SECTION 7 MAINTENANCE STANDARD

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SECTION 7 MAINTENANCE STANDARD

GROUP 1 OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST

1. PURPOSE

Performance tests are used to check:

1) OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE OF A NEW MACHINE

Whenever a new machine is delivered in parts and reassembled at a customer's site, it must be tested to confirm that the operational performance of the machine meets Hyundai spec.

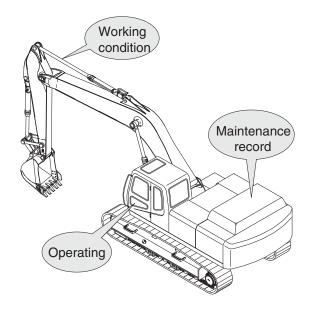
2) OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE OF A WORKING MACHINE

With the passage of time, the machine's operational performance deteriorates, so that the machine needs to be serviced periodically to restore it to its original performance level.

Before servicing the machine, conduct performance tests to check the extent of deterioration, and to decide what kind of service needs to be done (by referring to the "Service Limits" in this manual).

3) OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE OF A REPAIRED MACHINE

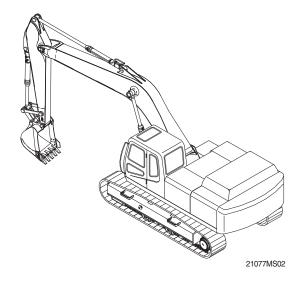
After the machine is repaired or serviced, it must be tested to confirm that its operational performance was restored by the repair and/or service work done.



2. TERMINOLOGY

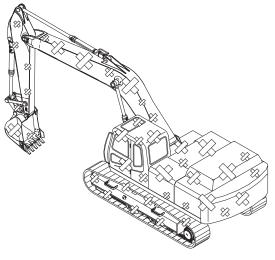
1) STANDARD

Specifications applied to the brand-new machine, components and parts.



2) SERVICE LIMIT

The lowest acceptable performance level. When the performance level of the machine falls below this level, the machine must be removed from work and repaired. Necessary parts and components must be replaced.



3. OPERATION FOR PERFORMANCE TESTS

 Observe the following rules in order to carry out performance tests accurately and safely.

(1) The machine

Repair any defects and damage found, such as oil or water leaks, loose bolts, cracks and so on, before starting to test.

(2) Test area

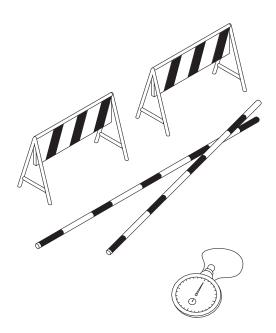
- ① Select a hard, flat surface.
- ② Secure enough space to allow the machine to run straight more than 20 m, and to make a full swing with the front attachment extended.
- ③ If required, rope off the test area and provide signboards to keep unauthorized personnel away.

(3) Precautions

- ① Before starting to test, agree upon the signals to be employed for communication among coworkers. Once the test is started, be sure to communicate with each other using these signals, and to follow them without fail.
- ② Operate the machine carefully and always give first priority to safety.
- ③ While testing, always take care to avoid accidents due to landslides or contact with high voltage power lines. Always confirm that there is sufficient space for full swings.
- 4 Avoid polluting the machine and the ground with leaking oil. Use oil pans to catch escaping oil. Pay special attention to this when removing hydraulic pipings.

(4) Make precise measurements

- Accurately calibrate test instruments in advance to obtain correct data.
- ② Carry out tests under the exact test conditions prescribed for each test item.
- ③ Repeat the same test and confirm that the test data obtained can be procured repeatedly. Use mean values of measurements if necessary.



7-3

2) ENGINE SPEED

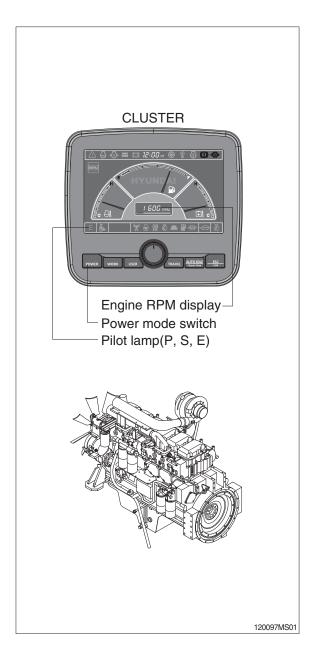
- (1) Measure the engine speed at each power mode
- ** The engine speed at each power mode must meet standard RPM; if not, all other operational performance data will be unreliable. It is essential to perform this test first.

(2) Preparation

- ① Warm up the machine, until the engine coolant temperature reaches 50°C or more, and the hydraulic oil is 50±5°C.
- ② Set the accel dial at 10 (max) position.
- 3 Select the P-mode switch.
- 4 Measure the engine RPM.

(3) Measurement

- ① Start the engine. The engine will run at start idle speed. Measure engine speed with a engine rpm display.
- ② Measure and record the engine speed at each mode (P, S, E).
- 3 Select the P-mode.
- ① Lightly operate the bucket control lever a few times, then return the control lever to neutral; The engine will automatically enter the auto-idle speed after 4 seconds.
- ⑤ Measure and record the auto deceleration speed.



(4) Evaluation

The measured speeds should meet the following specifications.

Unit: rpm

| Model | Engine speed | Standard | Remarks |
|----------|-----------------|----------|---------|
| | Start idle | 900±100 | |
| | P mode | 1800±50 | |
| R1250-9 | S mode | 1700±50 | |
| h 1250-9 | E mode | 1600±50 | |
| | Auto decel | 1100±100 | |
| | One touch decel | 900±100 | |

Condition: Set the accel dial at 10 (max) position.

3) TRAVEL SPEED

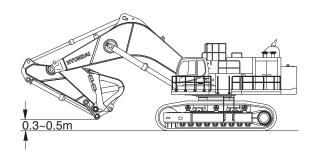
(1) Measure the time required for the excavator to travel a 20 m test track.

