) SWING BEARING PLAY

 Measure the swing bearing play using a dial gauge to check the wear of bearing races and balls.

(2) Preparation

- ① Check swing bearing mounting cap screws for loosening.
- ② Check the lubrication of the swing bearing. Confirm that bearing rotation is smooth and without noise.
- ③ Install a dial gauge on the track frame as shown, using a magnetic base.
- ④ Position the upperstructure so that the boom aligns with the tracks facing towards the front idlers.
- ⑤ Position the dial gauge so that its needle point comes into contact with the bottom face of the bearing outer race.
- 6 Bucket should be empty.

(3) Measurement

- With the arm rolled out and bucket rolled in, hold the bottom face of the bucket to the same height of the boom foot pin. Record the dial gauge reading (h1).
- ② Lower the bucket to the ground and use it to raise the front idler 50cm.
 - Record the dial gauge reading (h2).
- ③ Calculate bearing play (H) from this data (h1 and h2) as follows.
 H=h2-h1

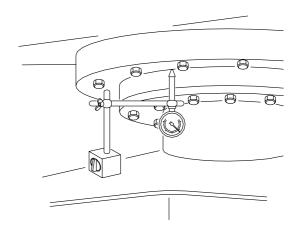
(4) Evaluation

The measured drift should be within the following specifications.

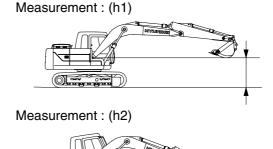
Unit : mm

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Model	Standard	Maximum allowable	Remarks
R160LC-9 R180LC-9	0.5 ~ 1.5	3.0	



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9) HYDRAULIC CYLINDER CYCLE TIME

 Measure the cycle time of the boom, standard arm, and standard bucket cylinders.

(2) Preparation

① To measure the cycle time of the boom cylinders:

With the arm rolled out and the empty bucket rolled out, lower the bucket to the ground, as shown.

② To measure the cycle time of the arm cylinder.

With the empty bucket rolled in, position the arm so that it is vertical to the ground. Lower the boom until the bucket is 0.5 m above the ground.

③ To measure the cycle time of the bucket cylinder.

The empty bucket should be positioned at midstroke between roll-in and roll-out, so that the sideplate edges are vertical to the ground.

(4) Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

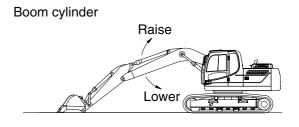
(3) Measurement

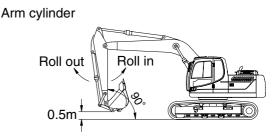
- ① Select the following switch positions.
- · Power mode switch : P mode
- 2 To measure cylinder cycle times.
 - Boom cylinders.

Measure the time it takes to raise the boom, and the time it takes to lower the boom. To do so, position the boom at one stroke end then move the control lever to the other stroke end as quickly as possible.

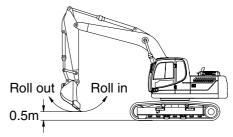
- Arm cylinder.

Measure the time it takes to roll in the arm, and the time it takes to roll out the arm. To do so, position the bucket at one stroke end, then move the control lever to the other stroke end as quickly as possible.





Bucket cylinder



-Bucket cylinders

Measure the time it takes to roll in the bucket, and the time it takes to roll out the bucket. To do so, position the bucket at one stroke end, then move the control lever to the other stroke end as quickly as possible.

- Repeat each measurement 3 times and calculate the average values.

(4) Evaluation

The average measured time should meet the following specifications.

