SECTION 1 GENERAL

Group	1	Safety Hints	1-1
Group	2	Specifications	1-10

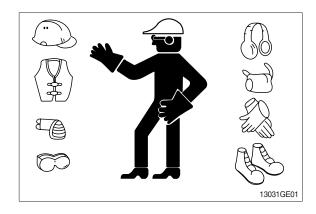
GROUP 1 SAFETY

FOLLOW SAFE PROCEDURE

Unsafe work practices are dangerous. Understand service procedure before doing work; Do not attempt shortcuts.

WEAR PROTECTIVE CLOTHING

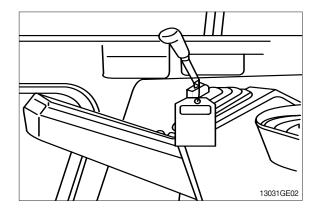
Wear close fitting clothing and safety equipment appropriate to the job.



WARN OTHERS OF SERVICE WORK

Unexpected machine movement can cause serious injury.

Before performing any work on the excavator, attach a 「Do Not Operate」 tag on the right side control lever.



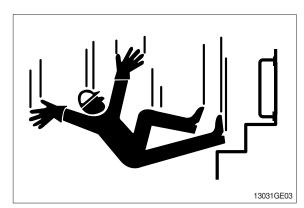
USE HANDHOLDS AND STEPS

Falling is one of the major causes of personal injury.

When you get on and off the machine, always maintain a three point contact with the steps and handrails and face the machine. Do not use any controls as handholds.

Never jump on or off the machine. Never mount or dismount a moving machine.

Be careful of slippery conditions on platforms, steps, and handrails when leaving the machine.

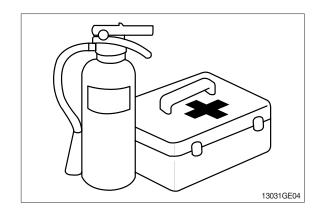


PREPARE FOR EMERGENCIES

Be prepared if a fire starts.

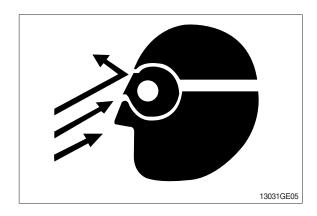
Keep a first aid kit and fire extinguisher handy.

Keep emergency numbers for doctors, ambulance service, hospital, and fire department near your telephone.



PROTECT AGAINST FLYING DEBRIS

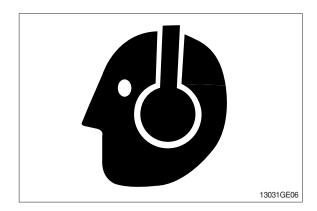
Guard against injury from flying pieces of metal or debris; Wear goggles or safety glasses.



PROTECT AGAINST NOISE

Prolonged exposure to loud noise can cause impairment or loss of hearing.

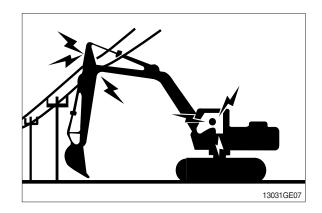
Wear a suitable hearing protective device such as earmuffs or earplugs to protect against objectionable or uncomfortable loud noises.



AVOID POWER LINES

Serious injury or death can result from contact with electric lines.

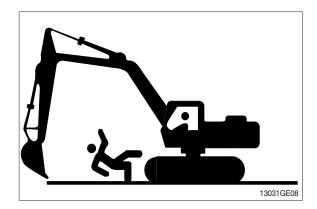
Never move any part of the machine or load closer to electric line than 3m(10ft) plus twice the line insulator length.



KEEP RIDERS OFF EXCAVATOR

Only allow the operator on the excavator. Keep riders off.

Riders on excavator are subject to injury such as being struck by foreign objects and being thrown off the excavator. Riders also obstruct the operator's view resulting in the excavator being operated in an unsafe manner.