(2) Preparation

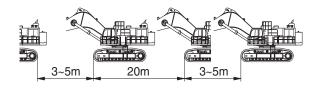
- ① Adjust the tension of both tracks to be equal.
- ② Prepare a flat and solid test track 20m in length, with extra length of 3 to 5m on both ends for machine acceleration and deceleration.
- 3 Hold the bucket 0.3 to 0.5m above the ground with the arm and bucket rolled in.
- 4 Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

(3) Measurement

- ① Measure both the low and high speeds of the machine.
- ② Before starting either the low or high speed tests, adjust the travel mode switch to the speed to be tested, then select the following switch positions.
- · Power mode switch : P mode
- ③ Start traveling the machine in the acceleration zone with the travel levers at full stroke.
- ④ Measure the time required to travel 20m.
- (5) After measuring the forward travel speed, turn the upperstructure 180° and measure the reverse travel speed.
- ⑥ Repeat steps ④ and ⑤ three times in each direction and calculate the average values.



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(4) Evaluation

The average measured time should meet the following specifications.

Unit: Seconds / 20 m

| Model | Travel speed | Standard | Maximum allowable | Remarks |
|----------|--------------|----------|-------------------|---------|
| R1250-9 | 1 Speed | 31.2±2.0 | 39.1 | |
| n 1250-9 | 2 Speed | 21.2±1.0 | 28.0 | |

4) TRACK REVOLUTION SPEED

(1) Measure the track revolution cycle time with the track raised off ground.

(2) Preparation

- ① Adjust the tension of both side tracks to be equal.
- ② On the track to be measured, mark one shoe with chalk.
- ③ Swing the upperstructure 90° and lower the bucket to raise the track off ground. Keep the boom-arm angle between 90 to 110° as shown.

Place blocks under machine frame.

4 Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.



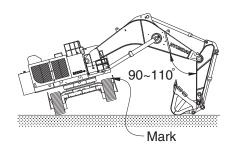
- ① Select the following switch positions.
- · Travel mode switch: 1 or 2 speed
- · Power mode switch : P mode
- · Auto decel switch : OFF
- ② Operate the travel control lever of the raised track in full forward and reverse.
- ③ Rotate 1 turn, then measure time taken for next 3 revolutions.
- ④ Raise the other side of machine and repeat the procedure.
- ⑤ Repeat steps ③ and ④ three times and calculate the average values.

(4) Evaluation

The revolution cycle time of each track should meet the following specifications.

Unit: Seconds / 3 revolutions

| Model | Travel speed | Standard | Maximum allowable |
|---------|--------------|----------|-------------------|
| D1050.0 | 1 Speed | 63.5±2.0 | 79.4 |
| R1250-9 | 2 Speed | 43.0±1.0 | 55.4 |



5) TRAVEL DEVIATION

(1) Measure the deviation by the tracks from a 20m straight line.

(2) Preparation

- ① Adjust the tension of both tracks to be equal.
- ② Provide a flat, solid test yard 20m in length, with extra length of 3 to 5m on both ends for machine acceleration and deceleration.
- ③ Hold the bucket 0.3 to 0.5m above the ground with the arm and bucket rolled in.
- 4 Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.



- ① Measure the amount of mistracking at high and low travel speeds.
- ② Before beginning each test, select the following switch positions.
- · Power mode switch : P mode
- 3 Start traveling the machine in the acceleration zone with the travel levers at full stroke.
- ④ Measure the distance between a straight 20m line and the track made by the machine. (dimension a)
- S After measuring the tracking in forward travel, turn the upperstructure 180° and measure that in reverse travel.
- ⑥ Repeat steps ④ and ⑤ three times and calculate the average values.

(4) Evaluation

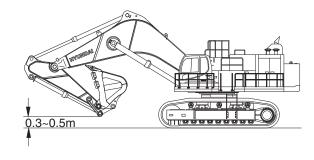
R1250-9

Mistrack should be within the following specifications.

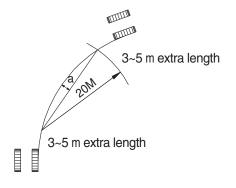


200 below

250



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7-7(2)

6) SWING SPEED

(1) Measure the time required to swing three complete turns.

(2) Preparation

- ① Check the lubrication of the swing gear and swing bearing.
- ② Place the machine on flat, solid ground with ample space for swinging. Do not conduct this test on slopes.
- ③ With the arm rolled out and bucket rolled in, hold the bucket so that the height of the bucket pin is the same as the boom foot pin. The bucket must be empty.
- ④ Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at 50±5°C.



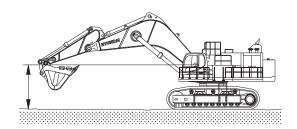
- ① Select the following switch positions.
- · Power mode switch : P mode
- ② Operate swing control lever fully.
- ③ Swing 1 turn and measure time taken to swing next 3 revolutions.
- ④ Repeat steps ② and ③ three time and calculate the average values.



The time required for 3 swings should meet the following specifications.

Unit: Seconds / 3 revolutions

| Model | Power mode switch | Standard | Maximum allowable |
|---------|-------------------|----------|-------------------|
| R1250-9 | P mode | 31.8±2.0 | 40.1 |



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7) SWING FUNCTION DRIFT CHECK

(1) Measure the swing drift on the bearing outer circumference when stopping after a 360° full speed swing.

(2) Preparation

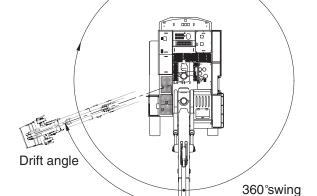
- ① Check the lubrication of the swing gear and swing bearing.
- ② Place the machine on flat, solid ground with ample space for swinging. Do not conduct this test on slopes.
- ③ With the arm rolled out and bucket rolled in, hold the bucket so that the height of the bucket pin is the same as the boom foot pin. The bucket must be empty.
- Make two chalk marks: one on the swing bearing and one directly below it on the track frame.
- 5 Swing the upperstructure 360°.
- **(6)** Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at 50 ± 5 °C.

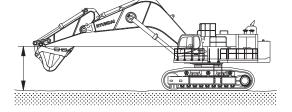
(3) Measurement

- ① Conduct this test in the P mode.
- ② Select the following switch positions.
- · Power mode switch : P mode
- ③ Operate the swing control lever fully and return it to the neutral position when the mark on the upperstructure aligns with that on track frame after swinging 360°.
- Measure the distance between the two marks
- ⑤ Align the marks again, swing 360°, then test the opposite direction.
- ⑥ Repeat steps ④ and ⑤ three times each and calculate the average values.