Unit : Seconds

Model	Function		Standard	Maximum allowable	Remarks
	Boom raise Boom lower		3.6±0.4	4.2	
			2.8±0.4	3.4	
	Arm in	Regen ON	3.3±0.4	3.9	
R160LC-9 R180LC-9		Regen OFF	3.5±0.4	4.1	
	Arm out		2.9±0.3	3.5	
	Bucket in		3.9±0.4	4.6	
	Bucket out		2.7±0.3	3.2	

10) DIG FUNCTION DRIFT CHECK

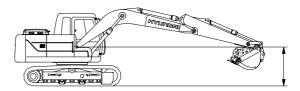
 Measure dig function drift, which can be caused by oil leakage in the control valve and boom, standard arm, and standard bucket cylinders, with the loaded bucket.
 When testing the dig function drift just after cylinder replacement, slowly operate each cylinder to its stroke end to purge air.

(2) Preparation

- Load bucket fully. Instead of loading the bucket, weight(W) of the following specification can be used.
- W=M³×1.5 Where :
 - M³ = Bucket heaped capacity (m³)
 - 1.5=Soil specific gravity
- ② Position the arm cylinder with the rod 20 to 30mm extended from the fully retracted position.
- ③ Position the bucket cylinder with the rod 20 to 30mm retracted from the fully extended position.
- ④ With the arm rolled out and bucket rolled in, hold the bucket so that the height of the bucket pin is the same as the boom foot pin.
- (5) Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

(3) Measurement

- 1 Stop the engine.
- ② Five minutes after the engine has been stopped, measure the changes in the positions of the boom, arm and bucket cylinders.
- ③ Repeat step ② three times and calculate the average values.
- (4) The measured drift should be within the following specifications.



Model	Drift to be measured	Standard	Maximum allowable	Remarks
	Boom cylinder	10 below	20	
R160LC-9 R180LC-9	Arm cylinder	10 below	20	
	Bucket cylinder	40 below	50	

11) CONTROL LEVER OPERATING FORCE

 Use a spring scale to measure the maximum resistance of each control lever at the middle of the grip.

(2) Preparation

① Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

(3) Measurement

- 1 Start the engine.
- ② Select the following switch positions.Power mode switch: P mode
- ③ Operate each boom, arm, bucket and swing lever at full stroke and measure the maximum operating force for each.
- ④ Lower the bucket to the ground to raise one track off the ground. Operate the travel lever at full stroke and measure the maximum operating force required. When finished, lower the track and then jack-up the other track.
- ⑤ Repeat steps ③ and ④ three times and calculate the average values.

(4) Evaluation

The measured operating force should be within the following specifications.

Unit : kgf

Model	Kind of lever	Standard	Maximum allowable	Remarks
	Boom lever	1.7 or below	2.0	
	Arm lever	1.7 or below	2.0	
R160LC-9 R180LC-9	Bucket lever	1.4 or below	2.0	
1110020 0	Swing lever	1.4 or below	2.0	
	Travel lever	2.1 or below	3.15	

12) CONTROL LEVER STROKE

- (1) Measure each lever stroke at the lever top using a ruler.
- When the lever has play, take a half of this value and add it to the measured stroke.

(2) Preparation

Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

(3) Measurement

- 1 Stop the engine.
- ② Measure each lever stroke at the lever top from neutral to the stroke end using a ruler.
- ③ Repeat step ② three times and calculate the average values.

(4) Evaluation

The measured drift should be within the following specifications.

Model	Kind of lever	Standard	Maximum allowable	Remarks
	Boom lever	112±10	134	
	Arm lever	112±10	134	
R160LC-9 R180LC-9	Bucket lever	90±10	112	
11100200	Swing lever	90±10	112	
	Travel lever	139±10	178	

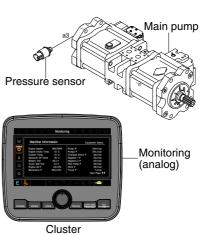
13) PILOT PRIMARY PRESSURE

(1) Preparation

① Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

(2) Measurement

- Select the following switch positions.
- Power mode switch : P mode
- Auto decel switch : OFF
- ② Measure the primary pilot pressure by the monitoring menu of the cluster.