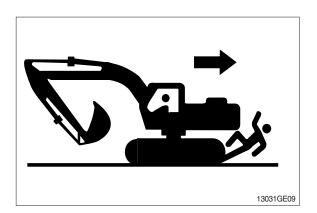


MOVE AND OPERATE MACHINE SAFELY

Bystanders can be run over. Know the location of bystanders before moving, swinging, or operating the machine.

Always keep the travel alarm in working condition. It warns people when the excavator starts to move.

Use a signal person when moving, swinging, or operating the machine in congested areas. Coordinate hand signals before starting the excavator.



OPERATE ONLY FORM OPERATOR'S SEAT

Avoid possible injury machine damage. Do not start engine by shorting across starter terminals.

NEVER start engine while standing on ground. Start engine only from operator's seat.



PARK MACHINE SAFELY

Before working on the machine:

- · Park machine on a level surface.
- · Lower bucket to the ground.
- · Turn auto idle switch off.
- · Run engine at 1/2 speed without load for 2 minutes.
- Turn key switch to OFF to stop engine. Remove key from switch.
- · Move pilot control shutoff lever to locked position.
- · Allow engine to cool.

SUPPORT MACHINE PROPERLY

Always lower the attachment or implement to the ground before you work on the machine. If you must work on a lifted machine or attachment, securely support the machine or attachment.

Do not support the machine on cinder blocks, hollow tiles, or props that may crumble under continuous load.

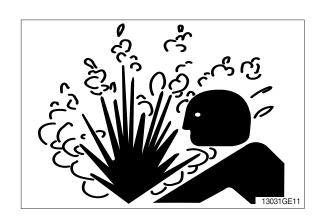
Do not work under a machine that is supported solely by a jack. Follow recommended procedures in this manual.



SERVICE COOLING SYSTEM SAFELY

Explosive release of fluids from pressurized cooling system can cause serious burns.

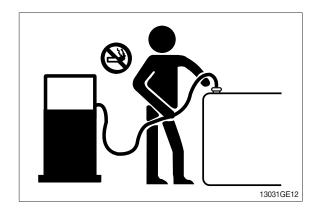
Shut off engine. Only remove filler cap when cool enough to touch with bare hands.



HANDLE FLUIDS SAFELY-AVOID FIRES

Handle fuel with care; It is highly flammable. Do not refuel the machine while smoking or when near open flame or sparks. Always stop engine before refueling machine.

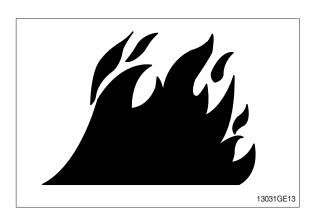
Fill fuel tank outdoors.



Store flammable fluids away from fire hazards. Do not incinerate or puncture pressurized containers.

Make sure machine is clean of trash, grease, and debris.

Do not store oily rags; They can ignite and burn spontaneously.



BEWARE OF EXHAUST FUMES

Prevent asphyxiation. Engine exhaust fumes can cause sickness or death.

If you must operate in a building, be positive there is adequate ventilation. Either use an exhaust pipe extension to remove the exhaust fumes or open doors and windows to bring enough outside air into the area.

REMOVE PAINT BEFORE WELDING OR HEATING

Avoid potentially toxic fumes and dust.

Hazardous fumes can be generated when paint is heated by welding, soldering, or using a torch.

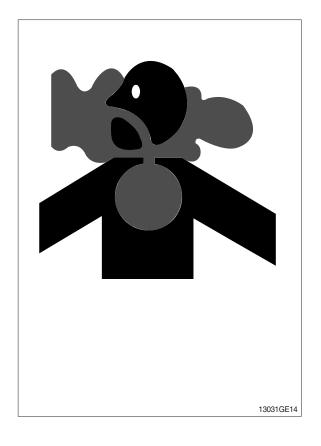
Do all work outside or in a well ventilated area. Dispose of paint and solvent properly.