(4) Evaluation

The measured drift angle should be within the following specifications.





120097MS05A



120097MS06

Swing start & stop

| Model | Power mode switch | Standard | Maximum allowable | Remarks |
|---------|-------------------|----------|-------------------|---------|
| R1250-9 | P mode | 90 below | 112.5 | |

8) SWING BEARING PLAY

(1) Measure the swing bearing play using a dial gauge to check the wear of bearing races and balls.

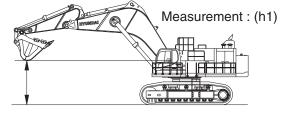
(2) Preparation

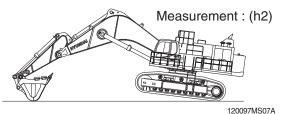
- ① Check swing bearing mounting cap screws for loosening.
- ② Check the lubrication of the swing bearing. Confirm that bearing rotation is smooth and without noise.
- ③ Install a dial gauge on the track frame as shown, using a magnetic base.
- ④ Position the upperstructure so that the boom aligns with the tracks facing towards the front idlers.
- ⑤ Position the dial gauge so that its needle point comes into contact with the bottom face of the bearing outer race.
- 6 Bucket should be empty.

(3) Measurement

- ① With the arm rolled out and bucket rolled in, hold the bottom face of the bucket to the same height of the boom foot pin.

 Record the dial gauge reading (h1).
- ② Lower the bucket to the ground and use it to raise the front idler 50cm. Record the dial gauge reading (h2).
- ③ Calculate bearing play(H) from this data (h1 and h2) as follows. H=h2-h1



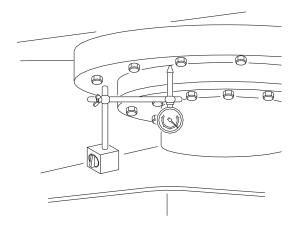


(4) Evaluation

The measured drift should be within the following specifications.

Unit: mm

| Model | Standard | Maximum allowable | Remarks |
|---------|-----------|-------------------|---------|
| R1250-9 | 0.5 ~ 1.5 | 3.0 | |



7-10(1)

9) HYDRAULIC CYLINDER CYCLE TIME

 Measure the cycle time of the boom, standard arm, and standard bucket cylinders.

(2) Preparation

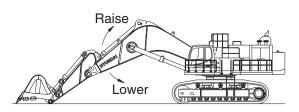
- ① To measure the cycle time of the boom cylinders:
 - With the arm rolled out and the empty bucket rolled out, lower the bucket to the ground, as shown.
- ② To measure the cycle time of the arm cylinder.
 - With the empty bucket rolled in, position the arm so that it is vertical to the ground. Lower the boom until the bucket is 0.5m above the ground.
- ③ To measure the cycle time of the bucket cylinder.
 - The empty bucket should be positioned at midstroke between roll-in and roll-out, so that the sideplate edges are vertical to the ground.
- 4 Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

(3) Measurement

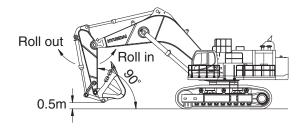
- ① Select the following switch positions.
- · Power mode switch : P mode
- ② To measure cylinder cycle times.
- Boom cylinders.
 - Measure the time it takes to raise the boom, and the time it takes to lower the boom. To do so, position the boom at one stroke end then move the control lever to the other stroke end as quickly as possible.
- Arm cylinder.

Measure the time it takes to roll in the arm, and the time it takes to roll out the arm. To do so, position the bucket at one stroke end, then move the control lever to the other stroke end as quickly as possible.

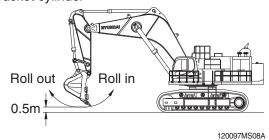
Boom cylinder



Arm cylinder



Bucket cylinder



- Bucket cylinders

Measure the time it takes to roll in the bucket, and the time it takes to roll out the bucket. To do so, position the bucket at one stroke end, then move the control lever to the other stroke end as quickly as possible.

- Repeat each measurement 3 times and calculate the average values.

(4) Evaluation

The average measured time should meet the following specifications.

Unit: Seconds

| Model | Function | Standard | Maximum allowable | Remarks |
|---------|-------------|----------|-------------------|---------|
| | Boom raise | 6.3±0.4 | 7.5 | |
| | Boom lower | 3.9±0.4 | 4.6 | |
| D1050.0 | Arm in | 4.3±0.4 | 5.2 | |
| R1250-9 | Arm out | 4.0±0.3 | 4.8 | |
| | Bucket load | 3.9±0.4 | 4.7 | |
| | Bucket dump | 3.3±0.3 | 3.9 | |

10) DIG FUNCTION DRIFT CHECK

(1) Measure dig function drift, which can be caused by oil leakage in the control valve and boom, standard arm, and standard bucket cylinders, with the loaded bucket. When testing the dig function drift just after cylinder replacement, slowly operate each cylinder to its stroke end to purge air.

(2) Preparation

- Load bucket fully. Instead of loading the bucket, weight (W) of the following specification can be used.
 - · W=M³×1.5 Where:

M³ = Bucket heaped capacity (m³)

1.5 = Soil specific gravity

- ② Position the arm cylinder with the rod 20 to 30mm extended from the fully retracted position.
- ③ Position the bucket cylinder with the rod 20 to 30 mm retracted from the fully extended position.
- With the arm rolled out and bucket rolled in, hold the bucket so that the height of the bucket pin is the same as the boom foot pin.

(3) Measurement

- ① Stop the engine.
- ② Five minutes after the engine has been stopped, measure the changes in the positions of the boom, arm and bucket cylinders.
- ③ Repeat step ② three times and calculate the average values.
- (4) The measured drift should be within the following specifications.

120097MS09A

Unit: mm/5 min

| Model | Drift to be measured | Standard | Maximum allowable | Remarks |
|---------|----------------------|----------|-------------------|---------|
| | Boom cylinder | 10 below | 15 | |
| R1250-9 | Arm cylinder | 10 below | 15 | |
| | Bucket cylinder | 40 below | 50 | |

11) CONTROL LEVER OPERATING FORCE

 Use a spring scale to measure the maximum resistance of each control lever at the middle of the grip.