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(3) Evaluation

The average measured pressure should meet the following specifications:

Unit: kgf/cm²

Model	Engine speed	Standard	Allowable limits	Remarks
R160LC-9 R180LC-9	P mode	40 ⁺² ₀	-	

14) FOR TRAVEL SPEED SELECTING PRESSURE:

(1) Preparation

- 1 Stop the engine.
- ② Loosen the cap and relieve the pressure in the tank by pushing the top of the air breather.
- ③ To measure the speed selecting pressure: Install a connector and pressure gauge assembly to turning joint P port as shown.
- ④ Start the engine and check for on leakage from the adapter.
- (5) Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

(2) Measurement

① Select the following switch positions. Travel mode switch : 1 speed

2 speed

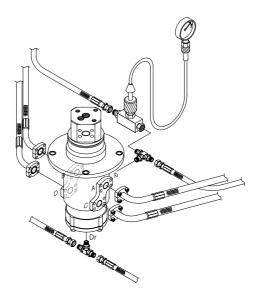
- Mode selector : P mode
- ② Measure the travel speed selecting pressure in the Hi or Lo mode.
- ③ Repeat step ② three times and calculate the average values.

(3) Evaluation

The average measured pressure should be within the following specifications.

Unit : kgf / cm²

Model	Travel speed mode	Standard	Maximum allowable	Remarks
R160LC-9	1 Speed	0	-	
R180LC-9	2 Speed	40±5	-	



15) SWING PARKING BRAKE RELEASING PILOT PRESSURE

(1) Preparation

- ① Stop the engine.
- ② Loosen the cap and relieve the pressure in the tank by pushing the top of the air breather.
- ③ The pressure release L wrench to bleed air.
- ④ Install a connector and pressure gauge assembly to swing motor SH port, as shown.
- ⑤ Start the engine and check for oil leakage from the adapter.
- (6) Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

(2) Measurement

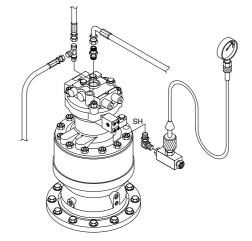
- Select the following switch positions.
- Power mode switch : P mode
- ② Operate the swing function or arm roll in function and measure the swing brake control pressure with the brake disengaged. Release the control lever to return to neutral and measure the control pressure when the brake is applied.
- ③ Repeat step ② three times and calculate the average values.

(3) Evaluation

The average measured pressure should be within the following specifications.

Unit: kgf/cm²

Model	Description	Standard	Allowable limits	Remarks
R160LC-9	Brake disengaged	40	Over 9	
R180LC-9	Brake applied	0	-	



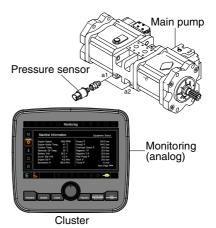
16) MAIN PUMP DELIVERY PRESSURE

(1) Preparation

① Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

(2) Measurement

- Select the following switch positions.
- Power mode switch : P mode
- ② Measure the main pump delivery pressure in the P mode (high idle).



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(3) Evaluation

The average measured pressure should meet the following specifications.

Unit: kgf/cm²

Model	Engine speed	Standard	Allowable limits	Remarks
R160LC-9 R180LC-9	High idle	40 ⁺² ₀	-	

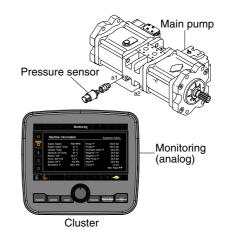
17) SYSTEM PRESSURE REGULATOR RELIEF SETTING

(1) Preparation

① Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

(2) Measurement

- 1 Select the following switch positions.
- Power mode switch : P mode
- ② Slowly operate each control lever of boom, arm and bucket functions at full stroke over relief and measure the pressure.
- ③ In the swing function, place bucket against an immovable object and measure the relief pressure.
- ④ In the travel function, lock undercarriage with an immovable object and measure the relief pressure.