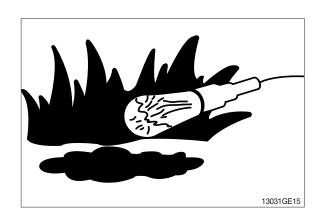
Remove paint before welding or heating:

- If you sand or grind paint, avoid breathing the dust.
 - Wear an approved respirator.
- If you use solvent or paint stripper, remove stripper with soap and water before welding.
 Remove solvent or paint stripper containers and other flammable material from area.
 Allow fumes to disperse at least 15 minutes before welding or heating.

ILLUMINATE WORK AREA SAFELY

Illuminate your work area adequately but safely. Use a portable safety light for working inside or under the machine. Make sure the bulb is enclosed by a wire cage. The hot filament of an accidentally broken bulb can ignite spilled fuel or oil.

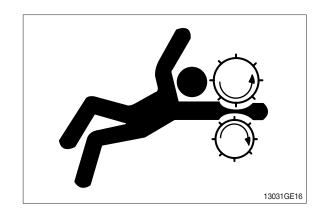




SERVICE MACHINE SAFELY

Tie long hair behind your head. Do not wear a necktie, scarf, loose clothing or necklace when you work near machine tools or moving parts. If these items were to get caught, severe injury could result.

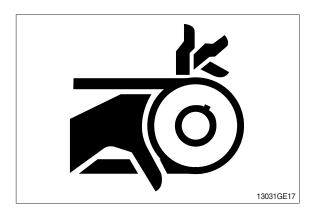
Remove rings and other jewelry to prevent electrical shorts and entanglement in moving parts.



STAY CLEAR OF MOVING PARTS

Entanglements in moving parts can cause serious injury.

To prevent accidents, use care when working around rotating parts.



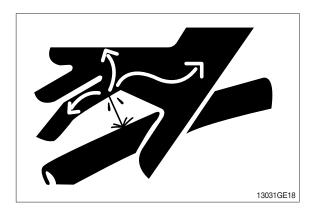
AVOID HIGH PRESSURE FLUIDS

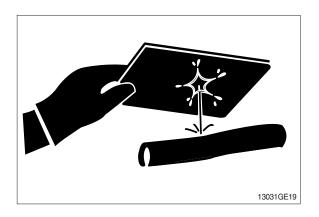
Escaping fluid under pressure can penetrate the skin causing serious injury.

Avoid the hazard by relieving pressure before disconnecting hydraulic or other lines. Tighten all connections before applying pressure.

Search for leaks with a piece of cardboard. Protect hands and body from high pressure fluids.

If an accident occurs, see a doctor immediately. Any fluid injected into the skin must be surgically removed within a few hours or gangrene may result.





AVOID HEATING NEAR PRESSURIZED FLUID LINES

Flammable spray can be generated by heating near pressurized fluid lines, resulting in severe burns to yourself and bystanders. Do not heat by welding, soldering, or using a torch near pressurized fluid lines or other flammable materials.

Pressurized lines can be accidentally cut when heat goes beyond the immediate flame area. Install fire resisting guards to protect hoses or other materials.



PREVENT BATTERY EXPLOSIONS

Keep sparks, lighted matches, and flame away from the top of battery. Battery gas can explode.

Never check battery charge by placing a metal object across the posts. Use a volt-meter or hydrometer.

Do not charge a frozen battery; It may explode. Warm battery to 16° C (60° F).



PREVENT ACID BURNS

Sulfuric acid in battery electrolyte is poisonous. It is strong enough to burn skin, eat holes in clothing, and cause blindness if splashed into eyes.

Avoid the hazard by:

- 1. Filling batteries in a well-ventilated area.
- 2. Wearing eye protection and rubber gloves.
- 3. Avoiding breathing fumes when electrolyte is added.
- 4. Avoiding spilling of dripping electrolyte.
- 5. Use proper jump start procedure.