(2) Preparation

① Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

(3) Measurement

- ① Start the engine.
- ② Select the following switch positions.
 - · Power mode switch : P mode
- ③ Operate each boom, arm, bucket and swing lever at full stroke and measure the maximum operating force for each.
- ④ Lower the bucket to the ground to raise one track off the ground. Operate the travel lever at full stroke and measure the maximum operating force required. When finished, lower the track and then jack-up the other track.
- ⑤ Repeat steps ③ and ④ three times and calculate the average values.

(4) Evaluation

The measured operating force should be within the following specifications.

Unit: kgf

| Model | Kind of lever | Standard | Maximum allowable | Remarks |
|---------|---------------|--------------|-------------------|---------|
| | Boom lever | 1.6 or below | 2.0 | |
| | Arm lever | 1.6 or below | 2.0 | |
| R1250-9 | Bucket lever | 1.3 or below | 1.7 | |
| | Swing lever | 1.3 or below | 1.7 | |
| | Travel lever | 2.1 or below | 3.15 | _ |

12) CONTROL LEVER STROKE

- (1) Measure each lever stroke at the lever top using a ruler.
- When the lever has play, take a half of this value and add it to the measured stroke.

(2) Preparation

Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

(3) Measurement

- ① Stop the engine.
- ② Measure each lever stroke at the lever top from neutral to the stroke end using a ruler.
- ③ Repeat step ② three times and calculate the average values.

(4) Evaluation

The measured drift should be within the following specifications.

Unit: mm

| Model | Kind of lever | Standard | Maximum allowable | Remarks |
|---------|---------------|----------|-------------------|---------|
| | Boom lever | 101±10 | 125 | |
| | Arm lever | 101±10 | 125 | |
| R1250-9 | Bucket lever | 90±10 | 115 | |
| | Swing lever | 90±10 | 115 | |
| | Travel lever | 142±10 | 178 | |

13) PILOT PRIMARY PRESSURE

(1) Preparation

① Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

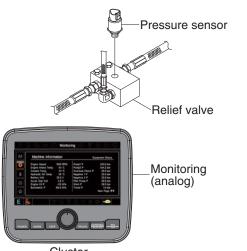
(2) Measurement

① Select the following switch positions.

· Power mode switch : E mode

· Auto decel switch : OFF

② Measure the primary pilot pressure by the monitoring menu of the cluster.



(3) Evaluation Cluster 48097MS01

The average measured pressure should meet the following specifications:

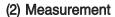
Unit: kgf/cm²

| Model | Engine speed | Standard | Allowable limits | Remarks |
|---------|--------------|----------|------------------|---------|
| R1250-9 | P mode | 40+2 | - | |

14) FOR TRAVEL SPEED SELECTING PRESSURE

(1) Preparation

- ① Stop the engine.
- ② Remove the top cover of the hydraulic tank oil supply port with a wrench.
- ③ Push the pressure release button to bleed air.
- ④ To measure the speed selecting pressure: Install a connector and pressure gauge assembly to turning joint P port as shown.
- Start the engine and check for on leakage from the adapter.
- 6 Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}\text{C}$.



① Select the following switch positions.

Travel mode switch : 1 speed

2 speed

· Power mode switch : P mode

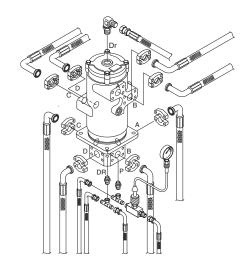
- ② Measure the travel speed selecting pressure in the Hi or Lo mode.
- ③ Lower the bucket to the ground to raise the track off the ground. Operate the travel lever at full stroke and measure the fast speed pressure.
- ④ Repeat steps ② and ③ three times and calculate the average values.

(3) Evaluation

The average measured pressure should be within the following specifications.

Unit: kgf/cm2

| Model | Travel speed mode | Standard | Maximum allowable | Remarks |
|---------|-------------------|----------|-------------------|---------|
| D1050.0 | 1 Speed | 0 | - | |
| R1250-9 | 2 Speed | 40±5 | - | |



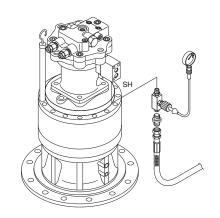
15) SWING PARKING BRAKE RELEASING PRESSURE

(1) Preparation

- ① Stop the engine.
- ② Loosen the cap and relieve the pressure in the tank by pushing the top of the air breather.
- ③ Install a connector and pressure gauge assembly to swing motor SH port, as shown.
- Start the engine and check for oil leakage from the adapter.
- $\$ Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

(2) Measurement

- ① Select the following switch positions.
- · Power mode switch: P mode
- ② Operate the swing function or arm roll in function and measure the swing brake control pressure with the brake disengaged. Release the control lever to return to neutral and measure the control pressure when the brake is applied. Repeat step ② three times and calculate the average values.



120097MS11

(3) Evaluation

The average measured pressure should be within the following specifications.

Unit: kgf/cm2

| Model | Description | Standard | Allowable limits | Remarks |
|---------|------------------|----------|------------------|---------|
| R1250-9 | Brake disengaged | 40 | 31~49 | |
| H1250-9 | Brake applied | 0 | - | |

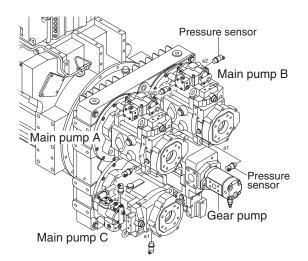
16) MAIN PUMP DELIVERY PRESSURE

(1) Preparation

① Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

(2) Measurement

- ① Select the following switch positions.
 - · Power mode switch : P mode
- ② Measure the main pump delivery pressure by the monitoring menu of the cluster.





120097MS12

(3) Evaluation

The average measured pressure should meet the following specifications.

Unit: kgf/cm2

| Model | Engine speed | Standard | Allowable limits | Remarks |
|---------|--------------|----------|------------------|---------|
| R1250-9 | High ilde | 40±5 | - | |

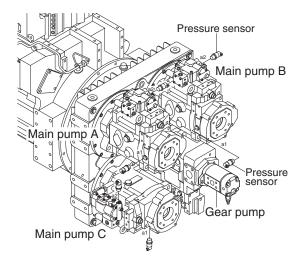
17) SYSTEM PRESSURE REGULATOR RELIEF SETTING

(1) Preparation

① Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

(2) Measurement

- ① Select the following switch positions.
- · Power mode switch : P mode
- ② Slowly operate each control lever of boom, arm and bucket functions at full stroke over relief and measure the pressure.
- ③ In the swing function, place bucket against an immovable object and measure the relief pressure.
- ④ In the travel function, lock undercarriage with an immovable object and measure the relief pressure.