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(3) Evaluation

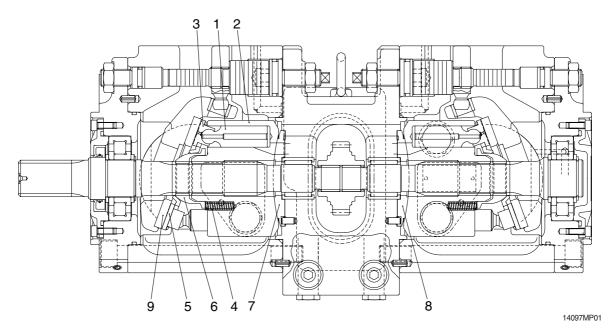
The average measured pressure should be within the following specifications.

	-		Unit : kgf / cm ²
Model	Function to be tested	Standard	Port relief setting at 20 lpm
	Boom, Arm, Bucket	350 (380)±10	400±10
R160LC-9 R180LC-9	Travel	350±10	-
	Swing	275±10	-

(): Power boost

GROUP 2 MAJOR COMPONENT

1. MAIN PUMP



Part name & i	Part name & inspection item		Recommended replacement value	Counter measures
Clearance between piston (1) & cylinder bore (2) (D-d)		0.028	0.056	Replace piston or cylinder.
Play between piston (1) & shoe caulking section (3) $(\delta$)		0-0.1	0.3	Replace
Thickness of shoe (t)		3.9	3.7	assembly of piston & shoe.
Free height of cylinder spring(4) (L)		31.3	30.5	Replace cylinder spring.
Combined height of set plate(5)(H) & spherical bushing(6)(h) (H-h)	h H	19.0	18.3	Replace retainer or set plate.
Surface roughness for valve plate (Sliding face)(7,8), swash plate (shoe plate	Surface roughness necessary to be corrected	3	Z	Longing
area) (9), & cylinder (2) (Sliding face)	Standard surface roughness (Corrected value)	0.4z o	r lower	Lapping

2. MAIN CONTROL VALVE

Part name	Inspection item	Criteria & measure
Casing	• Existence of scratch, rusting or corrosion.	 In case of damage in following section, replace part.
		 Sliding sections of casing fore and spool, especially land sections applied with holded pressure. Seal pocket section where spool is inserted. Seal section of port where O-ring contacts. Seal section of each relief valve for main, travel, and port. Other damages that may damage normal functions.
Spool	 Existence of scratch, gnawing, rusting or corrosion. 	 Replacement when its outside sliding section has scratch (especially on seals-contacting section).
	 O-ring seal sections at both ends. 	 Replacement when its sliding section has scratch.
	 Insert spool in casing hole, rotate and reciprocate it. 	 Correction or replacement when O-ring is damaged or when spool does not move smoothly.
Poppet	Damage of poppet or spring	 Correction or replacement when sealing is incomplete.
	Insert poppet into casing and function it.	 Normal when it can function lightly without being caught.
Around spring	 Rusting, corrosion, deformation or breaking of spring, spring seat, plug or cover. 	Replacement for significant damage.
Around seal	· External oil leakage.	Correction or replacement.
for spool	 Rusting, corrosion or deformation of seal plate. 	Correction or replacement.
Main relief valve,	External rusting or damage.	Replacement.
port relief valve & negative control	· Contacting face of valve seat.	Replacement when damaged.
relief valve	· Contacting face of poppet.	Replacement when damaged.
	Abnormal spring.	Replacement.
	\cdot O-rings, back up rings and seals.	• 100% replacement in general.