If you spill acid on yourself:

- 1. Flush your skin with water.
- 2. Apply baking soda or lime to help neutralize the acid.
- Flush your eyes with water for 10-15 minutes. Get medical attention immediately.

If acid is swallowed:

- 1. Drink large amounts of water or milk.
- 2. Then drink milk of magnesia, beaten eggs, or vegetable oil.
- 3. Get medical attention immediately.

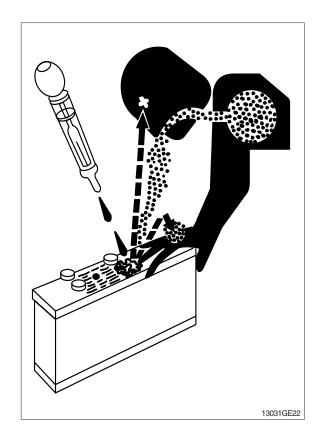
USE TOOLS PROPERLY

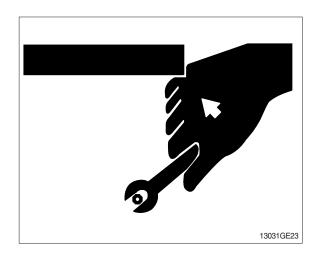
Use tools appropriate to the work. Makeshift tools, parts, and procedures can create safety hazards.

Use power tools only to loosen threaded tools and fasteners.

For loosening and tightening hardware, use the correct size tools. DO NOT use U.S. measurement tools on metric fasteners. Avoid bodily injury caused by slipping wrenches.

Use only recommended replacement parts. (See Parts catalogue.)



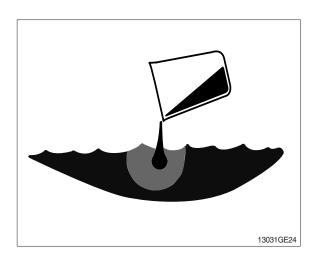


DISPOSE OF FLUIDS PROPERLY

Improperly disposing of fluids can harm the environment and ecology. Before draining any fluids, find out the proper way to dispose of waste from your local environmental agency.

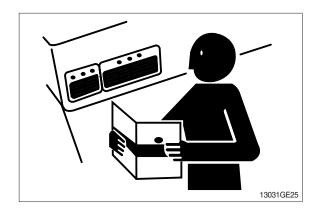
Use proper containers when draining fluids. Do not use food or beverage containers that may mislead someone into drinking from them.

DO NOT pour oil into the ground, down a drain, or into a stream, pond, or lake. Observe relevant environmental protection regulations when disposing of oil, fuel, coolant, brake fluid, filters, batteries, and other harmful waste.



REPLACE SAFETY SIGNS

Replace missing or damaged safety signs. See the machine operator's manual for correct safety sign placement.

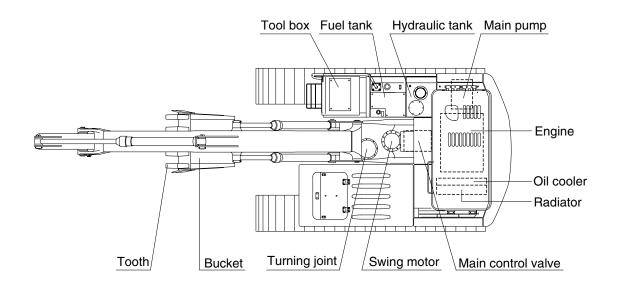


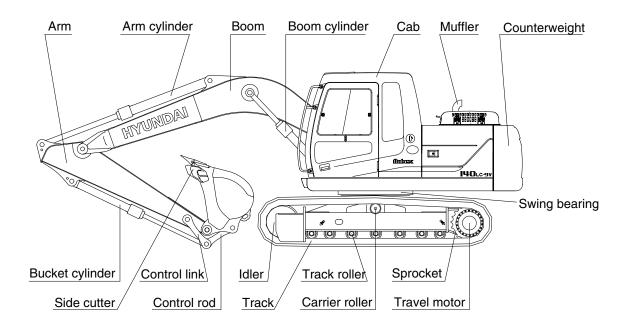
LIVE WITH SAFETY

Before returning machine to customer, make sure machine is functioning properly, especially the safety systems. Install all guards and shields.