(3) Evaluation

The average measured pressure should be within the following specifications.

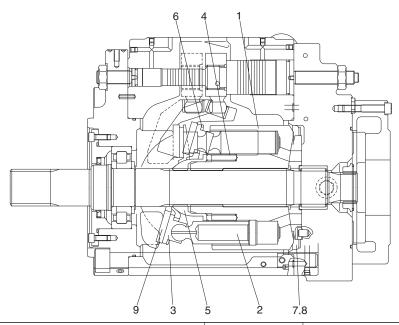
Unit: kgf/cm2

| Model | Function to be tested | Standard | Allowable allowable |
|---------|-----------------------|----------------|---------------------|
| | Boom, Arm, Bucket | 360±10 | - |
| R1250-9 | Travel | 345±10 | - |
| h1250-9 | Swing | $300\!\pm\!10$ | - |
| | Main relief | 320 (350)±10 | - |

): Power boost

GROUP 2 MAJOR COMPONENT

1. MAIN PUMP



120097MS21

Recommended Standard replacement value Part name & inspection item Counter measures dimension Clearance Replace piston between piston(1) & d D 0.047 0.094 or cylinder. cylinder bore(2) (D-d) Play between piston(1) & shoe caulking 0-0.1 0.35 section(3) (δ) Replace assembly of Thickness of shoe piston & shoe. (t) 6.5 6.3 Free height of cylinder Replace cylinder spring(4) 49.5 4.8 spring. (L) Combined height of set Replace plate(5) & spherical 33.0 32.0 retainer or set bushing(6) plate. (H-h) Surface roughness Surface roughness for 3z necessary to be corrected valve plate (sliding face) (7,8), swash plate (shoe Lapping Standard surface roughness plate area) (9), & 0.4z or lower (corrected value) cylinder(2) (sliding face)

2. MAIN CONTROL VALVE

| Part name | Inspection item | Criteria & measure |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|
| Casing | Existence of scratch, rusting or corrosion. | In case of damage in following section, replace part. |
| | | Sliding sections of casing fore and spool, especially land sections applied with holded pressure. Seal pocket section where spool is inserted. Sealing section of port where O-ring contacts. Sealing section of each relief valve for main, travel and port. Other damages that may damage normal functions. |
| Spool | Existence of scratch, gnawing, rusting or corrosion. | Replacement when its outside sliding section has scratch (especially on seals- contacting section). |
| | · O-ring seal sections at both ends. | Replacement when its sliding section has scratch. |
| | Insert spool into casing hole, rotate and reciprocate it. | Correction or replacement when O-ring is damaged or when spool does not move smoothly. |
| Poppet | Damage of poppet or spring. | Correction or replacement when sealing is incomplete. |
| | · Insert poppet into casing and function it. | Normal when it can function lightly without being caught. |
| Around spring | Rusting, corrosion, deformation or breaking of spring, spring seat, plug or cover. | · Replacement for significant damage. |
| Around seal | · External oil leakage. | · Correction or replacement. |
| for spool | Rusting, corrosion or deformation of seal plate. | · Correction or replacement. |
| Main relief valve, | · External rusting or damage. | · Replacement. |
| port relief valve & negative control | · Contacting face of valve seat. | · Replacement when damaged. |
| relief valve | · Contacting face of poppet. | · Replacement when damaged. |
| | · Abnormal spring. | · Replacement. |
| | · O-rings, back up rings and seals. | · 100% replacement in general. |

3. SWING DEVICE

| Part name | Inspection item | Remedy |
|--|--|------------------------------------|
| Balance plate | Worn less than 0.03 mm Worn more than 0.03 mm Sliding surface has a seizure (even though small) | Lapping Replace Replace |
| Shoe of piston assembly | Sliding surface has a damage. Sliding surface depression () dimension less than 0.45 mm or has a large damage. | Lapping Replace parts or motor |
| Piston of piston assembly | Sliding surface has a seizure (even though small). | · Replace motor |
| Taper roller bearing Needle bearing Roller bearing | In case 3000hour operation.Rolling surface has a damage. | · Replace · Replace |

4. TRAVEL MOTOR

Wash all parts disassembly in treated oil and dry in the compressed air.

Perform maintenance including replacement or corrections in accordance with the following criterion.

| No. | Parts Name | Appearance | Allowance | Replacement parts |
|-----|-----------------|--|---|--|
| 6 | Piston sub | When remarkable flaws or | Roughness: 0.8a | Cylinder block kit / |
| | assembly | high surface roughness are found on each | There should be no seizure and remarkable | Perform lapping (#1000). |
| | | sliding surface | flaws (over 0.02 mm in | Replace if flaws cannot be completely removed. |
| | | silding surface | thickness). | be completely removed. |
| | | When remarkable flaws or | Roughness : 1.2a | |
| | | high surface roughness | There should be no | |
| | | are found on surface of | seizure and remarkable | |
| | | piston. | flaws (over 0.02 mm in thickness). | |
| | | When clearance between | Clearance: 0.060 mm | Cylinder block kit |
| | | piston sub assembly and | | |
| | | cylinder block bore is great. | | |
| | | When looseness in shoe | Looseness: 0.4 mm | |
| | | ball parts is great. | | |
| 4 | Cylinder Block | When remarkable flaws or | Roughness : 0.8a | Cylinder block kit / |
| | | high surface roughness | | Perform lapping(#1000). |
| | | are found on the surface | | Replace if flaws cannot |
| | | with the valve plate. | | be completely removed. |
| | | When wear inside bore is | Roughly: 1.6a | Cylinder block kit |
| | | great. | | |
| | | When clearance between | Looseness: 0.4 mm | |
| | | piston sub assembly and | | |
| | | cylinder block bore is great. | | |
| | | When abnormal wear | | |
| | | and breakage develop on | | |
| | | mating teeth. | | |
| 5 | Valve plate | When remarkable flaws or | _ | Cylinder block kit |
| | | high surface roughness | There should be no | |
| | | are found on each sliding | seizure and remarkable | |
| | | surface | flaws(over 0.02 mm in | |
| | | | thickness). | |
| 7 | Retainer plate | When remarkable flaws or | Roughness: 0.8 a | 7 Retainer plate |
| 8 | Retainer holder | high surface roughness | There should be no | 8 Retainer holder |
| | | are found on each sliding | seizure and remarkable | |
| | | surface. | flaws (over 0.02 mm in | |
| | | | thickness). | |