3. SWING DEVICE

1) WEARING PARTS

Inspection item	Standard dimension	Standard dimension	Counter measures
Clearance between piston and cylinder block bore	0.028	0.058	Replace piston or cylinder block
Play between piston and shoe caulking section (δ)	0	0.3	Replace assembly of piston and shoe
Thickness of shoe (t)	5.5	5.3	Replace assembly of piston and shoe
Combined height of retainer plate and spherical bushing (H-h)	6.5	6.0	Replace set of retainer plate and spherical bushing
Thickness of friction plate	4.0	3.6	Replace
			h H H
2507A7MS04			2507A7MS05

2) SLIDING PARTS

Part name	Standard roughness	Allowable roughness	Remark
Shoe	0.8-Z (Ra=0.2) (LAPPING)	3-Z (Ra=0.8)	
Shoe plate	0.4-Z (Ra=0.1) (LAPPING)	3-Z (Ra=0.8)	
Cylinder	1.6-Z (Ra=0.4) (LAPPING)	12.5-Z (Ra=3.2)	
Valve plate	0.8-Z (Ra=0.2) (LAPPING)	6.3-Z (Ra=1.6)	

4. TRAVEL MOTOR

Inspection item	Standard dimension	Recommended replacement value	Counter measures
Clearance between piston and cylinder block bore	0.025	0.050	Replace piston or cylinder block
Play between piston and shoe caulking section (T)	0	0.3	Replace assembly of piston and shoe
Thickness of shoe (t)	4.5	4.3	Replace assembly of piston and shoe
Combined height of set plate and ball guide (H)	7.3	7.0	Replace set of set plate and ball guide
Thickness of friction plate	3.0	2.6	Replace

2) SLIDING PARTS

t

Part name	Standard roughness	Remark
Shoe	0.8S	-
Shoe plate	0.8S	-
Cylinder	0.8S	-
Valve plate	0.8S	-

T T

5. RCV LEVER

Maintenance check item	Criteria	Remark
Leakage	The valve is to be replaced when the leakage becomes more than 1000 cc/m at neutral handle position, or more than 2000 cc/m during operation.	Conditions : Primary pressure : 40 kgf/cm ² Oil viscosity : 23 cSt
Spool	This is to be replaced when the sliding surface has worn more than 10 μ m, compared with the non-sliding surface.	The leakage at the left condition is estimated to be nearly equal to the above leakage.
Push rod	This is to be replaced when the top end has worn more than 1mm.	
Play at operating section	The pin, shaft, and joint of the operating section are to be replaced when their plays become more than 2 mm due to wears or so on.	
Operation stability	When abnormal noises, hunting, primary pressure drop, etc. are generated during operation, and these cannot be remedied, referring to section 6 troubleshooting, replace the related parts.	

Notes 1. It is desirable to replace seal materials, such as O-rings, every disassembling. However, they may be reused, after being confirmed to be free of damage.

6. RCV PEDAL

Maintenance check item	Criteria	Remark
Leakage	The valve is to be replaced when the leakage effect to the system. For example, the primary pressure drop.	Conditions : Primary pressure : 40 kgf/cm ² Oil viscosity : 23 cSt
Spool	This is to be replaced when the sliding surface has worn more than 10μ m, compared with the non-sliding surface.	The leakage at the left condition is estimated to be nearly equal to the above leakage.
Push rod	This is to be replaced when the top end has worn more than 1 mm.	
Play at operating section	The pin, shaft, and joint of the operating section are to be replaced when their plays become more than 2 mm due to wears or so on.	When a play is due to looseness of a tightened section, adjust it.
Operation stability	When abnormal noises, hunting, primary pressure drop, etc. are generated during operation, and these cannot be remedied, referring to section 6. Troubleshooting, replace the related parts.	

Notes 1. It is desirable to replace seal materials, such as O-rings, every disassembling. However, they may be reused, after being confirmed to be free of damage.