GROUP 2 SPECIFICATIONS

1. MAJOR COMPONENT



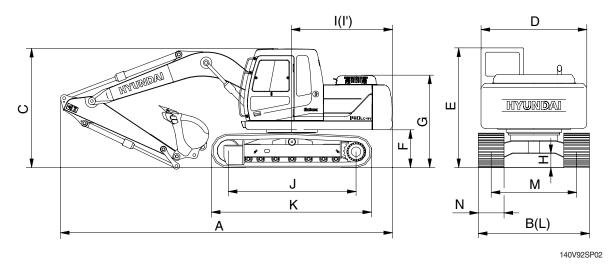


140V92SP01

2. SPECIFICATIONS

1) R140LC-9V

\cdot 4.60 m (15' 1") BOOM and 2.10 m (6' 11") ARM

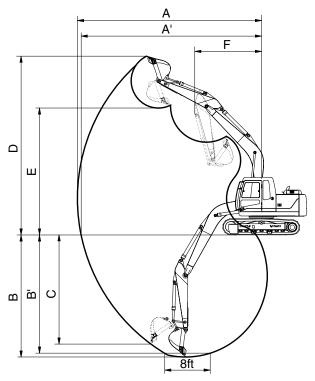


Description		Unit	Specification
Operating weight		kg (lb)	13300 (29320)
Bucket capacity (SAE heaped), standard		m³ (yd³)	0.65 (0.85)
Overall length	Α		7850 (25' 8")
Overall width, with 500 mm shoe	В		2500 (8' 2")
Overall height	С		2760 (9' 1")
Superstructure width	D		2600 (8' 6")
Overall height of cab	Е		2860 (9' 5")
Ground clearance of counterweight	F		940 (3' 1")
Engine cover height	G		2210 (7' 3")
Minimum ground clearance	Н	mm (ft-in)	440 (1' 5")
Rear-end distance	I		2330 (7' 8")
Rear-end swing radius	ľ		2330 (7' 8")
Distance between tumblers	J		3000 (9' 10")
Undercarriage length	K		3750 (12' 4")
Undercarriage width	L		2500 (8' 2")
Track gauge	М		2000 (6' 7")
Track shoe width, standard	N		500 (20")
Travel speed (low/high)		km/hr (mph)	3.2/5.5 (2.0/3.4)
Swing speed		rpm	12.0
Gradeability		Degree (%)	35 (70)
Ground pressure (500 mm shoe)		kgf/cm²(psi)	0.34 (4.84)
Max traction force		kgf (lbf)	12540 (27700)

3. WORKING RANGE

1) R140LC-9V

(1) 4.60 m (15' 1") MONO BOOM



14092SP06

Description		* 2.10 m (6' 11") Arm	
Max digging reach A		7920 mm (25'11")	
Max digging reach on ground	A'	7780 mm (25' 6")	
Max digging depth	В	5200 mm (17' 1")	
Max digging depth (8ft level)	B'	4950 mm (16' 3")	
Max vertical wall digging depth	С	4590 mm (15' 1")	
Max digging height	D	8140 mm (26' 8")	
Max dumping height	Е	5710 mm (18' 9")	
Min swing radius	F	2680 mm (8'10")	
		87.3 kN	
	SAE	8900 kgf	
Punkat diaging force		19620 lbf	
Bucket digging force		102 kN	
	ISO	10400 kgf	
		22930 lbf	
		73.6 kN	
	SAE	7500 kgf	
A was a way at favor		16530 lbf	
Arm crowd force		77.5 kN	
	ISO	7900 kgf	
		17420 lbf	