| No. | Parts Name | Appearance | Allowance | Replacement parts |
|-----|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 9 | Swash plate | When remarkable flaws or high surface roughness are found on sliding surface with shoe. When remarkable flaws or high surface oughness are found on sliding surface with steel ball. When remarkable flaws or seizure are found on contact surface with steel balls. | Roughness: 0.8 a There should be no seizure and remarkable flaws (over 0.02 mm in thickness). Roughness: 1.6 a There should be no seizure and remarkable flaws (over 0.02 mm in thickness). Sphere depth: 19.06 mm | Swash plate / Perform lapping (#1000). Replace if flaws cannot be completely removed. Swash plate |
| 3 | Shaft | When remarkable flaws or high surface roughness are found on sliding surface of oil seal. When abnormal wear and breakage develop on mating teeth. | Roughness: 1.6 a There should be no seizure andremarkable flaws (over 0.02 mm in thickness). | Shaft |
| 21 | Brake piston | When remarkable flaws or high surface roughness are found in each sliding surface | Height: 50.5 mm Roughness: 3.2 a There should be no seizure and remarkable flaws (over 0.02 mm in thickness). | Brake piston Friction plate |
| 19 | Disk plate | When remarkable flaws or abrasion are found on disks(friction material) | Thickness: 3.2 mm | Disk plate |
| 13 | Roller Bearing Roller Bearing | When flaking and abrasion develop on rolling surface. When indentation is found on rolling surface When abnormality is found in rotation (abnormal noise, irregular rotation) | | Roller Bearing |

| No. | Parts Name | Appearance | Allowance | Replacement parts |
|-----|------------------------|--|---|--|
| 11 | Piston sub assembly | When remarkable flaws or high surface roughness are found on sliding surface with swash plate. | Roughness: 1.6 a There should be no seizure and remarkable flaws (over 0.02 mm in thickness). | Case kit / Perform lapping (#1000). Replace if flaws cannot be completely removed. |
| | | When remarkable flaws or high surface roughness are found on surface with case. | Roughness: 1.2a There should be no seizure and remarkable flaws (over 0.02 mm in thickness). | Case kit |
| | | When clearance between piston sub assembly and case bore is great. When looseness in shoe | Clearance: 0.030 mm Looseness: 0.7 mm | |
| 2-2 | Spool Assy | ball parts is great. When remarkable flaws or high surface roughness are found on each sliding surface | Roughness: 0.8 a There should be no seizure and remarkable flaws (over 0.02 mm in thickness). | Base plate sub assembly |
| | | When clearance between piston sub assembly and case bore is great. | Clearance : 0.050 mm | _ |
| 2-1 | Base plate | When remarkable flaws or high surface roughness are found on each sliding surface with spool assy. When clearance between | Roughness: 0.8 a There should be no seizure and remarkable flaws (over 0.02 mm in thickness). Clearance: 0.050 mm | Base plate sub assembly |
| | | spool assy and base plate bore is great. When remarkable flaws or high surface roughness are found on each sliding surface with valve assy. | Roughness: 0.8 a There should be no seizure and remarkable flaws(over 0.02 mm in | |
| | | When clearance between valve assy and base plate bore is great. When remarkable flaws or high surface roughness | thickness). Clearance: 0.040 mm There should be no seizure and remarkable | |
| | | are found on each sliding surface with spool assy. | flaws (over 0.02 mm in thickness). | |

| No. | Parts Name | Appearance | Allowance | Replacement parts |
|--------|-------------|---|---|-------------------------|
| 9 | Valve assy | When remarkable flaws or high surface roughness are found on each sliding surface with spool assy. When clearance between valve assy and base plate bore is great. | Roughness: 0.8 a There should be no seizure and remarkable flaws (over 0.02 mm in thickness). Clearance: 0.040 mm | Base plate sub assembly |
| 2-7-10 | Free piston | When remarkable flaws or high surface roughness are found on each sliding surface with base plate. | There should be no seizure and remarkable flaws (over 0.02 mm in thickness). | Relief valve assy |
| 2-7-2 | Housing | When remarkable flaws or high surface roughness are found on each sliding surface with free piston. | There should be no seizure and remarkable flaws (over 0.02 mm in thickness). | |

5. RCV LEVER

| Maintenance check item | Criteria | Remark |
|---------------------------|--|---|
| Leakage | The valve is to be replaced when the leakage becomes more than 1000 cc/m at neutral handle position, or more than 2000 cc/m during operation. | Conditions: Primary pressure: 30 kgf/cm ² Oil viscosity: 23cSt |
| Spool | This is to be replaced when the sliding surface has worn more than 10μ m, compared with the non-sliding surface. | The leakage at the left condition is estimated to be nearly equal to the above leakage. |
| Push rod | 1 mm | |
| | This is to be replaced when the top end has worn more than 1 mm. | |
| Play at operating section | The pin, shaft, and joint of the operating section are to be replaced when their plays become more than 2 mm due to wears or so on. | When a play is due to looseness of a tightened section, adjust it. |
| Operation stability | When abnormal noises, hunting, primary pressure drop, etc. are generated during operation, and these cannot be remedied, referring to section 6. Troubleshooting, replace the related parts. | |

Notes 1. It is desirable to replace seal materials, such as O-rings, every disassembling. However, they may be reused, after being confirmed to be free of damage.

2. When loosening the hexagon socket head cap screw (125), replace the seal washers (121) without fail.

6. RCV PEDAL

| Maintenance check item | Criteria | Remark |
|---------------------------|---|---|
| Leakage | The valve is to be replaced when the leakage effect to the system. For example, the primary pressure drop. | Conditions: Primary pressure: 30 kgf/cm² Oil viscosity: 23cSt |
| Spool | This is to be replaced when the sliding surface has worn more than 10µm, compared with the non-sliding surface. | The leakage at the left condition is estimated to be nearly equal to the above leakage. |
| Push rod | This is to be replaced when the top end has worn more than 1 mm. | |
| Play at operating section | The pin, shaft, and joint of the operating section are to be replaced when their plays become more than 2mm due to wears or so on. | When a play is due to looseness of a tightened section, adjust it. |
| Operation stability | When abnormal noises, hunting, primary pressure drop, etc. are generated during operation, and these cannot be remedied, referring to section 6. Troubleshooting, replace the related parts. | |

Notes 1. It is desirable to replace seal materials, such as O-rings, every disassembling. However, they may be reused, after being confirmed to be free of damage.