7. TURNING JOINT

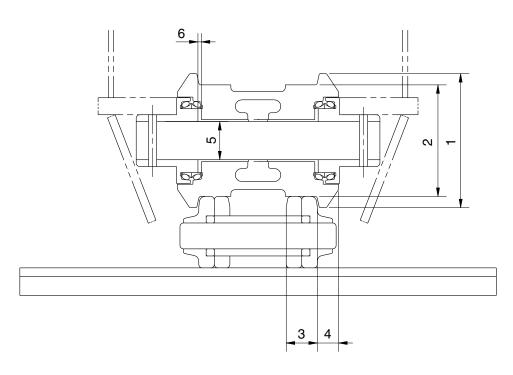
Part name		Maintenance standards	Remedy
	Sliding surface with sealing sections.	Plating worn or peeled due to seizure or contamination.	Replace
Body, Stem	Sliding surface between body and	Worn abnormality or damaged more than 0.1 mm (0.0039 in) in depth due to seizure contamination.	Replace
	stem other than sealing section.	• Damaged more than 0.1 mm (0.0039 in) in depth.	Smooth with oilstone.
		$\cdot~$ Worn more than 0.5 mm (0.02 in) or abnormality.	Replace
	Sliding surface with	• Worn less than 0.5 mm (0.02 in).	Smooth
	thrust plate.	• Damage due to seizure or contamination remediable within wear limit (0.5 mm) (0.02 in).	Smooth
		$\cdot~$ Worn more than 0.5 mm (0.02 in) or abnormality.	Replace
Cover	Sliding surface with	• Worn less than 0.5 mm (0.02 in).	Smooth
	thrust plate.	Damage due to seizure or contamination remediable within wear limit (0.5 mm) (0.02 in).	Replace
	-	Extruded excessively from seal groove square ring.	Replace
Seal set	-	 Slipper ring 1.5 mm (0.059 in) narrower than seal groove, or narrower than back ring. 1.5mm (max.) (0.059 in) 	Replace
	-	 Worn more than 0.5 mm (0.02 in) ~ 1.5 mm (MAX.) (0.059 in) 	Replace

8. CYLINDER

Part name	Inspecting section	Inspection item	Remedy
	Neck of rod pin	Presence of crack	· Replace
	• Weld on rod hub	Presence of crack	· Replace
	Stepped part to which piston is attached.	Presence of crack	Replace
	· Threads	Presence of crack	Recondition or replace
Piston rod	Plated surface	Plating is not worn off to base metal.	Replace or replate
		\cdot Rust is not present on plating.	Replace or replate
		· Scratches are not present.	Recondition, replate or replace
	· Rod	· Wear of O.D.	· Recondition, replate or replace
	\cdot Bushing at mounting part	· Wear of I.D.	· Replace
	· Weld on bottom	Presence of crack	· Replace
	\cdot Weld on head	Presence of crack	· Replace
Cylinder tube	• Weld on hub	Presence of crack	· Replace
	Tube interior	Presence of faults	Replace if oil leak is seen
	Bushing at mounting part	Wear on inner surface	· Replace
Gland	• Bushing	Flaw on inner surface	Replace if flaw is deeper than coating

1. TRACK

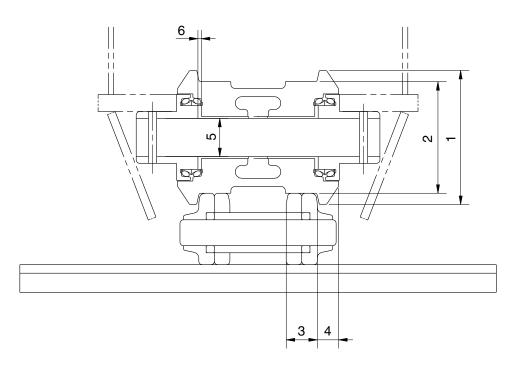
1) TRACK ROLLER (R160LC-9, R180LC-9: -#0169)



21037MS01

No.	Check item		Criteria				
1	Outside dismeter of flange	Standard size		Rep	Repair limit		
	Outside diameter of flange	Ø1	95		_		
2	Outside diameter of tread	Ø1	60	(Ø148		
3	Width of tread	44			50		
4	Width of flange	33	.3		-		
		Standard size & tolerance		Standard	Clearance		
5	Clearance between shaft	Shaft	Hole	clearance	limit	Replace	
and bus	and bushing	Ø70 0 -0.03	Ø70 +0.3 +0.3	⁵ 0.32 ~ 0.38	2.0	bushing	
6	Side clearance of roller	Standard clearance		Clear	Clearance limit		
Ö	(both side)	0.26 ~ 1.22			2.0		