*: STD

4. WEIGHT

1) R140LC-9V

lkene	R140LC-9V		
Item	kg	lb	
Upper structure assembly	5760	12300	
Main frame weld assembly	1270	2800	
Engine assembly	550	1210	
Main pump assembly	90	200	
Main control valve assembly	130	260	
Swing motor assembly	120	260	
Hydraulic oil tank assembly	160	350	
Fuel tank assembly	130	290	
Counterweight	1900	4190	
Cab assembly	310	680	
Lower chassis assembly	5160	11380	
Track frame weld assembly	1590	3510	
Swing bearing	215	475	
Travel motor assembly	480	1060	
Turning joint	50	110	
Track recoil spring	210	460	
Idler	250	550	
Carrier roller	40	90	
Track roller	490	1080	
Track-chain assembly (500 mm standard triple grouser shoe)	920	2030	
Front attachment assembly (4.6 m boom, 2.1 m arm, 0.65 m³ SAE heaped bucket)	2380	5250	
4.6 m boom assembly	830	1830	
2.1 m arm assembly	370	820	
0.65 m³ SAE heaped bucket	560	1235	
Boom cylinder assembly	130	290	
Arm cylinder assembly	160	350	
Bucket cylinder assembly	100	220	
Bucket control rod assembly	90	200	

5. LIFTING CAPACITIES

1) R140LC-9V

- (1) 4.60 m (15' 1") boom, 2.10 m (6' 11") arm equipped with 0.65 m³ (SAE heaped) bucket and 500 mm (20") triple grouser shoe and 1900 kg (4190 lb) counterweight.
 - · 🖟 : Rating over-front · 📫 : Rating over-side or 360 degree

	Load radius							At max. reach			
Load point	1.5 m	(5 ft)	3.0 m	(10 ft)	4.5 m	(15 ft)	6.0 m	(20 ft)	Capa	acity	Reach
height			J		Ū		J		Ð		m (ft)
6.0 m kg					*3080	*3080			*3020	2160	6.17
(20.0 ft) lb					*6790	*6790			*6660	4760	(20.2)
4.5 m kg					*3330	*3330	*2890	2180	2640	1630	7.09
(15.0 ft) lb					*7340	*7340	*6370	4810	5820	3590	(23.3)
3.0 m kg			*5800	*5800	*4220	3450	3420	2120	2330	1410	7.54
(10.0 ft) lb			*12790	*12790	*9300	7610	7540	4670	5140	3110	(24.7)
1.5 m kg			*8750	5960	5300	3190	3310	2010	2240	1340	7.62
(5.0 ft) lb			*19290	13140	11680	7030	7300	4430	4940	2950	(25.0)
Ground kg			*8480	5630	5090	3000	3210	1930	2350	1400	7.35
Line Ib			*18700	12410	11220	6610	7080	4250	5180	3090	(24.1)
-1.5 m kg	*6380	*6380	*9770	5600	5010	2940	3180	1900	2740	1650	6.68
(-5.0 ft) lb	*14070	*14070	*21540	12350	11050	6480	7010	4190	6040	3640	(21.9)
-3.0 m kg	*10300	*10300	*8570	5720	5060	2980			*3690	2370	5.41
(-10 ft) lb	*22710	*22710	*18890	12610	11160	6570			*8140	5220	(17.7)

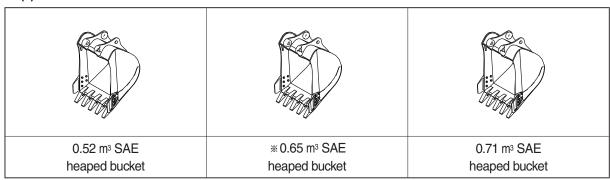
Note

- 1. Lifting capacity are based on SAE J1097 and ISO 10567.
- 2. Lifting capacity of the ROBEX series does not exceed 75% of tipping load with the machine on firm, level ground or 87% of full hydraulic capacity.
- 3. The load point is a hook located on the back of the bucket.
- 4. *indicates load limited by hydraulic capacity.