7. TURNING JOINT

| F | Part name | Maintenance standards | Remedy | |
|---------------|--|---|-----------------------|--|
| | Sliding surface with sealing sections. | Plating worn or peeled due to seizure or contamination. | Replace | |
| | Sliding surface between body and | · Worn abnormality or damaged more than 0.1 mm (0.0039 in) in depth due to seizure contamination. | Replace | |
| Body, Stem | stem other than sealing section. | · Damaged more than 0.1 mm (0.0039 in) in depth. | Smooth with oilstone. | |
| | Sliding surface with | · Worn more than 0.5 mm (0.02 in) or abnormality. | Replace | |
| | thrust plate. | · Worn less than 0.5 mm (0.02 in). | Smooth | |
| | | Damage due to seizure or contamination remediable within wear limit (0.5 mm) (0.02 in). | Smooth | |
| | Sliding surface with | · Worn more than 0.5 mm (0.02 in) or abnormality. | Replace | |
| Cover | thrust plate. | · Worn less than 0.5 mm (0.02 in). | Smooth | |
| | | Damage due to seizure or contamination remediable within wear limit (0.5 mm) (0.02 in). | Replace | |
| | - | · Extruded excessively from seal groove square ring. Square ring Extrusion | Replace | |
| Seal set | - | · Slipper ring 1.5 mm (0.059 in) narrower than seal groove, or narrower than back ring. 1.5 mm (max.) (0.059 in) | Replace | |
| | - | · Worn more than 0.5 mm (0.02 in)~1.5 mm (MAX.) (0.059 in) | Replace | |

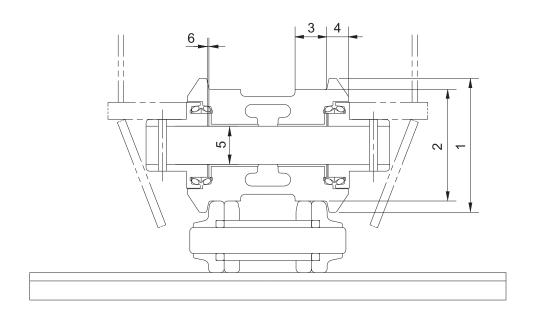
8. CYLINDER

| Part name | Inspecting section | Inspection item | Remedy | |
|---------------|---|--|---|--|
| Piston rod | Neck of rod pin | · Presence of crack | · Replace | |
| | · Weld on rod hub | · Presence of crack | · Replace | |
| | Stepped part to which piston is attached. | · Presence of crack | · Replace | |
| | · Threads | · Presence of crack | · Recondition or replace | |
| | | Plating is not worn off to base metal. | · Replace or replate | |
| | Plated surface | · Rust is not present on plating. | · Replace or replate | |
| | | · Scratches are not present. | · Recondition, replate or replace | |
| | · Rod | · Wear of O.D. | · Recondition, replate or replace | |
| | · Bushing at mounting part | · Wear of I.D. | · Replace | |
| Cylinder tube | · Weld on bottom | · Presence of crack | · Replace | |
| | · Weld on head | · Presence of crack | · Replace | |
| | · Weld on hub | · Presence of crack | · Replace | |
| | · Tube interior | · Presence of faults | · Replace if oil leak is seen | |
| | · Bushing at mounting part | · Wear on inner surface | · Replace | |
| Gland | Bushing | · Flaw on inner surface | Replace if flaw is deeper than coating | |

GROUP 3 TRACK AND WORK EQUIPMENT

1. TRACK

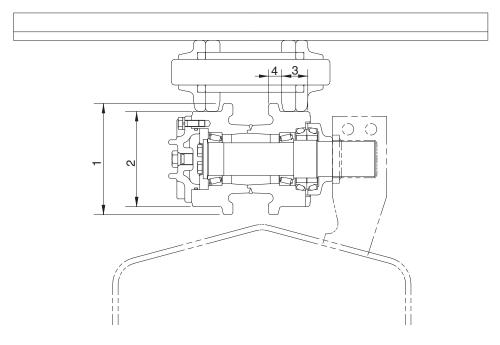
1) TRACK ROLLER



Unit: mm

| No. | Check item | | Criteria | | | | |
|-----|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|-----------|--------------------|--|
| 1 | Outside diameter of flance | Standard size | | Repa | | | |
| ' | Outside diameter of flange | ø; | 340 | - | | | |
| 2 | Outside diameter of tread | ø 280 | | ø 264 | | Rebuild or replace | |
| 3 | Width of tread | 78.5 | | 86.5 | | | |
| 4 | Width of flange | 38 | | - | | | |
| | Clearance between shaft and bushing | Standard size & tolerance | | Standard | Clearance | | |
| 5 | | Shaft | Hole | clearance | limit | Replace | |
| | | ø 122 -0.25 -0.35 | ø 122 ^{+0.15} +0.03 | 0.28 to 0.5 | 2.0 | bushing | |
| 6 | Side clearance of roller | Standard clearance | | Clearance limit | | Replace | |
| 0 | (Both side) | 0.4~1.6 | | 2.5 | | | |

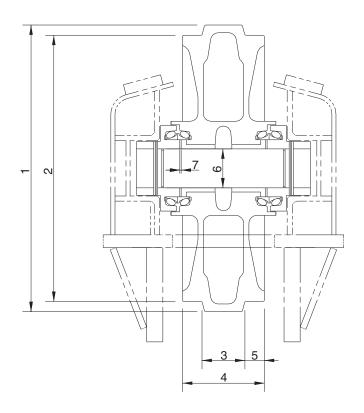
2) CARRIER ROLLER



Unit: mm

| No | 0. | Check item | Crit | Remedy | |
|----|----|----------------------------|----------------------------|--------|--------------------|
| 4 | | Outside diameter of flange | Standard size Repair limit | | |
| ' | l | Outside diameter of hange | ø 224 | - | |
| 2 | 2 | Outside diameter of tread | ø 190 | ø 180 | Rebuild or replace |
| 3 | 3 | Width of tread | 60 | 65 | Toplago |
| 4 | 1 | Width of flange | 21 | - | |