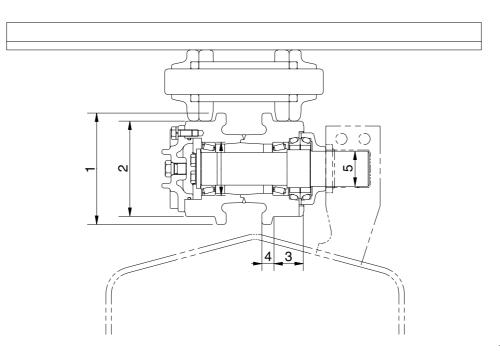
TRACK ROLLER (R180LC-9 : #0170-)



21037MS01

No.	Check item		Criteria				
1	Outside diameter of flange	Standard size		Repa	Repair limit		
		Ø1	85	-	_		
2	Outside diameter of tread	Ø1	50	Ø	Ø138		
3	Width of tread	45		51		replace	
4	Width of flange	2	9	-			
		Standard size & tolerance		Standard	Clearance		
5	Clearance between shaft	Shaft	Hole	clearance	limit	Replace	
	and bushing	Ø65 0 -0.03	Ø65 +0.37 +0.32	0.32 ~ 0.4	2.0	bushing	
6	Side clearance of roller	Standard clearance		Clearance limit		Denlage	
0	(both side)	0.23 ~	0.23 ~ 1.32		.0	Replace	

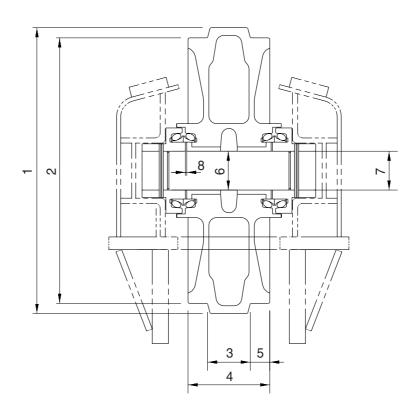
2) CARRIER ROLLER



16077MSS02

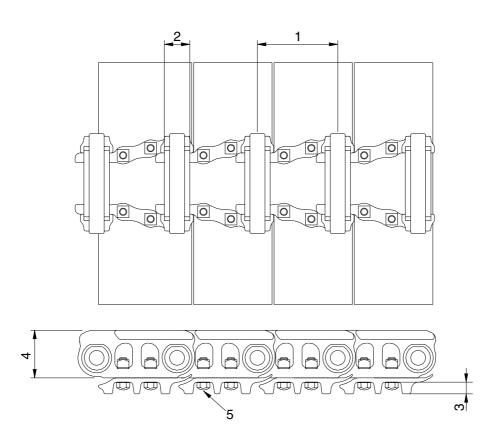
Unit:mm

No.	Check item		Criteria				Remedy		
4	Outside diameter of flange	Standard size		Repair limit					
	Outside diameter of flange		ø 169		ø 155				
2	Outside diameter of tread	ø 144		ø 134		Rebuild or replace			
3	Width of tread	44		49					
4	Width of flange	17		-					
		Standard size & Tolerance		Standard		Standard		Clearance	
5	5 Clearance between shaft and bushing	Sha	aft	H	ole	clea	arance	limit	Replace
		ø 55	- 0.05 - 0.1	ø 55	+0.3 +0.1	0.15 to	0.48	1.2	bushing