6. BUCKET SELECTION GUIDE

1) R140LC-9V

(1) General bucket



Capacity		Width		Weight	Recommendation 4.6 m (15' 1") boom
SAE heaped	CECE heaped	Without side cutter	With side cutter	vveigni	2.1 m arm (6' 11")
0.52 m ³ (0.68 yd ³)	0.45 m ³ (0.59 yd ³)	935 mm (36.8")	1035 mm (40.8")	460 kg (1010 lb)	
* 0.65 m³ (0.85 yd³)	0.55 m ³ (0.72 yd ³)	1110 mm (43.7")	1210 mm (47.6")	560 kg (1235 lb)	
0.71 m ³ (0.93 yd ³)	0.60 m ³ (0.78 yd ³)	1205 mm (47.4")	1305 mm (51.4")	540 kg (1190 lb)	

* : Standard bucket

Applicable for materials with density of 2000 kg/m³ (3370 lb/yd³) or less

Applicable for materials with density of 1600 kg/m³ (2700 lb/yd³) or less

Applicable for materials with density of 1100 kg/m³ (1850 lb/yd³) or less

7. UNDERCARRIAGE

1) TRACKS

X-leg type center frame is integrally welded with reinforced box-section track frames. The design includes dry tracks, lubricated rollers, idlers, sprockets, hydraulic track adjusters with shock absorbing springs and assembled track-type tractor shoes with triple grousers.

2) TYPES OF SHOES

			Triple grouser	
Model	Shape	S		
	Shoe width	mm (in)	500 (20)	
R140LC-9V	Operating weight	kg (lb)	13300 (29320)	
N 140LC-9V	Ground pressure	kgf/cm² (psi)	0.34 (4.84)	
	Overall width	mm (ft-in)	2500 (8' 2")	

* : Standard

3) NUMBER OF ROLLERS AND SHOES ON EACH SIDE

Item	Quantity
Carrier rollers	1 EA
Track rollers	7 EA
Track shoes	46 EA

4) SELECTION OF TRACK SHOE

Suitable track shoes should be selected according to operating conditions.

Method of selecting shoes

Confirm the category from the list of applications in table 2, then use table 1 to select the shoe.

Before using wide shoes, check the precautions, then investigate and study the operating conditions to confirm if these shoes are suitable.

Select the narrowest shoe possible to meet the required flotation and ground pressure.

Application of wider shoes than recommendations will cause unexpected problem such as bending of shoes, crack of link, breakage of pin, loosening of shoe bolts and the other various problems.

* Table 1

Track shoe	Specification	Category
500 mm triple grouser	Standard	А

* Table 2

Category	Applications	Applications
А	Rocky ground, river beds, normal soil	Travel at low speed on rough ground with large obstacles such as boulders or fallen trees

8. SPECIFICATIONS FOR MAJOR COMPONENTS

1) ENGINE

Item	Specification
Model	Kirloskar 4R 1040T
Туре	4-cycle turbocharged diesel engine
Cooling method	Water cooling
Number of cylinders and arrangement	4 cylinders, in-line
Firing order	1-3-4-2
Combustion chamber type	Direct injection type
Cylinder bore × stroke	105 × 120 mm
Piston displacement	4160 cc (254 cu in)
Compression ratio	17:1
Rated gross horse power (SAE J1995)	105 Hp (77.2 kW) at 2200 rpm
Maximum torque	38.2 kgf ⋅ m (276 lbf ⋅ ft) at 1400 rpm
Engine oil quantity	17.5 l (4.6 U.S. gal)
Dry weight	550 kg (1210 lb)
High idling speed	2400 ± 50 rpm
Low idling speed	850 ± 50 rpm
Rated fuel consumption	162.8 g/Hp · hr at 1400 rpm
Starting motor	24 V-4.5 kW
Alternator	24 V-55 A
Battery	2 × 12 V × 80 Ah