3) IDLER

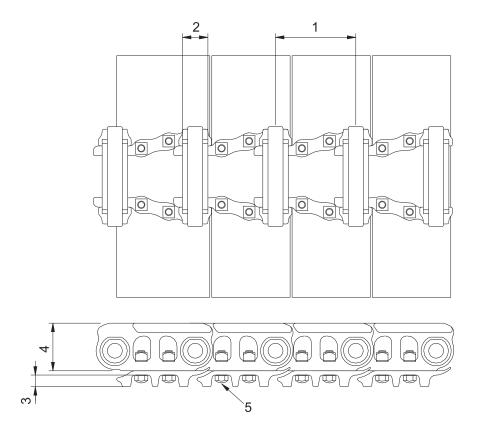


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Unit: mm

| No. | Check item | | Criteria | | | | |
|-----|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|--|-----------------|-----------|--------------------|--|
| 4 | Outside diameter of | Standard size | | Repair limit | | | |
| | protrusion | ø 962 | | - | | | |
| 2 | Outside diameter of tread | ø 9 | 920 | ø 906 | | Rebuild or replace | |
| 3 | Width of protrusion | 136 | | - | | Горіаос | |
| 4 | Total width | 290 | | - | | | |
| 5 | Width of tread | 77 | | 84 | | | |
| | Clearance between shaft and support | Standard size & tolerance | | Standard | Clearance | | |
| 6 | | Shaft | Hole | clearance | limit | Replace | |
| | | ø 125 _{-0.03} | ø 125 ^{+0.4} _{+0.35} | 0.35 to 0.43 | 2.0 | bushing | |
| 7 | Side clearance of idler | Standard clearance | | Clearance limit | | Replace | |
| | (Both side) | 0.4 to 1.4 | | 2.0 | | | |

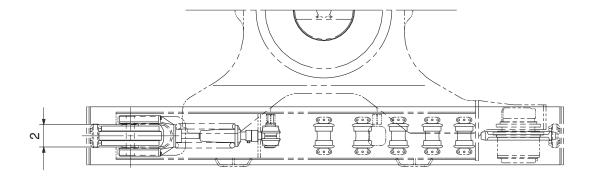
4) TRACK

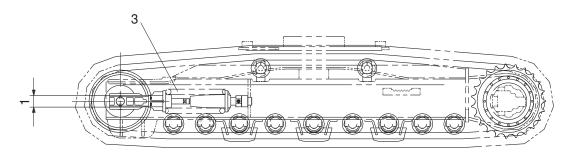


Unit : mm

| No. | Check item | Crit | Remedy | |
|-----|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------|--------------------|
| 1 | Linknitah | Standard size Repair limit | | Turn or |
| | Link pitch | 260.35 | 265.75 | replace |
| 2 | Outside diameter of bushing | ø 90 ø 78 | | |
| 3 | Height of grouser | 52 | 28 | Rebuild or replace |
| 4 | Height of link | 155 | 141 | |
| 5 | Tightening torque | Initial tightening torque: 220.4 | Retighten | |

5) TRACK FRAME AND RECOIL SPRING

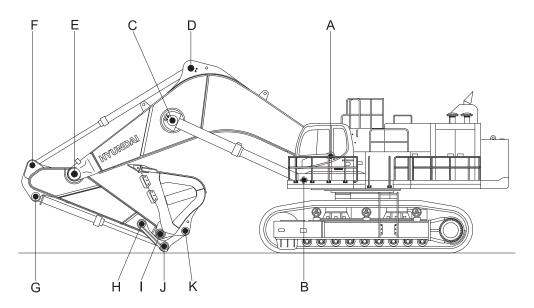




 $Unit: \mathsf{mm}$

| No. | Check item | | Criteria | | | | | |
|-----|---------------------------------|--------------|-------------------|-------------|------------|---------|--------------|--------------------|
| | Vertical width of idler guide | | Standar | d size | Tole | rance | Repair limit | |
| 1 | | Track frame | 198 | 3 | +2 0 | | 202 | Rebuild or replace |
| | | Idler suppor | t 195 | 5 | 0 - 1.5 | | 191 | |
| 2 | Horizontal width of idler guide | Track frame | 390 | 3 | | ⊦2 0 | 397 | |
| 2 | | Idler suppor | t 39 ⁻ | I | | - | 388 | |
| | | St | andard size | dard size F | | Re | pair limit | |
| 3 | Deseil environ | Free | Installation | Installa | ation | Free | Installation | Replace |
| | Recoil spring | length | length | load | d | length | load | riepiace |
| | | ø 351 × 1508 | 1280 | 58,957 | 7 kg | - | 47,170 kg | |

2. WORK EQUIPMENT



120097MS20A

Unit: mm

| | Measuring point (Pin and Bushing) | | Pin | | Bushing | | Remedy |
|------|--------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|-------------|
| Mark | | Normal value | Recomm. service limit | Limit of use | Recomm. service limit | Limit of use | & Remark |
| Α | Boom Rear | 160 | 159 | 158.5 | 160.5 | 161.5 | |
| В | Boom Cylinder Head | 160 | 159 | 158.5 | 160.5 | 161.5 | |
| С | Boom Cylinder Rod | 160 | 159 | 158.5 | 160.5 | 161.5 | |
| D | Arm Cylinder Head | 170 | 169 | 168.5 | 170.5 | 171.5 | |
| Е | Boom Front | 170 | 169 | 168.5 | 170.5 | 171.5 | |
| F | Arm Cylinder Rod | 170 | 169 | 168.5 | 170.5 | 171.5 | Replace |
| G | Bucket Cylinder Head | 150 | 149 | 148.5 | 150.5 | 151.5 | |
| Н | Arm Link | 130 | 129 | 128.5 | 130.5 | 131.5 | |
| I | Bucket and Arm Link | 160 | 159 | 158.5 | 160.5 | 161.5 | |
| J | Bucket Cylinder Rod | 160 | 159 | 158.5 | 160.5 | 161.5 | |
| K | Bucket Link | 140 | 139 | 138.5 | 140.5 | 141.5 | |