21037MS03

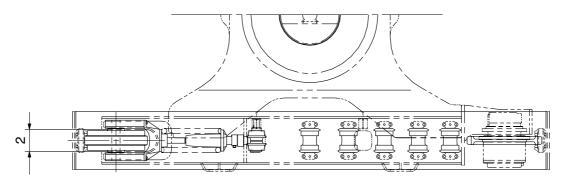
No.	Check item		Criteria				
1	Outside diameter of flange	Standa	Standard size		Repair limit		
'	Outside diameter of flange	ø	560	-			
2	Outside diameter of tread	Ø	520	ø 510		Rebuild or	
3	Width of protrusion	8	34	-		replace	
4	Total width	160		-			
5	Width of tread	3	38	43			
		Standard size & Tolerance		Standard	Clearance		
6	Clearance between shaft	Shaft	Hole	clearance	limit	Replace	
	and bushing	and bushing Ø 75		ø 75.35 +0.05 0	0.35 to 0.43	2.0	bushing
7	Clearance between shaft and support	ø 750 0 -0.03	ø 75 +0.07 +0.03	0.03 to 0.1	1.2	Replace	
8	Side clearance of idler (both side)	Standard clearance 0.25 to 1.2		Clearance limit 2.0		Replace bushing	

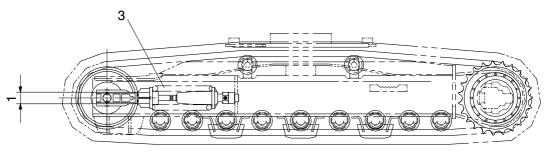


32077MS04

No.	Check item	Crit	Remedy		
1 Link pitch	Standard size Repair		Repair limit	Turn or	
		171.45	178.95	replace	
2	Outside diameter of bushing	ø 54	ø 46		
3	Height of grouser	25	16	Rebuild or replace	
4	Height of link	101.6	93.6		
5	Tightening torque	Initial tightening torque : 40 \pm	Retighten		

5) TRACK FRAME AND RECOIL SPRING

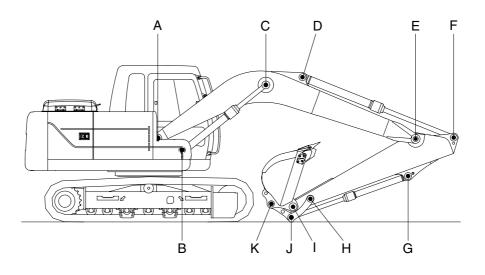




21037MS05

No.	Check item		Criteria					
	1 Vertical width of idler guide		Standar	d size	Tolerance	Repair limit		
1		Track fram	e 113	3	+2 0	117		
		Idler support 110)	- 0.5 - 1.0	106	Rebuild or replace	
2	2 Horizontal width of idler guide		e 272	2	+2 0	276		
		Idler suppo	support 270		-	267		
		Standard size		Re				
3	Recoil spring	Free length	Installation length	Installation Ioad	^{on} Free len	gth Installation load	Replace	
		ø 225×552	420	11,908	kg –	9,526kg		

2. WORK EQUIPMENT



U	nit	•	mm
0	1111		

Mark		Normal value	Pin		Bushing		Domodu
	Measuring point (Pin and Bushing)		Recomm. service limit	Limit of use	Recomm. service limit	Limit of use	Remedy & Remark
A	Boom Rear	75	74	73.5	75.5	76	Replace
В	Boom Cylinder Head	70	69	68.5	70.5	71	"
С	Boom Cylinder Rod	75	74	73.5	75.5	76	"
D	Arm Cylinder Head	70	69	68.5	70.5	71	"
E	Boom Front	75	74	73.5	75.5	76	"
F	Arm Cylinder Rod	70	69	68.5	70.5	71	"
G	Bucket Cylinder Head	70	69	68.5	70.5	71	"
Н	Arm Link	70	69	68.5	70.5	71	"
I	Bucket and Arm Link	70	69	68.5	70.5	71	"
J	Bucket Cylinder Rod	70	69	68.5	70.5	71	"
К	Bucket Link	70	69	68.5	70.5	71	"