2) MAIN PUMP

Item	Specification
Туре	Variable displacement tandem axis piston pumps
Capacity	2 × 57.5 cc/rev
Maximum pressure	330 kgf/cm² (4690 psi)
Rated oil flow	$2 \times 112 \ l$ /min (2 × 29.6 U.S. gpm)
Rated speed	1950 rpm

3) GEAR PUMP

Item	Specification	
Туре	Fixed displacement gear pump single stage	
Capacity	15cc/rev	
Maximum pressure	35 kgf/cm² (500 psi)	
Rated oil flow	29.3 / /min (7.7 U.S. gpm)	

4) MAIN CONTROL VALVE

Item	Specification
Туре	11 spools mono block
Operating method	Hydraulic pilot system
Main relief valve pressure	330 kgf/cm² (4690 psi)
Overload relief valve pressure	380 kgf/cm² (5400 psi)

5) SWING MOTOR

Item	Specification
Туре	Fixed displacement axial piston motor
Capacity	72 cc/rev
Relief pressure	285 kgf/cm² (4050 psi)
Braking system	Automatic, spring applied hydraulic released
Braking torque	Minimum 30 kgf ⋅ m (217 lbf ⋅ ft)
Brake release pressure	15~50 kgf/cm² (213~711 psi)
Reduction gear type	2 - stage planetary

6) TRAVEL MOTOR

ltem -	Specification		
item	Type 1	Type 2	
Туре	Two kinds of displacement axial piston motor		
Relief pressure	350 kgf/cm² (4980 psi)	365 kgf/cm² (5190 psi)	
Capacity (max / min)	77/45 cc/rev		
Reduction gear type	2-stage planetary		
Braking system	Automatic, spring applied hydraulic released		
Brake release pressure	9.5 kgf/cm² (135 psi) 8.75 kgf/cm² (125		
Braking torque	Min 19.7 kgf · m (143 lbf · ft)		

7) CYLINDER

Item		Specification	
Poom gulindor	Bore dia \times Rod dia \times Stroke	ø 105 × ø 75 × 1075 mm	
Boom cylinder	Cushion	Extend only	
Arm outlindor	Bore dia \times Rod dia \times Stroke	Ø 115 × Ø 80 × 1138 mm	
Arm cylinder	Cushion	Extend and retract	
Punkat aulindar	Bore dia \times Rod dia \times Stroke	ø 100× ø 70× 840 mm	
Bucket cylinder	Cushion	Extend only	

^{*} Discoloration of cylinder rod can occur when the friction reduction additive of lubrication oil spreads on the rod surface.

8) SHOE

Item		Width	Ground pressure	Link quantity	Overall width
R140LC-9V	Standard	500 mm (20")	0.34 kgf/cm² (4.84 psi)	46	2500 mm (8' 2")

9) BUCKET

Item		Capacity		Tooth	Width	
itei	II	SAE heaped	CECE heaped	quantity	Without side cutter	With side cutter
	Standard	0.65 m³ (0.85 yd³)	0.55 m ³ (0.72 yd ³)	5	1105 mm (43.5")	1205 mm (47.4")
R140LC-9V	Ontion	0.52 m³ (0.68 yd³)	0.45 m³ (0.59 yd³)	5	915 mm (36.0")	1015 mm (40.0")
	Option	0.71 m³ (0.93 yd³)	0.60 m ³ (0.78 yd ³)	5	1190 mm (46.9")	1290 mm (50.8")

^{*} Discoloration does not cause any harmful effect on the cylinder performance.

9. RECOMMENDED OILS

Use only oils listed below or equivalent. Do not mix different brand oil.

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SAE : Society of Automotive Engineers
API : American Petroleum Institute

ISO: International Organization for Standardization

NLGI: National Lubricating Grease Institute **ASTM**: American Society of Testing and Material